EXHIBIT "B"

1	IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT					
2	FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS					
3	HOUSTON DIVISION					
4	IN RE: \$ CASE NO. 20-33948-11 \$ JOINTLY ADMINISTERED					
5	\$ HOUSTON, TEXAS FIELDWOOD ENERGY LLC, \$ MONDAY,					
6	\$ JUNE 21, 2021 DEBTOR. \$ 8:00 A.M. TO 8:22 P.M.					
7						
8	CONFIRMATION HEARING DAY ONE (VIA ZOOM)					
9	BEFORE THE HONORABLE MARVIN ISGUR					
10	UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY JUDGE					
11						
12	APPEARANCES: SEE NEXT PAGE					
13						
14	(Recorded via CourtSpeak; No log notes)					
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HOUSTON, TEXAS; MONDAY, JUNE 21, 2021; 8:00 A.M.

THE COURT: All right. Good morning, we're here for the Confirmation Hearing, and a couple of other matters, in the Fieldwood Energy case. It's 20-33948, appearances have been made electronically. If you haven't yet made your electronic appearance, at some point this morning, please go to my home page, you'll find a link in order to make you're electronic appearance.

I know that we have various matters concerning exhibits and other issues today. But we're going to start with opening statements. Let me get whoever is going to make the opening statement for the lead proponent, which I assume is the Debtor, to go ahead and press five-star on your phone. We'll then allow anyone else that wishes to make an opening statement, in favor of confirmation, to make their opening statement and then we'll take those that oppose.

From 713-546-5271.

MR. PEREZ: Good morning, Your Honor. Alfredo
Perez on behalf of the Debtors. Can you hear me?

THE COURT: I can, Mr. Perez, good morning.

MR. PEREZ: Good morning. Would you mind giving Mr. Carlson the ability to put the slides on the screen?

THE COURT: Of course.

All right. Mr. Carlson, you're enabled.

```
1
             Mr. Carlson, if you will unclick "use presenter
   view," we'll see the full screen I think. It's up in the
 2
 3
                There's a little check box right below the --
   top middle.
 4
   it's in the gray area, under monitors. Down. Down to the
 5
    left. Left. Down. Nope. Way up. In the gray area, not
 6
   the red area. Now over. Go over to the left in the gray
 7
   area, you see where it says, "Use presenter view." You're
   in the white area, I'm talking the gray area. Up in the
 8
 9
   menu section gray, left, down a little bit. There you ought
10
   to see it right there.
              There's a checkbox "use presenter view."
11
12
   one inch below where your pointer is. Yep. Okay.
   press five-star -- F5 and it will go.
13
14
        (Pause in the proceedings.)
15
             MR. PEREZ: Well, Your Honor, I think we've maxed
16
   out Mr. Carlson's technology capabilities once again, so if
17
   we could --
18
             THE COURT: Sure.
             MR. PEREZ: -- if we could just go-forward --
19
20
             THE COURT: Sure. Let's go.
21
             MR. PEREZ: -- that might do it.
22
             THE COURT: Let's go.
23
             MR. PEREZ: All right. Apologize.
24
              So Your Honor, thank you for seeing us. I think
25
   we're here in a good -- we're in a good place. And I'd like
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to start by saying that we didn't waste the time over the weekend that we had to start, and I think we've made significant progress with respect to some of the remaining outstanding issues. We haven't resolved them all, but I do believe that, as a result of the work that's been done over the last three days, hopefully we will significantly narrow the issues in dispute during this Confirmation Hearing and move forward.
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We are still in the process of documenting many of the agreements that have been reached over the weekend and so obviously we're going to need to work through that.

Hopefully, that will happen during the course of the morning, but I think everybody has been working diligently over the weekend and late last night, through the night, to be able to -- to get to a place where we have a significantly -- and I mean, significantly more agreement than we had, had we started on Friday.

So, Your Honor, I believe Mr. Carlson is getting a helper here to help him do this.

THE COURT: The good news is we have until
4:00 o'clock and then only probably a fairly short
interruption. So we'll get this done. We'll get this done.
Let's just take our time, we'll get it right.

MR. PEREZ: All right. I'll tell you what, could we make -- well, let's just go-forward.

Okay. So turn to the next page, please.

OPENING STATEMENT ON BEHALF OF DEBTORS

MR. PEREZ: All right. So Your Honor, our Plan really is a combination of transactions that has three main objectives. One, is to the safe and orderly decommissioning of all of Fieldwood's assets and at no cost to the taxpayer. Number two, to preserve the deepwater business with over a thousand jobs, you know, employing probably a group of people that have done more P&A in the Gulf of Mexico than anyone else, and as a result -- and keeping and maximizing the value for our stakeholders.

Your Honor, the Plan has significant support. It has support from the, you know, our first lien, first out lenders, our first lien term loan lenders with whom we did the RSA and have substantial consent rights over a lot of the Plan documents. Third, it has support of the second lien term loan, which is, YOU KNOW, about half a billion dollars' worth. And the three funded debt element at the top of the structure total of approximately in excess of a billion dollars -- A billion eight, I'm sorry.

Can we go back a page?

We also have the support of the Creditors

Committee and significant support from trade creditors who have supported the business while it's been in bankruptcy and will continue to support the business on a go-forward

basis.

Additionally, Your Honor, we have the support and have entered into transactions with multiple predecessors including Apache, Chevron, Eni and Hunt and let me digress here for a minute.

On Friday, one of the sureties, referred to as "NAS," I think North American Specialty, filed a lawsuit in federal court basically alleging that as a result of Chevron and Eni entering into these transactions that we — that they are in violation of their bonds and therefore, their bonds should be discharged if you will. We are filing later this morning a declaratory judgment action, we think this is both a stay violation and it creates — it creates significant issues that are — basically they filed an objection making all these arguments and then they filed a lawsuit in federal court. So we'll address that in due course, during the course of the day.

It also -- it also has the support of US Specialty Lines, one of Mr. Eisenberg's clients who is providing additional surety bonding availability to Credit Bid NewCo. Furthermore, Your Honor, and I'm sure you'll hear from the Government themselves, they are not objecting to the Plan. We're still -- you know, they still want to make sure that the Confirmation Order embodies all of the requests that they've made, but they will not be objecting to the Plan.

And then, Your Honor, what has taken us the most time during the weekend is we've had very, very productive discussions with the four Apache sureties that support the approximately \$498 million in LCs and letters of -- in LCs and bonds. And we think that we have an agreement with them in principle that we're in the process of documenting that agreement would -- once it's kind of -- it's finalized would remove the objections that were filed by Everest, Philadelphia, HCCI, and Zurich to the Plan and in particular to the -- you know, to Fieldwood One and many of the items associated with Fieldwood One. And hopefully we'll get that documented and that will significantly streamline the presentation of the testimony during the case.

So if you'll turn to the next page?

Your Honor, and I apologize it is kind of small if you can't see it. But in essence what this does is it shows kind of what the structure is, what the various transactions are, and, you know, we take our shelf assets with Fieldwood de Mexico and the deepwater assets. The deepwater assets are primarily going to Credit Bid Purchaser in connection with a sale transaction as is Fieldwood de Mexico. There are certain specified shelf assets that are also going to Credit Bid Purchaser. And then the balance of the shelf assets are going into Fieldwood One, which is the Apache legacy assets. And then Fieldwood Three, which is going to

independently plug and abandon certain assets for which there is no financially responsible predecessor. In addition to that, it's also doing work that was requested by the Government with respect to certain other assets.

You have Fieldwood Four, which is the legacy
Chevron assets, and then you have the remaining abandoned
assets. And with respect to the remaining abandoned assets,
Your Honor, we have deals in place with Eni and Hunt. And
so that leaves really three primary predecessors: BP, XTO
which is Exxon, and Hess -- and I'll say something about
them later.

Your Honor, if you turn to the next page, this is the slide that we have been working on. So we think we've solved for 91 percent. There's about 9 percent left. The bulk --

If you go to the next page.

-- Your Honor, approximately 4 of that 90 -- of that 9 percent, approximately 4 is BP, approximately 2 is Hess, 1 is XTO, and the other ones are actually smaller ones all around.

XTO, Your Honor, we work with extensively. They are in kind of a unique position in that they likely have more bonding coverage than they have exposure under their -- under their potential decommissioning skills. They are -- so, Your Honor, they are -- we've worked with them to make

sure that all their rights are preserved in the Plan and that their ability rides through.

And, Your Honor, the one thing I would mention that, of the remaining predecessors, these are all certainly financially responsible individuals and -- they are financially responsible individuals and they are all under the CFR jointly and separately liable for the commissioning -- for the commission obligations that accrue during their ownership, Your Honor.

As it relates to the proposals that we've made to the Government, they're primarily embodied in Section 5.13 of the Plan, Exhibit A to the Plan, as well as paragraphs 99, 100, 101, 102, 103 in the Confirmation Order.

With respect to that remaining 9 percent, Your
Honor, we proposed to enter into a Transition Services
Agreement, you know, for up to a period of 9 months where we
will, in essence, safeguard the assets and conduct the
day-to-day operational and monitoring services, maintain
certain standards, respond in the event that there is a
response needed, and do this for a period of 9 months at our
cost. You know, without any cost to the Government and
while they issue orders for the predecessors to begin
decommissioning.

In addition, Your Honor, a little earlier in the year, we had actually entered into what we refer to as the

"Agreed Activities" with the -- with BSEE, pursuant to which we would in essence conduct certain work that was needed in order to go ahead and create egress and fix certain safety-related instances of non-compliance. And that work is well underway and we're going forward.

Your Honor, if you turn to the next page, you look at Fieldwood One. The purpose of Fieldwood One is to plug and abandon and then decommission the legacy Apache property. That's what it's -- that's what it's LLC agreement says, and that entity will be wound down after it conducts all of the -- you know, all of the -- production ceases and all of the plug and abandonment and decommissioning of the legacy assets are done. This is an entity that its sole purpose is to maximize its cash flow so that it can effectively and safely decommission the Apache assets on a go-forward basis. And Your Honor, as the Court knows, that's about 60-plus percent of all of our ARO.

If you go to the next page, Your Honor, the -Fieldwood One will have one employee. That employee is John
Graham. He retired from Apache last year, you know, well
before this opportunity came up. He has 43 years'
experience in the oil and gas industry, he was head of HS&E,
and he's managed a workforce and led certain parts of the
business that have had significant production and
significant employees.

2.5

In addition, Your Honor, he is a -- he is a reservoir engineer. Mr. Graham will serve kind of as an independent fiduciary to carry out the objectives of Fieldwood One.

Initially, Your Honor, the Credit Bid Purchaser will enter into a Transition Services Agreement, pursuant to which the work will be performed, and Mr. Graham will have the ability to bid out the Contract Services Agreement in order to make sure that the cash flow for this entity is maximized.

Your Honor, Apache does have certain consent rights under the LLC agreement and in essence the consent rights relate to the -- you know, ensuring that the objectives of Fieldwood One are, in fact, carried out. I think that it's in essence what you would call negative control, to make sure that Fieldwood One doesn't do something that isn't within its scope.

You go to the next page, Your Honor.

We believe the evidence will show that none of the surety's rights are impaired as a result of this --

THE COURT: Mr. Perez, let me --

MR. PEREZ: -- and hopefully, Your Honor --

THE COURT: Let me ask you. I thought you had indicated earlier that the Apache sureties were now on board.

```
1
             MR. PEREZ: Right.
              THE COURT: Are we going to end up crossing the
2
 3
   bridge of the slide we're on, or are you telling me we now
 4
   have sort of a consensus that this slide is accurate?
 5
             MR. PEREZ: Yeah. I think, Your Honor, we have a
 6
    consensus that this slide will probably be --
7
              THE COURT: Uncontested basically?
8
             MR. PEREZ: -- it will become moot. It will
 9
   become moot later in the day.
                         Okay.
10
              THE COURT:
11
             MR. PEREZ: I'm confident, Your Honor.
12
              THE COURT: Yeah. I still want to see it, I just
    I was asking that, because I want to be sure I understood
13
14
    what you told me earlier.
15
             MR. PEREZ: Yeah.
                                 Right. Right. And so I'll go
16
    -- let's go ahead and -- I will go through this, Your Honor.
17
             And then the -- this next line shows what the
18
    decommissioning collateral is, and again, hopefully this
   will become a moot point.
19
20
              So let's go to the next slide.
21
              So focusing on Fieldwood Three, Your Honor.
22
   purpose of Fieldwood Three is to decommission the assets.
23
   The Plan Administrator, Mr. Dunn, will be empowered to
24
    conduct -- you know, to basically oversee this work and it
25
    will retain Credit Bid Purchaser to decommission the work.
```

Fieldwood Three will be capitalized with \$12 million,

\$5 million in cash up front, in addition to the amounts
associated with the Credit Bid Purchaser -- I'm sorry, in
amounts -- in addition to the \$8 million that is going to be
advanced for the Plan Administrator, as well as all of the
various reserves. But each one of those categories of
assets will be basically held in trust for purposes of what
the -- what the purpose indicated. So the 12 million will
be for decommissioning, obviously the 8 million Plan
Administrator will be for those fees, and then the various
reserves that will be funded will be for purposes of what
they were intended -- either a claims reserve or
administrative expense reserve and those various items.

Substantially, all of the Fieldwood Three assets have been shut in, so there's virtually no production there. And, Your Honor, the Fieldwood Three will conduct the work as a designated operator with respect to both Eni and Hunt, which are abandoned assets, but they will conduct the work and Mr. Dane will testify about that.

Then going to Fieldwood Four, Your Honor, that is after Apache, the Chevron assets are the next largest piece of the puzzle, Your Honor. And so Fieldwood Four would carry out and decommission those assets, pursuant to a turnkey removal agreement between Credit Bid Purchaser and Fieldwood Four. And again that will serve to decommission,

in essence, our next largest piece.

So, Your Honor, in essence, when we're talking about what the evidence will show, we think that the evidence will show that we have created a Plan that achieves what it's intended to achieve. The principal objectors are the non-settling predecessors, as well as some of the sureties relating to some of the assets. Some of the assets hopefully will have, you know, significant consensus with respect to the Apache sureties, which are, in fact, by far the largest number in amount of the surety that's been issued.

And Your Honor, I think that the Plan maximizes value and more importantly it satisfies all of the Midlantic Standards in order to get approval. And Your Honor, we believe that the evidence will show that the Plan should be confirmed.

Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Mr. Perez, thank you.

Mr. Perez, would you have someone either email or deliver a copy of your PowerPoint to Ms. Do?

MR. PEREZ: Yes, ma'am. Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Thank you.

All right. Are there any other proponents, as of today, of confirmation who would like to make an opening statement? If so, please press five-star.

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1
              I do have some folks. Let me just take you one at
 2
    a time.
 3
              Mr. Schaible, good morning.
 4
              MR. SCHAIBLE: Good morning, Your Honor.
 5
    you for hearing me. Damian Schaible of Davis Polk here on
 6
   behalf of, as Your Honor knows, first lien term lenders and
 7
    the DIP lenders.
 8
              Your Honor, I'm going to be -- I'm going to be
 9
   brief today, as you know I'm fairly good at being, and
10
    really just --
              THE COURT: Mr. Schaible, your audio is not good.
11
12
              MR. SCHAIBLE: Okay. Hold one second, Your Honor.
              Your Honor, is that better?
13
              THE COURT: A little bit.
14
15
              MR. SCHAIBLE: Okay. I'm sorry, Your Honor.
              THE COURT: That is better. That is better.
16
17
              MR. SCHAIBLE: That is better? Okay.
18
              THE COURT: Yes, sir. Thank you.
              MR. SCHAIBLE: Thank you, Your Honor. Sorry about
19
20
          So again for the Record Damian Schaible on behalf of
    that.
21
    the first lien term lenders and DIP lenders.
22
              OPENING STATEMENT ON BEHALF OF FIRST LIEN
23
                    TERM LENDERS AND DIP LENDERS
24
              MR. SCHAIBLE: Your Honor, we echo all of the
25
    Debtors' points and as you know we've been a supporter of
```

the Plan since the time that the case filed. And so I would just like to raise a few brief comments by way of -- by way of background from the lenders' perspective.

So, Your Honor, you know, if you step back to where we were at the filing, there was a deal with Apache, there wasn't even a fully based Plan with our clients and what was going to be a marketing process was going to be undertaken to find out if anyone was going to be able to come in and decommission these assets in a way that would not require stepping back to the predecessors and the sureties.

And that marketing process ran its course and unfortunately was unsuccessful. Our clients agreed as part of a Plan that was negotiated and was finalized during the case, as Your Honor will remember, to not only put in \$100 million DIP, put in necessary at the outset of the case, but to commit to \$200 million of additional money that would be needed both for the ongoing business Credit Bid NewCo, but also for -- before agreed decommissioning and to support the settlements that were undertaken.

Your Honor will remember a rather vociferous

Disclosure Statement hearing with a lot of objectors and a

lot of issues. And Your Honor said something that I thought

made a lot of sense is that, you know -- I'm paraphrasing of

course -- but that you wanted us to go get deals done. That

you were not going to let this case be held up for the final deal.

In other words, parties were going to need to dig in and get deals done and then at the end there was a chance that people would give us a high vote. Your Honor, I told you, if I remember at the DIP hearing, that you took very seriously getting to deals wherever possible. I told you again at the Disclosure Statement hearing and, Your Honor, today we've been working with the Debtors since the initial filing of the case to try to get deals wherever we could.

And so as Your Honor knows, we received the support of the second lien lenders. That was a hard-fought negotiation. We received the support of the Creditors Committee, another very hard-fought negotiation.

Settlements with -- as Mr. Perez mentioned, the largest part of predecessors accounting for more than 91 percent of the interest liability and now we're working on the settlement with some of the larger sureties.

In addition, Your Honor, we've been spending a great deal of time with the Government and (indiscernible) today. I'm amazed and really impressed and appreciate the amount of time that they have been willing to put in with us. We've spent hours and hours and hours on Zoom calls. They tend to like Zoom calls, which is bad for anyone who has been out for a run and hasn't been able to shower -- but

we've had lots and lots and lots of Zoom calls to try to —
to try to get to resolution. And I think that the deal for
— or I guess you can't call it a deal — but the proposal
from the Debtors and from Credit Bid NewCo that provide the
support that's going to be required in the near term ahead
of being able to deal with the remaining sureties and
predecessors, which we understand subject to documentation
the Government would intend not to object to. We came to a
really elegant solution that gets — if not on board,
non-objecting the last big party that we were really focused
on.

Your Honor, we remain open for business and would love to reach resolution from the sureties and predecessors, but it is time, I believe, to do as Your Honor suggested at the Disclosure Statement hearing, which is to move to Confirmation, seek to confirm this Plan. This Plan saves jobs, this Plan provides for safe decommissioning, this Plan has the support of all the major creditor constituencies, and frankly, Your Honor, there are just no alternatives.

If the Plan were -- cannot be confirmed, with the marketing process having already been undertaken and failed, we're left with really a 363 sale of collateral, and effectively a liquidation that we would have to start negotiating with the Government, which would be worse for everyone in this virtual room.

1 And so, Your Honor, we would respectfully request that after hearing all the evidence you consider entering 2 3 the Confirmation Order. 4 Thank you, Your Honor. 5 THE COURT: Mr. Schaible, thank you. From 469-387-8891. 6 7 MR. CHIU: Thank you. Good morning, Your Honor. 8 Kevin Chiu, Baker Botts on behalf of Hunt Oil Company and 9 subsidiaries. 10 Can you hear me clearly? THE COURT: I can, Mr. Chiu, good morning. 11 12 MR. CHIU: Good morning. OPENING STATEMENT ON BEHALF OF HUNT OIL COMPANY 13 MR. CHIU: Your Honor, as you may be aware, Hunt 14 15 Oil Company and subsidiaries has entered into a term sheet 16 with the Debtors which is filed at Docket No. 1392. And we 17 believe that the term sheet represents a deal that is the 18 result of a good faith and arm's length negotiations between 19 parties, and provides an agreement principle that treats the 20 certain oil and gas assets for which Hunt or its affiliates 21 previously held in interest properly. 22 As agreed upon under the term sheet, Hunt is here 23 to support confirmation of the Plan. And as Mr. Schaible

noted just now, that it's argued that there are no other

alternatives to properly treat and deal with these

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environmental obligations that such -- the decommissioning of these assets are not an issue that will come down years down the road, but should happen in the near future. And as such, this arrangement represents the only viable means of safely and efficiently decommissioning these properties.

We are here today to also clarify some of the points of the term sheet and so the Debtors' statement for the confirmation brief filed at Docket 1563. Two key points, Your Honor, just for your attention. First, in regards to the turnkey agreement that was mentioned there, that would be part of the implementation of the decommissioning. The term sheet is currently still being finalized between the parties and the process currently awaits final comments from the Debtors' and their professionals in hopes that this will be finalized in short order and filed with the Court.

Additionally, the Debtors' oil and gas lease

Schedules for Fieldwood Three and those properties will need to be updated accordingly to capture the terms of the deal.

They're presently filed at Docket Nos. 1562 and 1587. These Schedules don't fully capture the allocation of certain Hunt properties under the term sheet, but we understand the complex cases and certainly the heavy lift that the Debtors' face, but there are such documents already caused a motion and we hope that the Debtors will update these documents

properly and file them with the Court.

As we fully stand here today and support confirmation, we believe that this deal represents the best alternative solution for Hunt and these various properties.

Thank you.

THE COURT: Mr. Chiu, thank you.

Mr. Pasquale.

MR. PASQUALE: Good morning, Your Honor. Ken
Pasquale from Stroock & Stroock & Lavan for the Creditors
Committee.

Can you hear me okay, Your Honor?

THE COURT: I can, good morning.

OPENING STATEMENT ON BEHALF OF THE

OFFICIAL COMMITTEE OF UNSECURED CREDITORS

MR. PASQUALE: Good morning. Your Honor, I'm going to reserve most of my comments for closing. I did just want to officially say what you've already heard and know, that is the Committee does support the Plan.

We are in the process, as everyone is at this point, of evaluating the settlement that you've heard about with the sureties to Apache and with that small caveat which will get back to the Court and the parties on. I did just want to say for now that we support the Plan and we'll save the rest of our comments for later.

Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Pasquale.

2 | Mr. Balasko.

MR. BALASKO: Thank you, Your Honor. Zach Balasko for the Department of the Interior.

OPENING STATEMENTS ON BEHALF OF THE

US DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

MR. BALASKO: As the Court knows this has been a unique and challenging case, largely due to the sheer magnitude, you know. BSEE's estimates for the Debtors' decommissioning obligations in total is around \$7 billion. So this has been a very important case for the Department and one that we are working very hard with the Debtors, with the lenders, and with the predecessor to reach as many potential deals on decommissioning as possible.

When the Plan was filed was filed in January, the Apache deal was in place in the deal and Fieldwood Three were in place representing about 80 percent of the Debtors' total decommissioning liability. And partly, at that time, as to the remaining 20 percent of the property that was proposed to be abandoned, there was no funding in place or a Plan in place to address the transition period between the effective date of the Plan and when Interior could order the jointly and severally liable predecessors, to appoint new operators on these properties and perform decommissioning. We've made it clear to the Debtors at that time and we've

made it clear to Your Honor at the Disclosure Statement that we weren't there yet in terms of Government supporting the Plan.

And since that time, the Debtors and their professionals, the lenders and their professionals, and all of the predecessors have gone to great lengths and many, many, many hours on Zoom calls, as Mr. Schaible said, to attempt to reach the maximum number of potential arrangements. We're up to 91 percent, as Mr. Perez detailed to the Court. And of the remaining 9 percent, again, most of those are properties for which BP, Hess, and XTO are the principle predecessors.

Interior is confident that BP, Hess, and XTO in order to do so, will step up to the plate and perform the decommissioning on their property. But unfortunately they were not able to get to consensual agreements with the Debtor and we understand that that's not always possible.

Perhaps more importantly in the imminent term, the Debtors have agreed to continue to maintain and monitor these properties for nine months, following the effective date, to allow Interior the time that will be necessary to order collateral parties to take over the operatorship of these properties and perform the decommissioning. This eliminates the risk that we're going to have, you know, unmaintained and unmonitored properties in the Gulf as of

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    the effective date and the Debtors are going to continue to
    fulfill their obligations while responding to do that for
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    the nine-month period the Interior believes will be enough
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    time to get other parties on board on these properties.
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              You know, it's been a long way to get to this
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   point and the Plan is not perfect from Interior's
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    perspective. You know, we would have liked to have seen a
    100 percent solution, but, you know, that's not always
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    possible. And we've reached a point that the Government is
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    comfortable that the Plan data is satisfied and that this is
    the best solution that's possible in this case to protect
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    health, safety and the environment and for that reason the
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    Government is not objecting to the Plan.
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              THE COURT: Mr. Balasko, thank you.
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              Mr. Zuber.
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         (Pause in the proceedings.)
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              THE COURT: Mr. Zuber. Mr. Zuber, I can see you,
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   but can't hear you.
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              MR. ZUBER:
                          Thank you, Your Honor. I'm sorry.
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    Good morning, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: Good morning. I can hear you know.
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              MR. ZUBER: Okay. Thank you. I'm with a law firm
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    in New Jersey of Chiesa Shahinian and Giantomasi and along
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    with the Husch Blackwell firm, Randy Rios and Tim Million,
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    we represent four pre-petition surety bond providers, which
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include Aspen American Insurance Company, Berkley Insurance Company, Sirius America Insurance Company, and Everest Reinsurance Company.

OPENING STATEMENT ON BEHALF OF ASPEN AMERICAN INSURANCE
COMPANY, BERKLEY INSURANCE COMPANY, SIRIUS AMERICA
INSURANCE COMPANY, AND EVEREST REINSURANCE COMPANY

MR. ZUBER: As stated at the outset, there has been an agreement in principle reached with respect to Everest's objections as they relate to the Fieldwood One structure. And my colleague, Darren Grzyb, will address any issues related to that. But at this point Everest does not intend to go forward with its objections with respect to any aspect of the Plan, but our other three sureties do continue to -- will not object to the Fieldwood One structure, but do continue to preserve arguments with respect to other matters.

Your Honor, we filed a Plan Objection at Docket No. 1461. We filed yesterday a supplemental objection at Docket No. 1664. Many creditors and parties in the group have also filed confirmation objections, some of which, particularly those filed by other sureties and predecessors-in-interest, our clients have joined to the extent not inconsistent with our client's position.

I'm not going to go into too much detail regarding our legal arguments, Your Honor, that we made in our filing,

but with the Court's indulgence, I would like to present a couple of overriding bigger picture concerns that we have.

So first, you know, it's our view that any party
-- whether the Debtor, a divisive merger entity, a

predecessor, or anyone else exploiting assets for their

benefit should be obligated to pay decommissioning costs and

acquire with an applicable law. And if they fail to do so,

we sureties may be called upon to pay. And if we are called

upon to pay, we are entitled to step into the shoes of the

Government to be repaid. We're talking about properties

which the Debtors or their designees continue to exploit for

their benefit. If they're going to do so, Your Honor, they

need to accept the burdens associated with the benefits they

intend to derive.

If this were a liquidation, which at least in part seems like it may be, and a third party were to acquire assets in this case, they would need to comply with applicable law. If they're going to deride benefits they need to take the burdens.

Respectfully, Your Honor, bankruptcy is not a license to violate or be exempt from the law, which imposes decommissioning obligations upon those who choose to avail themselves of the privilege of exploiting natural resources.

The Debtors can choose to abandon wells and the globe will sort out which third parties have to pay and who

has obligations as between them. Respectfully, Your Honor, we submit it's not the Bankruptcy Court's role in that process to sort out disputes amongst parties with the respective liabilities and rights against each other. And there's nothing in the Bankruptcy Code or in the law which authorizes a Bankruptcy Court to declare a forfeiture of rights by some third parties against others, including subrogation rights. And I would note, as set forth in our papers, the U.S. Supreme Court case of Pearlman vs Reliance Insurance Company at 371 US 132 (1962).

THE COURT: Mr. Zuber --

MR. ZUBER: Nothing in the Code or the law --

THE COURT: Mr. Zuber, I think that -- and I just want to be sure I'm understanding the argument.

Are you not receiving an unsecured claim if you have to fund money, and if you are, why isn't that identical to the amount you would receive in subrogation rights? At least my holding has been you get monetary subrogation, you don't get regulatory subrogation. And I wanted to understand — the argument to me in your objection wasn't entirely clear about making a distinction between monetary and regulatory, and I want to get a good understanding before we proceed with the hearing.

MR. ZUBER: Your Honor, we don't claim that we get regulatory subrogation rights, we don't secede to the

Governments regulatory powers, but we belief that we preserve all of our subrogation rights with respect to third parties obligees stepping into the Debtors' shoes and others. We don't understand why rights are proposed to be taken away from the sureties. You know, the risk these sureties took when they issued bonds was not that they would be deprived of the ability to litigate damages from enforcement of subrogation rights, so that the Court would approve a Plan that provides for forfeiture. That was not bargained --

THE COURT: Which rights are being taken away, ise I guess then -- if you're not looking for a regulatory right and you are getting an unsecured claim, what right is being taken away? I just want to get a little better definition of that.

MR. ZUBER: The right to, down the road, to defend claims with respect to the Credit Bid Purchaser, Your Honor. You know, we believe that that --

THE COURT: I did not know that your right to defend claims against the policy were being taken away. And that's -- I want to get to the definition because I need to understand the argument. And if you're not seeking regulatory subrogation and if you are getting an unsecured claim, I do want to know what rights are being taken away with some specificity, because your argument has some force

with it, but the force is going to be in the details I'm afraid.

MR. ZUBER: Your Honor, any and all rights, other than what our claims are against the Debtor should be preserved. Rights against obligees, rights against the Government, rights against the Credited Bid Purchaser. The law is pretty clear in the Fifth Circuit, Your Honor, that the -- you know, we were able to opt out of third party releases under this Plan, and we submit, as we briefed, that we should be able to opt out of exculpations and injunction provision. We don't want anything in this Plan to impair our rights as to any party, other than the Debtors, as set forth in the Plan.

I'm not talking about a pre-petition unsecured claim. I'm talking about down the road, you know, five years from now when a claim is made on one of our bonds, we should not be prohibited by an injunction under the Plan from defending that claim and saying that we should have to pay on that claim when we think that a bond obligee may have impaired our rights. There should be no impairment of surety rights as to anyone other than the Debtors. There should be no exculpations and injunctions that protect the Credit Bid Purchaser down the road.

(Pause in the proceedings.)

MR. ZUBER: For example, Your Honor, Credit Bid

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Purchaser is going to acquire some leases, it would then be
    its responsibility to do decommissioning obligations.
   the Credit Bid Purchaser down the road does not do it, it
   will default to other entities. BOEM could then order
   others to do that. They could order Fieldwood One, but for
 6
   the bankruptcy, and they could order our obligee -- for
   example, Noble. We need to be able to stand in the shoes of
   principle and the obligee to assert any rights we may have
   against the credit purchaser down the road, such as --
             THE COURT: So wait -- I just want to be sure I
                This is not a present right to sue a purchaser.
   understand.
   This is, if we do a sale under 363, we can't do it free and
    clear. It has to be subject to your future rights that
   wouldn't come into being until the sale was consummated,
   right?
             MR. ZUBER: Correct, Your Honor.
             THE COURT: Well, that argument will not carry the
   day.
        So tell me another argument.
             MR. ZUBER: Well, Your Honor, I submit that there
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   are -- there should be --
              THE COURT: 363 -- unless I'm missing it, 363
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   allows the Court to order the sale of property free and
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   clear of liens, claims, and encumbrances, and you're talking
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   about a claim that goes with the sale, not a claim you
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   presently have. I thought you were telling me that we might
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be impairing a claim you presently have, not that we can tie
up a property and never have it sold and never have it
cleaned up in a way that doesn't make your life -- your
client's life any worse. And I'm trying to figure out how
does the sale make your client's life any worse than if we
didn't have the sale, and so far I'm not hearing it.

MR. ZUBER: It doesn't today, but it may down the
road.

THE COURT: Well, how down the road would it make
your life worse than it is today?

MR. ZUBER: But for the bankruptcy, we would have
claims of defenses. If an obligee impairs our rights we can

THE COURT: Right. And which obligee is impairing your rights?

claim that we shouldn't have to pay a claim on the bond.

MR. ZUBER: The obligees on the bonds such -- our current obligees. No they're not impairing our rights, we need to be able to step into the shoes of our obligee to defend claims against the Credit Bid Purchaser.

THE COURT: Defend claims against the Credit Bid
Purchaser? I don't under -- the Credit Bid Purchaser isn't
going to make you do anything, right? You're talking about
prosecuting claims against the Credit Bid Purchaser, not
defending them, or else I'm misunderstanding the Plan. I
did not believe the Credit Bid Purchaser has rights against

you under the Plan.

MR. ZUBER: The Plan seeks to take away our subrogation rights. There is no jurisdiction of this Court to take away our subrogation rights. We should retain those, whatever they are.

THE COURT: Yeah, but I'm asking you to tell me what subrogation rights these are. It's not a subrogation right against a future purchase. I'm not taking that away, because it doesn't exist right now.

Is there a present subrogation right that's being taken away against an obligee?

MR. ZUBER: No, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Because I didn't think there was.

MR. ZUBER: Future subrogation rights. There have been no claims on the bond. If at some point in the future there's a claim on the bond and we have to pay on that bond, we have, as a matter of law, the right to step into the shoes of the principle and the obligee for all purposes. And we shouldn't lose any of those rights simply because a chapter -- where the Debtor can't meet its obligations. These are disputes that will arise -- or may arise, may not arise, but may arise in the future between non-Debtor parties. And there's nothing in the Plan should impair our ability to exercise our subrogation rights five years from now when a claim is made on a bond and we have to pay that

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    claim and then we would try to exercise our subrogation
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    rights, and then someone would say you can't exercise those
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    rights because they've been enjoined under the Plan.
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              THE COURT: And that's what I'm trying --
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              MR. ZUBER: Inappropriate.
              THE COURT: -- what I'm trying to define is -- I
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    do understand your argument that you might have rights in a
    future lawsuit against somebody that isn't yet an owner, a
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    future purchaser, and I'm telling you I believe the
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    Bankruptcy Code allows those rights to be cut off.
              What I'm looking for is, if you have a right, for
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12
    example, to subrogate against a current obligee, if that's
    being taken away, I really do want to know that. And I
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    didn't think it was being taken away. Tell me how it is.
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              MR. ZUBER: That's not being taken away, Your
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    Honor.
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              THE COURT: Well then, what is being taken away
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    besides your right to sue a future purchaser?
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                          They're attempting, under the Plan,
              MR. ZUBER:
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    Your Honor, to take our future subrogation rights --
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              THE COURT: Against --
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              MR. ZUBER: -- not rights -- the right --
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              THE COURT: Against -- but is that only against a
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    future purchaser? I'm trying to tell you -- get you to tell
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    me is there any right you have that's being taken away,
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other than the rights against a future purchaser?

MR. ZUBER: It would be against Credit Bid
Purchaser, Your Honor, and also being able to stand in
BOEM's shoes as the obligee in some of the bonds.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. ZUBER: So, Your Honor, you know, we respectfully submit that the exculpation should not go beyond the normal exculpations of Creditors Committees and Creditors Committee members acting in that capacity and Debtors' management. There shouldn't be any third-party exculpations of impairment of rights by third parties against other third parties.

So we have proposed some reservation of rights language in our supplemental objection, Your Honor, at paragraph 21 of our supplemental objection. I'm not going to read it for the Record, but it would go a long way if we could make clear that this Plan is not impairing future rights as between non-Debtor entities.

at least I think the Plan is going -- and I'm going to need you, as we proceed with today, to show me that I'm wrong. I think the Plan does impair your ability to take affirmative action against someone that is not today an owner of the property, i.e. a future purchaser. Otherwise, I am not aware of rights that are being taken away and I need those

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explained to me as we go through documents and witnesses
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    today.
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              Because if all that we're looking at is, the
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    363(k) rights are being preserved, because you're not
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    telling me you have a claim against the future purchaser,
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   you're telling me you have a claim against the future
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   purchaser arising by their purchase of the assets, and
    Section 363 allows the assets to be sold free and clear of
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    those claims. That's an issue with Congress, not with me.
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              If there is another issue out there, I need it
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    defined as we go through today. I got it, I think it's an
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    important question. I just don't understand it in the
    context of the case other than against the future creditors.
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              MR. ZUBER: Okay. We'll develop that as we go,
    Your Honor, and we'll give you some more specific examples.
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              THE COURT: Mr. Zuber, thank you, sir.
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              All right.
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              MR. ZUBER: Thank you.
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              THE COURT: Does anyone else wish to make a
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    statement now in opposition to Confirmation of the Plan?
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              All right. I do have some folks. And let me get
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    their lines activated.
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MS. HEYEN: Good morning, Your Honor. Shari Heyen

Ms. Heyen, good morning.

at Greenberg Traurig on behalf of BP Exploration and

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Production.

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Can you hear me okay, Your Honor?

THE COURT: I can. Good morning.

MS. HEYEN: Thank you.

OPENING STATEMENTS ON BEHALF OF BP EXPLORATION

AND PRODUCTION, INC.

MR. HEYEN: I'm also joined by my colleagues,
Mr. Craig Duewall, Mr. Karl Burrer, and Mr. John Hutton also
of Greenberg Traurig. And Your Honor I'm sure you've read
and heard form a number of objectors and we're opposing this
Fifth Amended Proposed Plan.

I'm not here to restate or relitigate those, argue those objections, but instead, Your Honor, BP rises this morning to propose a commercially reasonable solution to the 11th hour legally dense and complex documents and information filed by the Debtors and others.

And Your Honor we understand this morning from the opening statements that the Debtors and others are still documenting agreements, that not all the definitive documents have yet been reduced to writing, and those documents are not yet made public.

Your Honor, there's no question that Fieldwood seeks Court approval of an unprecedented and historic scope of abandonment of wells, platforms, and pipelines in the Gulf of Mexico. This means that, if the Plan is confirmed,

that BP, along with other similarly situated predecessors and co-interest owners will be left to tackle certain P&A obligations in the Gulf of Mexico. Your Honor, for BP alone, our estimated P&A obligations exceed \$300 million.

And Judge, by our objection and our proposed language that we filed this morning, we're seeking to preserve important bargained-for rights in our commercial contracts and agreements with Fieldwood, with third parties, with our sureties, and with those parties who are receiving an assignment of our contracts.

This morning, in an effort to solve some of these commercial issues with the Plan, BP filed proposed language, it's at Docket No. 1673, and it's proposed language we would like included in this Confirmation Order, which we have not yet seen. And if Your Honor accepts that language, it would resolve all but one of BP's confirmation objections.

BP's proposed language, Your Honor, essentially does four things. Number one, it memorializes and confirms that BP has opted out of the third-party releases. Number two, it preserves any subrogation claims by ensuring that the Debtors' new language that was recently added in Section 5.13(a) of the Fifth Amended Plan is applicable to three of our bonds. Number three, it ensures that BP's contractual right, including its right of arbitration, is not impaired by the Plan Injunction. And then number four,

it preserves BP's rights regarding -- by ensuring that the Plan does not simply eliminate or set off rights by virtue of the NewCo sale.

Again, Your Honor, if accepted by the Court we believe that this language will significantly narrow the scope and length of this complicated and dense hearing. BP is prepared, however, Your Honor, to present evidence and arguments on each one of these issues, but we believe that the proposed language and its resolution are commercially reasonable, are commercially fair, and would obviate the need for extensive proceedings on issues that are really capable of a commercial resolution.

Your Honor, our language is supported by well established United States Supreme Court law, by Fifth Circuit law, and by Bankruptcy Court decisions. And I'll just briefly go through each of the four points that I previously raised, Your Honor.

First, with respect to the proposed third-party releases: BP does not believe that it is a, quote, "Releasing Party," close quote, under the Plan, but in an abundance of caution we filed an opt-out notice at Docket No. 1437, and we also included our opt-out objection in our filed objection.

Accordingly, Your Honor, this Confirmation Order, we submit, should recognize that BP is not bound by the

third-party releases proposed in the Plan. BP's proposed language clarifies and confirms that nothing in the Plan, the Confirmation Order, or these cases will impair or modify BP's rights with respect to any non-Debtor parties, including any other predecessors or other co-liable or jointly and severally liable parties.

Nothing in the Plan or Confirmation Order should be deemed to be construed as a release or a discharge of any liability or obligation of any third party with respect to any decommissioning liabilities associated with the Debtors' assets. And frankly, the claims and causes of action held by BP against any all third parties should be reserved and preserved.

And Your Honor, our proposed language is not controversial, it preserves private rights and remedies among non-Debtor parties.

Second, Your Honor, the proposed language by BP preserves BP's subrogation claims. And we think, you know, perhaps Your Honor, most astonishingly about five days ago, the Debtors filed a Fifth Amended Plan that contains language in Section 5.13(a) that purports to waive every person's relevant, you know, subrogation rights. We think that 5.13(a), the language that was included at the 11th hour, purports to act as an absolute bar to any person's subrogation rights in violation of well-established Fifth

Circuit law.

BP's proposed solution is that the Confirmation Order preserve subrogation claims by ensuring that the Debtors' new language in Section 5.13(a) is not applicable to three of BP's bonds. That BP's bonds are unaltered and the rights of BP and other beneficiaries and obligees, pursuant to the BP bonds, are unaffected by the Plan, the Confirmation Order, or any of the proposed transactions.

THE COURT: What would BP's language do with respect to a purchaser of the assets?

MS. HEYEN: So Your Honor, obviously we've assembled our legal team here today to address these issues. You know, we're happy to answer any questions that the Court may have. Obviously, given the density and the sheer volume of the documents, including some that have been filed and will be filed with the Court, we've divided and allocated a lot of these issues among various Greenberg Traurig team members. And so if I may, Your Honor, Mr. Karl Burrer will take that issue up with the Judge.

THE COURT: All right. We can come back to it. If you want to finish your statement and then we'll go to Mr. Burrer.

But my question to you is very similar to the one that Mr. Zuber, it's one thing to tell me that you want to be sure that your existing subrogation rights against an

existing party are maintained. It's another to say that we can't order the sale of an asset free and clear of liens, claims, and encumbrances, which the statute says we can do. And that's what I want to learn in terms of the proposed language that you have and see whether it's broad or narrow in that sense.

MS. HEYEN: Very good, Your Honor, we will -- I'll have Mr. Burrer address that at the conclusion of my opening statements.

Third, Your Honor, BP's proposed language preserves contractual and bargained for rights, which must be preserved. And here I'm going to turn to Section 10.6 of the Plan, which seeks to enjoin claims, rights, and remedies with respect to rejected contracts, with respect to future contractual relationships, and also with respect to contribution subrogation rights.

So BP has proposed language that preserves pre-petition claims, rights, and defenses by ensuring that the Plan Injunction is limited to pre-petition claims against the Debtors.

And let me explain what I mean here, Judge.

A number of our contracts are being rejected and whatever claims rights and defenses we now have as a result of that rejection, we just want to make sure that those are preserved for later adjudication.

Next, the Debtors are assuming and assigning approximately 168 of our contracts to new parties. The Confirmation Order should clarify that the Plan Injunction is not so expansive as to enjoin ongoing future relationships with our new contract counterparties.

And in addition, Your Honor, BP has proposed language that clarifies that the Plan Injunction should not limit BP's right to arbitration. There is currently a dispute between BP and Fieldwood over the LSPS Operating Agreement. BP properly invoked the arbitration provision under that contract. However, Fieldwood refuses to acknowledge that the arbitration provision exists.

So consequently, BP was forced to file a motion to lift the automatic stay to compel arbitration. That Motion is pending and will be heard by the Court on July 9th. Our Motion is filed at Docket No. 1414. BP's proposed language simply clarifies, Your Honor, that none of BP's claims or arbitration rights will be eliminated -- will be limited or eliminated by the Plan Injunction. The Court can decide the merits of the arbitration issue at the hearing on the Motion to Compel Arbitration, which again, Your Honor, is set to be heard in two weeks on July 9th.

THE COURT: Let me just ask you this. And I had not focused at all on the arbitration issue, I'll just tell you, Ms. Heyen. So this question is a practical one.

If we get down to that hearing and determine that under Fifth Circuit law, we're not going to go to arbitration, we're going to retain it here, could then the Confirmation Order have an effect or are you saying even then it would not have an effect?

Does that question make sense?

MS. HEYEN: Yeah, I'm trying to think through it, Your Honor. I think, you know, what we're asking is that whatever we -- whatever Your Honor decides on July 9th is what we'd like to do. We understand that that issue has been tabled until July 9th. We just want to make sure that whatever rights we're arguing and remedies we're arguing for under those Agreements that they are preserved and reserved for later adjudication.

THE COURT: Okay. Got it. Thank you.

MS. HEYEN: Yeah, they're teed up before Your Honor to be heard.

And finally with respect to 10.6 of the Plan Injunction, there are certain properties that are being abandoned, as Your Honor is well aware, and BP simply requests the Confirmation Order clarify that BP's rights of contribution, for example, against other predecessors and co-interest owners, are preserved and are not enjoined and that also BP's subrogation rights are likewise not enjoined.

Fourth, with respect to setoff, the Debtors should

not be permitted to sell assets free and clear of BP's secured setoff rights. BP has filed a separate motion for stay relief seeking authority to implement its setoff rights. That's filed at Docket No. 1666 and that's set for a hearing on July the 16th.

And we understand from Debtors' counsel that all rejection claims will be heard separately and at a later date and accordingly we're simply asking that the Court include a provision in the Confirmation Order that preserves, reserves and protects BP's contractual statutory right of setoff.

Again, Your Honor, that is teed up for hearing on July the 16th. However, if Your Honor would like to hear evidence with respect to setoff rights, we are prepared to present those evidentiary issues and facts to the Judge — to Your Honor today. We're prepared to go forward with them. We're here at Your Honor's pleasure with respect to the setoff rights. They have been teed up for a hearing on July the 16th.

So, Your Honor, with the adoption by the Court of that language and certainly we understand that Your Honor may have questions about it, we've got colleagues in the room who can drill down on some of these issues and how those languages is a commercially responsible and reasonable resolution of our objection. And so with the adoption of

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that language, that will BP with only one evidentiary issue
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 2
    today and that is the adequate assurance of future
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   performance by NewCo and specifically, Your Honor, we
 4
    question whether NewCo can satisfy its burden of adequate
 5
    assurance of future performance.
              So for example, Your Honor, that's a $75 million
 6
7
    in new bonding commitments cover the approximate 10 million
    of future P&A obligations under the MC519 and we need some
8
 9
    time to explore that with Mr. Dane today.
10
              We're not privy to the bonding commitment.
   have not seen it. We do not know if it's a binding
11
12
    commitment, whether it's a non-binding commitment, but -- so
   we'd like some time with Mr. Dane on that issue today.
13
              Your Honor, we're all present and assembled in our
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    virtual courtroom and are happy to answer any questions.
15
16
   And if, Your Honor, I may yield the virtual podium to
17
   Mr. Burrer who will address your specific subrogation
18
    questions.
19
              THE COURT: Thank you.
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              MS. HEYEN: Thank you.
21
              MR. BURRER: Good morning, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: Good morning, Mr. Burrer.
23
              MR. BURRER: Karl Burrer for BP.
24
                  OPENING STATEMENT ON BEHALF OF BP
25
              MR. BURRER: Your Honor, I think stepped back on
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the subrogation issues makes sense and going to the Court's Tri-Union Opinion, subrogation is just a creditor stepping into the shoes of another party when that party pays the debt. So if you're selling free and clear of the rights that they're subrogated to, here that would require the Court to sell free and clear of the performance obligations with the Federal Government, and that's not what this Plan provides.

The second to last sentence of Section 5.13(a) provides nothing in this Plan, including the Section 5.13 or the Confirmation Order shall be construed as borrowing, waiving or limiting the United States' rights to assert a claim or cause of action against the Debtors, the posteffective date Debtors or any co-lessee or predecessors-ininterest with respect to the abandoned properties for any decommissioning obligations on the abandoned properties.

That's the right you would have to sell free and clear of, not the subrogation right. Subrogation is just you step into the shoes of the party that you step into, and that's the Federal Government. 5.13 does not sell free and clear of the Federal Government's performance obligations.

In the Debtors' brief, they try to distinguish between regulatory obligations and the Government's unsecured claims and that's a misnomer. The Government doesn't just retain the right to tell Fieldwood Three or

they do the work.

- Fieldwood One or NewCo to go and do work. If the work's not done and the Federal Government does this, the Federal Government has a claim against those entities, a damages claim, and it results from the performance obligations.

 It's not discharged. And a subrogated party that comes in and performs the work, such as a surety, such as BP, such as any predecessor, steps into those shoes as they are when
 - THE COURT: So let me just get this straight,

 Mr. Burrer. You're telling me that I have the authority

 under 363(k) to say that if a purchaser purchases the

 property, no one could assert any duty on their part to

 clean it up, at which point your client would have no

 rights, because I'm giving some rights to the Government

 that your rights should get enhanced even those I have the

 absolute statutory right to take them fully away.

Is that your argument?

MR. BURRER: Your Honor, I believe the argument is that the Government's rights are nondischargeable, so if the Government --

THE COURT: Well, that's not -- no, just -- I have the right -- you know, I maybe shouldn't do it because of some nondischargeable issue, but the Government can waive those.

If I can order a 363 sale free and clear of liens,

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claims and encumbrances and did do so, your client would
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 2
    have no right against the future purchaser, right?
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              MR. BURRER: Your Honor, I would need to brief
 4
    that more, but I think here the Plan is not doing that and I
 5
    think --
 6
              THE COURT: Yeah, I want you to answer my
 7
    question, Mr. Burrer.
 8
              MR. BURRER: Oh, okay.
 9
              THE COURT: I have the authority under Section 363
10
    to order the sale of property free and clear of liens,
11
    claims and encumbrances that go with the property.
              MR. BURRER: Your Honor, I think if this Court
12
    were to enter an order selling this property free and clear
13
    of any and all liens, claims and encumbrances in compliance
14
15
    with 363, including providing adequate protection,
    indubitable equivalent or other, you know, relief necessary
16
17
    to sell property free and clear, I think the Court certainly
18
    could sell the property free and clear as we sit here right
    now. I don't think that --
19
20
              THE COURT: And your client -- and your client
21
    right now has zero rights against that future purchaser,
22
    right? So it wouldn't get any adequate protection.
23
              MR. BURRER: Correct. Any rights that we have
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    right now are contingent rights and I would align them with
25
    interests and I would align the Government's rights with
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interest and I would say, if you're going to sell free and clear of a performance obligation, that the performance obligation is a currently existing performance obligation in favor of the Federal Government that would be entitled to adequate protection, would be entitled to consent or not consent. And I did not hear the Federal Government, which 6 7 is why given the sureties' defenses, say they are agreeing to this claim. They're not consenting. They're not 9 consenting under 363(f). There are a lot --

THE COURT: No, I'm talking about my power, not theirs. Different branch of Government.

MR. BURRER: Understood. I believe if the Court was able to satisfy 363(f), the Court could sell the property free and clear.

THE COURT: Okay. Look, I'll let you file your supplemental brief if you want to, but I don't understand how your client gets to complain if I have the authority to do something and I do it and then I give somebody else a right that you wouldn't have otherwise had. So I'll let you file your brief, but I think it's a problematic issue.

The whole idea of 363 is to allow a new purchaser to come and start fresh. We can limit starting fresh because of a deal, if you will, but we can limit it and we can say to the Government, "You have this right and no one else does," because if your client doesn't have a present

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   right, it's a different story than us taking away a present
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    right to your client. I think it's a tough brief, but go
 3
    ahead and write it.
 4
              MR. BURRER: And, Your Honor --
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              THE COURT: I think, Mr. Burrer, you probably
 6
    wrote the Tri-Union Opinion when you were my law clerk so
 7
    you ought to know what --
 8
              MR. BURRER: Yeah.
 9
              THE COURT: -- you're doing on this, so go ahead,
10
    take your shot. I think you'll not get there.
11
              MR. BURRER: And, Your Honor, I'm not so sure that
12
    all of the Plan transactions have been proposed under 363.
              THE COURT: It doesn't --
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              MR. BURRER: And I think the Plan --
14
              THE COURT: We're dealing with -- it doesn't
15
16
   matter how they define it. It matters how I define it.
17
              MR. BURRER: Understood, Your Honor.
18
              THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
19
              Mr. Eisenberg.
20
              MR. EISENBERG: Thank you, Your Honor.
21
                   OPENING STATEMENTS ON BEHALF OF
22
                   US SPECIALTY INSURANCE COMPANY
23
              MR. EISENBERG: Philip Eisenberg. I represent a
24
    number of clients. As accurately reflected by Mr. Perez,
25
    one of my clients, US Specialty Insurance Company, has
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withdrawn its objections and we have entered into an ongoing arrangement contingent upon the effective date and certain things happening for an additional bonding facility for NewCo. And so that is -- that has been noticed on the Docket and Mr. Perez has accurately described that.

With regard to Houston HCCI International, I will simply point out that we are finalizing our documentation, Your Honor. I will significantly streamline any proceedings before Your Honor. Once our discussions here on opening are done, I think it may be appropriate to take a brief recess, Your Honor, to allow the final ink to dry on those things because I think it will make for a more comfortable day for everybody.

And I'm sure that Mr. Brescia and Mr. Miller will have more to say about that. They are the ones who are set up to do opening on those arguments, Your Honor, and I think they would if it was Your Honor's pleasure --

THE COURT: Let me ask, Mr. Eisenberg.

Does it make some sense to postpone those opening arguments to wait to see if the deal gets done and if it doesn't, let them come back and make their opening statements at that point?

MR. EISENBERG: Absolutely, Your Honor. And I was just going to do cleanup on that, so I appreciate that courtesy as well, Your Honor, and I think that Mr. Miller is

smiling and so I appreciate that.

For my other clients, which are W&T Offshore and Merit Energy, I was -- of course, the *Tri-Union* Opinion I was -- Mr. Burrer wrote it, okay, so.

THE COURT: It's been about 15 years, but my guess is he did all the drafting on that and I probably cleaned up a verb or two, but that's probably about it.

MR. EISENBERG: Right, right. So for W&T, the -THE COURT: He was like 26 years old and now it's
going to get thrown back at him, I believe.

MR. EISENBERG: He still looks 26 years old. That is a compliment so -- maybe not so much. So you know, we have been working very diligently with the Debtors. We have language that we thought was finally approved. We're waiting on the Confirmation Order to come for W&T and Merit and for two of our other clients as well, McMoRan and Conoco, that Mr. Kuebel and Mr. Knapp have been dealing with. And so that language is pretty much the basis for what BP put in there for one of its legs of its four points, and so we also think that we need to have that come to ground here. Those are very important issues.

I wasn't sure about the argument, Your Honor, with regard to -- and I think Your Honor is thinking about it the same way I am and that is: If an entity buys a property from the Federal Government and signs on, and says, "I am

now liable for whatever obligations go with that lease that I just got assigned," then on a going forward basis, if the Government were to call on another party in the future to do decommissioning on that property, then that company that did the decommissioning would have whatever rights it would be subrogated to not because of an arrangement before this bankruptcy, before the effective date, before the 363 sale, but it would be subrogation rights for having performed on the demand from the Government because the NewCo agreed on a going forward basis to comply with the obligations under the lease and be obligated to the Government. So it's not the old obligations that they're subrogated to, but the new ones that they're signing onto, Your Honor. And we don't know whether or not and when that would happen, but it certainly has --

THE COURT: Here's the problem, Mr. Eisenberg, which is: If NewCo, let's say, puts in some new platforms out there after they acquire, I agree. As to those new platforms, that's new operations and whoever has subrogation rights will have subrogation rights as to the new platforms.

As to the old platforms, those are rights that we could cut off and because we could cut them off, we can also cut them off less than totally. And if you're telling me that you want subrogation rights against the new platform, I got it, but if you're telling me you want subrogation rights

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against the historic work, that would get in the way

obviously of meeting the Government's goal that is preserved

in Midlantic and that is actually contrary to the language

of 363 and contrary to abandonment language, but the Supreme

Court can do that, I can't. And so once the Government

isn't going to insist on its Midlantic rights, I can use

abandonment and I can use 363.
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MR. EISENBERG: Two observations on that. One, on any new platforms or wells that are drilled, the Government has no rights against the predecessors going back.

Second, on the new stuff --

THE COURT: No, I understand that.

MR. EISENBERG: Okay.

THE COURT: But to the extent that the predecessors want to assert some rights there, I'm not cutting those off. It's historic ones. It's the ones that go with the property where I can order the property sold free and clear. They can't --

MR. EISENBERG: But the -- right, they could be sold free and clear, but they still own them and they own them subject to the regulations on a going forward basis. And as part of that bundle of rights that they're getting, they have the obligation as the current operator and current record title owner to decommission. And to the extent that they did not perform in the future, right, and --

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              THE COURT: I understand your argument.
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   wrong, but I understand it.
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             MR. EISENBERG: Okay, Your Honor. I don't
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   necessarily agree with you on that and I --
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              THE COURT: I know. I know you don't.
 6
             MR. EISENBERG: And so -- and I don't know how you
7
    can cut something off that hasn't arisen because it can't
   arise until after the effective date.
8
 9
              THE COURT: Because it goes with the property. It
10
    doesn't exists in the ether. It's a right that goes with
11
   the sale of the property and Congress decided to write a
   provision that allows Debtors to abandon the property, that
12
   allows Debtors to sell property free and clear. In either
13
   of those instances, these rights wouldn't exist.
14
15
             MR. EISENBERG: Well, then if the Government did
16
   that, they'd be cutting people's subrogation rights off and
17
    they'd have a hard time coming against them, but we'll see
18
   how that works out years from now.
19
             THE COURT:
                          I got it.
20
             MR. EISENBERG:
                             Okay. So anyway, going back to
21
    agreed language, Your Honor, the -- you know, we're just
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   waiting to get the ink to dry on that, as well, and so I
23
   just wanted to let Your Honor know that, as well, which is
    why we're kind of standing down here and just trying to get
24
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this to be as consensual as possible and to shove off

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    whatever we don't have to decide today.
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              THE COURT: I appreciate that.
 3
              MR. EISENBERG: Okay. Thank you, Your Honor.
 4
    I'll pass the podium.
 5
              THE COURT: Thank you.
              MR. EISENBERG: Uh-huh.
 6
 7
              THE COURT: All right. Mr. Langley?
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              MR. LANGLEY: (No audible response).
 9
              THE COURT: Mr. Langley, I don't hear you.
10
   me --
11
              MR. LANGLEY: Oh, I'm sorry, Your Honor.
12
              THE COURT: There we go.
13
              MR. LANGLEY: Do you hear me now?
              THE COURT: Yes, sir. It's better when you unmute
14
15
    it.
16
              MR. LANGLEY: Oh, thank you.
17
              I'd like to defer to Mr. Grzyb, if I can.
18
              THE COURT: Of course.
19
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
20
              THE COURT: Do you know what phone number
21
   Mr. Grzyb is dialing in from today? It looks like it might
22
   be a different number than what I have him down on. I have
23
   a whole bunch of people that want to speak, so why don't we
    do this: We'll get to him. Whoever has pressed five star is
24
25
    just -- his name isn't associated with whatever number he's
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1
    dialing in from today. So I'm just going to go to the next
 2
    one on the list and then -- but Mr. Grzyb will eventually
    speak, if that's okay. I've got a lot of people on the
 3
 4
    line.
 5
              MR. LANGLEY: Thank you.
 6
              THE COURT: Thank you.
 7
              MR. LANGLEY: I'd like to go later. Thank you,
    Your Honor.
 8
 9
              THE COURT: All right. From 214-765-3657, who do
    we have?
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              MS. ARCHIYAN: Your Honor, good morning.
11
12
              Yelena Archiyan, on behalf of Sea Robin and
    certain other affiliates of Energy Transfer.
13
           OPENING STATEMENT ON BEHALF OF ENERGY TRANSFER
14
              MS. ARCHIYAN: Your Honor, I will be very, very
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16
   brief. Energy Transfer filed a cure objection on June 4th
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    and a reservation of rights on June 16th. The issue at this
18
    time, Your Honor, is that the parties are in the midst of
    reconciling Energy Transfer's contracts and cure amounts as
19
20
    well as negotiating a series of trade agreements.
21
              Energy Transfer is sitting on some cash
22
    collateral, but it would like the status of preserved
23
    funding those negotiations and the renegotiation process and
24
    have requested some protective language in the Confirmation
25
    Order with respect to that cash collateral, including the
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right to use that setoff against any claims for rejection 1 damages should it be determined that the Debtors are 2 3 rejecting any of Energy Transfer's contracts. 4 We reached out to Debtors' counsel last week and I 5 understand that they are working on it. We haven't seen a proposed Confirmation Order yet and it's possible that this 6 7 language be in there or will be in there, but we didn't want to waive any rights by not speaking up today. 8 9 That's all, Your Honor. Thank you. 10 THE COURT: Ms. Archiyan, thank you. 11 From 315-632-4125? 12 MR. WOODARD: Good morning, Your Honor. This is Lee Woodard on behalf of Lexon Insurance Company. 13 THE COURT: Mr. Woodard, good morning. 14 15 OPENING STATEMENT ON BEHALF OF LEXON INSURANCE COMPANY 16 MR. WOODARD: Good morning. I thought I would 17 throw myself into the same barrel with the other -- my 18 surety folk, as well, and just had very -- hopefully very 19 briefly a couple of items. 20 One is, obviously this language that was just put forth by the Debtor in the Fifth Plan at 5.13(a) is a bit of 21 22 a lightning rod over the subrogation rights of sureties. 23 And while you were talking to Mr. Zuber, there 24 was -- one question that you kept asking was: What current

rates would be impacted by this insertion of this in the

25

Plan?

2 | THE COURT: Right.

MR. WOODARD: The answer is: Lexon, about

99 percent of our \$90 million worth of bonds are all with

just the Government as the obligee. And so what this

Section 5.13(a) of the new -- of the latest version of the

Plan does is it removes our rights, any Governmental rights

including but not limited to any rights provided for under

the Plan. So those are our existing rights.

Now if the -- all we're seeking in the language that Aspen put forth in that -- in their supplemental objection at Document 1664 is that whatever our rights that exist, roll forward.

I can't disagree with the Court's view on a 363 sale. The Court has the power to be able to do a number of things. The part that gets lost I think in that whole scenario, I think 363 can cut it off. However, NewCo is going to need funds to be able to go-forward to do anything it wants to do and either they're going to replace our bonds or they're going to have to cut a deal with the existing sureties to be able to do -- change name rider or something along those lines that would allow them to continue forward or theoretically, I suppose, the Government can waive them.

But if there's a sale and it does not encompass our bonds, they can't be assumed, transferred or assigned,

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they're cut off. So there wouldn't be any subsequent issues
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    that we'd have with NewCo because our bonds would be cut
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 3
   off. It'd be a defense against the claims by the Government
 4
    to us.
 5
             But at the end of the day, our -- all we're really
 6
   seeking is to have our rights, whatever they exist today
7
   pre-petition, should ride through the Plan to the extent
   they're allowed. If there's a 363 cutoff, then we're cut
8
 9
    off on that. That raises new defenses for us, but
   doesn't --
10
11
              THE COURT: Is anyone arguing that you don't get
   monetary subrogation to the Government's rights? Maybe they
12
13
   are.
             MR. WOODARD: Well, I think we do get monetary
14
   only. I don't think we have the ability to claim
15
16
   regulatory.
17
              THE COURT: Okay. And that bond and your
18
   reimbursement agreement on it come from Fieldwood; is that
19
   right?
20
             MR. WOODARD: Fieldwood is the principal, that's
21
    correct.
22
             THE COURT: So you would have --
23
             MR. WOODARD: And the Government is the obligee,
24
    though.
25
             THE COURT: Right. So if it's called upon, you
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would have an unsecured claim against Fieldwood and you're
 1
    saying you want one against the purchaser as well.
 2
              MR. WOODARD: I'm saying, Judge, that if -- I
 3
 4
    don't see how the purchaser gets our bonds, right, so unless
 5
    they have some agreement with Lexon.
 6
              THE COURT: Right.
 7
              MR. WOODARD: When the purchaser buys and it's
 8
    approved by the 363 sale, it doesn't get our bonds.
 9
              THE COURT: Correct.
              MR. WOODARD: That is -- our bonds are there --
10
              THE COURT: No, your bonds remain payable only to
11
12
    the United States, right?
              MR. WOODARD: Absolutely correct.
13
              THE COURT: So the United States goes to Fieldwood
14
15
    and says --
              MR. WOODARD: And if they've now consented in
16
17
    that --
18
              THE COURT: But the United States goes to
    Fieldwood and says, "Can up," Fieldwood doesn't, you may
19
   have to fund the bond or maybe not, but your defense isn't
20
21
    that there was a sale, right?
22
              MR. WOODARD: Correct. Well, ultimately the
23
   defense as to the Government? Maybe because it's a sale
24
   because it was the sale that cut off our liability as to
25
    NewCo. We wouldn't have any privy with NewCo, but we may
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have a defense now. If the Government has consented to let them proceed without bonding, without whatever else, we may have another defense as to the Government. But it has nothing to do with the 363 sale or NewCo.
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THE COURT: I got it. And that's probably one reason why Mr. Balasko isn't consenting, right?

MR. WOODARD: Right.

THE COURT: So they're going to sell. It violates your bond. The Government's going to call in the bond and you may have some defense to it, but otherwise, you would get an unsecured claim for the amounts you fund if you don't have a defense.

MR. WOODARD: All correct.

THE COURT: Okay. Yeah.

MR. WOODARD: But largely the sureties are going to (indiscernible) though through most of the objections that we filed anyway are that they can't -- this Plan can't just transfer our bond, can't assume or assign, they can't do any of those things and --

THE COURT: So I didn't think it was and I probably -- maybe I misunderstood that, so I'm going to -- when we're done, I need the Debtor to clarify whether your bonds are being transferred to the purchaser because I did not believe that they were. I just didn't think that they were being dealt with and so they're selling property to the

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                The Government isn't consenting to that.
   purchaser.
 2
   may or may not have liability, but if you do, it isn't
 3
    vis-à-vis the purchaser. It's vis-à-vis, Fieldwood and the
 4
    Government.
 5
              MR. WOODARD: Correct. And, Judge --
 6
              THE COURT: I apologize --
 7
              MR. WOODARD: -- you've hit the nail on the head
    as far as our objections go. We've been trying to figure
 8
 9
    out what this Plan actually does --
10
              THE COURT: Well, let me go back --
              MR. WOODARD: -- to the variety of bonds.
11
12
              THE COURT: I'm going to interrupt everybody else
    making a presentation and ask Mr. Perez if I' ve got that
13
    right.
14
15
              MR. WOODWARD: Okay.
16
              THE COURT: There is no assumption or transfer of
17
    the bonds to the -- any NewCo, right? It's the bonds are
18
    there and they just exist, but you're not transferring them
    over, right, Mr. Perez, or do I have that wrong?
19
20
              MR. PEREZ: No, you have that correct, Your Honor.
21
    There's no transfer of the bonds. The bonds exist, they
    continue to exist. They're in favor of various parties and
22
23
    they will -- they're out there on a go-forward basis.
24
              THE COURT: Okay. Look I'm going to hear from
25
    everybody else but, Mr. Perez, I do think whatever portion
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   of your team is working on things with respect to an awful
    lot of what we've heard today, we need clarity in the
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 3
    Confirmation Order I think as to termination of rights that
 4
    could be exercised today versus termination of rights
 5
    against entities that don't currently own the properties
   because I think that my authority is vastly different in
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 7
    those two circumstances. Mr. Woodard is bringing it to a
   head, but so did the others. And I want to know for sure at
8
 9
    the end of the day what this language is doing.
10
              And if you're asking me -- if BP, for example, has
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   a current contribution right against one of its other
   predecessors-in-interest, if you're asking me to cut that
12
    off, I need to know that because I don't think you can do
13
14
    that. If you're asking me to cut off the rights against a
15
    future purchaser, I think I've been pretty clear that I
16
    think under Midlantic and abandonment and 363, I can.
17
              I think Mr. Woodard is largely in agreement with
18
    that. I know the others aren't. That just may make him
    smarter, I don't know, or joining my camp, whichever one,
19
20
   Mr. Woodard, you want to do.
21
              MR. WOODARD: That's only because you don't know
22
   me well enough, Judge, but thank you.
23
         (Laughter.)
              THE COURT: All right.
24
25
              MR. WOODARD: Thank you, Judge.
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THE COURT: I do need that worked through,
 1
 2
   Mr. Perez, because I don't want there to be confusion at the
 3
    end of the day about it.
 4
              MR. PEREZ: Yes, Your Honor. I believe that
 5
   Ms. Liou and Mr. Carlson are the ones that are primarily
 6
    focused on that and hopefully will have more success than
 7
    showing slides.
 8
              THE COURT: Thank you.
 9
              MR. WOODARD: Thank you, Your Honor.
10
              THE COURT: Mr. Grzyb, I do have you here.
11
    you.
12
              MR. GRZYB: Good morning, Your Honor.
13
               OPENING STATEMENT ON BEHALF OF SURETIES
              MR. GRZYB: Darren Grzyb, along with Scott Zuber
14
    and Mr. Rios and Mr. Million of the Husch Blackwell firm
15
16
    representing four sureties identified by Mr. Zuber
17
   previously.
18
              I have been sort of spearheading along with my
19
    colleagues on the Apache bonds deal that has been in the
   process of being negotiated and I was -- and that was my
20
21
    opening as it relates to the common law bond associated with
22
    the Apache structure and Fieldwood One structure and the
23
    deal that's being discussed with the Debtors currently.
24
              And I would sort of echo what Mr. Eisenberg said
25
    that -- well, I do have an opening and I can -- we have had
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some discourse during this proceeding about the issues
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    particular to those four bonds and letters of credit. I
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 3
    would ask that they be -- my opening be abated pending
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    further documentation of the deal that is almost there,
 5
    Your Honor.
              THE COURT: That's granted.
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              MR. GRZYB: Thank you.
              THE COURT: Thank you.
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              Mr. Miller?
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              MR. MILLER: (No audible response).
              THE COURT: Mr. Miller, I'm not hearing you.
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12
              MR. MILLER: Good morning, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: Good morning, Mr. Miller.
              MR. MILLER: Robert Miller for Philadelphia
14
15
    Indemnity Insurance Company.
16
              THE COURT: Good morning.
             OPENING STATEMENT ON BEHALF OF PHILADELPHIA
17
18
                     INDEMNITY INSURANCE COMPANY
19
              MR. MILLER: I'll keep it brief. I will echo
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   Mr. Grzyb and Mr. Eisenberg's comments. I have some
21
    beautiful slide decks that is ready and hopefully able to be
22
    shown, but with that being said, I think it would be
23
    appropriate and also saving use of resources and time to
24
    abate it until we can hopefully paper this agreement that is
25
    almost there.
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1 THE COURT: Mr. Miller, thank you. 2 That motion is granted as well. 814-456-2294. 3 4 MS. ROSEN: Good morning, Your Honor. Suki Rosen 5 on behalf of Forshey and Prostok for XTO Offshore, HHE 6 Energy Company and XH, LLC. 7 Can you hear me, Your Honor? 8 THE COURT: I can, Ms. Rosen, and good morning to 9 you. 10 MS. ROSEN: Thank you. Your Honor, due to a previously-scheduled appointment, I'm going to have to miss 11 part of the hearing this afternoon and Mr. Forshey of our 12 firm is going to step in at that time, if that's okay. 13 THE COURT: Of course. 14 15 OPENING STATEMENT ON BEHALF OF XTO OFFSHORE, 16 HHE ENERGY COMPANY AND XH, LLC 17 MS. ROSEN: Okay. And then I just wanted to let 18 the Court know, as Mr. Perez stated, that we have been 19 working with the Debtors for the inclusion of some language 20 in the proposed Confirmation Order that would resolve our 21 objections related to mostly the Debtors' proposed cure 22 amounts and providing that the terms of the XTO contracts 23 remain unchanged and also our objection related to the 24 third-party releases. 25 In addition, we've asked the Debtors to include

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language in the proposed Confirmation Order that says that
 1
    we're not precluded from making demand on the Debtors if
 2
 3
    necessary as a condition precedent under our bonds and I
 4
    believe that they have agreed to do that.
 5
              We are not able to resolve the remainder of our
 6
    objections and XTO just in -- and generally does not agree.
 7
    We did not consent to the Plan. However, I think our
    objections are going to be duplicative of what other parties
 8
 9
    will raise, and therefore, we don't intend to present any
10
    additional argument on that and we'll just reserve anything
    else for closing argument.
11
12
              THE COURT: Ms. Rosen, thank you.
13
              Mr. Singer?
14
              MR. SINGER: (No audible response).
15
              THE COURT: Mr. Singer? There we go. Good
16
   morning.
17
              MR. SINGER: Good morning, Your Honor.
18
              Can you hear me?
19
              THE COURT: I can. Good morning.
20
              MR. SINGER: Good. Good morning, Your Honor.
21
    Thank you. Kelly Singer on behalf of Ecopetrol America.
22
          OPENING STATEMENT ON BEHALF OF ECOPETROL AMERICA
23
              MR. SINGER: Your Honor, an update and then also a
24
    reminder. I'll start with the reminder. At the pretrial
25
    conference, Your Honor, you asked me to remind you to --
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remind you about giving my witness an hour's notice before she needed to appear at today's hearing so I just wanted to remind you about that.

The update, Your Honor, is that we did have -
THE COURT: That's a reminder for Mr. Perez, how's

that? So he needs to -- he'll give you that hour update

because I'm not going to know when it happens, but you'll

get the hour.

MR. SINGER: Among the three of us, we should figure it out. I appreciate that.

Your Honor, the update is we did have a productive exchange of language to put into an order that I think would resolve our objections. We were confirming some things and then we got some last-minute changes late last night I believe by lenders' counsel, which kind of drastically changed the language, in our opinion at least, so we don't have consensual language yet. I think we're still working on it. I'm not sure where that puts us today.

We've obviously filed an objection. There's been no substantive response to our objection. I think the parties were hoping on just working this out through language, but that has not happened as of last night.

So that's the update, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Mr. Singer, thank you.

From 713-294-0379?

MR. FISHEL: Good morning, Your Honor. 1 Michael Fishel from Sidley Austin, on behalf of 2 3 Ridgewood Katmai and ILX Prospect. 4 THE COURT: Mr. Fishel, good morning. 5 OPENING STATEMENT ON BEHALF OF RIDGEWOOD KATMAI 6 & ILX PROSPECT 7 MR. FISHEL: And I just -- I stand here to pretty 8 much echo Mr. Singer's comments. We're kind of in the same 9 boat. We had what I thought was a resolution on the Confirmation Order language on Friday and late last night we 10 11 received language that was severely scaled back what we had 12 agreed to and understandably so. You know, it was subject 13 to everyone's approval, but this was a little bit of a surprise. 14 So we're kind of in the same boat of where we 15 16 stand right now. We're hoping that for the rest of the day 17 we can in the background get the final agreed language. 18 like Mr. Singer's comment, we haven't received a substantive 19 response to our objection and as of right now, we -- at the 20 appropriate time we'll need to prosecute it. 21 THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Fishel. 22 MR. FISHEL: Thank you. 23 THE COURT: Mr. Brescia? 24 MR. BRESCIA: Your Honor, this is Duane Brescia. 25 Did you call on me?

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THE COURT: I did, Mr. Brescia. Good morning.
             MR. BRESCIA: Okay. Thank you. I apologize,
   Your Honor. Sometimes you wait long enough in these
   hearings and you don't know if your five star was received
    or not, so you start pressing it several times to be heard
   so I appreciate Your Honor --
 6
              THE COURT: Let me just warn you that if you press
   it an even number of times, there is no five star. You have
    to press it only an odd number of times so I would --
   usually if someone --
             MR. BRESCIA: Yeah, I know.
              THE COURT: -- sat on it anymore, anybody else
    that wants to speak, but anyway that's what's going on.
13
             MR. BRESCIA: I was trying to look back at my --
    yeah, I was trying to look back at my history to count those
   myself.
           OPENING STATEMENT ON BEHALF OF ZURICH AMERICAN
             INSURANCE COMPANY AND SEITEL DATA LIMITED
             MR. BRESCIA: So, Your Honor, Duane Brescia, on
   behalf of Zurich American Insurance Company. And I actually
20
   have another client, Seitel Data Limited, and I'll get to
    Seitel in a minute.
23
             But I did just want to speak along with the other
   surety counsels along with what Mr. Perez said so -- and I
25
    did raise my star five as an objecting party because I think
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the Agenda that was filed still lists us as an objecting party so we're kind of in that situation where we have an agreement in principle. We are working on papering a term sheet. That term sheet is not complete, but we are very, very close and part of that term sheet requires us not to oppose the Plan. So in the spirit of trying to continue that settlement, I did not want to present my opening argument at this point as well, so I also ask the Court's permission to be able to present that either at the opening of our evidence or at a later time when appropriate.

And barring that, Your Honor, you know, I think part of the term sheet, which isn't disputed, requires definitive documents to be entered into later prior to the effective date.

I think the parties understood that, you know, once we enter into a term sheet and the Plan gets confirmed, if there's a dispute on something that wasn't contemplated or there is a disagreement that we could come back to Your Honor to resolve those disputes if we cannot do it ourselves.

And so one of those two options would be satisfactory to Zurich to get to the end result, either continue our opening for later, perhaps allowing a small break to see how far the parties can get. And barring that with Mr. Perez's consent, that any open items or issues that

can't be resolved today will be resolved in front of Your Honor later on.

THE COURT: I'll let you do whichever those works out at your option is what we'll do so you preserve all your rights. Thank you.

MR. BRESCIA: Your Honor, with respect to Seitel Data Limited, they are a contract party that was originally on the assumed list and then put on the rejection list. Seitel is a seismic data licensing company and were usually involved in many of these trying to resolve those at the last minute.

This Debtor has agreed to reject the Licensing

Agreement from Seitel, so that puts us in a -- not needing

to assume it anymore, but because of the verification of

destruction of data issues, we did ask for some language

that merely states that the parties can agree to reject,

terminate as necessary, and that there will be a

verification of destruction signed. I think the parties

have agreed on language, but they were pending confirmation

from the other, I guess, consenting parties and I did not

get a response on that.

Having said that, too, I think there is an agreement in principle between Seitel and the Credit Bid Purchaser to start a new license agreement going forward. I can't comment on the details of that yet, but I would just

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request that either the rejecting language that we propose
just be assented to or that I can raise these issues later
on in the hearing if we cannot get to appropriate language
approved by all necessary parties.
          THE COURT: Mr. Brescia, you can raise it later.
Thank you.
          All right. Mr. Scharfenberg?
          MR. SCHARFENBERG: Good morning, Your Honor.
          Can you hear me okay?
          THE COURT: Good morning. I can,
Mr. Scharfenberg.
          MR. SCHARFENBERG: Perfect. Thank you.
    OPENING STATEMENT ON BEHALF OF RLI INSURANCE COMPANY
          MR. SCHARFENBERG: Elliot Scharfenberg, on behalf
of RLI Insurance Company. I rise here today to address an
RLI specific issue relating to approximately $8.25 million
of escrow funds held by an escrow agent pursuant to the 1999
Escrow Agreement that relate to plugging and abandonment
obligations on a bond that RLI issued in favor of BP.
          What we're looking for is some language in the
Confirmation Order to expressly provide that any rights we
have under those escrow funds, which are not property of the
Estate, not be impaired in any way by the Plan.
Specifically we're concerned with Section 10.6 of the Plan,
which deals with the Plan Injunction. It might be arguably
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broad enough to accept our language or somehow modify or
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 2
    impair any rights that we otherwise have and that shouldn't
 3
   be impaired under 524.
 4
              We have reached -- we have both briefed this in
 5
    our objection and we have reached out to the Debtors.
 6
   understanding is that the Debtors are going to send us some
 7
    Confirmation Order language that they might propose.
   have not received anything yet and we have not seen the
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 9
    issues substantively briefed by the Debtors.
10
              We are prepared to put on evidence showing that
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    this property is not property of the Estate, if need be, but
12
    I suppose in the absence of getting some type of consensual
    language, we would like somewhere between 15 and 20 minutes
13
14
    to put on evidence of the opposing sections of this case.
15
              THE COURT: Of course, you'll have the chance to
16
    do that. Thank you.
17
              Mr. Taylor, let me get your line active.
18
              Mr. Taylor, go ahead please.
19
              MR. TAYLOR: Good morning, Your Honor.
20
              Can you hear me?
21
              THE COURT: I can. Good morning.
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              MR. TAYLOR: Your Honor, I represent Marathon Oil
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    Company, who is a predecessor-in-interest. We have filed an
24
    objection. It's found at Docket 1554.
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THE COURT: Right.

OPENING ON BEHALF OF MARATHON OIL COMPANY

MR. TAYLOR: Marathon does not maintain any presence in the Gulf of Mexico currently and by that I mean no longer holds any record titles in the Gulf of Mexico and is no longer an operator, but it did hold assets previously arising from leases dating all the way back to the '60s and '70s across the spectrum of the structure proposed by this Plan and that is they have assets going into Fieldwood One and to NewCo and also presumably into Fieldwood Four.

We've reached a deal in principle with Chevron to include that -- some assets where we held in that title in conjunction with Chevron and is now going to be included in Fieldwood Four. It was previously going to be an abandoned bucket. And that's good news for all the parties here today.

However, we do still have other assets that are going into the abandoned bucket. Those include assets where we held title with Hess, also with Shell where Fieldwood is not the operator but rather LLOG is. Then there's some other miscellaneous assets. Therefore, we still do have a live objection and still do join in Hess' objection as to those assets.

I did want to note for the Court that Marathon has opted out of the third-party releases. We've objected to that issue, but I presume Your Honor's going to hear a lot

about that, but since we have affirmatively opted out and so 1 noted in our objection also, that therefore, we're not going 2 to be making any evidentiary presentation regarding that. 3 4 And with that, Your Honor, we have nothing 5 further. THE COURT: Mr. Taylor, thank you. 6 7 From 847-363-6644, let me get your line active. Hold on. Go ahead, please. Who do we have on that line? 8 9 MR. KIND: Good morning, Your Honor. My name is 10 Michael Kind representing the Cox entities. 11 THE COURT: Mr. Kind, good morning. OPENING STATEMENT ON BEHALF OF THE COX ENTITIES 12 13 MR. KIND: Good morning, Your Honor. Thank you 14 for the opportunity to speak. I want to add our chorus to 15 some of the other creditors who have spoken. We filed a 16 limited objection at Docket 1454 raising some issues 17 concerning setoff rights. 18 We've also exchanged language with members of the Debtors' team. We're hoping to reach resolution on language 19 20 but, Your Honor, we wanted to reserve our rights to present 21 a more substantive opening later if we don't reach an 22 agreement and I'm just flagging that for Your Honor. But in 23 the interest of time, we want to just raise our hand, but not go too deep into that argument. 24

But we're hopeful that the Debtors can work with

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us on a reciprocal setoff provision in the Plan instead of
 1
    sort of way it's framed now.
 2
 3
              Thank you, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: Mr. Kind, like others, if you don't
 5
    work that out with the Debtors, you're welcome to make your
 6
    opening later. I do want to remind you -- I don't think
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    I've already done it because I don't have a list printed in
    the last two hours. As of the time I printed my list, you
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 9
   hadn't made an electronic appearance yet, so if you'd please
10
   be sure and do that. You just go to my home page and do it.
11
    You may have already done it, so if you have, don't worry
    about it.
12
13
              MR. KIND:
                        Thank you, Your Honor.
14
              THE COURT: Thank you.
15
              MR. KIND:
                         Thank you, Your Honor.
              THE COURT: From 832-255-6000, let me get that
16
17
    line active. Go ahead please.
18
         (No audible response.)
              THE COURT: Who do we have from 832-255-6000?
19
20
         (No audible response.)
21
              THE COURT: You may have your own line muted. I
22
    have you unmuted from here, if that's you.
23
         (No audible response.)
24
              THE COURT: Well, we're going to move ahead.
25
    don't know who that was. Let's see, Mr. Baay, I can see
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1 your lips moving, but I can't hear you. Was that you? 2 MR. BAAY: Well, that's not my phone number, 3 Your Honor, but my line just became unmuted. 4 Can you hear me? 5 THE COURT: Yes, sir. I don't know -- it's 6 showing up that way. I don't know what that's about, but 7 why don't you go ahead, Mr. Baay? 8 OPENING STATEMENT ON BEHALF OF LLOG EXPLORATION OFFSHORE AND LLOG ENERGY 9 10 MR. BAAY: Okay. Your Honor, like others that 11 you've heard from this morning, again for the Record, I'm John Baay from Gieger Laborde & Laperouse, on behalf of LLOG 12 13 Exploration Offshore and LLOG Energy. And I believe we reached an agreement with Debtors' counsel yesterday evening 14 15 to sort of push our issue off. You got a preview of that 16 issue when you heard the motion for adequate protection back 17 in January. 18 It's a very discrete issue about the nature of our claim and whether or not it's secured. And I believe we 19 20 have an agreement to have a separate hearing on that and push that issue off. I've not seen language for the 21 22 Confirmation Order yet, but I understand that that's coming. 23 So again like others, we'll reserve our opening and any 24 evidence assuming that can't be reached. Thank you. 25

THE COURT: Mr. Baay, thank you.

1 And of course that's granted. 2 Mr. Skelton, let me get your line turned on. 3 Go ahead, Mr. Skelton. 4 OPENING STATEMENT ON BEHALF OF HOUSTON ENERGY DEEPWATER 5 VENTURES I, LLC AND RED WILLOW OFFSHORE, LLC 6 MR. SKELTON: Yes, Your Honor. This is Barnet B. 7 Skelton, Jr. I'm appearing here today for Houston Energy 8 Deepwater Ventures I, LLC and Red Willow Offshore, LLC. 9 Both of these entities are co-working interest owners with 10 the Debtors on the MC519 lease. We filed cure objections at 11 Docket 1433 and 1472. I am pleased to say that I've been working with 12 Weil on this and some language for the Confirmation Order 13 has been exchanged. We've also agreed that the cure hearing 14 15 itself would be adjourned to a date reasonably soon after the Confirmation Hearing. 16 17 That's all we have right now, but we're working on 18 this behind the scenes trying to resolve it. 19 THE COURT: I appreciate the announcement. Thank 20 you, Mr. Skelton. 21 MR. SKELTON: Thank you. 22 THE COURT: From 312-857-0910, let me get that 23 line active. Go ahead please. 24 OPENING STATEMENT ON BEHALF OF NORTH AMERICA 25 SPECIALTY INSURANCE COMPANY

MR. LEO: Good morning, Your Honor. Scott Leo, on behalf of North America Specialty Insurance Company.

THE COURT: Good morning.

MR. LEO: I am one of the surety representatives. We have (glitch in the audio) bonds. One (glitch in the audio) the other obligees. I'd like to follow up maybe on some of the things that Mr. Woodard had said earlier and also some of the things that Mr. Zuber has said earlier. I would like the Court to know that Mr. Zuber's suggested language in Document 1664 about the reservation of rights for the surety is something we agree to that North America Specialty would sign on to.

I would also point out to the Court in Document 1640, I filed a clarification on the objections -- the response to objections that the Debtor made in the matrix and really they were questions about suretyship that I believe the Court kind of alluded to when you suggested to Mr. Perez that perhaps these issues ought to be addressed.

One of the things in terms of the current obligations of the Debtor to the surety that dawn on me is its default versus payment of a loss and in many instances a surety's rights arise upon default. Now the Debtor had said it's possible for BOEM to issue decommissioning orders as of the effective date, which tells me there must be a current default. And the Debtors filed a suit to enforce their own

bonds on which their principle (glitch in the audio) and
that is the procedure, Your Honor, I had never seen before.

It's effectively the principal suing oneself because the
principal is a party to the bond.

So some of the questions I pondered over, you know, and this is -- I've practiced surety law a long time and this is a very unique situation and I would love to hear the answers myself. How the Debtor use surety credit post-confirmation? If security credit is applied post-confirmation, why does the surety lose its rights to recourse?

And I mentioned in my brief that, okay, throw out the indemnity agreement, but if you're using surety credit for an existing platform on which a subsequent owner bought, the bond is called upon, why doesn't the surety have the rights of reimbursement, exoneration, (indiscernible), which is enforcing your exoneration right by requiring collateral or even for that matter, restitution?

If there are no post-confirmation defaults, why would BOEM -- or no pre-confirmation defaults, why would they have the capacity to take issue of those demands on the effective date?

And if the underlying leases are assumed, you know, which in one case my bond is several bond. It assigns specific penal sums to sets of leases, why wouldn't then the

surety's rights of recourse go with it if they are assuming something?

Now they clarified in a way that's confusing to me that there's no transfer, there's no assignment, there's no what you would call "assumption" of surety credit yet the bond somehow mystically transferred over to the post-confirmation world. And I think you've seen all the sureties briefing on this, but you know.

THE COURT: Yeah, I'm not understanding and this is sort of the same question. I don't think they're transferring into the post-confirmation world. They are a thing in existence today and they don't go out of existence if we confirm.

MR. LEO: Well, that's -- my understanding of what Mr. Perez has said, I just don't understand how that works without the sureties preserving their right of recourse against whoever uses the surety credit at the time it's called upon and that's one --

THE COURT: When you say, "Whoever uses," I don't understand the surety credit concept either. The sureties aren't providing credit. The sureties might be called upon to pay a penal sum under their bond, but that's not a provision of credit. That will then result in either a reimbursement obligation or a common law right of reimbursement or both from the maker of the -- from

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Fieldwood, but that's not an extension of credit. That is a
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    debt obligation that arises by operation either contract or
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   of law against Fieldwood, right?
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             MR. LEO: It is an extension of credit,
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   Your Honor. That's our position and --
              THE COURT: How is it an extension of credit? I'm
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7
   not understanding that. You're not being required by this
   Plan to extend any credit.
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9
             MR. LEO: The bond requires the surety to perform
   upon the default of another. It is --
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11
              THE COURT: That's not an extension of credit.
12
   That's a performance under your bond.
13
             MR. LEO: Yeah, but a surety --
              THE COURT: If you coincidentally then have a
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15
    reimbursement obligation, which you will, I think, against
   Fieldwood, that's still not an extension of credit. We
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17
   are -- if there's anything in the Plan that requires you to
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   extend credit, I need to see that because it was not my
    intention to do that if we confirm.
19
20
             MR. LEO: Well, suretyship in itself is an
    extension of credit. Bonds are written as financial
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22
   obligations because --
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              THE COURT: No, you extended credit when you wrote
24
   the bond. I got that.
25
             MR. LEO: Yeah.
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THE COURT: The payment on the bond is not an extension of credit. The payment on the bond is performance under the bond. It may result -- and almost always does result -- in either a common law or contractual reimbursement obligation.

MR. LEO: But covering a post-confirmation use of the surety credit post-confirmation default would be the use of surety credit by whoever --

THE COURT: There is -- I think as a matter of law that description is flawed.

MR. LEO: Well, that's probably the --

THE COURT: You are simply not extending credit. You already extended the bond. Performance under the bond is your performance to the Government, not your performance to the party that requested that you issue the bond. You're certainly not extending credit to the Government and they're the ones that are going to be demanding payment, right? Or to the -- if there's a predecessor that has a demand against your bond and the predecessor isn't asking you to extend them credit. It's telling you, "Pay me your appeal sum requirement," or part of it.

MR. LEO: But in doing so in this extent on postpetition or post-confirmation, there is an existing source
of credit that covers a default by the principal and gives
rise to a right of recourse. That's the very reason why a

bond -- and I note that at one point the Debtor referred to the independence principle and I was hoping they referred to a city in Missouri and not a surety bond because there is no independence principle when it comes to a bond.

The independence principle applies to standby letters of credit and is the principle that you can't -it's an independent obligation between the issuing bank and the beneficiary. That is not a suretyship relationship.

Suretyship relationship includes the right to recourse reimbursement, exoneration, (indiscernible) that the surety would have --

obligation -- and I don't know who your bonds are payable to, but let me assume for a minute they're payable to

Mr. Velasco. Are you telling me that if Mr. Velasco demands payment, that you could assert a defense against payment if Mr. Velasco did nothing wrong? Because that's what's meant by the independence in this concept of a surety bond is that you have an independent duty to the beneficiary of the bond to pay. Now the beneficiary itself might breach their right to demand payment, but that can't come about from, for example, Fieldwood's breach. That would have to come about from Mr. Velasco's breach or his client.

MR. LEO: Yeah, there are basically four suretyship defenses and modifications, impairments, release

and extension of time.

THE COURT: Right.

MR. LEO: It's a general ruling. I agree with you, Your Honor, this would involve really kind of an arrangement between the obligee and the principal that prejudices the surety's rights. There's an exception where if there is a modification of the underlying obligation, the obligee can be completely innocent and yet they're discharged at that point.

THE COURT: But that deals with your independent obligations written into the suretyship to Mr. Velasco and it is independent. It may rely on what somebody else does, but your obligation to him is one that he can call in on independent of any action by the requesting party.

MR. LEO: Yeah, they're not necessarily written into the bond itself, Your Honor, but the suretyship defenses give -- provide by virtue of suretyship standard. So there -- whether they're written in the bond or not, they are common law rights which exists by virtue of suretyship standard.

And I'm just pointing out to the Court that these are some of the questions we have had. I would conclude that, yes, we did file a lawsuit on Friday. I don't believe it violates the automatic stay. I waited until the Debtor very clearly in response to our objections said it doesn't

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impair any of our defenses against the obligees -- that the
 1
    Plan does not impair any of our defenses against the
 2
 3
    obligees.
 4
              And with respect to the bonds themselves --
 5
              THE COURT: So that you know, I was unaware until
 6
   Mr. Perez said something that you had filed a lawsuit. I
 7
    read the lawsuit. I have no idea if you violated the stay.
    Hope you didn't.
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 9
              MR. LEO: I hope I didn't either, Your Honor, but
    I would also point out that that does not mean we are
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11
    unwilling to talk. In fact, we've been talking with Eni
12
    Petroleum to try and resolve things and I hope it's kind of
    a precursor to some more productive discussions so that
13
14
    maybe we can resolve everything.
              THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
15
              MR. LEO: That's all I have.
16
17
              THE COURT: We have Mr. Alaniz. Let me get his
18
    line active. Hold on.
19
              Mr. Alaniz, good morning. Go ahead, Mr. Alaniz.
           OPENING STATEMENT ON BEHALF OF HESS CORPORATION
20
21
              MR. ALANIZ: Yes. Good morning, Your Honor.
22
    Alaniz of Reed Smith, on behalf of Hess Corporation.
23
              Your Honor, I was planning to forego an opening
24
    argument. We do intend to cross Mr. Dane and to make a
25
    closing argument, but I did want to latch onto an exchange
```

1 you had a little while ago with Mr. Perez. I was concerned when I heard counsel for BP mention the proposed language in 2 3 the Confirmation Order saying something like nothing would 4 prejudice BP from seeking contribution against other 5 predecessors. 6 My concern including that language specifically 7 mentioning BP was found by negative implication that Hess would not be able to seek such contribution. I don't know 8 9 that Mr. Taylor would do that, but he's a smart lawyer so I 10 wouldn't put it past him. We haven't seen the proposed Confirmation Order. 11 I wouldn't think that the Confirmation Order would dictate 12 who has financial responsibility as a result of the Debtors' 13 abandonment, but I agree with Your Honor that a provision in 14 the Confirmation Order clarifying those issues is important. 15 16 THE COURT: Mr. Alaniz, thank you. 17 Mr. Langley? 18 MR. LANGLEY: Your Honor, thank you very much. 19 Can you hear me now? 20 THE COURT: I can, Mr. Langley. And then we're 21 going to go to Mr. Kuebel when you're finished. 22 MR. LANGLEY: Thank you. 23 OPENING STATEMENT ON BEHALF OF TRAVELERS CASUALTY,

LIBERTY MUTUAL INSURANCE CO.,

HANOVER INSURANCE COMPANY, AND XL SPECIALTY

24

```
1
              MR. LANGLEY: All right. I don't want to repeat
 2
    things. All I have to say is that there are issues with the
 3
    abandonment of responsibilities in the Gulf and I think you
 4
   have heard all the surety issues about the treatment of the
 5
    bonds and the future in the Gulf. And we do believe that
 6
    there are Midlantic issues that the creditors have here.
 7
    And that's all I have, Your Honor.
              THE COURT: Mr. Langley, thank you.
 8
 9
              Mr. Kuebel, I'm coming to you. With an awful lot
10
    of people on the phone, that's making the software respond a
    little bit slowly, but I will get to you. Give me one
11
12
   moment.
              Mr. Kuebel, good morning. Oops, that didn't work.
13
   Hold on.
14
15
              MR. KUEBEL: Good morning, Your Honor.
16
              THE COURT: Oh, it did work. Okay. Go ahead
17
   please.
18
              MR. KUEBEL: Good morning, Your Honor.
19
              Can you hear me well?
20
              THE COURT: I can. Good morning.
21
         OPENING STATEMENT ON BEHALF OF MCMORAN OIL AND GAS
22
                     AND CONOCOPHILLIPS COMPANY
23
              MR. KUEBEL: Thank you, Your Honor.
24
              Omer S. Kuebel, III specifically rising on behalf
25
    of our clients, McMoRan Oil and Gas and their affiliates and
```

the ConocoPhillips Company and its affiliates. Your Honor, first let me say that throughout the last few months, there has been a tremendous amount of progress in evolving this Plan to something that I think is much more responsible for the transition of these decommissioning activities and the Debtors' assets and including those that are to be abandoned and a lot of credit goes to the Debtor and the Debtors' team, the Department of Justice, and all the predecessors who participated for many, many hours in trying to move this Plan in a proper direction.

Your Honor, on behalf of our clients, we had filed limited objections. At this point going into confirmation, we have one open issue that deals with the breadth of the leases and exculpation clauses. We have proposed language to the Debtors to resolve that objection. I think we're close if not in agreement with language. We do have an issue for McMoRan Oil and Gas with fuel that I think is going to be set to another day.

With respect to the breadth of the releases and particularly the exculpation clauses in Section 10.8 of the Plan, I just wanted to make sure that Your Honor is clear from our perspective, it is not exclusively or perhaps not at all a subrogation issue with respect to which rights are being subrogated to. It's really a contract issue. These assets at their core, Your Honor, as you might know, are

creatures of contract and those contracts include mineral leases, they include operating agreements, they include production handling agreements, transportation agreements, and the like.

And what we are concerned about with respect to the scope and the breadth of the exculpation and release clauses is that those various contracts that creates a fabric of these assets are not distorted in a way that third parties are released from those contracts. We understand even with respect to abandoned property, the Debtors' going to reject this interest in those contracts.

And I would focus the Court on a particular defined term in the exculpation clauses "additional predecessor breaches" and that term is incredibly broad. We can get into it if we need to. But the point is, Your Honor, from our perspective, both with respect to assumed agreements and even rejected agreements, we want to make sure that the non-Debtor rights are preserved.

And this is important, Your Honor, because historically when the Government comes calling on the predecessors who are working interest owners, they still use these contracts and agreements and particularly the operating agreements to decide amongst themselves, "How are we going to fix this or how are we going to address this?"

And so it's important from our perspective as we

deal with reservation of rights language to make sure that those third-party rights are not impaired, they're not impaired for assuming agreements or even rejected agreements because it's really through those contract rights that the other parties, the predecessors, the working interest owners are going to have to define how exactly they react to these orders from the Government.

So I just wanted to make that point clear that it's -- from our perspective, the breadth of the exculpation is beyond just a subrogation issue, but it's also about trying to maintain the integrity of the contracts particularly the operating agreement as between the parties to those agreements that in the future may include or reject the Debtor, but there are still parties that have to figure out how to get contribution, how to get the P&A done.

And typically in my experience, those parties are going to go back to the DLA and we want to make sure that the Plan doesn't inadvertently shift around those third-party liabilities under those various agreements and the obligations under those agreements.

THE COURT: Look I think it's a fair comment,

Mr. Kuebel. I did not believe the Plan did. I may be wrong

about that if it does, and we certainly -- I'll ask

Mr. Perez as he's working on the language that's going to

clarify existing rights that could be exercised if a call

were today versus something in the future that you add to it contractual rights as well, Mr. Perez, just so we know clearly what we're doing.

MR. PEREZ: All right.

THE COURT: But I didn't think you were impairing the rights that Mr. Kuebel is talking about invading, but this is a complicated deal and we ought to be sure that I'm understanding it correctly as is he.

MR. PEREZ: Yeah. And, Your Honor, in the context of rejecting -- the Debtor rejecting an operating agreement in an abandoned property, we're reaching. That's what that is, but that agreement still exists just as among the other parties, so I don't think the Plan is purporting to do that at all.

THE COURT: Yeah. I think he's worried about some particular language in that exculpation agreement that might do that and I'll just let you all work through that. But I didn't think it was doing it. I don't even know that Mr. Kuebel thinks it's doing it. He wants to be sure it's not doing it and there's a slight difference there.

MR. PEREZ: Understood.

MR. KUEBEL: And, Your Honor, even if that wasn't the intention, the breadth, for example, of that definition of "additional predecessor agreements" is just such that it's a red flashing light.

```
1
              THE COURT: Yeah, let's get some clarity on it to
 2
   where we all can agree what it says. And you know, it may
 3
   be we all agree it says something somebody doesn't like, but
 4
    I don't want there to be ambiguity about what it says.
 5
              MR. PEREZ: Yes. Thank you, Your Honor.
 6
              THE COURT:
                          Thank you.
 7
             Mr. Zabel?
8
             MR. ZABEL: (No audible response).
 9
              THE COURT: Mr. Zabel for Genesis.
10
         OPENING STATEMENT ON BEHALF OF GENESIS ENERGY, LP
11
              MR. ZABEL: Yes. Good morning, Your Honor. Thank
12
    you. Tom Zabel, Zabel Freeman, co-counsel with Tom Howley
    at the Howley Law Firm for Genesis Energy, LP and its
13
    affiliates.
14
              Your Honor, Genesis and its affiliates own and
15
16
    operate oil and gas pipeline facilities offshore that
17
    transport oil and gas from Fieldwood's platforms. Fieldwood
18
   has been working diligently with Genesis to resolve the
19
    objection. We have an objection on Document 1503.
20
              I noticed in the notice of Agenda that was filed
    early this morning in footnote 3, they have communicated
21
22
    that there has been an agreed adjournment of our objection
23
   and about 22 other objections until a later date. And if
24
    Your Honor is agreeable to that, which we are by the way, we
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would reserve any opening or any argument until the

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adjourned matters are taken up with the hopes that we resolve all of our objection issues with Fieldwood before that date.
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THE COURT: So both for you and for others that have mentioned -- but your objection issue, you're asking if I'm agreeable to that. Yes. If the parties have reached an agreement that on a particular matter, the cure objection can be deferred without getting in the way of the Confirmation Hearing, it's going to be just fine with me. But there may be some of the cure objections that need to be resolved in order to determine confirmation and for those we'll need to proceed because we have to -- we may have to determine some to determine if the Plan is confirmable.

But if you have a cure objection where it isn't going to affect whether the Plan can be confirmed or not, just fine with me. It'll be postponed, all of them that are listed in footnote 3 of the Agenda.

Thank you, Mr. Zabel.

MR. ZABEL: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: From 214-580-5852, who do have?

MR. PLATT: Good morning, Your Honor.

Mark Platt. Can you hear me?

THE COURT: I can, Mr. Platt. Good morning. And, Mr. Platt, before you speak, you're the last person that I show wants to speak in opening statements so I'm going to

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let you take all the time you want. But if somebody else believes that they had their hand raised, please one time only press five star because you're it in terms of clearing out my backlog.
```

OPENING STATEMENT ON BEHALF OF CGG SERVICES (US), INC.

MR. PLATT: Well, I appreciate the invitation,
Your Honor, but I will be brief. I represent CGG Services
(US), Inc., which like Mr. Brescia -- one of Mr. Brescia's
clients, is a seismic data licensor. Our licenses we
believe are being assumed and assigned to the Credit Bid
Purchaser and we have an agreement in principle but are
working on papering that agreement, so it is my
understanding that we are among the group that is being
pushed off to a future hearing of assumption disputes and we
are agreeable to that and just simply wanted to preserve our
objections until that date.

THE COURT: Mr. Platt, thank you.

MR. PLATT: We were just hoping we would get a date certain for that, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Well, let's see if we confirm. And if we confirm, once we do, why don't you all then tell me we need some dates and we'll get you dates. If we don't confirm, it's a different story.

So I've got two more people that I see.

Ms. Williamson first followed by Ms. Moses.

1 Go ahead, Ms. Williamson. OPENING STATEMENT ON BEHALF OF VALERO MARKETING 2 3 AND SUPPLY COMPANY 4 MS. WILLIAMSON: Yes, Your Honor. I apologize. 5 Again Ms. Williamson, representing -- Deborah Williamson representing Valero Marketing and Supply Company. And we 6 7 are listed on the Agenda at item No. 32. Mr. Green and I did reach some language that we thought would resolve the 8 9 Valero objection, which was filed at 1334, but I understand 10 that we got some additional language from, I believe, the 11 consenting lenders, which was not on its face acceptable to us. We proposed some additional language back and hopefully 12 13 today we'll be able to announce an agreement on that. THE COURT: Thank you. Again, like others, if you 14 don't, you can make your opening at that point. 15 16 Ms. Moses? 17 MS. WILLIAMSON: Thank you, Your Honor. 18 MS. MOSES: (No audible response). 19 THE COURT: Ms. Moses, I can't hear you. You may 20 have your own phone muted. 21 MS. MOSES: I'm sorry, Your Honor. 22 Is that better? 23 THE COURT: It is, but you're probably going to 24 have to look that way I'm afraid so -- but go ahead. 25 OPENING STATEMENT ON BEHALF OF JX NIPPON

OIL EXPLORATION LIMITED

2 MS. MOSES: Yes, I'll try. Thank you, Your Honor. 3 We have made this on behalf of JX Nippon Oil Exploration 4 Limited. We just want to reserve our rights. We have 5 resolved our objections with the Debtor, but there is a footnote in the Agenda that indicates that even if that 6 7 language has been agreed to, that it's subject to ongoing 8 review and signoff by the consenting creditors under the 9 Restructuring Support Agreement. So just wanted to reserve 10 our rights for objection in the event that any of the 11 language needs to change that we would present it to the 12 Court. 13 THE COURT: Of course, Ms. Moses. If it doesn't work out, you can make your opening at that point and your 14 15 rights are going to be preserved. 16 Thank you. 17 MS. MOSES: Thank you, Your Honor. 18 THE COURT: I do have one more person that wishes to speak. From 512-217-5738. 19 20 OPENING STATEMENT ON BEHALF OF BRIAN CLOYD, 21 ANDREW LUIS, AND PATRICK BURNETT 22 MS. ROMERO: Yes, Your Honor. This is 23 Taylor Romero on behalf of post-petition maritime tort claimants, Brian Cloyd, Andrew Luis, and Patrick Burnett. 24 25 Similar to the folks that just went previously, we're listed

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on the Agenda at Nos. 28 and 29. We reached, we believe, an agreement that also is subject to final review and approval, and we just wanted to preserve our rights to make objections to the extent that approval is not reached.
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THE COURT: Ms. Romero, that is granted. Thank you.

MS. ROMERO: Thank you.

THE COURT: All right. I show that -- if there's anyone else that wishes to speak in opening statements, please press five star one time on your phone.

(No audible response.)

THE COURT: Okay. For what it's worth, Mr. Perez, you managed to produce more opening statements than I've ever had in my 17 years on the Bench. So what we're going to do is take a break until 10:35. We're going to return at 10:35.

That may be a request by you at that point after you've conferred with parties to continue for a much longer period of time than that, but probably everybody needs a break and so we'll come back at 10:35. If we then want to take a couple-hour break or whatever you need, I'll listen to your announcement at that point and then from anyone else, but hopefully we'll be able to move ahead.

What I'm going to do for those of you that -- I've activated all those lines. I'm now going to re-mute all the

```
lines so you'll need to request to speak again. Otherwise,
 1
    we'll get too much background noise during the day so
 2
 3
    everyone's about to get re-muted.
 4
              Mr. Perez, if you'll press five star when you come
 5
    back, I'll need to find you.
              See you all at 10:35. Thank you.
 6
 7
         (Recess taken from 10:18 a.m. to 10:35 a.m.)
 8
                             AFTER RECESS
 9
              THE COURT: All right. We're going to go back on
    the Record on the Fieldwood case.
10
11
              Mr. Perez, do you have any request as to how we
12
   proceed?
13
              MR. PEREZ: Yes, Your Honor. If we could have a
    one-hour extension. I think it's important to try to
14
15
    finalize the APA Surety Term Sheet. I think everything else
    will probably fall in much quicker after that.
16
17
              So if we could come back at quarter of 12:00, if
18
    that's possible?
19
              THE COURT: All right. Does anyone object? If
20
    so, press five star one time.
21
         (No audible response.)
22
              THE COURT: Okay. We'll return at 11:45.
23
              I'm going to leave all the lines active, so you
24
   may disconnect and reconnect or you can just stay connected,
25
    whatever you prefer.
```

```
1
              Thank you.
 2
              MR. PEREZ: Thank you, Your Honor.
 3
         (Recess taken from 10:36 a.m. to 11:45 a.m.)
 4
                             AFTER RECESS
 5
              THE COURT: All right. We're going to go back on
 6
    the Record in the Fieldwood Energy case.
 7
              Let me ask Mr. Perez or someone else from his firm
 8
    to tell me what our current status is.
 9
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
10
              THE COURT: I apologize. I'm having a little
11
    trouble with my phone controller again. Let me get back
    into it.
12
13
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
              THE COURT: Mr. Barr, I'm not seeing Mr. Perez
14
15
    here.
          I'm going to go ahead and activate your line and
16
   maybe you can give me an update on where we are -- oh,
17
    there's Mr. Perez now.
18
              MR. BARR: Your Honor, if you can hear me, it's
   Mr. Barr from Weil. I was just letting you know Mr. Perez
19
    is having some technical difficulties, but I do see him now.
20
21
              THE COURT: All right. And I've got his phone
22
   here, as well.
23
              MR. BARR: Thank you, sir.
24
              THE COURT: Thank you.
25
              Mr. Perez?
```

```
1
             MR. PEREZ: Yes, Your Honor.
 2
             Yes, Your Honor. Can you hear me?
 3
              THE COURT: I can. Thank you.
 4
             MR. PEREZ: All right. Your Honor, first let me
 5
    apologize for being late. I'm generally not late, but I
   apologize.
 6
7
              Your Honor, I think we used the -- probably more
8
    than allotted time and I do believe that as it relates to
 9
    the surety term sheet, we now have -- as among the lawyers,
10
    a substantially negotiated term sheet, subject to obviously
11
    final client sign-off.
12
             And we had a -- basically we were on the phone the
    entire time. So that part of the -- that part of the
13
   hearing, I think is going to be resolved and so that leaves
14
    us the other parts, but obviously I would welcome, you know,
15
   the other surety counterparties to speak to that, but I
16
17
    think we're substantially resolved right now on a fully
18
   negotiated term sheet.
             THE COURT: So let's assume that's correct. What
19
20
   do you want to then proceed to do? Are you now wanting time
21
    to work things out with predecessors or others? Or do you
22
    want to proceed into the evidence.
23
             MR. PEREZ: Your Honor, I think we can proceed
   into the evidence. Obviously it depends on your Court's
24
```

pleasure. I know you have a 4:00 o'clock stop. We could --

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we could take an early lunch and come back and go straight through, or we could start with Mr. Dane (phonetic) and then take a lunch break and then come back.
```

I think whatever is the Court's pleasure, but I think Mr. Dane is probably going to be -- my Direct will probably be about an hour with him. So if we could take an early lunch and come back, that would definitely help clear some of the other underbrush. But I think -- and I would very much like to be able to finish Mr. Dane today. I know he's got commitments -- business commitments later in the week.

THE COURT: All right. We're adjourned until 1:20. I will resume at 1:20. You will need to reconnect your phone lines. I'm going to restart the whole phone system.

We'll see you all then. Thank you.

MR. PEREZ: And I apologize --

THE COURT: No.

MR. PEREZ: -- I apologize, Your Honor, for being so -- asking for another continuance at this point. It wasn't our intent, but --

THE COURT: Nah. As we said at the last hearing, it's a moving problem and it ought to be. And so you don't need to apologize for things that are supposed to move are moving.

```
We'll talk to everybody at 1:20. You'll need to
 1
 2
    reconnect on your phone lines.
 3
              Thank you.
 4
              MR. PEREZ: Thank you. Bye.
 5
         (Recess taken from 11:51 a.m. to 1:19 p.m.)
 6
                            AFTER RECESS
 7
              THE COURT: All right. We're going to go back on
 8
    the Record in the Fieldwood case.
 9
              Ms. Rosen, you had pressed five star on your line?
10
              MS. ROSEN: Yes. Thank you, Your Honor. Can you
11
    hear me?
12
              THE COURT: I can.
13
              MS. ROSEN: Okay. Thank you.
              Cynthia Rosen, Your Honor, on behalf of the XTO
14
15
    entities.
              I just very briefly, Your Honor, wanted to let the
16
17
    Court know that we've been going back and forth with the
18
    Debtors for, you know, about a week on some proposed
    language for the Confirmation Order that we think will
19
    resolve a number of our objections. And we, if we could,
20
21
    like to try to get some resolution on that with the Debtors
    before we get into the evidence. We think it will affect
22
23
    our -- even somewhat our evidentiary presentation.
24
              I know the Debtors have spent the last couple of
25
   hours with the sureties trying to get to a resolution on
```

2

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some of their objections and I think that's great. And I
think that we would just like the same courtesy and would
ask for maybe an hour to visit with the Debtors' counsel and
try to get some resolution on our proposed objections before
we move forward with the evidence.
          I think there may be other predecessors who may
feel the same way.
          THE COURT: I'm not going to delay the evidentiary
hearing, given the witness's availability that was described
by Mr. Perez. But I will direct Mr. Perez to have someone
from his office begin contacting people during the hearing.
They've got enough people. They can have somebody contact
you. And if you'll delegate someone for him, just send him
an email who you want him to call.
          Thank you.
          MS. ROSEN: Thank you.
          THE COURT: Mr. Scharfenberg?
```

17

MR. SCHARFENBERG: Oh, yeah. Yes, Your Honor. was just going to speak up because the confirmation language that XTO is requesting might materially impact different bond defenses and we would just want to be a part of that discussion. But I think I can take that up with Ms. Rosen --

> Okay. Thank you. THE COURT:

MR. SCHARFENBERG: -- offline here.

```
1
              THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.
              Mr. Perez?
2
 3
              MR. PEREZ: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Alfredo
 4
    Perez. I think we're prepared to move forward with
 5
   Mr. Dane's testimony.
              I did have one housekeeping question. One of our
 6
7
   witnesses, Mr. Brown, who is the -- who prepared the
8
   liquidation analysis, we -- the parties agreed that his
 9
    Declaration could be admitted into evidence and he is in
10
    another trial, as well, so we wanted to -- to the extent
11
    anybody is going to cross-examine him, we'd like to know
    that so that we can arrange -- you know, work around his
12
    other trial, as well.
13
              To the extent nobody is going to cross-examine the
14
15
    liquidation analysis, then obviously that would come in.
              But if we could -- somebody could tell us that --
16
17
              THE COURT: Are you offering --
18
              MR. PEREZ: -- it would be very helpful.
              THE COURT: Are you offering Mr. Brown's
19
    Declaration into evidence?
20
21
              MR. PEREZ: Yes, Your Honor, we are and it's
   without objection that it's coming in. The issue is --
22
23
              THE COURT: Well, I've got a lot of people here.
24
              Does anyone object to the admission of Mr. Brown's
25
    Declaration?
```

```
What's its ECF number?
1
2
              MR. PEREZ: 1555, Your Honor.
 3
              THE COURT: Anyone object to 1555 being admitted
 4
   as substantive evidence at today's hearing?
 5
              Ms. Heyen?
              MS. HEYEN: (No audible response.)
 6
7
              THE COURT: Ms. Heyen?
8
              MR. DUVAL: This is Mr. Duval, Your Honor.
 9
    objection to that issue. We had raised our hand only to say
10
    that we were supporting Ms. Suki and that someone from our
11
    office will be reaching out to opposing counsel, as well.
              We're ready to go-forward with the evidence.
12
13
              THE COURT: Thank you, sir.
              All right. There is no objection. No. 1555 is
14
    admitted.
15
         (Exhibit 1555 received in evidence.)
16
17
              THE COURT: Is there any cross-examination of
18
   Mr. Brown?
19
         (No audible response.)
20
              THE COURT: All right. Mr. Brown is excused from
    the witness stand.
21
22
              Who is your next witness?
23
              MR. PEREZ: Thank you.
24
              Your Honor, Mike Dane.
25
              THE COURT: All right. Mr. Dane, if you would
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1
   please press five star one time on your phone?
 2
              Mr. Dane, good afternoon. Would you raise your
 3
   hand for me, please?
 4
         (Witness sworn.)
 5
              MR. DANE: Yes. I do.
 6
              THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.
 7
              All right. Who is going to examine Mr. Dane?
 8
              MR. PEREZ: Your Honor, I am.
 9
              THE COURT: All right. Go ahead, please.
10
                 DIRECT EXAMINATION OF MICHAEL DANE
11
   BY MR. PEREZ:
        Would you please state your name?
12
        Michael Dane.
13
        And how are you currently employed?
14
15
         I'm the Senior Vice President and Chief Financial
   Officer of Fieldwood.
16
17
        And when did you become the Chief Financial Officer?
       March 2016.
18
   lΑ
        And do you hold any other executive positions at
19
   Fieldwood?
20
         I'm a member of the company's Executive Leadership
21
22
   Team.
23
        And would you tell the Court what the Executive
   Leadership Team is?
24
25
        The Executive Leadership Team is comprised of myself,
```

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our General Counsel, Tommy Lamb, and our Senior Vice
1
    President of Production, Gary Mitchell. And this group is
 2
   in charge of the duties and responsibilities of the office
 3
 4
   of the Chief Executive Officer.
 5
         And when was the Executive Leadership Team created?
         I believe it was in July of 2020.
 6
 7
         All right. Now, Mr. Dane, have you been involved in
   these bankruptcy cases?
8
 9
         Yes, I have.
10
        And what is the nature of your involvement?
         I've been involved --
11
12
              THE COURT: Let me ask you -- let me ask you to
13
   pause -- let me get you to pause one second, Mr. Dane.
              Mr. Eisenberg, do you have an objection?
14
15
              MR. EISENBERG: No, Your Honor, I don't have an
16
   objection. I just wanted to have my line ready just in case
17
    something came out on the direct testimony that I felt
18
    compelled to object to on behalf of one of my oil and gas
    clients.
19
20
                          Thank you.
              THE COURT:
              For everyone else listening, I have done away with
21
22
    sustaining an objection to asked and answered. If you have
```

For everyone else listening, I have done away with sustaining an objection to asked and answered. If you have an objection and I don't get to you, I'm going to let you come back and make the objection. We'll strike an answer and then let the answer be given.

23

24

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1
              Mr. Eisenberg, I'll leave your line open, but for
 2
    others, I'll recognize you as promptly as I can. You'll be
 3
    able to object retroactively even if an answer has come out.
 4
              Go ahead, please --
 5
              MR. EISENBERG: Appreciate that, Your Honor.
 6
   Thank you.
7
              THE COURT: Thank you. Go ahead, Mr. Dane.
8
              THE WITNESS: I'm sorry, Mr. Perez, could you
 9
   repeat the question?
   BY MR. PEREZ:
10
               Have you been involved in these bankruptcy cases?
11
12
               I have. I've been involved prior to the company
         Yes.
   filing for Chapter 11, some of the early discussions leading
13
   up to the bankruptcy, and then I've been involved in most of
14
15
    the major negotiations during the bankruptcy process.
        All right. And so could you describe in a little bit
16
17
   more detail what parts of the bankruptcy case you have been
18
   involved in?
         The various conversations with the major stakeholders,
19
20
   which I would characterize as a group of clearly the
    Government, the creditors, surety bond providers, vendors
21
22
   and predecessors.
23
        All right. So what are your responsibilities as the
24
   CFO of the company?
```

I've got a number of departs that report to me.

- 1 | includes finance and planning, accounting, treasury, tax,
- 2 | IT, procurement, and then my role in the Executive
- 3 | Leadership Team has brought oversite of the general
- 4 | operations of the business.
- $5 \parallel Q$ All right. And does Fieldwood on a yearly basis
- 6 | prepare a business plan?
- 7 | A Yes. Fieldwood does.
- 8 | Q And what is your involvement in the development of the
- 9 | business plan?
- 10 | A We have a finance and planning group that is
- 11 | responsible for putting together and organizing our
- 12 | forecasts and our business plans. They work with a broad
- 13 group of subject matter experts at the company. It's a
- 14 process. They ultimately assemble our projections and our
- 15 | forecasts working with the various subject matter experts
- 16 | and I review and approve those plans.
- 17 \parallel Q All right. And who is the person at the company
- 18 | ultimately responsible for the Debtors' financial reporting?
- 19 | A The management is responsible for the company's
- 20 | financial reporting. We have an accounting group, which is
- 21 || led by our Chief Accounting Officer, Bill Swindle
- 22 | (phonetic). They prepare our financials. Mr. Swindle signs
- 23 ||off on those financials, alongside the Executive Leadership
- 24 || Team after they are audited by our third-party auditors,
- 25 | Ernst & Young, and ultimately they're approved by our Board

- 1 of Directors on an annual basis.
- 2 | Q And what is your involvement in the preparation of the
- 3 | financial reporting?
- 4 | A There's various elements of the financial reporting
- 5 | that I directly review. I review the overall financial
- 6 statements, along with our Chief Accounting Officer to
- 7 | understand the assumptions and the inputs and that I approve
- 8 | -- or I approve the financial statements as CFO and as a
- 9 member of our Executive Leadership Team prior to their
- 10 | submission for our audit.
- 11 | Q All right. Mr. Dane, do you know why we're here today?
- 12 | A I do. I understand we're here for Fieldwood's
- 13 | Confirmation Hearing.
- 14 \parallel Q And are you familiar with the Debtors' Plan?
- 15 \parallel A Yes. I am.
- 16 | Q Did you review the Plan?
- 17 || A I did.
- 18 Q And were you involved in the negotiations of the
- 19 | various transactions that are reflected in the Plan?
- 20 A Yes. I was.
- 21 | Q All right. And then do you know why Fieldwood has
- 22 | filed for bankruptcy?
- 23 | A Yes.
- 24 | Q Can you tell the Court why?
- 25 A In early 2020, around the March time period, there was

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1
   some very significant strains that the business was facing.
   At the time, particularly due to the significant commodity
2
 3
   price collapse and other challenges that were presented by
 4
    the global pandemic. The company engaged at that time in a
 5
    number of conversations with its lender group and progressed
   those conversations. Ultimately it was understood that the
 6
 7
    company wasn't able to meet all of its obligations. And the
    company pursued a Chapter 11 restructuring as a result.
8
 9
         All right. And what obligation are you talking about
10
    that the company wasn't able to satisfy?
11
         The company has a number of obligations. The two major
    categories are financial debt obligations and then also
12
13
   plugging and abandonment obligations with respect to its
   assets.
14
15
        All right. Now with respect to the funded debt
16
   obligations, can you tell the Court what the company's
17
    capital structure is?
18
         Currently and prior to filing of our restructuring, the
19
    company's capital structure consisted of $1.8 million in
20
    total funded debt. There was three million tranches of
    debt. There was a first lien, first out facility, which has
21
22
   a $139 million balance. There's a first lien term loan,
23
   which has a $1.4 billion balance. And then there's a second
24
    lien term loan that has a $518 million balance.
```

And all of those three tranches comprise our

- 1 | \$1.8 billion capital structure today.
- 2 | Q All right. And then could you describe the plugging
- 3 | and abandonment liabilities?
- 4 | A The company has significant plugging and abandonment
- 5 | liabilities associated with its wells, platforms, and
- 6 | pipelines in the Gulf of Mexico. These are -- the company
- 7 | has over 400 platforms, over 1,000 wells. It's a
- 8 | significant asset base, one of the largest asset bases in
- 9 | the Gulf of Mexico. So the obligation associated with the
- 10 | physical infrastructure at the end of its useful life is
- 11 | associated with plugging and abandonment and decommissioning
- 12 | those assets.
- 13 | Q Okay. As part of the company's financial reporting,
- 14 does it report its estimated plugging and abandonment
- 15 | liabilities?
- 16 | A It does.
- 17 | Q And are you involved in that process?
- 18 A Yes. I am.
- 19 Q And how does the company go about estimating its
- 20 | plugging and abandonment liabilities?
- 21 | A The company has a decommissioning team as a part of --
- 22 | as one of our departments. It's led by -- we have a Vice
- 23 || President of Decommissions, Brandon DeWolfe (phonetic). He
- 24 | oversees a group of folks both in the office and offshore.
- 25 | It's a very sizable group of about 80 employees. In the

office we have about a dozen professionals that focus on exclusively estimating and performing plugging and abandonment work.

Under the oversight of Mr. DeWolfe, that team is responsible for preparing these estimates. They're based on assumptions that are updated on an annual basis. I review those assumptions and the outputs with Mr. DeWolfe and then they're ultimately incorporated into our annual financial statements.

- Q All right. And are those estimates reviewed by anyone?
- 11 A Yes. They're also in addition to management. They are
- 12 | also reviewed and the assumptions are tested as part of our
- 13 | annual audit process, which has historically been done and
- 14 | is currently done by Ernst & Young.
- 15 | Q All right. Now do you remember what the most current
- 16 | number for the plugging and abandonment liabilities that
- 17 | Fieldwood has on its balance sheet? Do you remember -- do
- 18 | you recall that number?
- 19 A I believe I'd have to look at the balance sheet. I
- 20 | believe that the discounted error on the balance sheet is
- 21 | just over a billion dollars. I think it's between a billion
- 22 | and a billion two, and I believe that corresponds to a
- 23 | undiscounted value of around a billion eight in principle
- 24 | and interest.

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25 | Q Okay. And let me just make sure of that. Is that in

- 1 | eight eights or is that just net to the company's interest?
- 2 $\|A\|$ That's net to the company's interest.
- $3 \parallel Q$ All right. Now are you familiar with BSEE?
- $4 \parallel A$ Yes. I am.
- $5 \parallel Q$ All right. And does BSEE provide estimates of plugging
- 6 | and abandonment liability?
- 7 | A | They do.
- 8 \parallel Q And do they do it the same way that Fieldwood does, or
- 9 do they do it differently, or do you know?
- 10 | A I don't exactly know how BSEE drives their estimates.
- 11 | I know that -- I'm pretty certain that it's not the same way
- 12 | that Fieldwood drives its estimates, but I am generally
- 13 | familiar with BSEE estimates.
- 14 Q Could you tell the Court how Fieldwood derives its
- 15 || estimates?
- 16 | A So for purposes of our audited financials and the
- 17 | numbers that are included on our financial statements, these
- 18 estimates are generated pursuant to models that Fieldwood
- 19 | maintains, which estimates costs associated with the
- 20 | different type of asset, whether it's the well, platform, or
- 21 | pipeline, depending on the type of well, platform, or
- 22 pipeline. These models are updated with current assumptions
- 23 | each year based on the cost of goods and services and
- 24 | equipment, as well as Fieldwood's recent experience with
- 25 decommissioning assets of a like nature, and that forms the

basis of the model which is tested by Uniline (phonetic)
incorporated in our financial statements.

Also, we have business plans which look at these estimates on a much more granular project level basis and these business plans are high-quality estimates that we believe the work can be executed on in a more precise fashion.

- Q And does Fieldwood have experience in decommissioning assets in the Gulf?
- 10 A Yes. Fieldwood has very extensive experience doing
 11 decommissioning in the Gulf of Mexico.
 - Q Can you roughly tell the Court either in terms of number of assets or in dollar amount what Fieldwood's experience has been?
 - A Since 2013 Fieldwood has done over a billion and a half dollars of plugging and abandonment work and that's associated with over 400 platforms, over 400 pipelines and over 1200 wells. And to my knowledge, that's the most of any operator in the Gulf of Mexico and potentially in many of those years and periods, probably greater than industry combined.
 - Q Now have you reviewed BSEE estimates with respect to some of the Fieldwood assets?
- 24 A I've seen certain BSEE estimates associated with the 25 Fieldwood assets, yes.

- 1 || Q And are these -- and are these estimates the same or 2 | different than Fieldwood's estimates?
- 3 | A Generally speaking, I would say that they're different.
- 4 | Overall, they're certainly different. In some cases they
- 5 | may be similar, but it really runs the whole gamut. I would
- 6 | say on the whole of things, it is probably meaningfully
- 7 | different.
- 8 \parallel Q And is it meaningfully lower or meaningfully higher?
- 9 | A BSEE produces a range of estimates. They've updated
- 10 | their methodology. They used to just provide a single
- 11 | number, but more recently they now provide a distribution.
- 12 | There's P-50 numbers, there's P-90 numbers. I think it
- 13 | really depends on the specific number that's being reviewed
- 14 | and the specific asset.
- 15 Q So how would the BSEE P-50 number compare to the
- 16 | Fieldwood plugging and abandonment estimate?
- 17 | A We haven't -- I haven't reviewed recently if a P-50
- 18 | number for all of BSEE's estimates relative to the entirety
- 19 | of Fieldwood. I would imagine it would be somewhat higher
- 20 | because in general some of these numbers have been higher.
- 21 | So the BSEE estimates are not a number that Fieldwood relies
- 22 on for any reason because we have a team that performs this
- 23 |on a just more granular basis and there's a familiarity with
- 24 | our specific assets that are (indiscernible). So from
- 25 | Fieldwood's perspective, there's not much utility to the

- 1 | BSEE estimates due to our expertise in this area.
- 2 | Q And what would be your answer with respect to the BSEE
- $3 \parallel P-90$ estimate?
- $4 \parallel A$ So BSEE P-90 estimates that I have reviewed are
- 5 | meaningfully higher than most cases that I've seen, which
- 6 | would make sense because a P-90 estimate is an extremely
- 7 | high level of confidence.
- 8 \parallel Q All right. So let's go back to March of 2020. Can you
- 9 | tell the Court what was going on in the oil and gas industry
- 10 | -- not that the Court isn't aware, but just for the Record,
- 11 | please.
- 12 A Around the March timeframe, there was an onset of the
- 13 | COVID-19 global pandemic and one of the ways in which our
- 14 | industry was impacted by that was certainly with respect to
- 15 | commodity prices. Commodity prices have gone from the
- 16 | mid-50's to at one point as low as negative \$37, so the
- 17 | primary revenue source of our product was really
- 18 | significantly impacted.
- 19 | In addition to that, just managing the business in
- 20 | terms of the disruption to the business caused by COVID and
- 21 the ability to deal with a large workforce offshore, there
- 22 was a significant amount of disruption that the business
- 23 || suffered.
- 24 | And then further to that, this took place at a time
- 25 where there was a lot of uncertainty in the market and a lot

of uncertainty with oil and gas prices and it was a time at which Fieldwood needed to engage in discussions with its lenders. And so capital availability was significantly strained in the oil and gas space overall

Q And so what did the company do in response to all of these challenges?

A So initially in March of 2020, it became clear that the company needed to have some initial conversations with its lender group. The first impetus for those conversations was the company was concerned that as a part of its annual audit process, it may not be able to get an unqualified audit opinion or an audit that did not have a going concern qualification. The going concern qualified audited opinion was a potential default under its credit agreements.

And so Fieldwood originally approached its lenders in late March seeking a waiver of that going concern qualification. Those conversations progressed and then ultimately developed into a conversation around forbearance around an upcoming interest payment which was due at the end of April. And the company ultimately ended up entering into a forbearance agreement with its lenders, and one of the conditions of that forbearance agreement was that the company provide a comprehensive Plan of restructuring to its lenders.

Q All right. And so what happened? Were you able to

- 1 | obtain the forbearance?
- $2 \parallel A$ Yes. The company did obtain the forbearance.
- 3 \parallel Q And what about the -- did you make the interest
- 4 | payment?
- 5 A No. The interest payment that was owed at the end of
- 6 | April was not made and the lenders agreed to forbear their
- 7 | rights with respect to that interest payment.
- 8 \parallel Q And did you begin preparing a restructuring proposal?
- 9 A Yes. We did.
- 10 | Q And so what happened after you started doing that?
- 11 What was the next step?
- 12 | A There was a recognition by the management team at that
- 13 point that based on feedback with respect to the lenders,
- 14 | the lenders had provided very clear guidance on what they
- 15 | were willing to support or not in order to contribute new
- 16 | capital into the company, which was going to be a key part
- 17 of any restructuring the company needed to reorganize with
- 18 | new capital in order to recapitalize the company and object
- 19 | to liquidity.
- 20 The lenders were very clear about the fact that they
- 21 were not willing to capitalize the company with significant
- 22 | new money unless it addressed its legacy P&A obligations and
- 23 | weren't willing to continue funding those obligations in the
- 24 | context of the whole company.
- 25 So kind of given that feedback and those parameters,

1 the company recognized that it was very important to try and get some alignment with Fieldwood's largest 2 3 predecessor-in-interest, which was Apache. Apache 4 represents about two-thirds of the company's overall shelf 5 plugging and abandonment liabilities, a little over 60 percent in total of the company's total liabilities. And 6 7 so following the direction of the lenders and the fact that we have to deliver a comprehensive term sheet that was 8 9 something that we thought we could execute on, the company 10 engaged in conversations with Apache to see if there was a 11 potential mutually consensual solution that the parties might be able to reach and that was around the May 12 timeframe. 13 All right. Now you mentioned new capital. Why did the 14 15 company need new capital? 16 In line with the need to forbear upon interest in the 17 April time frame, the company had a \$35 million interest 18 payment that was due. The company had limited sources of 19 liquidity. The company was concerned that those sources of 20 liquidity would be further constrained. If it had a default 21 under its credit agreements, prices had sunk pretty 22 dramatically, so there's a number of steps the company took 23 to try and support its liquidity. There was some changes to the company's hedge programs 24 25 and terminations, cost reductions, that were pursued, but it

ultimately just given the magnitude of the need of capital and also the severity of the price environment, the company recognized its liquidity runway and that period was going to be uncomfortably short.

And any meaningful recapitalization of the business was going to require an injection of new capital.

- Q Now let me just fast forward for a minute. Does the current Plan provide for any new capital?
- 9 A Yes. It does.

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7

- 10 | Q And could you tell the Court what that is?
- 11 A So the Plan contemplates that there's going to be
- 12 | \$225 million of new money contributed. That's in the form
- 13 of a second lien term loan facility for up to \$185 million.
- 14 And then two equity rights offerings of \$20 million each for
- 15 \parallel a total of \$40 million provided by the first lien term loan
- 16 | lenders and the second lien term loan lenders.
- 17 | Q All right. Now let's go back to Apache. You indicated
- 18 || that Apache was your single largest predecessor. What did
- 19 | you do in order to try to implement the proposal that you
- 20 | had made to the banks?
- 21 | A So this was pretty even. Making a proposal to the
- 22 | banks, this was more in the formulation stage of
- 23 ||understanding what a potential proposal could look like
- 24 | before something was required to be delivered to the lenders
- 25 under the forbearance agreement.

And then early May, the company reached out to Apache and their advisors -- Parkland & Welling (phonetic) was their advisors at the time who had worked with the company previously -- worked with Apache previously. And Fieldwood expressed the desire to meet and get a situation update on the company's staff discussion with the lenders, the requirements under the forbearance agreement, and explore consensual alternatives.

Apache was very immediately responsive and they were prepared to engage with Fieldwood. Fieldwood had something

prepared to engage with Fieldwood. Fieldwood had something that they wanted to discuss and so we prepared a presentation that provided a situation update and provided several potential alternatives to explore in terms of mutual consensual solutions with respect to the assets that Fieldwood had acquired from Apache back in 2013.

And those conversations went on for a couple of months.

Q All right. And so let's talk a little bit about the transaction in 2013. Can you describe the transaction back in 2013?

A In 2013 Fieldwood had purchased the Gulf of Mexico Shelf Business Unit from Apache. This was an acquisition that the company's private equity sponsor at the time had identified. That was a nearly four-billion-dollar acquisition. It was a very, very significant asset base. It was the largest asset base in the Gulf of Mexico Shelf.

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1
         And the company had purchased the entire asset base,
 2
    which was producing -- this was a $110 oil price
 3
    environment, so it was a very significant time -- it was a
 4
    very different time than the current market today. That
 5
    asset base was very large, very, very profitable. It had
    approximately 90,000 barrels of oil a day and over a billion
 6
 7
    dollars of EBITDA, and that's how the company came to own
    the Apache assets.
 8
 9
         All right. Are you familiar with the BSEE regulations
10
    regarding legacy properties?
11
         I'm familiar with the regulations around liabilities,
    if that's what you're referring to.
12
13
               I am. So could you tell the Court what your
    understanding is with respect those regulations?
14
        My understanding is the regulations provide that all
15
16
    lease owners, lease holders are jointly and severally
17
    responsible for decommissioning obligations. This
18
    responsibility extends to any period, even if the lease
19
    holders assign their leases at a subsequent point. And
20
    that's been kind of a foundation of Gulf of Mexico
    regulatory framework for quite some time and certainly since
21
22
    all of the Fieldwood assets and Fieldwood's predecessors
23
   have entered into transactions in the Gulf of Mexico.
24
         All right. And so at the time that Fieldwood purchased
25
    those assets, had Apache acrued any asset retirement
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1 | liabilities?

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2 | A Yes. Effectively all of the asset retirement

3 | obligations that Fieldwood has today that came through the

4 | Apache acquisition were assets for which Apache is jointly

 $5 \parallel$ and severally liable for.

6 Q All right. Did Apache take any steps in order to 7 protect themselves against that liability?

8 A Yes. So Apache was very thoughtful and focused on its 9 potential liability at the time of the 2013 acquisition.

One of the foundational documents as a part of that

11 | acquisition was the Decommissioning Agreement and the

12 | security that was required to be provided pursuant to the

13 | Decommissioning Agreement, which governs certain aspects of

14 | Fieldwood's obligations related to decommissioning that it

15 | acquired from Apache.

This was something that was a substantial area of focus during the original negotiations of that deal between the parties.

- Q All right. Now, could you tell the Court what security backs the Decommissioning Agreement?
- A Apache negotiated for some very substantial security in 2013 in the event that there was ever a default, since they were required to satisfy the obligations for which they are jointly and severally liable for. And so that security today comprises a cash escrow account, which is called

"Trust A." It has \$238 million of cash. That cash balance was built up over time by a net profits interest that was granted over all of the Apache-related properties. It's called the "Trust A."

Net Profits Interest, or "NPI," and that is a Net
Profits Interest that on a monthly basis requires the
crediting of the Trust A account for any net profits that
are generated and so over time that's built up to the
\$238 million of cash and will continue in the future to the
extent that it continues to generate positive net profits.

In addition to the Trust A cash escrow account, NPI construct, there's also \$497 million of bonds and letters of credit that are outstanding, as well. So in total there's \$736 million of security that Apache holds related to the original 2013 transaction with Fieldwood.

- Q All right. So Mr. Dane, in connection with reaching out to Apache, did you come to any understanding with them with respect to the Apache legacy assets?
- A Yes. There was a number of meetings and conversations, both with Apache and with their advisors and through a very constructive process, despite the challenges that were obviously presented for Apache at the time. The parties were able to get an understanding of the mutual objectives and this culminated in a term sheet that was negotiated, which formed the basis of the Fieldwood One entities and

- 1 | formed the basis of Apache's support under the Restructuring
- 2 | Support Agreement that was ultimately filed at the time of
- 3 | Fieldwood's Chapter 11 filing.
- 4 | Q All right. Let me ask you to turn to Debtors'
- 5 | Exhibit 28 and I believe that is found at Docket 1562-1 and
- 6 | I think 1562-2 because they're so long.
- 7 | MR. PEREZ: And Your Honor, I gave Mr. Dane a book
- 8 | with his exhibits, so he has that in front of him.
- 9 THE COURT: Thank you.
- 10 THE WITNESS: All right.
- 11 BY MR. PEREZ:
- 12 | Q Could you identify Exhibit No. 28, Mr. Dane?
- 13 A Exhibit 28 is the Apache definitive documentations --
- 14 | documents.
- 15 \parallel Q Okay.
- 16 | MR. PEREZ: And Your Honor, I am told that --
- 17 | Ms. Choi corrected me. It's Document 1616-7 and 1616-8.
- 18 | THE COURT: Thank you.
- 19 BY MR. PEREZ:
- 20 || Q All right. And what was your involvement in the
- 21 | negotiation of those documents, Mr. Dane?
- 22 | A I was involved along with some other senior executives
- 23 || of Fieldwood in negotiating various parts of the definitive
- 24 | documentation associated with this transaction.
- 25 | Q Okay.

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1
              THE COURT: So let me just ask you to hold for one
 2
    second.
              You said 1615-7?
 3
 4
              MR. PEREZ: 1616-7 and 1616-8.
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              THE COURT: I've got it. Thank you.
 6
              MR. PEREZ: And Your Honor, I believe that those
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    documents are stipulated into evidence. I don't believe
    that there's any objection to them.
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 9
              THE COURT: So the Debtors filed at ECF No. 1672 a
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    list of exhibits that they believe to be, as I understand
    it, stipulated as to admissibility. Maybe we should take up
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12
    now whether anyone disputes whether all of the documents
    that are listed on pages 5 through 12 of 1672, are they all
13
   being offered?
14
              Mr. Perez, are you offering them all?
15
16
              MR. PEREZ: Yes. They are, Your Honor. Yes.
17
    They are, Your Honor.
18
              THE COURT: Does anyone object to the admission of
    any of the documents on those -- on that lengthy Exhibit
19
   List?
20
21
         (No audible response.)
22
              THE COURT: All right. All of exhibits that are
23
    listed on pages 5 to 12 of 1672 are all admitted.
24
         (ECF 1672, exhibits listed on pages 5 through 12
25
    received in evidence.)
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THE COURT: Thank you.

2 MR. PEREZ: Thank you, Your Honor.

3 | BY MR. PEREZ:

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- Q All right. So Mr. Dane, I know this is probably several hundred pages, but what was the purpose of entering
- 6 | into this transaction in connection with the Plan?
- 8 of our Plan because it addressed a significant amount of the 9 total liabilities. As I mentioned, the Apache assets

This was viewed as one of the cornerstone transactions

- 10 | represent two-thirds, 75 percent of the company's shelf
- 11 | liabilities and well over 60 percent of the company's total
- 12 | liabilities. So the purpose of this transaction per the
- 13 | term sheet was ultimately to be able to consensually resolve
- 14 | a significant amount of the Debtors liabilities and this
- 15 documentation was following the terms outlined in the term
- 16 | sheet.
- 17 Q Okay. And what were the goals that you were trying to
- 18 achieve in doing this transaction?
- 19 A There was a number of important goals. Both Fieldwood
- 20 | and Apache had certain objectives with respect to handling
- 21 | these liabilities. The real goal is to create a framework
- 22 | that was able to comprehensively address all of the
- 23 | obligations associated with the properties that Apache had
- 24 | joint and several liability for.
- 25 The goal was to look at this holistically, identify all

the sources that could be contributed to addressing the 1 significant liabilities and so the parties were able to find 2 3 common ground on a structure that became the Fieldwood One 4 entity. The objectives were to take all the assets that 5 Apache had joint and several liability for, put them in a separate entity, which was this Fieldwood One entity, and be 6 7 able to maximize the cash flow of this entity in order to provide for operations and decommissioning of these assets. 8 9 The mandate of this entity is to handle its decommissioning obligations and wind itself down. And any 10 11 other objectives that was clear focus of the parties, given 12 Apache's willingness to engage only on certain terms was to 13 make sure that the structure didn't jeopardize their ability to protect the security that they had bargained for in 2013. 14 Those were the main objectives in the Fieldwood One. 15 16 And I meant to ask you: Fieldwood previously filed for

- Q And I meant to ask you: Fieldwood previously filed for bankruptcy; is that correct?
- ||A Yes. Fieldwood had a restructuring in 2001.

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- 19 Q And what happened to the Decommissioning Agreement in 20 connection with that restructuring?
 - A That restructuring was a pre-packaged restructuring where it was basically a balance sheet reduction. That reduction exercise and all of their obligations of the company were assumed so every other contract in the company and obligation other than the debt that was being

restructured was assumed by Fieldwood and as part of the restructuring company, including the Decommissioning

3 | Agreement.

Q All right.

5 A With certain modifications that the parties had 6 mutually agreed at the time.

Q Okay. So let's talk a little bit about how Fieldwood
One is going to operate in the future. Are you aware of how
Fieldwood One is going to operate in the future?

A Yes.

Q And could you tell the Court how that's going to work?

A Generally speaking the goal of this entity is to utilize any available cash flow that it has in order to conduct decommissioning and provide just the ordinary expenses of operations. This entity is going to be managed by a sole manager. That individual was selected as John

Graham through a selection process amongst the parties.

It's going to be capitalized originally by Fieldwood pursuant to the agreement that we have with Apache as outlined in these definitive documentation. Fieldwood is going to contribute the difference between \$50 million and the amount of P&A that it had spent money on between the filing date and the effective date. We estimate that that's going to be a contribution at exit of between \$15-20 million. Apache is going to provide a standby facility for

\$400 million. That standby facility is available under certain conditions for plugging and abandonment obligations, and the Credit Bid Purchase is going to serve as the original contract operator pursuant to a Transition Services Agreement that the parties negotiated so the employees that are going to be a Credit Bid Purchaser who had familiarity with these assets are going to provide all these services associated with operating these assets and administering the assets because the only employee in the vicinity is going to be the sole manager.

This entity is going to be entirely focused on doing as much decommissioning as possible and providing funds for decommissioning and providing a framework for comprehensively addressing the decommissioning utilizing, you know, all available sources that are available for that purpose.

- Q Can you tell the Court about the process to select the sole manager?
- A Yes. So originally the Fieldwood One term sheet contemplated a process where Fieldwood and Apache had the right to nominate parties and then there has to be a mutual agreement, otherwise it would be determined by, I believe, an outside party or the judge.

Fieldwood had proposed three candidates. Apache had offered as their proposal, John Graham. Fieldwood had

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reviewed John Graham's résumé. Fieldwood conducted several interviews of John Graham and after assessing all the candidates and getting a better understanding of John Graham's qualifications and having discussed in the interviews his insights into these properties to determine that Fieldwood is comfortable supporting John Graham as the 6 7 sole manager and so the parties agreed that Mr. Graham was going to be selected as the sole manager. All right. And could you tell the Court what in Mr. Graham's background made you think that he was an 11 appropriate person to be the sole manager? 12 I think it was not only his background, but also his individual characteristics that I think that everyone felt like qualified him. Yeah, Mr. Graham has an extensive 15 experience in the oil and gas states. He has over 40 years 16 of experience. A significant portion of that was spent 17 working at Apache Corp over the last 25 years. He retired in April, but at Apache, he had experience that we thought 19 was very meaningful and unique for this role. He has 20 experience with these particular assets in the Gulf of 21 Mexico, just a significant asset base, and we thought that 22 experience with respect to these specific assets that are 23 going to be a part of Fieldwood One was very valuable in terms of an understanding of the actual assets. He was a 24 25 reservoir engineer manager years ago over the Gulf of

Mexico.

Also, Mr. Graham has run several significant business units for Apache, some very complicated and large businesses with significant assets in terms of, you know, volume and production and also employees.

He ran Apache's North Sea business most recently. He was responsible for managing a part of their Canadian operations, their Argentinian business, I believe at one point their Canadian business, and then probably most importantly to me, Mr. Graham mentored a number of folks on our team.

Mr. Graham had an extensive background in HSE at Apache. He had helped to form and lead of a group of their HSE department at Apache for a number of years. I believe it's in the post-McCondo era. And his understanding and focus on HSE-related areas was something that was very important to the company.

Aside from that, I think would a number of our team felt that they took away from the interviews and was appreciative of his name being put forward in the selection process was that he came across as a person that had a high level of integrity and was -- you know, he expressed his commitment to working for all parties to get the best possible answer to meet the mandate of this entity, and we believe that he was a good candidate to do that.

- 1 | Q Do you believe that he will be under the control of 2 | Apache in connection with his role as the sole manager?
- 3 A No. I don't believe that.
- $4 \parallel Q$ And why do you say that?
- 5 A Well, one, based on his -- based on our conversations
- 6 | with Mr. Graham, particularly at the interview phase,
- 7 | Mr. Graham was clearly interviewing with Fieldwood for this
- 8 | role and he was very upfront about the fact that he
- 9 understands his role is to be a fiduciary to this entity, to
- 10 | operate within the mandate and the constraints of what his
- 11 | duty and responsibilities are to this entity.
- So I think, you know, his integrity and character gives
- 13 | me some comfort there. I also don't believe that Apache has
- 14 | control of Fieldwood One. They have reasonable consent
- 15 | rights that provide them oversight of the entities to ensure
- 16 | that, in my opinion, to ensure that it's operating within
- 17 | its mandate. And so I think Mr. Graham is going to operate
- 18 as an independent sole manager. He has been working as a
- 19 | consultant for Fieldwood for the last several months because
- 20 | we determined it would be helpful for him to get up-to-speed
- 21 on the asset base, given the significance of this position
- 22 | and the post-effective company. And he's been working very
- 23 ||constructively with our employees to get his arms around
- 24 | this very complicated situation.
- 25 | Q And Mr. Dane, does the sole manager have the ability to

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1 | change who the contract operator is?
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- A Yes. Not only does -- he does have that ability, and that's part of his responsibility is to ensure that the most effective, sufficient cost effective services are being provided to the entities. He's going to be incentivized in a manner that ensures that, as well.
 - And so it is his responsibility, just like it's his responsibility to ensure that all costs are appropriate for that entity. He has the ability to replace the sole service provider. That is something that requires Apache's consent, but that's within his responsibilities and he has been upfront about the fact, both with us and Apache, that he's going to be evaluating who the appropriate service provider is on a long-term basis after the initial period that Fieldwood is going to be providing these services so we have a Plan that's confirmed.
- Q All right. In connection with the Disclosure

 Statement, did Fieldwood prepare projections of the

 Fieldwood One entity?
- 20 | A Yes. It did.

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- 21 Q All right. Can I ask you to turn to Exhibit No. 17?
- 22 MR. PEREZ: And I believe, Your Honor, that is
- 23 | 16 -- yes, 1620, Your Honor.
- 24 BY MR. PEREZ:
 - \parallel Q Okay. Mr. Dane, were you involved in the preparation

- 1 of these financial projections?
- 2 | A Yes. I was.
- 3 ||Q And when were these projections prepared?
- 4 A These projections, so that the Disclosure Statement was
- 5 | ultimately filed -- or that these projections were filed in
- 6 | April. The Disclosure Statement projections were updated
- 7 | throughout this process because the process timeline got
- 8 | extended for various reasons. Originally it was expected
- 9 | that we would have these filings done in the fourth quarter
- 10 \parallel of 2020, but ultimately the solicitation and the Final
- 11 Disclosure Statement was provided much later than that at
- 12 the beginning of the second quarter.
- So they were updated and these projections that were
- 14 | included in this final draft were prepared around the
- 15 | March/April time frame over the course of several months
- 16 | leading up to that, as well.
- 17 | Q All right. And could you tell the Court how these
- 18 | projections were prepared?
- 19 | A So in line with how I was describing our finance and
- 20 | planning group and their responsibilities earlier, our
- 21 | finance and planning group is responsible for preparing our
- 22 | plans and projections. They work with a wide range of
- 23 || subject matter experts at the company. This includes
- 24 | reservoir engineers, geologists and geophysicists, our asset
- 25 | team managers, production engineers, landmen, our marketing

department, et cetera.

All of these folks -- certainly our production operations and operation groups, all of these folks provide the relevant input. This is a bottoms-up forecasting effort like most of our planning and forecasting. And so this bottoms up effort takes -- bottoms up analysis takes the inputs from the various subject matter experts and they're consolidated by our finance and planning group. It's an iterative process where our financing and planning group assembles this information and tests assumptions, make sure that it works within the context, the bottom context of what the objective is, and then ultimately management reviews these projections and as a part of my oversight of that finance and planning group, I was involved in that process, reviewed their work, and ultimately approved the projections that we've been using.

- Q All right. Let me ask you to turn to the very last page. Could you tell the Court what that is?
- 19 A These are the projections associated with the Fieldwood 20 entity, the Fieldwood One entity that we prepared.
 - Q All right. I'm not going to go through each line. I think that substantial part of the testimony as a result of the settlement, I'm not going to go through it. I just want to highlight a couple of lines.

Do you see kind of toward the middle of the page there

is a change in networking capital, 36. Do you see that? 1 2 Yes. I do. 3 Could you explain to the Court what that is? 4 So that number represents the estimated change in 5 networking capital that this entity is going to experience as a result of these transactions. It's obviously a 6 7 meaningful, positive number, and the reason -- but the basis for this number is there is a pre- and post-effective date 8 9 construct that's assumed as a part of all these 10 transactions. Fieldwood One entity is going to start with a 11 very clean working capital balance because under our Plan it's contemplated that the Credit Bid Purchaser is going to 12 13 assume effectively all of the working capital associated with Fieldwood. 14 15 And so at the time of the effective date, the Fieldwood

And so at the time of the effective date, the Fieldwood One entity is not really going to have any payables. It is only going to be responsible for post-effective date payables and when we look at our estimates for the cash impact of these transactions and the fact that the Credit Bid Purchaser is going to be assuming all the payables at the time of exit that are pre-effective date, and when we look at and make our estimates for the fact that revenue is received on a much more current basis then payables are paid when you start with a clean balance sheet, it results in a meaningful positive working capital balance.

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So for instance, if a transaction was to be effective 1 at August 1st as an example, then Fieldwood One's first 2 3 revenue payment for the month of August would be received in 4 the month of September. Fieldwood One's payables would 5 likely not be paid for many, many months after that because if for a payable for the service month of August probably 6 7 wouldn't be received until September and due until October. So there's a working capital benefit that this entity 8 9 receives. It's the opposite of the working capital impacts 10 to the NewCo, which is expected to be about a \$50-plus 11 million negative working capital result as a result of these transactions. 12 All right. And also, could you tell the Court what the 13 R&M expenses are that's kind of toward the top of the page? 14 15 R&M stands for "Repair and Maintenance." And these are 16 basically non-recurring major projects spends associated 17 with remediating and maintaining the facilities to include 18 everything from general maintenance of the facilities, for 19 corrosion, because these facilities require ongoing upkeep. It could include repairs related to hurricanes or other 20 storms, so it's a broad category of repair and maintenance 21 22 that's required on this asset base. 23 All right. And then finally, --24 THE COURT: Mr. Dane, if you would look at -- I 25 need to be sure I understand how this page works. Tell me

1 where the change in networking capital line item comes from, if you don't mind? We can take May to December. 2 3 THE WITNESS: Sure. 4 THE COURT: Where does that 36 million come from? 5 THE WITNESS: So that is -- Your Honor, we look at 6 the various cash-related items that will implement Fieldwood 7 One's networking capital balance as a result of these transactions and so it's a function of the timing of revenue 8 9 and the timing of expenses. So when we look at on a cash 10 basis when revenue is actually received versus the expenses 11 when they're actually paid because indemnity is going to be starting with a clean working capital balance, and it's not 12 going to be responsible for any pre-effective date 13 obligations associated with the payables. This is basically 14 15 the benefit that this entity gets because it effectively

receives the revenue more currently then it will pay the payables and that will result in a meaningful initial

18 working capital benefit because you're getting two or three

months of revenue before you're having to pay expenses at

20 the beginning.

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THE COURT: So in effect, that 36 million is largely a bill of accounts payable?

THE WITNESS: Yes. It's the benefit of getting revenue without having to pay expenses for an extended period of time and it's the opposite for the NewCo, where

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NewCo is going to forgo the future revenue, but it's going to maintain responsibility for pre-effective date payables, which have to be paid over time.
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THE COURT: All right. Go ahead.

Thank you.

BY MR. PEREZ:

- Q Okay. So Mr. Dane, last thing I'm going to ask you about this is: Could you explain to the Court what the standby credit facility is?
- A The standby credit facility is something that was a component of the Fieldwood One/Apache Fieldwood transaction whereby Apache has agreed to provide a \$400 million standby facility. This standby facility is available for plugging and abandonment upon certain conditions -- major provisions associated with these funds is that other sources of security that are in favor of Apache are required to be exhausted prior to this facility being able to be drawn, other than in certain other circumstances that the lender may consent to for utilizing these funds.
- Q All right. And so when we're looking at does Fieldwood have an estimate of what they believe the asset retirement obligations for Fieldwood One is?
- A Yes. Fieldwood has done a number of different analysis on the Fieldwood One obligations and generally the estimates are between 950 million in total to around 1.2 billion, has

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been the numbers that we do in our various estimates, and in these projections -- I'm sorry, in the forecast period that goes from May '21 to the end of 2025, there were around 410 million, I believe, dollars of projects that were identified under these assumptions that are associated with activity that could be performed in this period. Okay. And to address those obligations, what sources of revenue exists to address those obligations? So it's sources obviously beyond revenue, but the various sources -- I mentioned that this Fieldwood One entity, the objective was to create a framework in order to address all of the decommissioning obligations. And you know, we looked at the resources in a holistic manner. And those resources comprised certainly as a part of this transaction, I mentioned that Fieldwood is going to be contributing cash at exist to this Fieldwood One entity. That's going to be, in our estimate, \$15-20 million. That's going to provide the initial capitalization of Fieldwood One. This entity is going to -- under these projections and these assumptions it's going to generate cash flow of that's going to enable approximately \$170 million of P&A to be accomplished while maintaining an adequate minimum cash balance in this entity. So the cash flow from the entity itself is a resource.

The amount that is -- the security arrangements

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   that Apache has in place, pursuant to the Decommissioning
   Agreement, which comprise the Trust A balance of
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    $238 million, which will grow over time. If as under these
 4
    assumptions the Net Profits Interest continues to generate
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    in that process and these projections, there is a forecast
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   that that Net Profits Interest will generate over
 7
    $40 million of additional Net Profits Interest that will be
    deposited into Trust A over this period and that obviously
8
 9
    extends into the future, as well.
         There is the $497 million of bonds and LCs that are an
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11
    available resource pursuant to the terms of those
    agreements. There is the $400 million standby facility that
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   Apache has made available. And then certainly behind all of
    those sources, which in and of themselves add up to a
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15
   meaningful number and a number that we believe is in excess
   of the total liabilities of Fieldwood One net related
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17
   properties, certainly behind all those numbers is Apache,
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   who has joint and several liability and it's very well
19
    capitalized, nearly $20 billion enterprise value company.
        All right. Mr. Dane, I'm going to switch gears a
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21
    little bit and talk about the sale transaction to Credit Bid
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   NewCo.
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         Could you give the Court an overview of that
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A So early in this process, one of the components of the

transaction?

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original Plan was a dual track marketing effort of certain 1 of the company's deepwater assets or a potential 2 3 recapitalization of certain of the company's assets, and 4 this was going to be at the lender's decision ultimately. 5 The company engaged in a third-party -- you know, multiple third-party marketing efforts. Those marketing efforts were 6 7 being developed in a way that was acceptable to the parties, and the lenders decided to pursue the reorganization and 8 9 recapitalization of certain assets that the company owns. 10 The company performed an evaluation with its lenders 11 and advisors and other stakeholders as to the assets that were going to be recapitalized and that were going to form 12 13 the basis of the new money that the lenders were going to be willing to support as a part of that transaction. 14 And so the Credit Bid Purchase transaction contemplates 15 16 the sale of certain assets through our Plan to the Credit 17 Bid Purchaser to effectively substantially of the company's 18 deepwater business and 13 shelf properties to the Credit Bid Purchaser. 19 All right. And what consideration is the Credit Bid 20 21 Purchaser paying for those assets?

A So the Plan states that there's an aggregate consideration of approximately \$1.03 billion related to the Credit Bid Purchaser transaction. That consideration is in the form of first cash. There is up to \$125 million of

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There is the allowed first lien term loan claims, 1 cash. their credit bid. There's the Gulf warrants, the second 2 3 lien term loan warrants. There is the allowed first 4 lien/first out claims. There is the assumption of 5 meaningful liabilities, which is effectively the working capital and that's the working capital that Your Honor asked 6 7 about. It's the assumption of those working capitals that are pre-effective date working capital of effectively all of 8 9 the companies' liabilities associated with that 10 post-effective date payables. And that's broadly the categories of the consideration. 11 All right. And what do you think the amount of the 12 13 current liabilities that the Credit Bid Purchaser will be assuming? What is the amount of that? 14 15 I believe it's approximately \$350 million of asset retirement obligations. But in addition to -- that's asset 16 17 retirement obligations by our estimates associated with 18 those deepwater properties and 13 shelf properties, but in 19 addition to that, there's other categories of obligations. 20 I'm not sure if your question was just asset retirement

I'm not sure if your question was just asset retirement obligations. There's also the Fieldwood Three related properties the company is going to continue to support certain properties in Fieldwood Three. As of right now, those Fieldwood Three properties are nine platforms and ten wells for which it's providing \$5 million at exit and credit

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   support of up to $8 million for.
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         There's obligations under the various predecessor
 3
    consensual arrangements that the company is going to support
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    to handle P&A. There's the working capital obligations it's
    assuming. There's obviously the new data obligations that
 5
   are going to be created in the pro forma capital structure.
 6
7
         So those are the obligations that the Credit Bid
   Purchaser is going to be assuming.
8
 9
         And specifically as it relates to the working capital
    items that it will be assuming, what do you believe that
10
11
   number will be?
        I estimate that's $50-60 million.
12
13
        Thank you.
         Let me ask you to turn to Exhibit No. 26, which is
14
   1616-5.
15
         Can you identify that document, sir?
16
17
         This document is the Credit Bid Purchase Agreement.
18
        Okay. And were you involved in the negotiation of that
   document?
19
20
              THE COURT: I'm sorry. Which ECF number is this
21
    again? I've turned to the wrong one is what this means.
22
              MR. PEREZ: 1616-5, I think, Your Honor.
23
              THE COURT: No. I went to 1615-5. I just
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misheard you. Let me get the right one open.

I've got it now. Thank you.

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- THE WITNESS: Yes, Mr. Perez. I was involved in certain elements of the negotiation around this agreement.
- 3 | BY MR. PEREZ:

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debt.

- 4 Q All right. Now who will be managing the team at the new Credit Bid Purchaser?
- A So our Plan and the conversations that we've had with our stakeholders contemplate that the management team of Fieldwood today will continue to be the management team of the Credit Bid Purchaser.
- 10 Q And how much debt will the Credit Bid Purchaser have 11 upon funded debt once the transaction is concluded?
 - A The Credit Bid Purchaser will have up to \$304 million of debt. That's comprised of \$119 million first lien term loan and that is -- there is a second lien term loan of up to \$185 million. The final amount of that second lien term loan will be determined by the final sources and uses of the transaction, so it would be up to \$304 million of funded
- 19 Q And how does that compare to Fieldwood's current 20 capital structure?
- 21 A It's substantially less. Fieldwood has \$1.8 billion of 22 funded debt, as I was mentioning, so it's over 80 percent 23 reduction in the company's debt.
- 24 | Q Are you familiar with the capital structures of other 25 | operators in the Gulf?

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1 | A I am.
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- 2 | Q And how was the new Credit Bid Purchaser compared to
- 3 | those?
- 4 | A I believe that the Credit Bid Purchaser is going to
- 5 | have a leading balance sheet amongst its peer group. Peers
- 6 | in the Gulf of Mexico have -- our closest peers in the Gulf
- 7 | of Mexico has capital structures that have a leverage
- 8 | profile --
- 9 THE COURT: Let me -- Mr. Dane, I'm going to
- 10 | interrupt you for a minute.
- 11 | Let's go ahead and take the objection from
- 12 Mr. Duewall.
- MR. DUEWALL: Objection, hearsay, Your Honor; it's
- 14 | outside the scope of the --
- 15 | THE COURT: Sustained.
- 16 MR. DUEWALL: -- witness's knowledge.
- 17 | THE COURT: Sustained.
- 18 BY MR. PEREZ:
- 19 || Q Mr. Dane, can you turn to Exhibit 17 again? In
- 20 | particular, page 9.
- 21 | A Yes. I have that available.
- 22 | Q All right. Can you tell the Court what this is?
- 23 $\|A\|$ These are the projections associated with NewCo.
- 24 || Q All right. And --
- 25 A I'm sorry, Credit Bid Purchaser.

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1
         Okay. And did you -- what was your involvement in
   preparing these projections?
2
         Similar to what I described earlier about our overall
 3
 4
   general planning and projection process and the Fieldwood
 5
    One planning and projection process, it was the same process
   where finance and planning group assembled a bottoms up
 6
 7
   analysis collectively with all the subject matter experts.
8
         I assembled it. I reviewed -- I was involved in that
 9
   effort and I reviewed and approved these projections
10
         Do you feel that the Credit Bid Purchaser will be able
   perform on these projections?
11
         I believe that these are very reasonable projections
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    that are a very fair set of projections and very much in
13
    line with all the reasonable assumptions that are forecasted
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   here. I think that the company right now is very well
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   positioned to accomplish these objectives that are outlined
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17
   in the projections. The company has been working very
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   actively throughout this very long process to try and
   position itself to be able to be successful and accomplish a
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   business plan that's in line with these projections.
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         I do feel very comfortable with these projections given
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22
   where we are today and how the assets are performing.
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   0
        All right.
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              THE COURT: So I just want to make one comment for
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    the appellate record and that is that what we're looking at,
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   as I understand it, is 1615-20 ECF page 8, not ECF page 9,
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   but it is Document page --
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              MR. PEREZ: 9.
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              THE COURT: -- well, there's a 9 at the bottom,
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   but it also says, "Page 8 of 9" at the bottom. That's where
   the confusion is coming in.
 6
7
              These are called "NewCo Projections," is what
   we're looking at and I think the page references might not
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 9
   have been accurate that we were making.
10
              But I want to be sure you're looking at the page
   that's labeled "NewCo Projections," right, Mr. Dane?
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              THE WITNESS: Yes, Your Honor.
              THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.
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   BY MR. PEREZ:
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        All right. Let me ask you a question. On the P&A
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   line, which is in the middle of the page, do you see that
16
17
   line?
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       I do.
19
         Okay. And it shows, you know, relatively modest
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   amounts of single-digits. Why is that -- why are those
    amounts the amounts needed for the asset retirement
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22
    liability on these assets?
23
         They are certainly modest compared to Fieldwood's
24
    overall obligations today, but with respect to the assets
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that this work is attributable to is a significant amount of

the work associated with Fieldwood's shelf asset retirement obligations that this entity is going to be assuming.

The nature of the assets that are going into the NewCo that are being acquired pursuant to the Credit Bid Purchase are that they are generally assets that have a significant reserve life and the asset retirement obligations are generally not going to be realized until much further down the road once those assets deplete and the P&A is ripe for being conducted.

The P&A that's forecast in these periods -
THE COURT: Let me -- Mr. Dane, I'm going to

12 | interrupt you again.

Mr. Duewall, go ahead, please.

MR. DUEWALL: So Your Honor, he's not there now. Previously he was drifting into an area that I think had been limineed out by the Court's previous Order regarding what he couldn't testify to with regard to feasibility, but he has since backed away from that. That was the nature of my -- what was going to be my objection.

THE COURT: So as I've indicated, I'm not going to do waivers based on an answer already given.

Do you think any of his answers already given crossed the line? I'm not sure they did. I gotcha that you were worried about them getting close, but if you want to make that objection, you're still free to do so.

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              MR. DUEWALL: No, Your Honor. He's -- no, Your
2
   Honor.
 3
              THE COURT: Okay, thanks.
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              Mr. Duewall, I'm leaving your line active so you
 5
    will not need to press five star to speak. Just speak up if
 6
   vou wish.
7
              MR. DUEWALL: Thank you, Your Honor.
8
              THE COURT: If you remember where you were,
 9
   Mr. Dane, you can finish that answer. If not, we'll have
10
   Mr. Perez repeat it. This is just the awkwardness of the
11
   COVID hearing.
12
              THE WITNESS: That's no problem. Thank you, Your
   Honor.
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              So the -- now I forget. The projections over this
15
    five-year period are effectively associated with -- even
    though there's a long reserve line associated with most of
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17
   Fieldwood's -- most of the assets that are going to comprise
18
   the NewCo entities. The rejections that are shown for P&A
19
   work over the five years were estimates that were assuming
20
    that the company has a very pro-active idle iron campaign
21
    with respect to the Shelf assets that it's retaining, the
    reason that they're relatively small is there's not a
22
23
   significant amount of P&A work that needs to be done.
    There's not a substantial amount of idle iron.
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There's also other factors that can feature --

- that can be a function of how significant the annual 1 spending is. Like, for instance, a number of the Credit Bid 2 3 Purchaser's assets are going to be assets that have a lower 4 working interest.
- One of the significant fields is Grand Isle 43 6 that has a significant amount of the idle iron that's going to be accomplished over this period. The Credit Bid Purchaser only has a 25 percent interest in that field, so the gross number of projects continue in full, but the net 10 dollar spend would not be that significant.
 - But generally speaking the reason the amounts here are low is because of the fact that the nature of the assets that are going to be owned by the Credit Bid Purchaser do not have meaningful near term P&A.
- 15 BY MR. PEREZ:

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- 16 Okay. And what is the current asset retirement 17 obligation on the Debtors' books and records with respect to 18 these assets? The total amount. I think you may have mentioned it before, but I just want to have a clear 19 estimate. 20
- Approximately -- I'm sorry. Approximately \$350 21 million, I believe. 22
- 23 All right. Thank you.
- 24 Now one last question about Credit Bid NewCo, do you 25 believe that Credit Bid NewCo will have sufficient funding

- 1 | capability to carry out its business plan?
- 2 | A I do.
- 3 | Q And why do you say that?
- 4 A We're aware of the bond that we know are required to
- 5 | provide as a part of these transactions that we've been made
- 6 | aware of. We have been engaged in a number of conversations
- 7 | with surety parties. We have a commitment from one of the
- 8 | surety providers that was a recent consensual solution that
- 9 was able to be worked out between the Debtor and this party,
- 10 USSIC, in order to provide for a \$75 million facility --
- 11 | committed facility for two years, which is a very meaningful
- 12 | amount and it more than satisfies, at least initially, what
- 13 | we know we need to provide and we're engaged in other
- 14 | conversations that may result in incremental capacity, as
- 15 | well, to the extent it's necessary.
- 16 Q Thank you.
- 17 Now let me turn to other transactions. Has Fieldwood
- 18 | entered into other consensual transactions addressing the
- 19 | ARO obligations with other predecessors?
- $20 \parallel A$ It has.
- 21 | Q Okay. Let me ask you to turn to Exhibit No. 18, which
- 22 || is 1615-21.
- 23 And ask if you could identify that.
- 24 | A This is the Fieldwood/Chevron term sheet.
- 25 | Q All right. And could you tell the Court in general

1 | terms what the term sheet provides for?

which Chevron is a predecessor.

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Well, Fieldwood was obviously interested in continuing 2 3 to find as many consensual solutions as it could with major 4 predecessors or all predecessors and Chevron represented in 5 our view the second largest predecessor after Apache. Fieldwood engaged in very constructive conversations with 6 7 Chevron around the 3Q 1420 period of time of 2020 and was able to ultimately come to a term sheet, which has 8 9 subsequently then incorporated into the definitive 10 documentation that was recently filed, related to assets in

The main contours of the agreement between the Debtors and Chevron comprised a Fieldwood Four entity, which is going to be made up of certain properties that Chevron is the primary predecessor-in-interest of, related to Fieldwood Shelf asset base. It's a meaningful position. It's I believe over 25 platforms, over 100 wells.

The Fieldwood Four construct contemplates that those assets are going to be put into Fieldwood Four. The Credit Bid Purchaser is going to conduct the contract operations of that entity, pursuant to a contract operating agreement.

The Credit Bid Purchaser is going to enter into a turnkey P&A Agreement with Chevron, where the Credit Bid Purchaser is going to perform the P&A on the Fieldwood Four asset pursuant to that turnkey agreement that has that has a

specified price that's been negotiated for every individual pipeline, platform, and well associated with the Fieldwood Four properties.

There's going to be an amount of money and to the extent that Credit Bid Purchaser can do the work on each individual property for less than that money, it would be able to realize a profit. To the extent that it spends more than that stated turnkey number, then it's going to be susceptible for any overages, subject to qualified conditions that the parties negotiated which allowed the parties to renegotiate the turnkey numbers or agree on an alternative structure for payment, such as costs -- you know, being done on a cost basis or cost-plus basis or some other way.

The qualified conditions account for if there are changes in the nature of the assets due to storms or if there's well-related conditions like sustained casing pressure issues or other changes in the regulatory environment. It's a comprehensive qualified condition turnkey arrangement.

Also as part of the Fieldwood Four structure, Fieldwood agreed -- Chevron agreed to maintain the direct decommissioning of one of the company's largest liabilities, which was the Neptune Spar and the Swordfish Field. That's a very significant deepwater facility. It's one of the only

properties that's not going to be a part of the deepwater asset base that's associated with the Credit Bid Purchase arrangement and Chevron is going to conduct that decommissioning directly over the near term.

In between when Chevron conducts that decommissioning, Fieldwood is -- or excuse me, Credit Bid Purchaser is going to provide the contract operating services to continue operating and maintaining that facility subject to reimbursement of costs.

Chevron is also going to be responsible for all the operating expenses associated with the Fieldwood Four entity. And Fieldwood is going to contribute \$5 million at exit to the Fieldwood Four structure. That money is going to be utilized in order to stake out the properties over the remainder of this year.

Fieldwood is also -- subsequent to the original term sheet, Fieldwood agreed that properties that were originally going to be the responsibility of Credit Bid Purchaser and were going to be the responsibility of Credit Bid Purchaser and were going to reside in Fieldwood Three, the parties agreed to take those properties, along with \$15 million that the Credit Bid Purchaser was going to earmark for those property's P&A and contribute that into Fieldwood Four. It made more sense to adapt the construct because those properties also had Chevron as a major predecessor-in-

interest, so Fieldwood is contributing \$15 million more into
Fieldwood Four and those properties and it's going to
decommission those properties at cost.

Chevron is going to receive two years after the effective date, the \$25 million bond from the Credit Bid Purchaser. And that was something that was agreed to between the parties as Chevron had a desire for more security and they recognize that the properties underlying the NewCo asset base were largely properties for which they had joint and several liabilities for.

So that's the general contours of the Chevron agreement.

||O So --

- 14 A I'm sorry. One other point: These properties are
 15 going to be decommissioning in Fieldwood Four over the next
 16 three to five years probably.
- 17 | Q And do you believe that the Credit Bid Purchaser will 18 | be able to perform the work under this agreement?
 - A Yes. I'm confident. The Credit Bid Purchaser has already made advanced plans to commence this work as soon as we have a confirmed Plan. There's a number of wells, pipelines, and platforms, that are in the queue to get underway and complete as soon as possible and there's a long-term plan to conduct the rest of this work.
 - So we've engaged in advanced planning efforts to

- 1 | conduct this as expeditiously as possible, which was the 2 | main motivation of the parties.
- 3 \parallel Q And so did you also enter into a term sheet with Eni?
- 4 | A Yes. That was another consensual arrangement.
- $5 \parallel Q$ All right. Would you please turn to Exhibit No. 40 and
- 6 | that is 1616-21?
- $7 \parallel A$ Okay. I have that here.
- 8 \mathbb{Q} All right. And would you tell the Court what the terms
- 9 of this term sheet -- its general terms?
- 10 A So the major terms of the Eni agreement contemplates
- 11 | that the Credit Bid Purchaser is going to enter into a
- 12 | turnkey arrangement with Eni related to certain properties
- 13 | which Eni is the primary predecessor-in-interest, properties
- 14 | that Fieldwood had acquired from Eni.
- 15 The turnkey arrangement is a little bit different from
- 16 | the Chevron arrangement, just based on what the parties
- 17 | negotiated in their different objectives with respect to
- 18 | these specific assets and Eni's objectives in this
- 19 | transaction.
- $20 \parallel$ But it is a turnkey arrangement. There is a total of
- 21 | \$57 million turnkey value associated with all of these
- 22 | properties. The properties comprise around a dozen
- 23 | platforms, 35 or so wells.
- 24 | Similar to the Chevron transaction, to the extent the
- 25 | Credit Bid Purchaser can conduct the work for less than the

turnkey amount, which I mentioned is \$57 million, it'd be able to realize a profit. If it would cost more than that, it would be an exposure of the Credit Bid Purchaser.

There are certain more limited qualified conditions in this arrangements, more limited to regulatory standards in the future or windstorm events that would change the nature of the assets. You know, under those conditions there is an agreed upon adjusted upward amount that could be added to the \$57 million turnkey amount.

That \$57 million turnkey amount is net to Eni's interest in these properties. And so this work is going to be conducted over the next -- it should be completed within the next two to three years. It's going to get started as early as the effective date. There is a plan to do material work on these assets this year, assuming that we have an effective date that provides the ability to do this work during the summer P&A season.

The final kind of, I think, meaningful points of this arrangement are that Fieldwood agreed to contribute \$3 million at exit as a contribution towards the P&A of these assets and agreed to a \$1-1/2 million legal fee reimbursement for Eni as a result of reaching this consensual solution.

Q And is that money coming from Credit Bid Purchaser's funding of the Plan?

- A Yes. All of the contributions associated with these consensual arrangements and then obviously a number of other expenses associated with the Plan are being funded through the new money that is going to be contributed by the lenders under the Plan, the \$225 million in new money.
- $6 \parallel Q$ Thank you.
- 7 | Now --
- 8 A Not all of it, a substantial portion of it.
- 9 Q All right. Did you also reach a consensual agreement
- 10 | with Hunt?
- 11 A Yes. We did.
- 12 \parallel Q All right. And can you turn to Exhibit No. 41?
- 13 A Okay. I have that here.
- 14 Q And that's ECF No. 1616-22. Can you tell the Court
- 15 | generally about the Hunt agreement?
- 16 $\|A\|$ So the Hunt agreement is another consensual solution.
- 17 | There is an element of a turnkey arrangement contemplated
- 18 under the Hunt agreement, as well, there Hunt is going to
- 19 pay the Fieldwood or the Credit Bid Purchaser -- depending
- 20 | on the timing because this is activity that's imminently
- 21 | underway. A \$5.4 million amount associated with three
- 22 | platforms and one Grand Island 63. This activity is in
- 23 | process right now in the early stages. The actual projects
- 24 | could be completed within the next month to two months,
- 25 depending on whether an equipment availability and these

1 | platforms will be removed.

Fieldwood is going to contribute \$375,000 towards the decommissioning. And there are other properties that Fieldwood has agreed to maintain, financial responsibility for decommissioning as a part of its Fieldwood Three agreement and that was also agreed as part of the Hunt term sheet. There's several properties for which Hunt is the primary predecessor that Fieldwood will conduct the P&A out over the next couple of years as well.

So those are the major components of the Hunt transaction.

- Q And is there any importance of doing the P&A in short order?
- A With respect to -- in general obviously, to the extent we have the capability to do the P&A, we want to get it done as soon as possible because there's a limited window to be able to do your platform removal work. And that work is typically done during the summer months. The reason it's done during the summer months is because you're using equipment that is more effective to work in seascapes that are calmer. You're utilizing dairy barges and other heavy lift vessels that can't operate in heavy sea storm months. There's better weather for that.

It would not be cost effective or safe to operate that equipment in winter months. So we generally do platform

removal work during the summer months.

In order to be able to do the platform removal work, you need to complete the well work on a platform and so to the extent there's ever delays that delay the well work, it delays potential platform removal work which can only happen during the summer.

With respect to these particular properties under the Hunt agreement, the Island 63 platforms, those three platforms had permit exploration considerations that we needed to be mindful of. They had permits that were expiring at the beginning of July and if we had not completed the work prior to that time, then it was going to require Fieldwood to re-apply for permits and re-applying for those permits is a lengthy process that could take up to six months or longer for platform removal permits, which would have compromised our ability to get this work done in this summer months season.

So Hunt and the Debtor worked very constructively, kind of recognizing the benefit of trying to remove these facilities sooner rather than later, which is beneficial because it removes risk, it removes costs, it accomplishes the objectives of the Government.

Q Thank you.

Let's turn now to Fieldwood Three. Can you describe what Fieldwood Three is going to do?

A So originally Fieldwood Three contemplated properties that were not a part of the Fieldwood One transaction or the consensual solutions or the abandoned properties. These were a set of properties that Fieldwood had identified that the Credit Bid Purchaser was going to not assume, but maintain responsibility for the decommissioning of -- there were properties that decommissioning was imminent. They weren't -- they were either expired leases or about to be expired, and it was obligations that the stakeholders felt that in addition to all of the other arrangements, they could put aside capital to support.

They were also -- it was also earmarked to be a resource to be available to the extent there was leases or, you know, wells, pipelines, platforms, that were -- that had problematic predecessors in the chain of title. So originally there was \$27 million worth of properties that Fieldwood thought it identified that method's parameters or it could just handle the decommissioning in an expedited way.

The \$27 million was intended to be funded by originally -- under the original Plan, \$5-15 million of cash contributed by exit to the Fieldwood Three entity in credit support from the NewCo entity for the remaining amount. As the Plan evolved, and as I mentioned, the number of these properties, the parties agreed to contribute to the

Fieldwood Four structure, which is beneficial for all the parties. The remaining amount of the properties in the Fieldwood Three pool shrunk. And so as a result right now, the remaining Fieldwood Three properties comprise ten wells, I believe, and nine platforms. Those properties we are earmarking \$5 million at exit to be contributed to the Fieldwood Three entity, and then credit support for between \$7-to-8 million of credit support that the Fieldwood wanted -- excuse me, that the Credit Bid Purchaser will maintain to conduct the P&A.

The P&A on those assets is well underway. Over the last two months, we have engaged on trying to proactively address this P&A as we've gotten more comfort in our process and visibility as to the other moving parts of the other entities. We made the decision that we thought was prudent and comfortable to move forward with trying to do this P&A, to extinguish it sooner rather than later.

And also so that we could feel comfortable that the \$12 million plus the \$8 million of credit support, that \$13 million was going to be adequate to do all this P&A. Our current estimate for the liability post-effective date for these remaining properties is \$7 million.

So we feel very comfortable that the work is going to be able to get done, particularly given that it's already underway. There's also \$12 million bond that are behind

1 | this, the third parties.

Q Mr. Dane, there was some activity in the Gulf last week. Did that have any impact on Fieldwood's operations?

A It did. It was -- unfortunately this is the start of hurricane season and there was a weak tropical event where it crossed through the Central Gulf of Mexico. Fieldwood took a very cautious approach with this storm and in hindsight maybe over cautious. It ended up not being much of a storm. It was only reaching 30-to-40 knot winds, which is not that severe, but Fieldwood evacuated effectively all of its personnel from the Gulf. We evacuated 800 folks offshore, which is a very -- a very entailed evacuation protocol. We've evacuated everything other than our western-most area.

This effectively took down a very significant portion of Fieldwood's production and that decision was made just because the company felt it was the prudent thing to do.

The company felt that we have extremely low risk tolerance at this stage, and despite the fact that I think industry in general did not really mobilize to evacuate to the extent Fieldwood did. Fieldwood thought that that was appropriate under our circumstance, but this obviously is going to have an impact on our cash and our revenue for the month of June.

But I think this event will be hopefully short-lived because we're in the process of remanning as we speak and we

- 1 | don't expect there to be damage from the storm.
- 2 | Q Thank you.
- 3 | A It does impact -- I'm sorry. One other thing I wanted
- 4 | to say. It does impact our ability to get underway with
- 5 | certain projects like P&A projects.
- 6 Q So Mr. Dane, has the Debtors been in conversations with
- 7 | the Government regarding the Plan?
- $8 \parallel Q$ Yes. The Debtor has engaged in conversations with the
- 9 | Government well ahead of the company's ultimate filing in
- 10 | August. I think we engaged the Government -- various
- 11 | regulatory entities and various departments in the
- 12 Government several months ahead of ultimately filing. You
- 13 | know, once it became clear that there was a restructuring
- 14 | that was going to be a part of the Plan in court, the
- 15 | Debtors engaged with various regulatory entities and stayed
- 16 | engaged, in pretty close contact.
- 17 | Q And has Fieldwood agreed to do certain things pursuant
- 18 | to the Plan to address the Government's concerns?
- 19 A Yes. Fieldwood has agreed to do a number of things
- 20 | based on the Government's concerns and conversations that
- 21 || Fieldwood has had with the Government.
- 22 \parallel Q Okay. Let me ask you: Are you familiar with the term,
- 23 | "Agreed Activities"?
- 24 || A Yes.
- 25 | Q And what are the Agreed Activities?

A Unfortunately I think we use this term to define a couple of different things. But the major component of Agreed Activities was initially back in the first quarter of this year, Fieldwood had discussed with the Government certain remediation and maintenance activities that it was committing to undertake related to the abandoned properties and the Agreed Activities was a schedule that Fieldwood had provided to the Government that listed all of the abandoned property's platforms and the projects associated with the Agreed Activities that Fieldwood was going to endeavor to commit to performing on those platforms.

The work scope effectively was re-establishing egress and resolving certain safety-related instances of non-compliance. A number of Fieldwood's platforms had sustained very substantial damage over the course of the 2020 hurricane season. There was an unprecedented number of storms. You know, Fieldwood has almost 500 platforms today and there was damage on 97 percent of the company's platforms.

So, you know, we wish we could have just snapped our fingers, put aside a pot of money, and resolved all the related damage, but unfortunately, given the volume of platforms and the need to ensure that we're handling all of these operations safely and given just limitations on the amount of repair and maintenance crews and the ability to

properly manage repair and maintenance crews and the number of equipment availability in the Gulf of Mexico for 3 equipment like list those that are required.

Fieldwood is at capacity with respect to doing repair and maintenance and basically has been since the end of the last hurricane season doing work on all 500 of its platforms.

So the Agreed Activities list was a schedule of activities associated with abandoned properties comprising \$6 million of activities to re-establish egress and clear certain safety-related (indiscernible), most all of which was related to hurricane-related damage.

And just for the Court's clarification, egress is the ability to access a platform. There has to be, I believe, two methods of being able to evacuate a platform. usually ensuring that boat landings and, you know, ladders and stairways and other means of -- the heliports provide accessibility to a platform.

- 19 And let me ask you to turn to Exhibit No. 99, which is 625-23 -- 1625-23. 20
- 21 Yes. I have that.

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- 22 And can you tell the Court what this is?
- 23 This is the schedule of Agreed Activities that the 24 company provided and discussed with the Government. Back
- 25 in, I believe it was, the first quarter of 2020, it also

provided the schedule to the various stakeholders and then
we have the predecessors that had properties that were
included in the abandoned properties.

All right.

All tescribed property and the amount that was allocated
to each property and the high level description of the
activity that's going to take place.

All right. Are there any other proposals that

Q All right. Are there any other proposals that Fieldwood has made to the Government in connection with the Plan?

A Yes. One clarification in the Agreed Activities exhibit you just asked, that was the original Agreed Activities -- original abandoned property list. Obviously through a number of these consensual agreements, that list of platforms has shrunk meaningfully. So for instance all of the Chevron/Noble, any Hunt platforms that were on that last are now resolved pursuant to the consensual arrangements.

To answer your questions, Mr. Perez, is another major proposal that the company discussed with the Government and is incorporated in its Plan is the "Transition Services Arrangement." The Transition Services Agreement contemplates that for a period of up to nine months, post-effective date, that Credit Bid Purchaser is going to — or Fieldwood is going to maintain operations, maintenance

and safe-keeping of the remaining abandoned properties. is the earlier of nine months or when a predecessor will 2 assume operational control of those facilities and the activities that the -- that Fieldwood is required to conduct pursuant to that Transition Services Agreement are detailed under our proposal in our Plan. 6

I mentioned that that's another area where there's a defined term, "Agreed Activities," but it's defined, "Agreed Activities pursuant to the Transition Services arrangement" in that case.

- All right. And is that implemented -- will that be implemented through the Plan?
- It will be, or its contemplated. 13

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- Okay. All right. And are there any other proposals 14 15 that Fieldwood has made to the Government in connection with 16 the Plan?
 - The Government had expressed to Fieldwood that there were certain assets for which it would like to see Fieldwood maintain responsibility for the decommissioning and expediently address the decommissioning. This was namely four specific wells and four pipelines that are right-ofways.

Fieldwood agreed to do that activity and in fact has already been underway with that activity, even though those conversations develops relatively recently. We are on

location working on three of those four wells.

Currently we've already abandoned at least one of the right-of-way pipelines and I think we may have been in more than that and all of that activity, I believe, is contemplated to be completed in the next couple of months.

Fieldwood is also talking to the Government about a civil penalty settlement addressing all civil penalties that the company has outstanding and a schedule related to resolving other incidents of non-compliance that remain outstanding.

- Q And do you believe that Fieldwood would have sufficient resources in order to carry out all of these proposals to the Government and to the various other deals that you've described?
- A I do. We obviously have spent a significant amount of time analyzing not only the ability to all the various costs and expenses associated with this Plan and the new money need and the cost and expenses to exit and the ongoing obligations with a value of each of these consensual arrangements and our ability to satisfy them, the risk to Credit Bid Purchaser and the stakeholder's willingness to assume those risks and then also accept the profit opportunities, I'm confident that we're going to be able to meet those needs.
- Q Mr. Dane, do you believe that the Plan as drafted

- 1 | accomplishes the intended purposes that it was intended to 2 | achieve?
- $3 \parallel A$ Yes. I do.
- 4 | Q And why do you say that, sir?
- $5 \parallel A$ The objectives of Fieldwood and our stakeholders --
- THE COURT: Mr. Dane, let me interrupt you for a
- 7 | moment.
- 8 Mr. Eisenberg?
- 9 MR. EISENBERG: Yes, Your Honor. That question is 10 objectionable as just totally vague. And lacking foundation 11 at this point.
- THE COURT: I'm going to sustain the way that was asked. You've asked all the detailed questions, Mr. Perez, and asking the big general one, I'm not sure what that does for us.
- 16 MR. PEREZ: All right. Let me then ask some of 17 the more detailed questions.
- 18 | BY MR. PEREZ:
- 19 Q Mr. Dane, is one of the goals of the Plan to
- 20 decommissioning the assets that comprise the former
- 21 || Fieldwood One?
- 22 | A Yeah.
- 23 \parallel Q The former Fieldwood, I'm sorry. The former Fieldwood.
- $24 \parallel A$ Yeah, said a bit differently, I think one of the
- 25 | principle goals of the restructuring was to comprehensively

1 address all of the company's P&A liabilities and to do so in 2 a manner that protected the US taxpayer. That was amongst other important goals, that was one of the principle goals. 3 4 And you believe the Plan accomplishes that goal? 5 I do. We have consensually resolved approximately 6 90 percent of all of Fieldwood's liabilities and I believe 7 we've resolved the other amounts, as well. Unfortunately they just weren't able to be resolved consensually, but 8 9 there is a Plan that provides for the abandonment of all of 10 the outsets that comprise Fieldwood pursuant to the Plan that we've put forth. 11 12 Now does the Plan provide releases and exculpations? 13 It does. All right. And does it provide for Debtor releases? 14 15 Α It does. And how did the Debtors determine that the releases 16 17 were appropriate? 18 There was a number of factors that the Debtors evaluated to make that determination. There was an 19 20 investigation that took place where company's counsel evaluated any potential claims that they be colorable or 21

relevant. That analysis was conducted through a lengthy

presented to our lead independent board member. He agreed

with the conclusion that there weren't any valuable claims

interview process and investigatory process. It was

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or concerns and he made that recommendation to the board. 1 That was an important part of that consideration and then 2 3 obviously just the consideration of the contribution that a 4 number of the parties -- had a number of the parties' 5 contribution to achieving an overall successful Plan. And what were the parties' contributions? 6 7 The parties' contributions were, you know, broadly bringing the business to the state where we have the ability 8 9 to address all of these obligations successfully, to achieve 10 all the goals of the Plan. You know, the goals of the Plan 11 being in my mind not only what we discussed, but in terms comprehensively addressing all of the company's P&A, but 12 13 also finding new capital of hundreds of millions of dollars during this really challenging time in order to recapitalize 14 15 the NewCo business in order to save the jobs of thousands of people in order to create a business with new capital that 16 17 was capable of satisfying all these various predecessor 18 arrangements. 19 The predecessor arrangements are utility the Credit Bid 20 Purchaser's employees in order to do that so the Credit Bid Purchaser and the new capital is kind of an instrumental 21 22 part. In order to recognize the contributions of the 23 parties that reached the consensual arrangements in order to 24 get us to this point, so those were some of the

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considerations.

- 1 | Q Thank you.
- 2 Are there third-party releases also in the Plan?
- $3 \parallel A$ Yes.
- $4 \parallel Q$ All right. And is it your understanding that these
- 5 | releases are consensual releases?
- $6 \parallel A \parallel It is.$
- 7 || Q And are you aware that certain parties have opted out
- 8 | of those releases?
- $9 \parallel A$ Yes. I am.
- 10 \parallel Q All right. Next, Mr. Dane, are you aware that the
- 11 | unsecured creditors are classified in two classes, Class 6A
- 12 | and Class 6B?
- 13 A Yes. That's what I understand.
- 14 \parallel Q All right. And what is the purpose for having a
- 15 || Class 6A?
- 16 | A The Class 6A creditors represent trade creditors that
- 17 | is a separate group and if those trade creditors sign a
- 18 | trade agreement that will ensure that Fieldwood will be able
- 19 | to continue receiving services and good from these vendors,
- 20 | then in exchange for a 14-cent payout, they participate in
- 21 | that class and the significance of it is these vendors are
- 22 | critical for our ongoing operations. This business is not
- 23 | capable of functioning with our vendors, but importantly,
- 24 | the future certainties that the vendors that participate in
- 25 | this class, provides the company to know that it's going to

1 be able to rely on this vendor group to service the outset is a critical thing that the company feels that it needed to 2 3 get comfortable with to ensure it continued to operate. 4 Now during the course of the bankruptcy, has the 5 company entered into any trade agreements with vendors? Yes. Pursuant to the vendor motion that was issued on 6 7 the First Day Hearing, the company has entered into 100-and -- I believe over 165 trade agreements with vendors and it 8 9 has -- that's associated with, I believe, \$145 million of 10 pre-petition claims which represents, according to our analysis, approximately 70 percent of the total pre-petition 11 claims that were outstanding. 12 All right. You mean pre-petition trade claims, 13 correct? 14 15 Correct, sorry. It's pre-petition trade claims. 16 All right. And so let me ask you this question: 17 is it important for the ongoing business a Credit Bid 18 Purchaser to have the support of the trade vendors? The certainty that these agreements provide the vendors 19 20 that agreed to enter into the trade agreements, gives the 21 business the certainty that we know we can rely on these 22 vendors to support the business. The Gulf of Mexico vendor 23 community is not, I would say, broadly commoditized. There

are, in some cases sole service providers, in other cases

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limited options.

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        And so that's certainty that we can rely on for these
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   vendors is very meaningful.
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        Also, you know, as a part of these trade agreements,
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    they are agreeing to release any claims and liens. That's
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    something that allows the company and its advisors and staff
   to focus on other matters, as opposed to addressing those
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    concerns.
        All right. And then do you consider that the trade
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   vendors that sign trade agreements in Class 6A are critical
    to the look forward business?
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         I think that the certainty that these trade agreements
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   provide is critical to the go-forward business and these
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   vendors signing these trade agreements giving the business
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    that certainty that they are going to be there to service
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    the company is something that's critical for successful
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    operation.
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        Thank you.
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        Mr. Dane, let me ask you to turn to Exhibit No. 108.
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              MR. PEREZ: And Your Honor, this is a
    demonstrative. It is not admitted into evidence.
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              THE COURT: So --
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              MR. PEREZ: It is, I'm sorry, 108 is 1646-3.
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              THE COURT: 1644-3 maybe? 1643 doesn't have a
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   dash three is the problem.
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MR. PEREZ: No. I'm sorry. 1546-3.

- THE COURT: 1646 -- okay. I have that open.
- 2 MR. PEREZ: Okay.
- 3 | BY MR. PEREZ:
- 4 | Q Mr. Dane, do you have that?
- $5 \parallel A \parallel I do.$
- 6 | Q All right. And I'm going -- and can you just briefly
- 7 | tell the Court what this is?
- 8 A This is a Schedule that reflects the estimated exit
- 9 cost associated with the Plan as prepared by the company and
- 10 || its advisors.
- 11 | Q Okay. All right. And I'm going to focus you on the
- 12 | right-hand column and ask you to go down through what these
- 13 | various payments are.
- 14 So what is the Fieldwood One exit payment?
- 15 | A The Fieldwood One exit payment, as I described earlier,
- 16 \parallel is the payment that Fieldwood agreed to as a part of this
- 17 | overall Apache agreement which established that Fieldwood
- 18 was required to pay the difference between \$50 million and
- 19 | however much money it actually paid related to P&A costs
- 20 | between filing date and the effective date, plus some other
- 21 | minor adjustments.
- 22 And that cost estimate of \$10-to-20 million reflects
- 23 | the arrangement that Fieldwood expressed to have to
- 24 | contribute at exit pursuant to that agreement.
- 25 | Q And what is the Fieldwood Three exit payment?

- The Fieldwood Three exit payment is the money that
 Fieldwood is leaving behind associated with the nine
 platforms and ten wells for which it also is maintaining
 future credit support. At Fieldwood Three that Fieldwood
 Three money will be used to reimburse the Credit Bid
- 6 Purchaser for any costs associated with completing that 7 work.
- 8 | Q What is the Fieldwood Four exit payment?
- The Fieldwood Four exit payment is pursuant to the consensual agreement reached between Chevron and Fieldwood whereby Fieldwood agreed to contribute \$5 million at exit and that is going to be used in order to pay for safety costs associated with the 25 platforms -- or 20-or-so
- platforms associated with the Chevron/Fieldwood Four transaction.
- 16 Q All right. And then what about the next \$5 million of 17 Fieldwood Four's exit payment?
- 18 A Oh, I'm sorry. I read the wrong -- the lines the wrong 19 way.
- 20 || Q Okay.
- 21 A What I just described was the \$5 million payment. The \$14-1/2 million payment is associated with properties that Fieldwood is going to -- properties that are going to be a part of the Fieldwood Four divisive merger entity, which previously were associated with Fieldwood Three and by

- 1 | virtue of agreeing to place them in Fieldwood Four, that
- $2 \parallel \$14-1/2$ million was the allocated amount of P&A that
- 3 | Fieldwood had otherwise earmarked for those properties and
- 4 | it's the amount that's going to be contributed at exit for
- 5 || Fieldwood Four to address those specific properties.
- $6 \parallel Q$ All right. And then what about the Eni exit payment?
- 7 | A Eni exit payment is a combination of capital that's
- 8 | being contributed towards the decommissioning and legal fee
- 9 | reimbursement that was contemplated under our agreement with
- 10 | Eni.
- 11 \parallel Q And so what is the paydown of the FLFO facility?
- 12 | A The negotiations around Fieldwood's future capital
- 13 | structure, the current first lien/first out facility is
- 14 | \$139 million and it was a condition as a part of those
- 15 | negotiations that there was a required paydown of
- 16 | \$20 million, plus some accrued interest expense that's
- 17 | associated with that facility -- that exit.
- 18 | Q And what about the DIP repayment?
- 19 | A So the company had \$10 million it was required to draw
- 20 | at the approval of the DIP. \$90 million remains undrawn,
- 21 | was never drawn and \$10 million plus accrued interest is
- 22 | contemplated as being repaid at exit.
- 23 ||Q What are the sale reserve costs?
- 24 | A Sale reserve costs are certain costs that under the
- 25 | Plan agreement, the Fieldwood is leaving behind to satisfy

- 1 | certain deductibles associated with interest-related
- 2 | deductibles associated with personal injury policies and
- 3 other excluded assets that are going with the Credit Bid
- 4 | Purchaser.
- 5 | Q What about the implementation fees?
- 6 | A Implementation and filing fees are associated with
- 7 | implementing certain of these transactions and being able to
- 8 | conduct the required filings associated with the
- 9 | transaction.
- 10 | Q And what about the premiums?
- 11 A Premiums are bond premiums pursuant to the deal that
- 12 | Fieldwood has in principle with USSIC for \$75 million of new
- 13 | bonding capacities. These are premiums associated with
- 14 | bonds that the parties agreed that the Credit Bid Purchaser
- 15 | would assume under modified indemnity agreements. And these
- 16 | are the annual premium that is due on the effective date
- 17 | associated with those bonds being assumed, pursuant to the
- 18 | modified indemnity agreement.
- 19 \parallel Q All right. Let me drop you down to Plan Administrator
- 20 | Expense Reserve. Do you see that?
- 21 A I do. At the very --
- 22 ||Q| And what is that?
- 23 | A That's the amount that was negotiated between the
- 24 | company and the UCC and determined to be remaining for the
- 25 | Plan Administrator to be able to conduct all the Plan

- 1 | Administrator activities post-effective date.
- $2 \parallel Q$ All right. So on the column on the left-hand side,
- 3 | those are the various claim reserves; is that correct?
- 4 A That's right.
- $5 \parallel Q$ Okay. If we assume the high number for the claim
- 6 reserves, what is the total cash that you would need at
- 7 || exist, either to pay or to reserve?
- 8 | A Total exit costs are \$168-1/2 million under these
- 9 | assumptions on the end.
- 10 ||Q Okay. Would you turn to the next slide, sir?
- 11 | A Mr. Perez, I don't believe those were included in my --
- 12 | Q It's on the back side -- it's on the back side of that
- 13 | one.
- 14 A Oh. Thank you. I found it.
- 15 \parallel Q All right. Did the company prepare a 13-week cash flow
- 16 | budget?
- 17 | A It does. It prepares that every two weeks.
- 18 \parallel Q Okay. And to answer my question, every two weeks. And
- 19 || is that -- but it's presented to the lenders every two
- 20 | weeks?
- 21 || A It is.
- 22 | Q All right. And what the company project to be its cash
- 23 | amount for the next two months?
- $24 \parallel A$ Over the course, the company obviously has variability
- 25 | in its weekly ending cash balances as timing of when it

receives its revenue, which is predominately one week of the two days of the month, the 20th and 25th, and the timing of which it needs to make its disbursements, which is every week of the month.

So the company's cash balance over this period is projected to be between approximately 50 million to as high as \$120 million.

- Q All right. And so what would -- what is the four-week average from -- you know, during July?
- 10 A four-week average during July is \$72 million.
- 11 Q All right. So if you use that amount as the balance
 12 sheet cash, based on the numbers on the preceding page, does
 13 the Debtor have enough cash at exit to actually exit
- 14 | bankruptcy?

- A Yes. If we use that amount and we assume a full draw on the \$185 million available to the facility and the company allocates \$120 million to the Credit Bid Purchaser opening cash balance, which it's required to do under its agreements, which at the discretion of the lenders is actually able to be reduced to 100.
- And we assume the high amount of expenses of almost \$169 million, then assuming all of those assumptions, there is excess cash that's available to fund all of the various needs.
- \parallel Q Do you believe that you're going to be at the high end

- 1 | of the expenses?
- 2 | A It's not my expectation that we're going to be at the
- $3 \parallel \text{high end of the expense.}$
- $4 \parallel Q$ And then currently what are the -- what is the buffer
- 5 assuming that you have the full \$120 million on the balance
- 6 | sheet?
- 7 A That buffer is \$5 million.
- 8 | Q And if you only had to put --
- 9 | THE COURT: I'm sorry. I just didn't hear the
- 10 | answer, Mr. Dane. The buffer is about what?
- 11 | THE WITNESS: Sorry, Your Honor. The buffer is
- 12 \parallel \$5 million.
- 13 | THE COURT: MS. TOGNETTI:
- 14 BY MR. PEREZ:
- 15 | Q Okay. And if you only had to put 100 million on the
- 16 | balance sheet of Credit Bid Purchaser, what would the buffer
- 17 || be?
- 18 A The buffer would be \$25 million.
- 19 $\|Q\|$ All right. Now on a go-forward basis, is the Credit
- 20 | Bid Purchaser generating positive cash?
- 21 A Yes. The Credit Bid Purchaser is expected to generate
- 22 | meaningful positive cash. Initially as I mentioned, it's
- 23 | going to be -- the cash flow is going to be burdened by
- 24 | significant expenses that is pertaining -- as far as these
- 25 | transactions affect the working capital, but even in the

first period under our projections that were included in the 1 exhibit, the projections exhibit, there's positive cash 2 flows. 3 4 All right. Could you actually turn to page 8 of 9 in 5 Exhibit 16-15 of -- 1615-20? I'm sorry, Mr. Perez. What is that exhibit number? 6 7 17 -- Exhibit 17, page 8 of 9. Found it. Thank you. 8 9 Okay. And what does that show to be the ending cash 10 balance at the end of the projection period in 2025? It shows \$876 million of ending cash. 11 And what would the total debt be at that time? 12 Total debt in these projections is shown as 13 \$194 million. 14 15 Q All right. MR. PEREZ: Your Honor, I have no further 16 17 questions of this witness. 18 THE COURT: Thank you. Are there any proponents of the Plan that have any 19

questions for Mr. Dane? If so, please press five star.

(No audible response.)

20

21

22

23

24

25

THE COURT: All right. I'm showing no other proponents have any questions, so we'll move to opponents of Confirmation.

I'm not sure how long do you want to -- whether

```
you want to take a break now or what you want to do.
1
   got a 4:00 o'clock hearing. I don't know how long that's
2
 3
   going to last.
 4
              Mr. Dane, are you available to return at 5:00 if
 5
   we take a break now?
 6
              THE WITNESS: Yes, Your Honor. I can return at
7
   any time.
              THE COURT: And how late can you stay tonight?
8
 9
              THE WITNESS: I can stay as long as the Court has
10
    the patience for me.
11
              THE COURT: Okay. Why don't we do this? Just so
12
    that maybe the opponents can organize who's going to go
13
    first and what all -- how it's going to be divided up, let's
   adjourn. I'll call my 4:00 o'clock hearing on time at 4:00.
14
15
    I don't know how long it's going to last. I will not recall
   Fieldwood prior to 5:00 so that you all can plan to have an
16
17
   hour and a half break.
18
              At 5:00 I would just ask you to start tuning in
19
   and watching what's happening to the Country Fresh hearing.
20
    I suspect it will end around then, but if not, we may not
    really get to you until, you know, 5:15 or 5:30.
21
22
              Does anyone have any problem where that won't work
23
    for your particular schedules?
              I do have someone that has pressed five star.
24
25
              Mr. Alaniz?
```

```
MR. DUEWALL: Your Honor?
1
 2
              THE COURT: Was that Mr. Duewall?
 3
              MR. DUEWALL: Yes, Your Honor. I had a quick
 4
   housekeeping matter before we broke --
 5
              THE COURT: Yeah, go ahead and then we'll --
              MR. DUEWALL: -- for a break.
 6
7
              THE COURT: -- then we'll hear from Mr. Alaniz
8
   next, so what do you have Mr. Duewall?
 9
              MR. DUEWALL: Thank you, Your Honor. In Debtors'
10
    exhibits were authorized, I wanted to make sure the Record
11
   was clear, and we're talking about Document 1672 in the
12
   Court's Record, specifically on page 5 of that document.
13
    The Debtors have done a nice job of color coordinating their
   Exhibit List to reflect the documents where the Court is
14
    taking judicial notice, the documents where the parties had
15
   agreed were admissible, and the documents where we agreed
16
17
    there would be admissible for a new purpose. They're a
18
    demonstrative aid. I just wanted to make sure that the
19
    Court's previous ruling admitting their exhibits was
20
    reflective of what was intended in that document (glitch in
    the audio) --
21
22
              THE COURT: I should have made that clear and yes,
23
    I'm admitting 1672 -- all of the documents from 1672 as
24
    indicated on 1672 and not differently than what's indicated
25
    there.
```

```
1
              Thank you.
 2
              Anything else, Mr. Duewall, or should we move to
   Mr. Alaniz?
 3
 4
              MR. DUEWALL: No, Your Honor.
 5
              THE COURT: Thank you.
              Mr. Alaniz?
 6
 7
              MR. ALANIZ: Yes, Your Honor. Omar Alaniz on
 8
   behalf of Hess Corporation.
 9
              Your Honor, I actually just wanted to get into the
10
    queue as a cross-examiner of Mr. Dane, and also the break is
11
    good for us because we -- Mr. Bred and I were expecting
    consensual resolution during the last break and I couldn't
12
    get to my client in time.
13
              We do have an outstanding email to him during the
14
15
    examination. This is a good time for us to go back and see
    if we can resolve before the next examination.
16
17
              THE COURT: All right. That's fine, or if you
18
    just want to give Mr. Dane a hard time, that's fine, too.
    We'll see where we go.
19
20
         (Laughter.)
21
              THE COURT: Mr. Singer?
22
              MR. SINGER: Hello, Your Honor, Kelly Singer on
23
   behalf of Ecopetrol.
24
              Your Honor, we've been waiting patiently and I
25
    don't know if my witness is going to be available after
```

```
1
    5:00 o'clock today. I'm going to follow up with them, but I
 2
    just wanted to -- I just didn't want that to prejudice us in
 3
    case we intended to finish everything today.
 4
              We still have our issue and our objection. We're
 5
    hopeful that we can get it resolved, but we're not there
 6
    yet. So I wanted to throw that out there, Your Honor, just
 7
    so that --
 8
              THE COURT: It will not -- if we get to the end of
 9
    the day and your issue is not resolved, we will schedule
10
    your witness not today.
              MR. SINGER: Thank you, Judge.
11
12
              THE COURT: Anyone else?
13
         (No audible response.)
14
              THE COURT: Okay. Wait, I do have one more
15
    person.
16
              Mr. Baay?
17
              MR. BAAY: (No audible response.)
18
              THE COURT: Mr. Baay?
19
              MR. BAAY: Yes, Your Honor, we are in --
20
              THE COURT: Go ahead, please.
21
              MR. BAAY: Can you hear me now?
22
              THE COURT: I can. Thank you.
              MR. BAAY: We are in close with witnesses that may
23
24
    or may not be available tomorrow and we also have, I think,
25
    some language that we're working on with Debtors, so I guess
```

```
1
   we are -- want the same consideration, I guess, if we need
 2
    to go forward, we'll be able to set a time that is available
    for us and our witnesses?
 3
 4
              THE COURT: You said he's not available tomorrow?
 5
              MR. BAAY: I'm sorry, later today.
 6
              THE COURT: Okay.
 7
              MR. BAAY: I'm not sure about tomorrow. We're
 8
    just --
 9
              THE COURT: What we'll do is we're going to try
10
    and finish Mr. Dane today and maybe make some more progress,
11
    but I'm not going to count on finishing everything today and
12
    so we'll find some time at the end of the day to come back
13
    with your other witnesses.
14
              MR. BAAY: Thank you, Your Honor.
15
              THE COURT: Mr. Genender?
16
              MR. GENENDER: (No audible response.)
17
              THE COURT: Mr. Genender?
18
              MR. GENENDER: Your Honor, I think you answered
19
    the point I wanted to make, which is our next witnesses are
20
    not available this evening. So I'm assuming if Mr. Dane is
21
    the last witness then for the day, then it's not an issue.
22
    I just wanted to alert the Court of that.
23
              THE COURT: That's fine with me. I didn't know
    that, but that's fine with me. And we're going to find time
24
25
    to finish this hearing, but there's no point in us being
```

here until midnight when we've also got 18 balls up in the air where other things are going to get resolved and we're not going to sign the Order today for sure, so we'll find a way to get it finished.

MR. GENENDER: Thank you, Judge.

THE COURT: Mr. Fishel?

MR. FISHEL: Thank you, Your Honor. Mr. Fishel on behalf of Ridgewood.

Same issue as Mr. Singer. Witness won't be available after 6:00 o'clock, but if we're not signing the Order today, that shouldn't be a problem. Hopefully it's all resolved before them.

THE COURT: Well, I mean, from the announcement Mr. Genender has made, it's clear the Debtors aren't going to rest, so I don't think anyone needs to worry at all about your witnesses being available, other than when we're going to finish the Debtors' case-in-chief, and then we'll line up with enough notice that your witnesses can participate.

Anybody else?

MR. FISHEL: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. We will adjourn your hearing till 5:00. We're going to adjourn court till 4:00. I don't promise I'm going to restart at 5:00. What I promise is I won't restart before 5:00 on your hearing. And then we'll see where we go.

1 Thank you. I'm going to go ahead and mute everyone that is on 2 3 the line right now so that you're not making noise during my 4 other hearings and then you'll need to repress five star when we come back. 5 (Recess taken from 3:36 p.m. to 4:59 p.m.) 6 7 AFTER RECESS 8 All right. We're going to go back on THE COURT: the Record in Fieldwood. Mr. Dane, I've reactivated your 9 10 line and you remain under oath from the earlier session. 11 I assume that the opposing parties have worked out who will begin the cross-examination of Mr. Dane. Whoever 12 wants to begin that, if you would please press five star one 13 time -- one time on your line. 14 15 (Pause in the proceedings.) 16 THE COURT: I'm not sure who wants to take the lead 17 on cross-examining Mr. Dane. If you would press five star 18 one time, please. 19 (Pause in the proceedings.) 20 THE COURT: Mr. Dane, are you able to hear me all right? 21 22 THE WITNESS: I am, Your Honor. 23 THE COURT: All right. There we go, I've got 24 somebody here. All right. 25 MR. DUEWALL: Your Honor?

1 THE COURT: Yes, go ahead. MR. DUEWALL: Your Honor, Craig Duewall with 2 Greenberg Traurig on behalf of BP. During the break we have 3 4 reached out to the sureties. It is my understanding that 5 they as a group were going to go first. I don't know if I'm 6 wrong in that regard, but that's why we were pausing there 7 and waiting for them to begin. 8 THE COURT: Thank you. 9 Let me -- I've got somebody else that's pressed five 10 star, now let me see who -- well, that was Mr. Perez. Let 11 me see, do I have anybody on behalf of the sureties that has any questions that you wish to ask Mr. Dane? If so, please 12 press five star one time on your phone. 13 14 (Pause in the proceedings.) THE COURT: So I suspect somebody is having a 15 16 If you're representing the sureties and you want to 17 cross-examine, and I'm not seeing any five star, can you turn 18 on your camera and just wave at me and I'll find you. 19 (Pause in the proceedings.) 20 THE COURT: Mr. Million, I'm going to impose on you 21 because I hear -- yours is the first line I found for a 22 surety, do you know who's going to take the lead for the 23 sureties, Mr. Million? 24 MR. MILLION: (No audible response.)

THE COURT: Mr. Million?

```
1
              MR. MILLION: (No audible response.)
2
              THE COURT: Mr. Perez?
 3
              MR. MILLION: I apologize, Your Honor. I am not
 4
    sure. I will be happy to find out as quickly as possible
 5
    though.
 6
              THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.
7
              Mr. Perez?
8
              MR. PEREZ: Your Honor --
 9
              THE COURT: Go ahead.
10
              MR. PEREZ: -- yeah, Your Honor, I didn't
11
   understand that the sureties were going to cross-examine
   Mr. Dane at this time, but I may be mistaken about that.
12
   But I thought that it was BP and Hess that were going to do
13
    the cross-examination.
14
15
              THE COURT: That's fine. I'm just -- I'm not going
   to stop anyone from cross-examining him. I mean if you
16
17
    think it breaches an agreement, I'll let you reach -- you
18
   know, make that objection then. But I know that they --
19
              MR. PEREZ: Oh, I --
20
              THE COURT: -- it wasn't like you had a deal with
21
    100 percent of the sureties I don't think so.
22
               Okay. Let's wait just a second. We're only at you
23
   know, three after 5:00, so.
24
              There we go, I've got somebody now.
25
              Mr. Woodard, were you taking the lead on the
```

```
cross-examination?
1
              MR. WOODARD: (No audible response.)
2
 3
              THE COURT: Mr. Woodard, I think you may have your
 4
    own line muted.
 5
              MR. WOODARD: I did. I have to be smarter than
 6
    the phone unfortunately, but --
7
              THE COURT: That's right.
8
              MR. WOODARD: -- I hadn't planned on taking the
    lead, but rather than have everybody sit around and twiddle
 9
10
    their thumbs, we might as well -- I can take the first shot
    and then hopefully some of my brethren will show up along
11
12
    the way.
13
              THE COURT: Yeah, but look, COVID's tough enough, I
14
   mean if we're having some problems, somebody getting hooked
15
    up, I'm going to just wait a minute for them to get here.
16
    you're expecting them, let's give people a minute --
17
              MR. WOODARD: Oh, I mean, I haven't heard from
18
    them, any of them, so I don't know.
19
              THE COURT:
                          Okay.
20
              MR. WOODARD: And so --
21
              THE COURT: Well, do you have some questions that
22
    you want to ask anyway?
23
              MR. WOODARD: Yeah, I do actually.
24
              THE COURT: Okay.
25
              MR. WOODARD: That's not part of the Apache group
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1 so I can do that.
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- 2 | THE COURT: Go ahead.
- 3 MR. WOODARD: Okay. Thank you, Your Honor.
- 4 CROSS-EXAMINATION OF MICHAEL DANE
- 5 BY MR. WOODARD:
- 6 Q This is Lee Woodard, Harris Beach, PLLC, on behalf of 7 Lexon Insurance Company, Mr. Dane.
- Good afternoon where you are, it's good evening where I

 mathematical am. But you've had a long day of testimony already, so I'm

 going to try to be as brief as I can. But you're familiar

 with the bonding requirements. Right? You testified to

 that earlier. That Fieldwood has been subject to leading up

 to the bankruptcy. Right?
- 14 | A Yes, sir.
- Did you ever sign any indemnity agreements with any of the -- with any of the sureties on behalf of Fieldwood?
- 17 A I believe I did, but I don't recall. We had a number 18 of folks that had signed indemnity agreements here.
- 19 \parallel Q But you're familiar with those as well?
- 20 | A Yes, I am.
- 21 Q Have you ever seen any bonds issued without an 22 indemnity agreement?
- 23 A No, I've never seen a bond issued without an indemnity 24 agreement.
- 25 \parallel Q And you would agree with me, would you not, that

```
Fieldwood would not have been able to operate pre-bankruptcy
1
   without all of the bonding that it had in place. Right?
2
 3
         I think, well it's a hypothetical. It's hard for me to
 4
   know if we weren't able to produce all of the bonds that we
 5
   needed, if there wouldn't have been other ways to satisfy
 6
   them or if we wouldn't have been able to negotiate something
7
   different with the Government or with the other parties,
   private parties that those bonds are in favor of.
8
 9
         Okay. And if there are certainly other ways to
10
   satisfy the financial accommodation, other than by bond.
11
   But as you sit here, you didn't have any of those, you just
12
   had the bond. Right?
13
              MR. PEREZ: I'm going to object, Your Honor, to the
14
   form of the question. I don't know what he meant by
15
    "financial accommodation" in connection with that. I think
16
   it's vaque.
17
              THE COURT: Sustained.
18
   BY MR. WOODARD:
         The -- it doesn't matter. These are all leading up to
19
20
   another thing.
21
         What I need to find out, Mr. Dane, is all my questions
22
   are going to be directed to is exactly what happens to the
23
   bonds under the Plan. All right? So that's where we're going
24
    to be going.
```

Let's start -- I mean, let's try to go by bucket if we

- can. So we're going to have the Credit Bid NewCo. It's going to need bonds to operate going forward, wouldn't you agree?
- $3 \parallel A$ Yes.

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- 4 Q And is, in fact, arranged, we heard earlier in the testimony that there is \$75 million of new bonding being arranged for this; is that right?
- 7 A That's right. As you mentioned earlier there are other 8 ways to satisfy financial security requirements.
- 9 Q Yet your testimony was that they have agreed to -10 with one of the companies, to get \$75 million worth of new
 11 bonds. Right? That was your testimony.
- 12 A Fieldwood had a commitment from USSIC to provide 13 \$75 million upon capacity to purchase the agreement.
 - Q Okay. And we haven't seen the terms so that's why I'm a little confused as to between who. What about the existing bonds on the leases that are going to NewCo as part of the purchase, what happens to those?
 - A Well, I defer to our counsel on the treatment of the contracts themselves. But as I understand it, the indemnity agreements are pre-petition claims that are going to be treated under the Plan. The bonds are not something in favor of Fieldwood, and even Fieldwood is not the obligee or beneficiary of the bonds. The bonds were issued and our security outstanding in the favor of the obligee, and Fieldwood doesn't have the ability to implement that.

- 1 | Fieldwood's Plan addresses the pre-petition indemnity
- 2 | agreements, and so asking mutual agreement with the bonding
- 3 | provider, or the surety, Fieldwood's Plan does not
- 4 | contemplate any allocation, assignment or other transfer of
- 5 | any bonds.
- 6 Q So that the -- is it your testimony that the existing
- 7 | bonds, while they will still be in existence because they
- 8 | don't get cancelled, they'll just remain there, but not be at
- 9 | the disposal of the Credit Bid Purchaser?
- 10 | A I don't think any bond is ever at the disposal of the
- 11 | obligor.
- 12 | Q Well -- well, that wouldn't be the obligor. Right?
- 13 | That would be the principal. But the -- if the principal is
- 14 going to be credit -- is still going to be Fieldwood.
- 15 | Right?
- 16 \parallel A The principal on the bond is going to be whoever the
- 17 | principal that was originally on the bond when it was issued
- 18 || is going to be. And like I said, the Plan doesn't
- 19 | contemplate any non-consensual transfer, allocation,
- 20 | assignment of any bonds. So the bonds would remain in the
- 21 | hands of the beneficiary, or the oblique as they were, you
- 22 | know, as they were when they were issued. It's not security
- 23 | of Fieldwood.
- 24 ||Q And Fieldwood is not going to be in control of the
- 25 property -- or of the lease that that bond would be

```
purported to be the financial accommodation for, is it?
1
2
              MR. PEREZ: The same objection, Your Honor. I
 3
   don't know what he means by "financial accommodation."
 4
              THE COURT: Overruled.
 5
              THE WITNESS: Those properties are falling into
 6
   various different categories that I described in my earlier
 7
    testimony. There's a Fieldwood One entity, there's a
   Fieldwood Four entity, there's the Credit Bid Purchaser
8
    entity, there's going to be a couple of free properties,
 9
10
    there's going to be abandoned properties. And so I'm not sure
11
   what you mean by in the control of. Certain -- each of
12
   those entities is going to have properties on them.
   BY MR. WOODARD:
13
         Mr. Dane, I said we were talking about the Credit Bid
14
   Purchasers. We're at bucket number one. We haven't moved on
15
   to any of the other buckets yet.
16
17
         And in bucket number one we have the Credit Bid
18
   Purchaser is, according to its purchase contract, right, is
19
   going to buy the assignment of a number of leases. My
20
   question to you was, is Fieldwood the principal on those
   bonds that cover those leases? They're not going to have
21
22
   anything remaining to do with those leases, are they?
23
          The Credit Bid Purchaser is going to be the owner of
    the leases that is required under the Plan, which is the
24
```

Credit Bid Purchaser is not the same entity as Fieldwood.

Q Thank you.

And is it also not true that the Credit Bid Purchaser is not seeking to substitute itself on those bonds?

A They're -- Fieldwood has had a number of conversations with the surety providers, but asking mutual consent, or some mutually acceptable arrangement, there's nothing, as I said several times, there's nothing under the Plan that contemplates non-consensual assignment, allocation, transfer of any bonds.

Q Right. I've heard that, yeah, I've heard that statement numbers of times. But so at the end of the day the point is that the bonds that cover -- or that relate to the leases that will now be owned, operated by the Credit Bid Purchaser, there will be a transfer of the principal.

MR. PEREZ: Object to the form of the questions, calls for a legal conclusion and it misstates his testimony.

THE COURT: I'm going to sustain as to calling for a legal conclusion. I don't think it's a valid objection that it misstates his testimony. It didn't attempt to state his testimony. But it does call for a legal conclusion.

MR. WOODARD: I understand, Your Honor. Thank you.

23 BY MR. WOODARD:

Q Let's see, let's move on then to Fieldwood One that we were talking about before. Is Fieldwood One planning on

- 1 | acquiring new bonds to operate its stated purpose?
- 2 | A Fieldwood One is going to -- needs to procure whatever
- 3 | financial assurance the Government requires of it in order
- 4 | to be able to operate, so it does intend to, yes, bonding or
- 5 | otherwise.
- 6 Q Well, what does Fieldwood One believe happens to the
- 7 | existing bonds that are issued to the leases that will be
- 8 | held then in the name of the divisibly emerged entity,
- 9 || Fieldwood One?
- 10 A I did mention that, I don't believe the bonds are held
- 11 by the principal, but the bond is held by the obligee.
- 12 | Q Okay. Let me ask it a different way. Fieldwood One
- 13 | you indicated needs -- will need bonding to do what it needs
- 14 | to do if the Government requires it. Correct?
- 15 | A Fieldwood will have to satisfy any financial assurance
- 16 | regulations that the Government imposes on an entity.
- 17 | Q And if the Government imposes a requirement of
- 18 | financial assurance, does Fieldwood One believe it can
- 19 utilize the existing bonds to the leases it then holds?
- 20 | A I don't think -- when you say "use," I'm not sure I'm
- 21 | completely aligned with what you're saying there. You -- the
- 22 | bonds are going to exist independent of Fieldwood's
- 23 | decision -- the bonds will just exist because they've been
- 24 | issued. The bonds will be outstanding. If the bond -- if
- 25 | the -- maybe to answer your question a little more directly,

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I think if BOEM requires certain financial assurance, I do
not think that Fieldwood One can non-consensually require
the existing bonds that are outstanding to be transferred to
a new principal, other than by mutual consent.
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Q Okay. Thank you.

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- And is that the position that is held in the Plan?
- A The position that's held in the Plan is that there's no non-consensual assignment allocation or other transfer of any bonds.
- 10 | Q Is that also true for Fieldwood Three?
- 11 | A That's true for every entity.
- 12 Q Okay. Now there are a number of leases that the Plan
 13 purports to split in different percentages. Correct?
- MR. PEREZ: Object to the question. I think that misstates the Plan.
 - THE COURT: Overruled. This is cross-examination. The witness can answer.

THE WITNESS: There are -- the way that the -- the way that certain leases are being allocated through the divisive mergers to the different entities is based upon the working interest in each lease and where it was acquired. So for instance, if there was a lease where a working interest was acquired 75 percent by Fieldwood One and represents a legacy Apache obligation, 75 percent of the

working interest in that lease pursuant to the divisive

merger is being transferred to Fieldwood One, and that the other 25 percent interest, as an example, is something that the Credit Bid Purchaser is acquiring, then that other 25 percent interest would be allocated through the divisive merger, in that example, through the Credit Bid Purchase arrangement purchased by the Credit Bid Purchaser.

So in the example I just gave you there's a field, Grand Isle 43, that is exactly like that. In other cases an interest may be allocated through the divisive merger to Fieldwood One or Fieldwood Four and then another interest that came from another party that was unrelated to the chain of title predecessor for which the entity is being allocated pursuant to the divisive merger, it may be abandoned. It depends on who the relevant predecessor is to what entity it is being allocated to.

BY MR. WOODARD:

Q But maybe your prior question may have answered the same way. I just wanted to spread it over for this as well. But the -- if the Debtor is not seeking to force non-consensual retention of the bonding, it doesn't matter if the leases are split because you're not trying to split the lease -- I'm sorry, sir, you're not trying to split the bond?

A Yes, I think you're conflating allocating a working interest on a lease with the fact that the property that that lease -- that that bond is related to is not -- it's not

- 1 | related. They're two different things.
- 2 ||Q But if two different things --
- 3 A It's not an allocation -- I'm sorry, in other words it's
- 4 | not an allocation of the bond because the leasehold interest
- $5 \parallel$ in getting split and allocated pursuant to divisive merger.
- 6 The bond stays in the hands of the obligee and the obligee
- 7 | continues to possess the bond.
- 8 Q Okay. I understand. But the bond is not
- 9 extinguished. Whether or not there are other defenses that
- 10 | come into existence because of the dissolution or no longer
- 11 | holding the lease is a different story. I'm not asking you
- 12 | to opine on that, that would be legal conclusion that you
- 13 | don't need to do.
- 14 MR. WOODARD: All right. Your Honor, I will -- I
- 15 | think that's all the questions I have. I've got my questions
- 16 | answered. Thank you.
- 17 | THE COURT: Mr. Woodard, thank you.
- 18 MR. WOODARD: Thank you, Mr. Dane.
- 19 | THE COURT: So I know that we have -- Greenberg
- 20 | has questions. Does anyone else have any questions before
- 21 | we go to them for Mr. Dane? If so, please press five star
- 22 | one time on your phone. He wanted to wait till the end.
- 23 | (Pause in the proceedings.)
- 24 \parallel THE COURT: All right. We do have someone.
- 25 Mr. Alaniz, go ahead, please.

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MR. ALANIZ: Your Honor, Omer Alaniz from the Hess
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 2
    Corporation. I just want to make sure again that I'm in the
 3
    queue, and I'm happy to let BP proceed and I can follow BP's
 4
   examination.
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              THE COURT: All right. Mr. Kuebel.
 6
              MR. KUEBEL: (No audible response.)
7
              THE COURT: Mr. Kuebel?
8
              MR. KUEBEL: (No audible response.)
 9
              MR. DUEWALL: Good evening, Your Honor. Can you
10
   hear me?
11
              THE COURT: I can. Good evening to you.
12
              MR. DUEWALL: Thank you very much, Your Honor.
                  CROSS-EXAMINATION OF MICHAEL DANE
13
   BY MR. DUEWALL:
14
15
         Mr. Dane, taking a few steps back and looking at the
16
   Plan as a whole, do you agree we're essentially engaged --
17
    Fieldwood's essentially engaged in a liquidation of its
18
   assets?
19
             MR. PEREZ: Objection to the form of the question.
20
   Calls for a legal conclusion, but --
21
              THE COURT: Hold on. The question broke up for
22
   me. Let me just get you to re-ask the question if you
23
   would, please.
24
              MR. DUEWALL: Thank you, Your Honor.
25
              Taking a few steps back and looking at the Plan as
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a whole, I asked Mr. Dane if he would agree with me that
Fieldwood is essentially engaged, or attempting a
liquidation of its assets.

MR. PEREZ: And I objected that it calls for a legal conclusion.

THE COURT: I'm going to overrule it. We're not asking about Chapter 7 liquidation, Chapter 11 liquidation.

We're just asking a common language, so I'm going to allow him to answer it. Go ahead.

THE WITNESS: Yeah, I think -- I believe that is, you know, a strong mischaracterization of the Plan. I think it ignores many features of the Plan that would be entirely different than a liquidation. Frankly I think, you know, in a liquidation every party, every stakeholder in this process for the most part, maybe not everyone, but most all of them, are worse off in a liquidation. A liquidation would not bring in new capital into the business.

There's \$225 million of new money that's being contributed. That new money is being utilized in order to fund a variety of different things under this Plan. That starts with being able to capitalize a NewCo business to employ thousands of employees and contractors. The NewCo business is assuming its own significant obligations.

That new money is also being utilized to fund the various expenses under the Plan, to fund these consensual

arrangements, the NewCo entities is a material component of being able to satisfy all the consensual arrangements as to whether the NewCo entity that was capable of raising new capital, it wouldn't be able to conduct the decommissioning on all these various assets.

There wouldn't be a proposal with respect to the Government that safely addressed all the abandoned properties, and was able to, in an organized and orderly fashion, hand over the very reduced set of abandoned properties that at this point is somewhere around 28-29 platforms. So I think it is -- I think that there's very few things that this Plan accomplishes that are not exactly better than a liquidation.

- 14 BY MR. DUEWALL:
- Q Mr. Dane, Fieldwood's transferring assets that Fieldwood One by the divisive merger; is that correct?
- 17 | A Yes.

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18 Q And Fieldwood's transferring assets to Fieldwood Three 19 by divisive merger; is that correct?

MR. PEREZ: Your Honor, let me just make an objection, I mean, I'm objecting to the word "transfer" because I think that is calling for a legal conclusion as to what a divisive merger does. So I'm objecting to the extent it calls for a legal conclusion as to what a divisive merger does.

THE COURT: Are you asking for it in a legal
sense, or are you asking for it in a non-legal determination
of whether this is a transfer, Mr. Duewall?

MR. DUEWALL: Non-legal, Your Honor. I was just

MR. DUEWALL: Non-legal, Your Honor. I was just asking if that -- this was going from Fieldwood to Fieldwood One by divisive merger. I can say it that way if that's better.

THE COURT: Either way I'm going to overrule the objection. I don't think you're asking for the legal conclusion.

Mr. Dane.

THE WITNESS: Yes, so I don't know if the correct terminology is being allocated through the divisive merger or being transferred, but the interests are going to land in the various entities through the divisive merger.

16 | BY MR. DUEWALL:

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- Q Correct. And so the divisive merger applies to Fieldwood One, Fieldwood Three and Fieldwood Four; is that correct?
- 20 | A Yes.
- 21 Q And the Credit Bid Purchase that's assets going from
 22 Fieldwood to NewCo. Correct? The Credit Bid Purchases only
 23 apply to NewCo.
- 24 | A Correct.
- 25 Q All right. I'd like to transition to just asking some

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questions to you regarding some of the objections that BP
  has asserted with regard to set off.
2
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So, Mr. Dane, do you have personal knowledge that on May -- on or about May 17, 2019 Fieldwood Energy, LLC and BP Exploration and Production, Inc. entered into the Purchase and Sale Agreement in respect to the Mississippi Canyon Block 519?

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Yes.

Okay. And I may return -- I may refer to that as MSC -- or "MC519 PSA." Is that all right?

Yes, sir, I understand.

12 Okay. Thank you.

> And under the terms of the MC519 PSA Fieldwood agreed, among other things, to pay BP \$30 million; is that correct?

MR. PEREZ: Your Honor, I'm going to object to the -- I'm going to object to the question for a couple of reasons. Number one, the document speaks for itself. Number two, we have a dispute as to these issues that obviously will come before the Court. They've filed a motion to be able to effectuate a set off, and in essence they're

I think this is inappropriate. Number one, I'm not sure it's really relevant for purposes of the Confirmation Hearing. But it's highly inappropriate for him to be questioning a witness, not showing him the document and

taking discovery right now with respect to that.

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relating to a dispute that's going to be heard at another time as Ms. Heyen had indicated.
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THE COURT: Well, let me ask you, Mr. Perez, do you agree that the set off rights will be unaffected by confirmation of the Plan?

MR. PEREZ: No, Your Honor, we're not -- I don't know that I can take that position. I mean we -- they've taken that position but I don't know that they have set off rights. To the extent that they have valid set off rights currently, they may be affected by the Plan. So I'm not prepared to make that statement.

THE COURT: I'm overruling the objection on it's inappropriate to be asking the questions, because if the Plan might affect the set off rights, he absolutely has the right to ask questions about it. I'm sustaining the objection that you're asking about a document not in evidence.

MR. DUEWALL: Your Honor, I'll re-ask the question.
BY MR. DUEWALL:

- Q Mr. Dane, under the terms of the MC519 PSA Fieldwood agreed, among other things, to pay BP \$30 million; is that correct?
- A Fieldwood agreed as a part of that agreement to a contingent payment. A contingent payment was related to certain payment conditions, so I would -- it's under those

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1
   contingent payment terms there was a payment that is
2
    described in the PSA. But I don't -- I think it's -- I think
 3
   you're saying they agreed, or it's agreed pursuant to the
 4
    contingent terms that need to arise in order for that
 5
   payment to be payable and due.
          And as the CFO, do you recall if you booked that
 6
 7
   payment as due and owing when the contract was executed?
          I don't recall the financial counter-treatment of that
8
 9
   payment.
10
          Do you recall when the payment comes due under the
    terms and conditions of the parties' agreement? Is it your
11
12
    testimony it's due to be paid 180 days after production from
13
    the Genovesa well?
14
       To my recollection --
              MR. PEREZ: Let me make a -- Your Honor, I guess
15
16
   I'm -- is that a question or is that a comment? I mean
17
   Mr. Duewall is in essence testifying. I don't know where he
18
   said, Is it your testimony that, I don't know where that
    comes from. I don't believe he was -- there's been any
19
20
    deposition testimony taken on this. So I'm not quite sure
21
    where that -- I guess the objection is it's an inappropriate
22
   question.
23
              THE COURT: I'll just get you to --
24
              MR. DUEWALL: I can rephrase, Your Honor.
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THE COURT: Yeah, thank you, Mr. Duewall.

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1
   BY MR. DUEWALL:
          Do you have an opinion as to when the $30 million
2
 3
    comes due and payable under the MC519 PSA?
 4
              MR. PEREZ: Yes, Your Honor, I'm going to object to
 5
    the question. It actually calls for an interpretation of
 6
   the document, which I don't believe -- I'm not sure is in
7
    evidence. But, you know, again, it's just calling for a
   legal conclusion, an interpretation of the document.
8
9
              THE COURT: Sustained.
10
              MR. DUEWALL: All right. Your Honor, I'll try to
11
    short circuit the document issues. We'll pull up documents
12
    -- or I think it's been filed under seal but I'd refer the
    Court to our Exhibit 1607-27.
13
14
              THE COURT: All right. Hold on.
15
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
              MR. DUEWALL: And, Mr. Dane, are you able to have
16
17
    that document pulled up for you?
18
              THE COURT: I have Exhibit --
19
              THE WITNESS: I need to --
20
              THE COURT: -- 27 in front of me.
21
              MR. DUEWALL: Your Honor, we will -- it'll take us
22
    a minute to email that document to Mr. Dane.
23
              THE COURT: All right.
              MR. DUEWALL: I believe Ms. Choi can do it.
24
25
              MR. PEREZ: And while we're waiting for that, Your
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1
   Honor, if I could have the Court make Ms. Hymel, H-Y-M-E-L,
 2
    of our office a presenter. There will be some documents
 3
    here in a moment and I'll have her share her screen with --
 4
              THE COURT: Sure.
 5
              MR. PEREZ: -- for.
 6
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
 7
              THE COURT: Can I get you to turn on your camera,
 8
   please, Ms. Hymel, and then we'll make you the presenter, and
 9
    then you can turn your camera back off. It's just that I've
10
    got about 150 initials that I have to sort through.
11
              MR. PEREZ: She's working on that right now, Your
12
   Honor.
13
              THE COURT: Thank you.
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
14
15
              THE COURT: If she can't do that, she doesn't have a
    camera, I need to know her initials.
16
17
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
18
              THE COURT: Here we go. Ms. Hymel, let me get you
19
    now the presenter. Thank you.
20
              All right. Ms. Hymel is now the presenter.
21
    let's wait for Mr. Dane to get Exhibit 27 in front of him.
22
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
23
              MR. DUEWALL: And I think we have an agreement,
24
    Your Honor, with Debtors regarding the admissibility of the
25
   BP exhibits. So if it's appropriate to do it now, I would --
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1
   Exhibit Numbers 1, 2, 3 and 4 from our list are all
 2
    demonstrative and they're only offered for demonstrative
 3
   purposes. And I believe the remainder of the exhibits on
 4
    our list they did not find objectionable except for No. 24,
 5
    which is the methodology paper regarding decommissioning and
   we would not move to admit that exhibit at this time.
 6
 7
              THE COURT: So you're moving for --
 8
              MR. DUEWALL: We would move --
 9
              THE COURT: -- 5 through -- let's be sure -- it's 5
10
    though 35 with the exception of 24?
11
              MR. DUEWALL: Yes, Your Honor.
12
              THE COURT: Any objections?
              MR. PEREZ: Your Honor, Ms. Choi probably needs to
13
   weigh in.
14
              THE COURT: All right. Ms. Choi, let me get your
15
16
    line active.
17
              Mr. Million, I see that you have raised your hand
18
    and I want you to be aware that you're free to speak at any
19
   point.
20
              Mr. Genender, I've activated your line. And I'm
21
    looking --
22
              MR. GENENDER: Ms. Choi's with me. Ms. Choi's with
23
   me, Your Honor, same line.
24
              THE COURT: Okay.
25
              MR. GENENDER: First of all, just a housekeeping
```

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1
   matter. The document on the screen is a document that's
2
   highly confidential so it shouldn't be shown. I wanted to
 3
   point that out. And Ms. Choi can speak to the other
 4
   documents.
 5
             MS. CHOI: Your Honor, Erin Choi, Weil Gotshal, on
   behalf of the Debtors. I agree with Exhibits 5 through 35,
 6
7
   except for 24 --
8
             THE COURT: Okay. BP --
9
             MS. CHOI: -- line.
10
             THE COURT: -- BP 5 through 23 and BP 25 through
11
   35 are admitted.
        (BP Exhibit Nos. 5 through 23 and 25 through 35
12
   received in evidence.)
13
14
             MR. PEREZ: Yeah, we can't show that one.
15
             MR. GENENDER: Your Honor, Paul Genender for
16
   Debtors. I just want to make sure 27 is going to come down.
17
   Thank you.
18
             MR. PEREZ: Thank you.
19
             MR. GENENDER: Here it is.
20
             THE COURT: All right. Let's just -- Mr. Dane, do
21
   you have 27 now in front of you?
22
             THE WITNESS: I haven't received it yet, Your
23
   Honor.
24
             THE COURT: It's --
25
             THE WITNESS: Ms. Choi, have you sent it?
```

```
1
              MS. CHOI: Yes, I sent it. It's just a large file,
   so it's coming.
 2
 3
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
 4
              THE WITNESS: I still haven't received the
 5
    document.
              Ms. Choi, do you want to put it in Dropbox for me?
 6
 7
    I can access it there, or I have a copy of the document. It
 8
    should be the same. Oh, I got it.
 9
              MS. CHOI: Mr. Dane --
10
              THE COURT: Wait a minute.
              MS. CHOI: -- it's going to be the
11
    (indiscernible).
12
13
              THE COURT: I think he said he just --
              THE WITNESS: I got it.
14
              THE COURT: -- got it. Right? Did you get it,
15
16
   Mr. Dane?
17
              THE WITNESS: Thank you. Yes, I'm pulling it up
18
   right now.
              THE COURT: Thank you.
19
20
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
              THE WITNESS: Unfortunately the (indiscernible)
21
22
    has significant security restrictions, so now I'm just
23
    waiting for the password.
24
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
25
              MR. DUEWALL: And, Your Honor, when he's received
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that document we're going to be talking about Section 3.1(b)
 1
 2
    which is on Page 17.
 3
              THE COURT: Thank you.
 4
              THE WITNESS: The document's downloading right now.
 5
    Just a minute.
              THE COURT: Okay.
 6
 7
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
 8
              THE WITNESS: Okay. Mr. Duewall, can you tell me
 9
    the section again?
              MR. DUEWALL: Yes, Page 17, Section 3.1(b).
10
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
11
12
              THE WITNESS: Okay. I have the deal. Thank you.
   BY MR. DUEWALL:
13
14
          Okay. Now that you've been given an opportunity to
15
    look at Exhibit 1607-27, specifically page 17,
    Section 3.1(b), does that refresh your recollection as to
16
17
    when the $30 million became due and payable as it related to
18
   the MC519 agreement?
19
   A Yes.
20
          Okay. And generally speaking, is it your
    understanding that that payment, that $30 million, became
21
22
    due and payable 180 days after the completion of the
   Genovesa well?
23
24
          I think there's some more specifics that are important
25
    to consider there.
```

- 1 | Q Can you tell me, excuse me, your understanding of when 2 | the \$30 million became due and payable, or owed?
- MR. PEREZ: Your Honor, again, it calls for a legal conclusion, interpreting the document, so that's the objection.
- 6 THE COURT: Sustained.
- 7 | BY MR. DUEWALL:
 - Q Mr. Dane, do you believe the \$30 million became due and payable on March 27th of this year?
- 10 | A No, I don't.
- 11 Q But for the fact that Fieldwood has rejected that contract, do you think the \$30 million would be due and
- 14 | A No.

payable?

8

9

- MR. PEREZ: Object to the form -- Your Honor,

 object to the form of the question. Fieldwood hasn't

 rejected any contract yet. It's going to be done in

 connection with Confirmation. So that's a false promise.
- 19 BY MR. DUEWALL:
- 20 Q Well, let's just walk off through 3.1(b) then,
- 21 Mr. Dane. Do you see where it says, "A one-time payment of
- 22 | \$30 million which becomes payable and owing to seller on
- 23 || successful completion of the Genovesa well?"
- 24 Did I read that correctly?
- 25 A You read the first part of that correctly.

```
1
          Right. And it continues to say, "Or any other well
 2
   within the Genovesa formation and shall be due and paid --
 3
   and shall be due and paid to seller within the first 180
 4
    days of production (whether consecutive or not) of
 5
   hydrocarbons from any such well, which is defined as the
   contingent payment."
 6
7
          Did I read that correctly?
8
          That's what the document says in that section.
 9
          Thank you. And it says, "That payment shall be made
10
   by buyer to seller by wire transfer of immediately available
11
   funds to the account designated pursuant to Section 9.8."
          Did I read that correctly?
12
13
          I'm not checking verbatim, but that's what it looks like
14
   it says.
          Okay. And continues to say, "Provided, however, that
15
16
   buyer delivers to seller within notice -- written notice
17
   within 6 months. Within such 6-month period a buyer's
18
   election to offset the contingent payment against the
19
    outstanding amount of the cash consideration (as defined in
20
    the cash consideration exchange agreement) then due by
21
    seller to buyer under Section 3.1 of the exchange agreement,
    then" --
22
23
              THE COURT: Mr. Genender?
24
              MR. DUEWALL: Was there an objection? I'm sorry.
25
              MR. GENENDER: Your Honor, I apologize.
```

Genender for the Debtors, I apologize for interrupting, but Mr. Duewall is basically reading from a highly confidential document on the Record. And we had an understanding that questions could be asked about the documents and not publishing them. We're in effect unnecessarily revealing the contents of them. In the way he's asking questions, he's basically publishing the contents of the document.

THE COURT: Overruled.

This part of the document as to how you measure and things of this nature, I mean it may be confidential that it was 30 million, but everybody's decided to put that out in the public record. I don't think this part's confidential and I wouldn't seal it if I had to, so -- if I was asked to.

So I'm going to allow the questions to be asked that way. Particularly in light of the objections that are being raised, which is when he asks for the end result, he's being told it's a legal conclusion. He now needs to go through to see whether the facts meet what this says. And I don't know how else he can do it.

So I'm going to overrule it. You can ask the questions, Mr. Duewall. Go ahead.

MR. GENENDER: Thank you.

MR. DUEWALL: Thank you, Your Honor. I'm going to try to short circuit again. If I get another objection, I'll

- 1 start reading again.
- 2 BY MR. DUEWALL:
- 3 ||Q But, Mr. Dane, generally speaking did the \$30 million
- 4 | become due and payable 180 days after the Genovesa well was
- 5 | completed?
- 6 A No, not in my opinion.
- 7 \mathbb{Q} Okay. When in your opinion did it become due and
- 8 payable?
- 9 $\|A\|$ Well, it has not become due and payable in my opinion.
- 10 | Q Can you tell me why in your opinion that's the case?
- 11 A Yes. For several reasons. First of all, the payment
- 12 | in this section, it becomes due and payable upon the
- 13 | production -- upon 180 days of production, whether
- 14 | consecutive or not, which is what you stated. The well came
- 15 | online on March 27th, 180 days from March 27th, assuming
- 16 | that there was no interruption at all in production, would
- 17 | be I believe September 23rd of this year.
- 18 || There have been -- well has not produced so it
- 19 | would be at some point later than that that it would become
- 20 | due and payable. There's not a certainty that this well will
- 21 | produce for 180 days. There's a number of things that could
- 22 | happen in the future that causes this well to not have
- 23 | produced for 180 days.
- 24 As of today this well has not satisfied the
- 25 | conditions that would have resulted, in my opinion, a

```
$30 million payment being owed. If the well successfully produced for 180 days, whether consecutive or not, if it took 5 years for that 180 days, or 10 years, or in the extreme if it never produced for 180 days, it wouldn't be owed in my opinion. But I think that that's one reason I don't believe this payment is due and payable.
```

The other reason is that there's essential ongoing litigation under this same document, there are writs and warranties that are described, and that's the focus of the company's Rule 2004 request that it's seeking more information in order to understand if there's been other breaches. So the disputed amount on my mind, to the extent that it ever did become due and payable, it would be at a later date.

- Q And is this a contract -- and do you know if this is the contract, the MC519 PSA, that Fieldwood has designated for rejection under the Plan?
- 17 A Yes, it has been designated as -- to be rejected.
 - Q Thank you. Do you have a copy -- or actually were you sent all of BP's exhibits now, or do -- I'd like you to turn to 1607-28.
 - A I don't. This is the only exhibit I have, but I have access to the portal, so if someone from counsel could upload it, I can easily get it.
- 24 | (Pause in the proceedings.)

25 THE WITNESS: I'm sorry, Mr. Duewall, what exhibit

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1 | did you say that was?
```

- 2 MR. DUEWALL: We're now moving to 28, it's -- on the 3 Court's record it's 1607-28 filed under seal.
- 4 | (Pause in the proceedings.)
- 5 THE WITNESS: Yeah, I'm pulling it up that
- 6 document. I have that document.
- 7 | BY MR. DUEWALL:
- 8 \parallel Q Okay. Can you generally identify what Exhibit 28 is?
- 9 | A This is the cash consideration exchange agreement
- 10 | between BP and Fieldwood with respect to Mississippi Canyon
- 11 \parallel 562, the developed property.
- 12 | Q Thank you. And I understand this has been filed under
- 13 | seal so I'll try to do a better job with regard to this one
- 14 | than I did the last one. But is it generally your
- 15 | understanding that this agreement calls for amounts to be
- 16 | paid from BP to Fieldwood; is that correct?
- 17 | A That's correct.
- 18 \parallel Q Okay. And do you have a position as to whether or not
- 19 | amounts are still due and owing under this agreement from BP
- 20 || to Fieldwood?
- 21 || A Yes, there's approximately 12- to \$13 million of
- 22 | amounts that are still owing from BP to Fieldwood this
- 23 || year.
- 24 \parallel Q And is it your understanding that this contract has
- 25 | not been rejected under the Plan?

- 1 | A Correct, there's no (indiscernible).
- 2 | Q And do you recall when you were CFO did Fieldwood book
- 3 | amounts due and owing under this contract as a receivable
- 4 | when it was executed by the parties?
- $5 \parallel A$ Yes, I do know that that is on our balance sheet.
- 6 Q And to the best of your knowledge do you think it was
- 7 | booked as a receivable when it was executed?
- 8 A I believe it -- I believe that it was booked as a
- 9 | receivable when the transaction closed.
- 10 | Q And that would have been in October of 2018, do you
- 11 | recall that?
- 12 A I don't recall if it closed in October, but it was -- I
- 13 | would have to check it on the agreement.
- 14 \parallel Q I'm going to try to do that for you. Could you turn to
- 15 | Page 1 of the agreement?
- 16 A Yes, I did.
- 17 | Q Okay. And just so the Court's Record is clear, the
- 18 | date of the agreement is October 25, 2018 there in the first
- 19 paragraph. Do you see that?
- 20 \parallel A I see that the signing date was October 25, 2018.
- 21 | Q Okay. And have BP and Fieldwood had a general course
- 22 of dealing with the parties with net amounts due and owing
- 23 || in the normal course of business?
- $24 \parallel A$ The parties have netted against each other, which has
- 25 been the subject of separate disputes to which there's quite

```
1
   a bit of history. And the main -- the main observation I
2
   have about the difference of opinion on the netting was that
 3
   BP was very vociferous that the payments shouldn't be netted.
 4
   However, Fieldwood was netting payments because it wasn't
 5
    receiving money that it was owed from BP. So I wouldn't say
 6
   it was -- it happens, I wouldn't say it was -- I'm aware of
   many letters in which BP protested of the netting of
   payments of unpaid amounts to those.
8
 9
          Okay. So it's happened in the past; is that correct?
10
   The netting?
11
          Yes.
12
          Okay. Now next I'd like to turn to the list of assumed
13
    contracts. Before we go to that, Mr. Dane, as it relates to
14
    the MC519 do you think that we are within 180 days -- as we
15
   sit here today, do you think we're within 180 days of
   production?
16
17
          I know we are not within 180 days of production.
18
          Okay.
19
              THE COURT: Wait, wait. When you say within 180
20
   days of production, do you mean are we less than 180 days
21
    from the date of first production, or did you mean something
22
   else by that question, Mr. Duewall?
```

MR. DUEWALL: No, that was it, Your Honor. That was it.

23

24

25

THE COURT: So you're saying -- I want to be sure

```
Mr. Dane, because it means I misunderstood something you
 1
    said before, we are not less than 180 days from the date of
 2
    first production?
 3
 4
              THE WITNESS: I'm sorry, Your Honor. We are
 5
    certainly less than 180 days from first production. The
    well began to produce on March 27 or 28.
 6
 7
              THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.
              MR. DUEWALL: Thank you, Mr. Dane.
 8
 9
              We're going to turn next, Your Honor, to Exhibit
    1616-3.
10
11
              THE COURT: Is that sealed or unsealed?
              MR. DUEWALL: I don't believe it's sealed.
12
13
              THE COURT: All right.
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
14
15
              MR. PEREZ: Mr. Duewall, what exhibit number is
16
    that in your exhibits?
17
              THE COURT: It's one of your exhibits, Mr. Perez.
18
              MR. PEREZ: Oh, okay. I'm sorry.
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
19
20
              THE COURT: And I think she has up on the screen.
    Right?
21
22
              MR. DUEWALL: She does. We're going to try to --
   we're going to go to Page 9, Line 225.
23
24
              THE COURT: Mr. Dane, if you hover over the right
25
    side of your screen there will be a Zoom feature to make
```

```
1 | this bigger.
```

- THE WITNESS: Thank you, Your Honor.
- 3 | (Pause in the proceedings.)
- 4 BY MR. DUEWALL:
- 5 \mathbb{Q} So, Mr. Dane, the reason I brought up Exhibit 1616-3,
- 6 | the list of assumed contracts that are being assumed by
- 7 | NewCo, and I wanted to pull up for you the entity, 519 loop
- 8 | agreement contract. Do you see that there on your screen?
- 9 | A I do.
- 10 \parallel Q Okay. I was going to try to avoid having to pull the
- 11 | contract up, but we'll do that if we need to, but just so
- 12 | that the Record is clear, NewCo's assuming the entity 519
- 13 | loop agreement that's referenced there on Line 225 of
- 14 | Exhibit 1616-3 as the -- as a Joint Operating Agreement. Do
- 15 | you see that in front of you?
- 16 | A Yes, I do.
- 17 | Q Okay. And so you agree this was an assumed contract.
- 18 | Correct?
- 19 $\|A\|$ If it's listed on the schedule as a new contract, then
- 20 | I believe it is and I believe it is something that we would
- 21 | intend to assume.
- 22 ||Q Okay. Thank you. To the best of your knowledge does
- 23 | this contract contain a dispute resolution provision between
- 24 | the parties?
- 25 A I believe it does.

```
1
          Okay. And to the best of your knowledge does that
 2
   both include a -- when I say dispute resolution provision I'm
 3
   speaking in terms of an agreement to arbitrate disputes
 4
   under that contact?
 5
         I understand --
 6
              MR. PEREZ: Your Honor --
7
              THE WITNESS: -- the provision.
8
   MR. DUEWALL:
 9
          Okay. Thank you.
10
   Next, Mr. Dane, I'd like to turn to Debtor's Exhibit 105
11
   that's found I believe at 1646-2. Specifically in that
12
   document Page 105.
13
        (Pause in the proceedings.)
   BY MR. DUEWALL:
14
          Do you see that -- we brought that up on our screen,
15
16
   Mr. Dane. Can you see that on your screen?
17
         Yes, sir, I could.
18
              MR. DUEWALL: Do you want to make it bigger?
19
   Thank you.
   BY MR. DUEWALL:
20
21
          I understand from your -- I understand that you've been
22
   working with the Government to try to -- well, strike that.
```

24

25

Α

Exhibit B on this exhibit, Mr. Dane, is titled, Excluded

Events. Do you see that at the top?

1 Okay. And it says, Fieldwood 3 will not be 2 responsible for the non-performance or delay in performance of the transition services, or for not taking any action, or 3 4 meet any condition to the extent called in whole or in part 5 by any of the following, and then it lists certain events there on that document. Do you see that? 6 7 I do. Okay. On the first one it says, Adverse weather or 8 9 sea conditions, loop current, acts of God, including but not 10 limited to hurricanes. Do you see where I read that? 11 Yes. 12 So my question, Mr. Dane, is simply if there's a 13 hurricane during this hurricane season and it impacts assets that are abandoned under this Plan, who has the obligation 14 15 to go out there and take care of that? So under the Plan and the proposals that are included 16 17 as a part of the Plan, the exhibit -- this exhibit has a 18 transition services description of all the services that 19 Fieldwood will continue to support the abandoned properties upon the effective date. It describes the way that 20 21 Fieldwood will need to respond to any issue should they 22 develop. 23 But the Plan contemplates that these are abandoned 24 properties, they're going to be abandoned at exit, that's what

the Plan contemplates. And I would think that, you know,

```
responsible co-predecessors would assist with the transition. That's what -- it's intended to be a transition service.
```

So to the extent that there's an issue that needs to be remediated that has an imminent impact to the environment or safety, under the -- if it's still within the 9-month period that's contemplated under the transition services, Fieldwood would respond to that incident, which it's Fieldwood's position, and I would expect, although I obviously don't speak for the Government, but I believe that I heard the Government say that they expected that responsible predecessors would efficiently transition these assets pursuant to their joint and several liability.

MR. DUEWALL: Objection, non-responsive, Your Honor, to the extent it tries to rephrase any statements that were made by the Government representatives.

THE COURT: Sustained.

| BY MR. DUEWALL:

Q So just that I'm clear, Mr. Dane, before I move on, Fieldwood 3 under this excluded events exhibit is expressly excluding any type of liability for hurricanes or any other act of God during hurricane season?

A The properties are intended to be abandoned pursuant to the Plan. Fieldwood is going to be operating a transition services arrangement proposal, and it will

respond to any events that pose an imminent risk to the environment or safety. But the properties are abandoned.

So these excluded events were reviewed with the Government, that was a part of the discussion with the Government under what conditions would they be comfortable that Fieldwood could provide transition services, recognizing that the properties are abandoned. I think that the Exhibit A and B are pretty self-explanatory.

- Q When you say respond what does respond mean, what do you understand that to mean?
- 11 A I understand it to mean that if there is an event that
 12 would cause a risk, event risk to the environment, health,
 13 safety, that Fieldwood would take the actions necessary to
 14 make sure that those issues were mitigated or resolved.
 - Q Okay. Earlier in your testimony, and it's not my intent to quote you verbatim, you were testifying about the amount of P&A that Fieldwood had done since 2013. Do you remember that?
- 19 | A Yes, I do.

- Q And it's my recollection that you provide -- that you stated generally, and correct me again if I'm wrong, but that amount was generally \$1.5 billion?
- $\|A\|$ Yes, in excess of 1-1/2 billion.
- 24 Q How much has -- how much has Fieldwood spent or 25 incurred doing P&A work in this year, 2021?

- 1 | A I'd have to consult our records to get the exact 2 | number.
- 3 \mathbb{Q} And what I'm trying to determine, Mr. Dane, just to be
- 4 | up front with you, is I'm trying to determine over what
- 5 | course of time that that 1.5 spent. Was it primarily in
- 6 2013 and '14, many years ago, or is that amount that has been
- 7 | spent primarily in the last 2 or 3 years?
- 8 A I believe in 2013 for a sub-period, because the
- 9 | transaction with Apache closed in 2013, there was a couple
- 10 | of hundred million dollars spent over less than a 6-month
- 11 | period. I believe in 2014 there was over \$400 million
- 12 | spent, within the next year it was 2- to \$300 million. It
- 13 was 100 to -- 150- to \$200 million a year in the subsequent
- 14 | years. Last year we spent \$70 million.
- 15 \parallel Q Okay. Now on day one when NewCo -- if this Plan is
- 16 | approved, on day one NewCo by your own estimates I believe
- 17 | is going to have approximately \$350 million of day one P&A
- 18 | liability; is that correct?
- 19 A That's correct.
- 20 | Q And is that -- does that represent a nominal net value
- 21 | to NewCo?
- 22 | A That represents the net working interest owner
- 23 ||expected to pay RO costs based on our estimates, net to the
- 24 | NewCo's working interest ownership in each of the leases.
- 25 Q Okay. Is there any reason why when you're preparing

```
1 | those cost estimates you don't use a P50 valuation?
```

- 2 A I don't know that we don't use a P50 valuation. I think
- 3 | we use a -- P50 means the most likely case. P50, that's not
- $4 \parallel$ the methodology that we adopted, the same as BSEE. We don't
- 5 | have a P50, a P90. We have an estimate that's based on
- 6 | certain assumptions. I think it probably does approximate a
- 7 P50 case, which is the most likely case.
- 8 | Q Let me make sure I understand your testimony. Is it
- 9 your testimony that the 350 million that you estimated at
- 10 day one NewCo P&A net liability is reflective of a P50
- 11 || estimate?
- 12 A No, our -- my testimony is that Fieldwood would have
- 13 | its own methodology for establishing its P&A estimates.
- 14 | There's a number of assumptions which I reviewed earlier that
- 15 | are the basis for generating those estimates. And those
- 16 | estimates and assumptions are refreshed on an annual basis
- 17 | and updated for what we expect the cost to be for -- to
- 18 conduct the abandonment. We don't have a distribution where
- 19 | we have P50 number and a P90 number. We just have an
- 20 estimate that we believe is a reasonable estimate.
- 21 | Q Did you have a chance to read your expert's rebuttal
- 22 | report in this case, Mr. Hanson's rebuttal report?
- 23 | A I did.
- 24 \parallel Q And we're going to pull up Exhibit 1620-1. And
- 25 | specifically Page 105.

```
1
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
              MR. PEREZ: So, Your Honor, is this exhibit coming
 2
 3
   into evidence?
 4
              MR. DUEWALL: No, Your Honor, we're using it as a
 5
    demonstrative as Plaintiffs -- or as Debtors have stipulated
   in their designation of their own exhibits.
 6
7
              THE COURT: I don't understand what that means
8
   actually, but I don't think I have an objection, so I'll wait
 9
   and see if I get one.
10
         (No audible response.)
              THE COURT: Go ahead.
11
   BY MR. DUEWALL:
12
13
         Mr. Dane, we're going to highlight or make --
14
              THE COURT: Yeah, I don't think I have a question
15
   pending, I don't think I have an objection pending. You all
16
   just move ahead and I'll see if I get a question -- if I get
17
   an objection.
18
              MR. DUEWALL: Thank you, Your Honor.
   BY MR. DUEWALL:
19
20
          Do you see what we've highlighted there, Mr. Dane, and
21
    I'm -- there it goes, my screen's a little bit far away. It
22
    says -- your own expert says there, at least states on that
23
   exhibit, Debtor's exhibit, it is P50 cost estimates that
```

actually reflects -- I'm sorry, I've not stated that

correctly. I'm going to start over.

24

```
1
              It states it is P50 cost estimates that actually
    reflect the "most probable outcome". Do you see where it
 2
 3
    says that in your expert's report?
 4
              MR. PEREZ: I'm sorry, Your Honor, I don't see it.
 5
              THE WITNESS: Exactly. I see where it states
 6
    that, I think --
 7
              THE COURT: Hold on just -- wait just a minute.
 8
              Mr. Perez, you have your Zoom too high, lower your
 9
    Zoom and you'll see --
10
              MR. PEREZ: Ah, okay. Got it. Got it. Okay.
              THE COURT: Or move the document.
11
12
              MR. PEREZ: All right. Okay.
              THE COURT: Okay. Then did you have an objection
13
    to the question?
14
15
              MR. PEREZ: No, Your Honor.
              THE COURT: All right. Go ahead, please.
16
17
              MR. DUEWALL: Thank you, Your Honor.
18
   BY MR. DUEWALL:
19
          My question, Mr. Dane, is if it's your expert's opinion
20
    that P50 reflects the most probable outcome, is there any
21
    reason why NewCo in their own financial projects are using a
22
   nominal value for P&A estimates?
23
              MR. PEREZ: Your Honor, I'm going to object to the
    question. I mean there's really no foundation as to what
24
25
    this P50 is. I mean Mr. Dane testified that they used a P50
```

```
1 base on their estimates. I'm going to object to the question.
```

THE COURT: Can I just get you to repeat the question, Mr. Duewall. You can repeat it just the same way it was, I just want to hear the question in light of the objection.

MR. DUEWALL: Sure, Your Honor. It might be easier to read it back, but I'll try it. My question is, if Mr. Dane had a reason why they didn't use P50 in the NewCo financial projections when the expert report reflects that P50 cost estimates are actually the most probable outcome, that's my question.

MR. PEREZ: And, Your Honor, a further objection as to -- I mean taking -- this is kind of being taken out of context as to, you know, "most probable outcome". And Mr. Hanson's going to testify.

THE COURT: If that's the objection, I'm going to overrule it. Go ahead, Mr. Dane.

THE WITNESS: I think when I read this sentence, I think it is defining what P50 says. I don't think it's stating that the BSEE P50 estimate is the most probable outcome. I think when I read this sentence I interpret it as P50 is by definition the most probable outcome. It defines what P50 means.

Our expert is not a P&A expert. Fieldwood One

- 1 | believe is a P&A expert and we develop our own estimates.
- 2 | And so if your question is why would we not use -- we are
- 3 | using what we believe to be the most reliable estimate.
- 4 | That's my response.
- 5 | BY MR. DUEWALL:

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- 6 Q If your expert's not a P&A expert, do you know where he 7 got this information to put in his report?
- A I believe he's stating a definition in this report. It
 is P50 cost estimates that actually reflect the most
 probable outcome, and when I read that bullet I think it's a
 relevant statement, it means relative to a P90 case. P90
 represents a 90th percentile probability, it's a much, much

more than probable case. P50 is most probable.

I don't think that this statement says that the BSEE P50 estimates are the most probable outcome with respect to the actual costs that will be associated with the NewCo entity, and as such they should be the basis for the NewCo projections. That's not how I interpret this.

I think that's consistent with our expert who, doing the same report, stated that Fieldwood has a decommissioning group through its experts and their estimates have more utility for purposes of developing projections than BSEE estimates which are done a broad basis for all assets in the entire Gulf of Mexico and not specific to the actual assets of Fieldwood.

```
If P50 is applied to your financial -- have you ever
 1
    applied P50 to your financial projections in this case?
 2
 3
          Well, we have analyzed them mainly in the context of
    just understanding what the BSEE numbers show and in the
 5
    context of evaluating your expert's report. But we don't
   believe that they are -- we believe that, like I already
 6
 7
    stated, that the Fieldwood estimates that are done specific
    to the Fieldwood assets being performed by the internal
 8
 9
    expert at Fieldwood on decommissioning are what's relevant
10
    for purposes of us understanding.
11
          Have you ever applied the P50 estimates to your
12
    revenue projections or your cost projections that you've done
    in this case?
13
          Our projections go back 5 years. As I stated earlier,
14
15
    there is a very limited amount of P&A that takes place in
16
    those years. So there's very little measure with respect to
17
    our overall P&A, with respect to our projections. But our
18
    projections largely do not include P&A given that it's not
19
    necessary within the time frame of the projections that we
20
    included. So, I'm sorry, to answer your question, it's not --
21
    it wasn't applied because it largely falls outside the
22
    forecast period. And, no, we haven't done that in any event.
23
          Using your nominal net P&A estimate of 350, how much
24
    of that is represented what I would call legacy properties,
25
   properties where there's been another operator somewhere in
```

- 1 | the chain of title?
- 2 | A There's only -- Fieldwood, that's the basis that's going
- 3 | to comprise the -- that's the basis that's going to comprise
- 4 | the Credit Bid Purchaser has very few wells that don't have
- 5 | any other parties in the chain of title. The only -- I don't
- 6 know that I can think of a well that Fieldwood has drilled
- 7 | that does not have another party in the chain of title
- 8 | somewhere.
- 9 $\|Q\|$ So for example for the Katmai 1, is that a well that
- 10 | Fieldwood drilled itself?
- 11 ||A| No, it's not.
- 12 | Q Okay. And the Orlov, is that a well that Fieldwood
- 13 | drilled itself?
- 14 | A Yes, it did.
- 15 \parallel Q Okay. So what I'm trying to determine, and maybe --
- 16 \parallel A No, I'm sorry, Fieldwood drilled the well and did not
- 17 | drill by itself. Fieldwood had two co-working interest
- 18 | owners in the properties.
- 19 ||Q But you testified earlier that the 350 P&A was a net
- 20 | to Fieldwood number. Correct?
- 21 || A It is, yes.
- 22 | Q Okay. So what I'm trying to determine is if I was to
- 23 | make three buckets of potential NewCo assets, and if I
- 24 | called the first bucket legacy properties similar to the
- 25 properties you're abandoning in this case, that would be

- 1 | bucket Number 1; Bucket Number 2 would be wells that
- 2 | Fieldwood has drilled; and then Bucket Number 3 would be
- 3 | wells that you plan to drill in the future. Are you
- 4 | following me?
- 5 | A Somewhat. Your second category, I'm sorry, is wells
- 6 | that Fieldwood would have drilled, but there's no other
- 7 | party, or it's just wells that Fieldwood would have drilled?
- 8 ||Q Wells that Fieldwood would have drilled as the
- 9 | operator.
- 10 | A Okay. I understand.
- 11 \parallel Q What I'm trying to determine is that on day one of --
- 12 | if this Plan is confirmed by the Court, on day one it's my
- 13 ||understanding that there's 350 -- based upon your testimony
- 14 | there's \$350 million of net P&A liability on day one to
- 15 | NewCo. Correct?
- 16 | A That's -- yes, that's Fieldwood's estimate.
- 17 | Q Okay. And so what I'm trying to determine is how much
- 18 of that, if Fieldwood as to declare bankruptcy again, they
- 19 | can try to abandon, as it is in this case, and how much of
- 20 | that liability it cannot abandon. Does that -- are you
- 21 | following me?
- 22 MR. PEREZ: Yeah, object, Your Honor, it wouldn't
- 23 | be -- I think he's talking about credit bit purchaser, he's
- 24 | not talking about Fieldwood. So I object to the form of the
- 25 | question.

```
1 | THE COURT: Sustained.
```

- 2 | MR. DUEWALL: I was talking about NewCo, Your
- 3 | Honor. And if I mis-spoke, I'll rephrase.
- 4 | THE COURT: Go ahead.
- 5 | BY MR. DUEWALL:
- 6 Q Mr. Dane, I'll try again. On -- if the Plan is
- 7 | confirmed, on day one of NewCo's existence what percent of
- 8 | the \$350 million of net P&A liability is represented by
- 9 | properties that were originally drilled by another operator?
- 10 A Fieldwood drilled four wells that I can think of in
- 11 | that asset base that it operated.
- 12 | Q Are there any wells on day one of -- if the Plan's
- 13 confirmed by the Court, on day one are there any wells that
- 14 NewCo is going to operate that were drilled by another
- 15 | operator in the chain of title?
- 16 A Yes, every other well other than those four that come
- 17 | to my mind.
- 18 ||Q Okay. And can you identify those four for me, please?
- 19 | A The four that I were thinking about -- that I was
- 20 | thinking about that Fieldwood drilled as the operator was
- 21 Genovesa, the Tri 2 well, the Tri 3 well, and Orlov.
- 22 | Q So just to rephrase, the Orlov well, the two Troica
- 23 | wells and the Genovesa well represent wells that Fieldwood
- 24 | drilled itself. Correct?
- 25 A Fieldwood operated the drilling of those wells. It

- 1 did not drill those wells by itself in all cases.
- $2 \parallel Q$ Fieldwood was the operator when the Orlov, the two
- 3 | Troica wells, the Genovesa well were drilled. Did I say
- 4 | that properly?
- $5 \parallel A$ Yes.
- 6 | Q Okay. And how much of the \$350 million of P&A
- 7 | liability do those four wells represent?
- 8 A I would have to consult our records to give you an
- 9 | exact number.
- 10 | Q Do you have a ballpark or percentage?
- 11 | A 10 percent. That's an estimate.
- 12 \parallel Q And does that mean that the remaining 90 percent are
- 13 | in the bucket of to-be-drilled, or is the remaining 90
- 14 percent in properties that are -- were drilled by another
- 15 | operator?
- 16 A Well, a to-be-drilled well doesn't have a liability
- 17 | associated with it --
- 18 || Q Okay.
- 19 $\|A\|$ -- so everything else would fall into the other
- 20 | category.
- 21 | Q So I'll put a zero in the to-be-drilled bucket. And in
- 22 | the -- so 90 percent of the \$350 million of P&A liability on
- 23 | day one of NewCo is liability for properties that were
- 24 | originally drilled or developed by another operator; is that
- 25 | correct?

```
1
          Roughly speaking that -- based on my assumption on
2
    those other four wells and not being able to identify off
 3
    the top of my head any other wells that Fieldwood operated
 4
    itself, with respect to that subset of assets I think that
 5
    that's probably fair.
 6
          Okay. And it's my understanding that Fieldwood has $75
7
   million of bonding lined up; is that correct? Or NewCo, I'm
   sorry, has -- strike that -- has $75 million of bonding
8
 9
   lined up; is that correct?
10
          Yes, we have a committed -- we entered into a term
11
    sheet for -- that provides for a committed $75 million
   amount for the next couple of years.
12
13
          How much of NewCo's value is made up of the new
14
   drilling program versus existing wells on day one?
15
          That's not a number I can give you off the top of my
16
   head. There's substantial value in each and it depends
17
    obviously upon how much future activity happens, it depends
18
   on prices, it depends on a number of factors. Both
19
    categories have very significant value.
20
          Based upon the financial projections that have been
    done in this case, are the new wells essential to Fieldwood's
21
22
   payments to bills in the ordinary course of business?
23
              MR. PEREZ: Objection, Your Honor, they --
24
              THE COURT: By Fieldwood do you mean NewCo, or do
```

you mean somebody else?

```
1
              MR. DUEWALL: NewCo, Your Honor. I'm going to
 2
    write that at the top of my page now, NewCo. I'm sorry.
 3
              THE COURT: I'll just get you to re-ask the
 4
    question and then I think it'll be a lot less vaque so.
 5
              MR. DUEWALL: Thank you, Your Honor.
   BY MR. DUEWALL:
 6
 7
         Are the new wells that are proposed by NewCo essential
    for NewCo to meet its financial projections that have been
 9
   made in this case?
          The new wells are an assumption that is included in
10
    the financial projections. In other words, the business
11
    Plan contemplates -- the projection contemplates additional
12
   wells.
13
          Have you done any -- have you done any business
14
15
    planning or modeling that does not account for any of the
   new wells?
16
17
         Yes.
18
          What happens to NewCo's cash flow at the end of Year 5
    if none of the new wells are brought online?
19
20
          Early on in our evaluation. There hasn't been a
21
    scenario that I've reviewed recently, but early on in our
22
    evaluation we performed a case where there was -- I don't
23
   know if it was no, I think it was little to no -- maybe one
24
    well, or zero wells. And the high commodity prices which is
25
   probably lower today, and I believe that was one of our best
```

1 sets of projections compared to the others.

Q Do you have an opinion as to whether or not there's negative cash flow at the end of Year 5 of your model, NewCo's model, if the new wells do not come online?

A I have seen the BP expert report that shows positive cash flow for four years, and then a \$20 million negative cash flow in the fifth period. And I believe that if the company was to operate the business such that it understood it was not going to be drilling any more wells, that that's not an appropriate set of projections.

The company would re-evaluate a number of other assumptions that are embedded within that business plan, and given the fact that fifth period is only \$20 million negative and every other period is substantially positive, which if I recall off memory, had built a cumulative cash balance of \$550 million. I think that there would be ways to be accretive to that forecast which to begin with is actually not that bad.

Q But that's not the forecast that you put forward as your financial projections. Your financial projections assume that all of the new wells will come online; is that correct?

A The projections assume a business plan that drills one to two wells a year, has a disciplined amount of capital spending that generates such cash flow every year and it

- 1 does assume that the wells are drilled and producing.
- 2 Q And can you identify for us the wells that are
- 3 presumed to come online in the financial projections that
- 4 | you've shared with us? Is it -- and I'll just try to do it as
- 5 | quickly as I can. Are those wells the Katmai 2, the Katmai
- 6 | 3, the Katmai 4, the Big Bend, the Gunflint and the CPN, are
- 7 | those the wells that we're talking about?
- 8 A For the projections that were included in the
- 9 Disclosure Statement, in addition to some other work-over
- 10 | activity and simulations, those are the wells that were
- 11 | included as adding additional volumes.
- 12 Q And as we sit here today have any of the wells that
- 13 were identified been permitted?
- 14 | A They have not, but I think that that's a misleading
- 15 | question because permitting multi-year programs in the Gulf
- 16 of Mexico for deepwater does not happen in advance in that
- 17 manner. You need to identify a specific rig, you need to
- 18 | include that rig on your permit, that rig's BOP
- 19 | qualifications, and other equipment on the rig need to
- 20 | specifically be aligned with the particular project once it's
- 21 | been fully engineered. So it's not a common practice for
- 22 | most independent operators to permit a multi-well program
- 23 | when you don't have a rig under contract. It's a waste of
- 24 | time.
- 25 | Q What is the first well that you're proposing to drill

1 || in NewCo?

'25.

11

16

17

18

19

20

- 2 I believe -- the projections that you're referring to 3 I've seen that there's a -- that there Is a work-over and a 4 simulation in the Gunflint deal. Those aren't drilling 5 activities, but those are activities that require a rig in 6 the capital activities. Those activities were scheduled for 7 late this year. In 2022 the only project that was scheduled was the Katmai Number 2 well. I believe in 2023 there was a 8 9 Gunflint in-field well and a Big Bend well followed by a Katmai well, then CPN, followed by another Katmai well in 10
- Q So let's just talk about the first two that you identified then. The Gunflint later this year, will that require any type of permitting or pre-permitting for environmental issues?
 - A Every operation in the Gulf of Mexico generally requires some level of permitting.
 - Q And based upon your financial projections in this case what are you assuming to be the approximate month that you can show production from the Gunflint activity that you just described?
- 22 A I believe in the -- I'm sorry, can you repeat the 23 question for me?
- 24 || 0 Sure.
- 25 Are you asking me about the projections or are you

- asking about given where we stand today when we think we'd be able to produce?
- Q No, I'm talking about the projections you'd made. What do they presume in terms of when the Gunflint will come online and who production?
- A I don't specifically remember, but I believe it's somewhere between 4Q of this year and 1Q of next year.
- 8 Q Do you believe that's on time or do you believe it's 9 behind schedule?
- 10 | A Yeah, I believe relatively on time.

18

- 11 | Q And when you begin your permitting for Gunflint, what's 12 | your expectation for how long that'll take?
- 13 A That's a work-over operation, it's a replacement of a

 14 subsea safety valve that failed. It's not a drilling

 15 operation. I think that permitting should not be a complex

 16 permitting exercise, but all permitting takes time.
 - Q Do you have any estimation in terms of your operations as to how long that will take given the new regulatory environment that we're in now?
- 20 A I believe that if we had a Plan confirmed and we were
 21 able to locate and tender for a rig that met the
 22 requirements for that project and the campaign that they
 23 follow, which we're in the process of evaluating, that that
 24 project could be conducted as early as November-December,
 25 maybe more likely December-January, which is relatively in

1 line with those projections. And that we would be able to 2 obtain the permitting and other equipment that's required to 3 conduct that activity, that initial activity in that time 4 frame, which is what our team has been focused on. 5 And I think you testified -- or didn't -- strike that. Tell me when you think the -- your projections call for the 6 7 Katmai 2 to be drilled when? As early as 2022 I believe. 8 9 And that was when you expected it to be drilled. Correct? 10 11 Yes. And as we sit here today could you tell us when you 12 expect that well to be drilled? 13 14 Are you the owner? They're going to assess their 15 appetite for these types of capital projects, they 16 understand these projections in the business plan, they 17 understand the prospectivity of that particular project, 18 which is a meaningful -- a meaningful well. They have reviewed these same projections, they understand the 19 20 business plan that we're looking to implement.

That's a part of the reason why they are putting several hundred million dollars in new capital into this business, understanding that opportunity and those risks.

If that well ultimately gets drilled in that time frame, it's going to be subject to board approvals, it's going to be

21

22

23

24

subject to business conditions at the time, the risk appetite of the stakeholders that are in strategic opportunities.

But right now as we sit here today, we are planning to be able to be in a position to drill that well within that time frame.

- Q And that time frame would be early 2022?
- A We would like to be in a position to be able to drill that well in the first half of 2022, you know, all those other considerations that I mentioned, you know, pending.
- 11 | Q Is it your testimony that the drilling program that's
 12 | put forth in the financial projection is still subject to
 13 | approval by the individuals who would be making the
 14 | decisions for NewCo?
- 15 A Of course.

- Q But it's also correct, isn't it, that unless you drill those wells and achieve production from those wells that we've identified here within that 5-year period, you are cash flow negative by Year 5?
- A No, that's -- I answered that question and I stated that if Fieldwood was -- if the Credit Bid Purchaser was to pursue a business plan and never drill another well, that would be an entirely different business plan than what the projections contemplate. Under the -- under what I reviewed in BP's expert report, under the scenario that doesn't account

for that being the strategy that I think the Credit Bid
Purchaser would pursue, and not incorporating all the
corresponding adjustments, every other variable that would
be required to be reviewed in that scenario, it still looks
like a very profitable business to me.

its capital.

And I believe that that modest negative free cash flow in that one year would likely not be the result because the company would ensure that it wasn't producing negative cash flow, it would likely have less expenses and other, you know, other factors that would support a business plan that doesn't drill more wells.

- Q As we sit here today are there still questions regarding what the business plan of NewCo is going to be?

 A Any business requires its stakeholders, whether it's its board of directors, its owners to approve its Plan, I believe every business has a board that reviews at least an annual business plan and approves those business plans. I would expect that NewCo is going to have a board that's going to want to review all of its capital investment opportunities and have the board approve the business plan. So I think that that's just consistent with how businesses are generally run. I don't know of a business that doesn't
- O The bonding that you've obtained for NewCo is that

have some level of oversight with respect to how it spends

- bonding that includes adequate assurance for the loop system
 that we were talking about earlier this evening?
- 3 MR. PEREZ: Object to the form of the question, 4 calls for a legal conclusion.
- 5 THE COURT: Sustained as asked. You can re-word 6 it.
- 7 | BY MR. DUEWALL:
- 8 Q Mr. Dane, did you obtain bonding that includes the 9 loop system that we've previously discussed this evening?
- 10 A I'm not aware of a need to obtain bonding for the loop
 11 system that we discussed.
- 12 | Q Do you know how much of the 75 million in new bonds 13 | for NewCo are allocated to the MC519?
- 14 A New bonds to NewCo are allocated to any asset.
- 15 | Q Mr. Dane, --
- A Excuse me, I'm sorry, other than -- we know that we have a bond that needs to be procured for Apache, which was a part of our transaction with Apache, the similar 308
- facility is going to be included in Credit Bid Purchase assets, and a bond is going to be given to Apache for
- 21 | \$13.2 million.
- Q I understood you to say earlier that yourself,

 Mr. Lemay and Mr. Mitchell will be part of the management
- 24 | team going forward; is that correct?
- 25 A I stated that it's contemplated that the employees and

- 1 management team of Fieldwood are going to have continuity
 2 through the -- through the Credit Bid Purchaser.
- 3 $\|Q\|$ Is it contemplated that you'll be the CEO of NewCo?
- 4 A The lenders have had that discussion with me, and
- 5 | that's what is currently contemplated.
- 6 Q And is it contemplated that Mr. Lemay will be the 7 general counsel of NewCo?
- 8 A It's contemplated that Mr. Lamb is going to be the 9 president/general counsel of NewCo.
- 10 Q Mr. Lamb, I'm sorry. And Mr. Mitchell, will he, with 11 NewCo, remain in his position as vice president of
- 12 | production?
- 13 A We would hope that Mr. Mitchell would remain in that
- 14 position or a comparable position. Mr. Mitchell is
- 15 determining it. He's had a long distinguished career and at
- 16 some point he has the desire to retire, but to the extent
- 17 | that Mr. Mitchell would indulge us for a longer period of
- 18 time, we would be really grateful to have Mr. Mitchell
- 19 | continue.
- 20 Q And were all three of you also part of the management
- 21 | team in 2018 when the company declared bankruptcy?
- 22 | A No.
- 23 \parallel Q Were you the CFO in 2018?
- 24 || A I was.
- 25 Q Was Mr. Lamb the general counsel?

- 1 A I believe it was Mr. Black at that time, or around
- 2 | that time.
- 3 | Q But Mr. Lamb was with Fieldwood in 2018 during that
- 4 | time?
- $5 \parallel A$ Yes, he was.
- 6 Q And was Mr. Mitchell also part of the executive team
- 7 | in 2018 when the first bankruptcy was filed?
- $8 \parallel A$ No, he was not.
- 9 Q Was he the vice president of production or in some
- 10 | other capacity?
- 11 ||A I don't believe he -- I believe he joined after 2018.
- 12 | Q And then all three of you were with the company when
- 13 | the second bankruptcy was filed clearly. Correct?
- 14 | A Yes.
- 15 | Q Okay. As part of the first bankruptcy being filed, do
- 16 | you recall making financial projections during that
- 17 | bankruptcy as well?
- 18 | A I do.
- 19 \parallel Q And were you the CFO when that was done?
- 20 | A I was.
- 21 | Q And did you do that in a similar fashion as the
- 22 | financial projections you made for this bankruptcy when it
- 23 | was filed too?
- 24 | A In a sense that, yeah, there was a number of folks
- 25 that were involved at the time. It was a collaborative

```
effort to develop those projections. It was probably a
1
    little bit -- there was other elements that the -- the
2
 3
   management was meaningfully different at that time, there
 4
   was a number of folks that were part of the company that are
 5
   no longer a part of the company, and vice-versa. So the
   people involved are slightly different. Generally the
 6
7
   process is putting together estimates. Yeah, we've
   maintained kind of an approach where a number of departments
8
 9
   are involved, not necessarily the same people. Certainly
10
    the asset base is very different.
         What was your role I doing the financial statements in
11
12
   2018? Did you engage in the same process as you did when
   you did for this bankruptcy filing?
13
14
         No, I think I just answered your question. I wouldn't
15
    describe it as exactly the same process. There was some
   level of different people, there was certainly a different
16
17
    level of assets. It was similar in the sense that there was
18
   a number of departments involved to help produce estimates.
   I was a part of that process.
19
20
         Were you responsible for the accuracy of the financial
21
   projections that were done when the 2018 bankruptcy was
```

23 A I'm not sure what you mean by "responsible for." Do
24 you mind clarifying that for me?

22

filed?

25 \parallel Q Sure. I was trying to determine who the person was

- 1 | who was responsible for putting it together.
- 2 | A As I mentioned, there was an effort that involves a
- 3 | number of people who also had a financial advisor at the
- 4 | time.
- 5 | Q Were you responsible for putting together the
- 6 | financial projections for this bankruptcy filing?
- 7 A I was involved in the effort to put together these
- 8 | financial projections, I oversaw part of that effort, I
- 9 | approved these projections.
- 10 | Q And have you had an opportunity to go back and look at
- 11 | whether or not the projections that you did as the CFO in
- 12 2018 were accurate as it related to revenue or EBITDA?
- 13 | A I've reviewed the projections that the team generated
- 14 | as a part of that financial statement, and I have looked at
- 15 | them relative to actual results over time.
- 16 || Q So just to be clear, when you did your financial
- 17 | projections for the bankruptcy, it was filed in 2018. You
- 18 | made projections for performance throughout the remainder of
- 19 | 2018 and then also in 2019 and subsequent years.
- 20 Do you remember that?
- 21 || A I do.
- 22 | Q Okay. And looking back when you compare those
- 23 | projections to your audited financial reports, are you aware
- 24 | that in 2018 you missed revenue by 9 percent?
- 25 A I'm familiar with the numbers that were cited in the

```
1
   expert report, I don't agree that they're correct. But I
 2
   believe it was a 9 percent -- I'd have to see the exact
 3
   numbers, I apologize, the variances were less than the
 4
   numbers that were cited in the expert report that you were
 5
    citing to me.
 6
          And so your response to that -- so you've read that
 7
   report; is that correct?
          I have.
8
 9
          And you familiarized yourself with it?
10
              THE COURT: I didn't hear you.
11
              THE WITNESS: I'm sorry?
   BY MR. DUEWALL:
12
13
          Did you familiarize yourself with it, did you take the
    time, spent some time with it?
14
15
          I have.
          And then you know that in 2018 that report suggests
16
17
   that you missed your revenue projection by 9 percent.
18
          Do you remember it saying that?
          Yeah, there was some times, I don't know if that
19
20
    variance was exactly correct. I know that when I looked at
21
    their expert's report, the production and the EBITDA
22
   variances were more exaggerated than actual. And most
23
    importantly it was missing some important lines like cash
24
    flow that told a very different story than several top line
```

2.5

numbers.

```
1
          And same question with regard to 2019, that report,
 2
    are you familiar with the fact that that report suggests
 3
    that you missed your revenue projection by 16 percent in
 4
    2019 with regard to the projections that you were making
 5
    when you declared bankruptcy in 2018?
 6
          Yeah, their response, I reviewed their report, I don't
 7
    specifically remember, if people want to show me I can more
    specifically tell you which numbers I thought were
 8
 9
    incorrect. But same observation was that the variances that
    we understood for production of EBITDA were not as
10
11
    significant as the variances we have in the expert report.
12
   But there was a negative -- there was a negative variance in
    2019 with respect to production and EBITDA.
13
          And in 2018 do you have any response for the
14
15
   missing -- the projected EBITDA by 21 percent?
16
               I don't know that that's correct. The EBITDA
17
   number you had for 2018 was not correct in your expert
18
    report. I don't think someone tabulated the EBITDA
19
    correctly. But I thought the more relevant number for 2018
20
    was frankly the period that reflected the best of the
21
   projections.
22
          The Disclosure Statement projections for 2018, I
23
   believe, had around $390 million of free cash flow, and the
24
   business generated, I think, around $370 million of free
25
    cash flow having spent half as much capital in that year.
```

- But I thought -- my observation was -- to answer your
 question, my observation was 2018 was a successful year and
 very much in line with the overall business plan objectives
 for that loan year.
- 5 || Q And was 2019 a successful year when EBITDA was missed 6 | by 47 percent of the --
 - A No -- I'm sorry, I cut you off.

No, 2018 was not at a greater variance than the Disclosure Statement projections. I wouldn't consider 2019 a particularly successful year, although I do think that there is — there was several variables, for instance, the lack of capital spending the previous year, that they weren't applesto-apples comparisons. There was substantially less capital spending in 2018 and that's where the lower production results in 2019 and lower EBITDA.

A number of those things were intended to -- the 2020 period prior to all the strains the business experienced in the first quarter, a number of the executive variances were expected to be corrected in that period.

Obviously ultimately the business environment changed significantly. 2019 was impacted by other external factors, as well.

Q Have you gone back and synthesized the projections you did in this case with kind of the analysis we just did with regard to revenue misses to determine performance, if that

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1 | has any impact on your projected performance?
```

- 2 | A We haven't done a specific analysis to synthesize it,
- 3 but, you know, we've discussed and we understand some of the
- 4 | major drivers of the variances.
- 5 MR. DUEWALL: Those are all my questions, Your
- 6 Honor. Thank you.
- 7 | THE COURT: Mr. Duewall, thank you.
- 8 All right. Mr. Alaniz.
- 9 MR. ALANIZ: Your Honor, can you hear me?
- 10 | THE COURT: Yes.
- 11 CROSS-EXAMINATION OF MICHAEL DANE
- 12 BY MR. ALANIZ:
- 13 | Q Mr. Dane, you and I have met before. Correct?
- 14 A Yes, sir.
- 15 \parallel Q Over the past -- over the past couple of months we've
- 16 | had roughly, you know, five or so conversations?
- 17 | A Yes, sounds about right.
- 18 ||Q Mr. Dane, based on your testimony earlier it sounds
- 19 | like you're familiar with the Bureau of Safety and
- 20 | Environmental Enforcement, or BSEE.
- 21 | A Yes, I am.
- 22 | Q Do you recall using the term "INC" in your testimony
- 23 | with Mr. Perez?
- 24 | A I do, yes.
- 25 | Q Can you describe for the Court the meaning of an INC?

```
1
          INC is an acronym of an Incident of Non-Compliance.
   An Incident of Non-Compliance is a -- it is something that
2
 3
   is issued generally pursuant to offshore inspections.
 4
   have facilities that are inspected on -- local facilities
 5
   probably on a daily basis. There's active inspections that
   are ongoing at all times in the Gulf of Mexico. And to the
 6
 7
    extent that the regular course inspections result in the
   inspector determining that there's something that they
8
 9
    determine to not be in compliance, then they can issue you
10
   an Incident of Non-Compliance, and that's a standard part of
11
    operations in the regulatory environment in the Gulf of
   Mexico.
12
13
          Thank you, Mr. Dane.
14
          Can I turn your attention to Debtor's Exhibit 99, which
15
   is also, I believe, 1625-23. If I've got that right.
16
          Do you have that in front of you, Mr. Dane?
17
          I do not. Can you remind me which one it is again,
18
   please?
19
          It's Debtor's Exhibit 99, it's also Exhibit -- Docket
20
   No. 1625-23.
              THE COURT: So 1625-23 is under seal.
21
22
              MR. PEREZ: Your Honor, it's in his book as
23
   Exhibit 99.
24
              THE COURT: It's in whose book?
25
              MR. PEREZ: The book that I used with him.
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1 | think that's it.
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- 2 | THE COURT: All right.
- 3 | THE WITNESS: Yes, sir, I have it here.
- 4 BY MR. ALANIZ:
- 5 Q Okay. Mr. Dane, do you recall testifying from this
- 6 document in Mr. Perez's examination of you?
- 7 | A Yes, I do.
- 8 Q Are you able to refer to the properties, or identify
- 9 the properties in which Hess was the predecessor on this
- 10 | chart?
- 11 || A Yes. That is the West Delta properties at the bottom,
- 12 | West Delta 79A, B, C, F. E I believe was mistakenly
- 13 | included in this chart, we believe that facility is removed.
- 14 And then West Delta A, B, D, 86A and B.
- 15 || Q Thank you, Mr. Dane.
- 16 So when I refer -- when I say, "West Delta
- 17 | properties," you understand that I mean the properties in
- 18 | which Hess was a predecessor.
- 19 | A Yes, I do.
- 20 | Q According to this chart, are there any un-resolved
- 21 | INCs on the West Delta properties?
- 22 A On this chart there are a couple of INCs that are
- 23 | labeled as items that are going to be performed pursuant to
- 24 | the Agreed Activities. I see them listed on West Delta 79A,
- 25 | and I see one listed on West Delta 79C, and I see one listed

1 | on West Delta 86A.

4

- 2 Q Okay. So the work that is mentioned in the comments
- 3 deal has not yet been performed?
- 5 Activity Schedule," was provided to the regulatory agencies

This list, which is what we refer to as the "Agreed

- 6 and discussed, and I believe it was around the first quarter
- 7 | time frame of this year. I think it was around maybe March
- 8 or so. And this was -- the comments referred to the
- 9 | activities that are contemplated to be completed under the
- 10 | Agreed Activity Schedule. The costs are what is associated
- 11 | with the activities that are described upon it, most of
- 12 | which relate to re-establishing egress that was compared to
- 13 | somewhat due to hurricanes and then resolved in certain
- 14 | safety-related activities.
- 15 \parallel Q Okay. Thank you.
- 16 Do you know if the INCs that you identified a moment
- 17 | ago will be resolved once the Debtors perform these
- 18 | activities?
- 19 | A I do, one of -- I know that -- my understanding is
- 20 | that there are only two INCs that are currently remaining
- 21 | outstanding on the properties, and one of them has been
- 22 || satisfied, the work has been completed, that is in the
- 23 | process of approving it. I believe that is the West
- 24 | Delta 79C facility. 100 percent of the work has been
- 25 completed on that facility and is pending at BSEE according

1 to the update that I had heard from our team.

2 And the activity associated with the other 3 facility, West Delta 86A, it's 50 percent complete, there is 4 pending the remaining operations on that activity, it would 5 have been complete but there was another issue that came up which requires addressing that issue before additional hard 6 7 work can be performed on that facility. And so pending that repair, which we anticipate doing in the coming couple of 8 9 months, the rest of that activity will be completed in very 10 short order since it's only around ten days of activity. It's 50 percent complete. 11

Q Okay.

- 13 A And it has been re-established on all the rest of 14 these properties where there's a comment about re-
- 15 establishing egress. That has all been completed.
- 16 Q Okay. So the Debtors are committed to resolving the 17 INC on that West Delta 86A?
- 18 A Yes, sir. And as a part of Agreed Activities and
 19 that's something that we've already conducted half the work on
 20 and intend to complete.
- 21 | Q Thank you.
- Mr. Dane, in Mr. Perez's examination of you, you mentioned the term sheet with Eni Petroleum US, LLC.
- 24 | Correct?
- 25 A Yes, I did.

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Q Eni's term sheet contained an initial phase out concept. Correct?
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A It does, yes.

- \parallel Q Can you describe what that means?
- A So part of the -- part of the negotiation with -- the Eni transaction happened subsequent to the Chevron transaction. And as I'm sure everyone is familiar with, you know, whenever there's a publicly filed arrangement, folks like to look at the previous deals and identify things that

they prefer that are publicly part of other deals.

And so by, you know, by observation of the previous deal in respect to Chevron, in the Chevron transaction Fieldwood agreed to contribute \$5 million and Chevron's preference was for that contribution to be utilized in order to take out the properties. The Credit Bid Purchaser is going to be performing that work pursuant to a contract operation agreement. That was in -- within the context of a broader commercial solution where there's a term sheet arrangement and, you know, all the other mechanisms.

So Eni had observed that provision, and what they had requested in the Eni term sheet was that the contribution was not directly identified I don't believe in the Eni term sheet with the data. However, as a part of the broad turnkey arrangement, they had asked that the properties be staked out prior to year end, which is an activity that

Fieldwood would conduct in any event under the turnkey --1 under a turnkey deal where it is responsible for P&A. 2 stake-out operation is a precursor to P&A activity. 3 4 Well, now I'm going to ask you if you could give the 5 Court maybe a contract the agreed activity versus the stakeout. 6 7 The Agreed Activity Schedule contemplates reestablishing egress, which typically is associated with most 8 9 of the egress re-establishment associated with these 10 properties. And as I mentioned, this was the original 11 Agreed Activities list. This has a number of properties on it that are now being handled pursuant to consensual 12 solutions. So for instance the list gets cuts down I think 13 by about half when you remove the Chevron, Noble, Eni, Hunt 14 15 properties from this list. The egress re-establishment with respect to the rest 16 17 of these properties is physically associated with preparing 18 Gulf landings, repairing heliports, repairing some 19 stairwells, you know, ladders to be able to access the platform to be able to -- to be able to observe any 20 21 compliance related maintenance items that you need to 22 establish that you need to be able to conduct. So the 23 Agreed Activities here contemplates generally re-24 establishing egress, and there was certain safety related

INCs that were identified that would be completed as well.

Staking out a facility is a much more expensive work scope. Staking out, generally in my mind when I understand the term -- what I understand the term staking out a facility to mean is that you are preparing the facility to be able to be completely decommissioned, and particularly with respect to the platform abandonment, a critical element of that decommissioning work is rendering the platform completely hydrocarbon free, completely flushing and filling and draining all of the lines and vessels, all of the piping equipment.

It is a series of steps that is a much more extensive campaign that's necessary in order to ultimately conduct the plugging and abandonment, but not required to maintain the site in a way that it could anything for ordinary safety.

Q Thank you.

I think you may have answered my next question, but I'm going to ask it anyway, it's just more direct. There's a reference in the Eni term sheet, which we can look at if you need to refresh your recollection, but there's a reference to leaving the properties hydrocarbon free, and I wanted you to explain what that means to leave a property hydrocarbon free.

A I believe, in my opinion, leaving a property fully hydrocarbon free suggests that that is the equivalent of a true safe operation where you are flushing, filling,

```
1
   draining the vessels, you're drilling them at the low points,
   you are doing a number of other activities in order to
2
 3
   prepare the facility for platform abandonment work, such
 4
    that you can abandon the actual platform without needing to
 5
    take any further steps prior to removing the physical
 6
   structure.
 7
          And this activity is not part of the agreed activity
    that the Debtors have agreed to perform on the West Delta
8
 9
   properties. Correct?
10
          No, that is not, it's specifically not. The company
11
   had a number of conversations and discussions with the
12
    Government internally as to what the appropriate status of
    these facilities was at the time of abandonment, and the
13
    company committed to maintain the facilities in a state that
14
15
    did not -- that it does not represent any imminent harm to
    safety or the environment, and the list of activities that
16
17
    the company believes accomplishes that is addressed through
18
   both this list of Agreed Activities and also the transition
19
   services list that outlines what type of safety thing and
   regular maintenance activities would be expected.
20
```

Q Okay. And thank you. I appreciate the explanation. I think my simple question, though, is with respect to the West Delta properties, those will not be left hydrocarbon free.

21

22

23

24

25 A No, they are not contemplated to be left hydrocarbon

```
1
   free. They -- the West Delta properties at the request of
   Hess have been shut in and are in a state in which they are
 2
 3
   not operating and there's -- the facilities are being
 4
   remediated pursuant to the schedule that we just discussed
 5
    with the fact that I was just advising you of. But, no,
 6
   they're not intended to be left fully hydrocarbon free at the
 7
    time of abandonment.
8
          Okay. Thank you.
 9
          So moving on, Mr. Dane, I only have a couple more
    questions. With respect to Chevron, are the Debtors also
10
   performing a stake out for Chevron?
11
12
          Pursuant to the agreement that's contemplated for that,
    that we have definitive documentation that is executed,
13
14
    there is a provision that the -- that we will be staking out
15
    all the properties by no later than year end the properties
```

that are not intending to produce any longer. Plus, there
are properties in Fieldwood for an entity that has
meaningful future production, those are not going to be
staked out. The properties that are going to be scheduled
for future abandon will be staked out. And that is --

that's -- you're correct, that is a part of that transaction.

Q Is the stake out activities similar to what the Debtors are doing for Eni?

A Yes, it is.

21

22

23

24

25

Q As you sit here today, Mr. Dane, are the Debtors

willing to perform those stake out activities on the West
Delta properties at the Debtor's expense?

A So the way I've been described, the stake out activities that we discussed is a much more significant scope of work than what's contemplated under the Plan that would have been discussed with Government as the appropriate status of these facilities. That's a significant incremental commitment.

And as you know, Fieldwood's position as we have discussed, you know, very recently is that we would certainly contemplate -- we've updated -- our objective has been defined as many consensual solutions and possible process of every counterparty. We understand that at this point it's something that Hess is focused on. But for meaningful incremental commitments of capital beyond what the parties -- the company believes is a safe status of the facility and the Government understands the proposal to be, so we would be willing to do that in the context of a broader arrangement to the extent that there would be one just to make that incremental commitment is not something that is contemplated by the Plan.

Q So what I'm hearing you say is that Hess would have to agree to some longer term arrangement with Fieldwood in order for the Debtors to review the property as hydrocarbon free.

A I don't think that -- yeah, I think that that's generally correct. I think when we discussed the Chevron transactions, the Eni transactions, the reason that there was a contribution associated with those transactions is because it was in the context of a broader framework.

The broader framework established all the different ways that those properties are going to be P&A, it established that those parties were going to provide funding for the ultimate P&A, it established the timing of how those facilities were going to be P&A, and each of the parties' response -- respective obligations to each other.

What I understand Hess to be asking is just for an incremental commitment without any obligation to each other. What I understand Hess to be asking is just for an incremental commitment without any obligation — to settle on what a more comprehensive solution for the entire field would be. And so I think that that's not something that contemplated under this Plan because we don't think it's necessary for purposes of leaving the facilities in a safe state. But it certainly is something that the company would be willing to contemplate.

The other thing that has been discussed with your client specifically is the company now has a very significant number of projects that it needs to conduct.

Safe activity is a very delicate activity. You're removing

hydrocarbons from a facility. It needs to be done in a very careful manner with very qualified individuals.

Due to the fact that Fieldwood has now an agreement with Chevron, now an agreement with Eni, it's going to be assisting with the Fieldwood One properties, there's a very significant amount of activity that Fieldwood is going to be conducting, and the credit bit purchaser, et cetera is going to be conducting on stake out. There's an allocation of recourse consideration that we're very thoughtful about in order to utilize those crews.

We are basically at full capacity in terms of viewing the stake out work that we can handle for the foreseeable future. It may be possible to squeeze in a double project here or there, but it's not possible to vastly increase the scale of stake out activities the company is doing, which is why the company encouraged predecessors to engage earlier than within the last couple of weeks.

- Q Well, and going back to my earlier question, we have been -- we have been communicating for at least a couple of months. Correct, Mr. Dane?
- A I don't think that there was any substantive conversations until very recently with respect to Hess.
- 23 | Q Okay.

24 A But there have been over the course of the last month, 25 I would agree with that. Over the course of the last month

```
1
   essentially, if I was to just go by memory, there's been a
2
    willingness to discuss context that may result in consensual
 3
   solutions.
 4
          Thank you for your time, Mr. Dane.
 5
              MR. ALANIZ: Pass the witness, Your Honor.
 6
              THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Alaniz.
7
              THE WITNESS: Thank you very much.
8
              THE COURT: Does anyone else have any questions
 9
    for Mr. Dane this evening?
              MR. KUEBEL: Your Honor?
10
              THE COURT: Yes. Who was that?
11
              MR. KUEBEL: This is Rick Kuebel.
12
              THE COURT: All right. Go ahead, Mr. Kuebel.
13
14
              MR. KUEBEL: Your Honor, before I get started just
15
   by way of a process check. I think that's some questions for
16
   the witness. Maybe the infamous 20 questions or so, most of
17
   which deal with the release and exculpation issues that I
18
   had raised with the Court earlier. I know there are a few
19
    other predecessors that will be interest owners that have
20
    indicated they may have similar questions.
21
              We were supposed to have a 7:00 p.m. call with the
22
    Debtors, and specifically Mr. Carlson, to try to knock out
23
    language. We've been going back and forth with language that
    could be inserted in the Confirmation Order that would
24
25
    resolve this part of our objection. And so by way of
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```
1
   process check, I thought I'd kind of poll the Debtor and the
 2
    Court and ask whether -- since it's after 7:00 already
 3
    tonight, if the preference is for us to try to use time to
 4
    resolve language that will obviate the need for myself and
 5
   potentially others to question Mr. Dane about these issues
 6
   or whether the preference is to just proceed ahead?
7
              THE COURT: I'm thinking it's getting pretty late,
8
   and if you're on the verge of thinking you're going to
 9
   minimize that, it may make some sense.
10
              Does anybody -- Mr. Baay, I know that you wanted
11
    to address that. I'll activate your line and we'll hear from
12
    others. It may make some sense to come back tomorrow.
              Does anybody believe we should just continue on
13
    tonight?
14
15
              MR. PEREZ: Your Honor, I hate to be the party
16
   pooper, but to the extent that we're only talking about two
17
   additional individuals I don't think at this point I'm going
18
   to have any Redirect. I would rather try to get Mr. Dane
    off the witness stand.
19
20
              THE COURT: All right. Let's take a 10-minute
21
   break, we'll come back at 7:20 and we'll pick it up then.
22
    Thank you.
23
              MR. PEREZ: Thank you.
24
          (Recess taken from 7:11 p.m. to 7:20 p.m.)
25
                             AFTER RECESS
```

```
1
              THE COURT: All right. Let's go back on the
 2
   Record and we'll resume the Fieldwood hearing.
 3
             Mr. Kuebel.
 4
         (No verbal response)
 5
              THE COURT: I can't hear you. I don't know, you
 6
   may have your own line muted because I didn't touch
7
    anything. There we go, hold on.
8
             All right. Mr. Kuebel, go ahead, please.
 9
             MR. KUEBEL: Your Honor, can you hear me?
10
             THE COURT: I can. Yes, sir.
11
             MR. KUEBEL: Can you hear me now, Your Honor?
12
             THE COURT: I can. Thank you.
13
             MR. KUEBEL: Okay. Thank you. Thank you, Your
14
   Honor. Just making sure that we have Mr. Dane. There he
               Thank you, Your Honor.
15
    is, great.
                  CROSS-EXAMINATION OF MICHAEL DANE
16
17
   BY MR. KUEBEL:
18
        Good evening, Mr. Dane. My name is Omer Kuebel, III.
   As you may know, I go by "Rick." I'm representing a number
19
20
    of predecessors and working interest owners in this
21
   bankruptcy, including McMoRan Oil and Gas, Freeport McMoRan,
22
   and ConocoPhillips. You may recall that -- I don't know
23
   that we've personally met, but I believe we've been on a
24
   number of phone calls or Zoom calls during the course of
25
    this case.
```

- 1 | A I do.
- 2 Q Do you recall?
- 3 A I do. Nice to see you. Thank you.
- 4 | 0 Great.
- Are you aware that the Debtor is a member of operating
- 6 agreements or Joint Operating Agreements with McMoRan?
- 7 A I am aware there's various agreements within the
- 8 | company.
- 9 Q Well, specifically, are you aware that there are
- 10 | operating agreements that govern the operations of OCS
- 11 || leases?
- 12 | A Yes.
- 13 | Q I take it the Debtor is a party to a number of such
- 14 | operating agreements; is that correct?
- 15 | A Yes, they have quite a few.
- 16 Q Is it fair to say that those operating agreements work
- 17 | in tandem with other types of agreements, like production
- 18 | handling agreements or marketing agreements or
- 19 | transportation agreements?
- 20 MR. PEREZ: Object to the form of the question,
- 21 | Your Honor. Vague.
- 22 | THE COURT: Sustained.
- 23 BY MR. KUEBEL:
- 24 \parallel Q Mr. Dane, are you aware that the Debtor is also a party
- 25 | to production handling agreements or farm-out agreements

- 1 | with McMoRan?
- 2 | A I'm not -- I'm not specifically aware of production
- 3 | handling agreements that are outstanding with McMoRan, but
- 4 | it wouldn't surprise me if there were.
- $5 \parallel Q$ Okay. Well, have you personally been involved in the
- 6 decision on deciding which operating agreements to assume or
- 7 || reject?
- 8 | A I've been a part of a team that evaluates that, but I
- 9 | haven't reviewed every agreement to determine if we should
- 10 | assume or reject it. I -- we -- we have a large group of
- 11 | people that did that evaluation, and I certainly provided
- 12 | input on a number of contracts, but definitely by no means
- 13 | all of them.
- 14 | Q There are a very large number of such agreements, are
- 15 | there not?
- 16 |A| Yes, there are.
- 17 \parallel Q Mr. Dane, for purposes of my next handful of questions,
- 18 | I'm going to refer to the Debtors' Plan. And when I mean
- 19 | the term "Plan," I'm specifically referring to the Fifth
- 20 Amended Plan that the Debtors filed, I believe it's at
- 21 Docket No. 1629. It has also been referred to, I think
- 22 | today, as Exhibit 105.
- 23 Do you have a copy of that Plan, the Fifth Amended
- 24 | Plan, with you?
- 25 A I believe I do. Sorry. Can you give me the -- the

- 1 | docket number again?
- 2 | Q I believe it was referred to as "Exhibit 105" in your
- 3 | book by Mr. Perez. It was Docket No. 1629 as filed. And I
- 4 | believe it may have another docket number with the Debtors'
- 5 ||Witness List, maybe 1646.
- 6 A I'm looking at 1641, which I believe was the Fifth
- 7 | Amended Plan.
- 8 | Q All right. Thank you.
- 9 A Is that (glitch in the audio).
- 10 || Q Mr. Dane, during your direct examination by Mr. Perez,
- 11 Mr. Perez asked you questions regarding the release -- asked
- 12 | you questions about the release and exculpation provisions
- 13 of the Plan.
- 14 | Do you recall those questions?
- 15 | A I do.
- 16 \parallel Q I take it that you have reviewed Section 10.7 of the
- 17 | Plan that contains the Plan releases?
- 18 | A I have at various times, yes.
- 19 | Q Does the Plan contain third-party releases or
- 20 || non-Debtor releases?
- 21 | A I believe it does.
- 22 | Q And are those third-party releases consensual?
- 23 | A Yes.
- 24 || Q And did creditors such as McMoRan have an opportunity
- 25 | to opt out of the releases in Section 10.7 of the Plan?

```
1 | A Yes, I believe they did.
```

- 2 | Q And in fact, are you aware of whether McMoRan opted
- 3 || out?
- 5 | objected.
- $6 \parallel Q$ Are you familiar with the exculpation provisions of the
- 7 | Plan in Section 10.8?
- 8 A Yes, I am. I've -- I've reviewed them at various
- 9 | times.
- 10 | Q Does the exculpation provision in Section 10.8 of the
- 11 | Plan exculpate or release third parties?
- 12 MR. PEREZ: I object to the form of the question,
- 13 | Your Honor. I think it calls for a legal conclusion. I
- 14 | believe the document speaks for itself.
- 15 | THE COURT: The question, as worded, calls for a
- 16 ||legal conclusion, Mr. Kuebel. I'm not trying to keep you
- 17 | out of this area, if you want to reword it. But I think, as
- 18 | worded, you've asked --
- 19 MR. KUEBEL: Well, let me --
- 20 | THE COURT: -- him what it legally is, so.
- 21 MR. KUEBEL: I will be happy to reword it, Your
- 22 | Honor. I'll withdraw the question and ask another one.
- 23 | THE COURT: Thank you.
- 24 BY MR. KUEBEL:
- 25 | Q Mr. Dane, do you know the identity of the parties that

- 1 | are exculpated by Section 10.8 of the Plan?
- 2 | A I believe that's included in -- in the Plan. And I --
- 3 | you know, I would want to refer to the document in order to
- 4 | provide you with a list of the parties because I know that
- 5 | there's a number of them.
- 6 Q And do you recall whether a number of those parties are
- 7 || non-Debtor parties?
- $8 \parallel A$ Yes.
- 9 \parallel Q And I don't want you to engage in a guessing game. I
- 10 \parallel -- by my number, the definition of "exculpated parties" as
- 11 | defined in the Plan, I've got it on page 15.
- 12 | A I think I'm looking at a -- I'm looking at a redline of
- 13 || the document. Are you -- can you give me a specific section
- 14 | or definition?
- 15 | THE COURT: So he's looking actually at page 10 of
- 16 | the Plan; it's ECF page 15. And the definition is
- 17 | "exculpated parties."
- 18 | THE WITNESS: Thank you, Your Honor.
- 19 Okay. I have that, Mr. Kuebel.
- 20 BY MR. KUEBEL:
- 21 | Q Is it your view that every one of these exculpated
- 22 | parties made a substantial contribution to the Plan process?
- 23 \parallel A My understanding of -- of the basis for the parties
- 24 | that the Plan contemplates being defined as "exculpated
- 25 | parties" is consistent with what you're saying, which is

- 1 that these parties contributed in a meaningful way to the
- 2 | Plan process.
- 3 | Q Mr. Dane, has Fieldwood One been formed yet?
- $4 \parallel A$ No, it has not.
- 5 Q Has Fieldwood Four been formed yet?
- 6 |A| No, it has not.
- 7 | Q Has Fieldwood Three been formed yet?
- 8 | A No, it has not. Well, Fieldwood Three is technically
- 9 | Fieldwood Energy, Inc, so it exists, but it is not going to
- 10 exist in the same way after the effect of the divisive
- 11 | mergers, where properties that were allocated out of it.
- 12 Q Are these Plan exculpation provisions set forth in
- 13 | Section 10.8 consensual?
- 14 \parallel MR. PEREZ: Object to the form of the question.
- 15 | Calls for a legal conclusion.
- 16 | THE COURT: Overruled.
- 17 | THE WITNESS: I would defer to our counsel on
- 18 | that. I know that -- I know that there are -- when I look
- 19 | at this list of exculpated parties, I know that many of the
- 20 | releases related to these parties were consensual. But I
- 21 | don't know -- I don't know if -- if that is -- if it's by
- 22 definition under the Plan that it was consensual or not. I
- 23 | would defer to our counsel.
- 24 BY MR. KUEBEL:
- 25 | Q Well, do you know whether there was an opt-out for

- working interest owners and predecessors to these exculpation provisions?
- $3 \parallel A = I'm \text{ not aware.}$
- 4 | Q Mr. Dane, while we're looking at the definition
- 5 | section, could I ask you to maybe scroll a page or so
- 6 | forward and look at the Plan definition of "Additional
- 7 | Predecessor Agreement Documents?"
- 8 | (Pause in proceedings)
- 9 A Okay. I have that.
- 10 ||Q Do you understand or do you know whether these
- 11 | Additional Predecessor Agreement Documents are addressed or
- 12 | fall within the scope of the Plan exculpation provisions?
- 13 A I would defer to our counsel on that. I'm not -- I
- 14 | don't -- I would need to see where that definition traces
- 15 | back to, to give you an answer.
- 16 | Q Did you have any understanding of what documents are
- 17 | covered by this definition of "Additional Predecessor
- 18 | Agreement Documents?"
- 19 | A I -- I believe that it's consistent with the definition
- 20 | that's directly above it, which is any consensual agreement
- 21 | that the Debtors may enter into prior to the confirmation
- 22 | date with any entity or entities in the chain of title for
- 23 | working interest owner or other related party for any of the
- 24 | properties.
- 25 Q And that definition --

```
1 || A And --
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- 2 | Q I'm sorry. Go ahead. I don't want -- I'm sorry, I
- 3 | didn't mean to interrupt you.
- 4 A Oh, I'm sorry. My understanding is it's just the documents associated with additional predecessor agreement.
- 6 | (Pause in proceedings)
- Q Mr. Dane, do you know whether it's the Debtors' intent to include predecessor contracts such as operating agreements or PSAs or PHAs inside of the ambit of this
- 10 | definition?
- 11 A I would have to consult with our counsel, but I believe
- 12 | that those are independent contracts. There -- there was a
- 13 | separate determination of all of the contracts that the
- 14 | company currently has, as to whether it's going to be
- 15 | assumed or rejected. That's also the case with respect to
- 16 | consensual agreements that we have reached with
- 17 | predecessors. In many of those cases, those are contracts
- 18 | to which there may some applicability to the properties that
- 19 | are a part of the consensual solutions are still being
- 20 | rejected. In some cases, there are contracts that are being
- 21 lassumed and allocated.
- 22 So I think it -- I think it is -- that there's not a
- 23 | single answer to that. I think it's a contract-by-contract
- 24 | evaluation with respect to the agreement that the -- well,
- 25 | whatever the terms of the consensual agreements that were

```
1
   contemplated. I've seen it both ways.
2
         Okay. Thank you, Mr. Dane. I do not have any further
 3
   questions for you at this time.
 4
              THE COURT: Mr. Kuebel, thank you.
 5
              THE WITNESS: Thank you very much.
 6
              THE COURT: Does any other party have any
7
   questions for Mr. Dane this evening? If so, please press
8
    five-star one time on your phone.
 9
         (Pause in proceedings)
10
              THE COURT: Mr. Eisenberg.
              MR. EISENBERG: Your Honor, Philip Eisenberg on
11
12
   behalf of W&T Offshore and Merritt Energy.
13
              THE COURT: Go ahead, please, Mr. Eisenberg.
14
              MR. EISENBERG: May I proceed? Thank you.
15
                  CROSS-EXAMINATION OF MICHAEL DANE
   BY MR. EISENBERG:
16
17
        Mr. Dane, I'll try to be brief, as well.
18
         Do you understand that the exculpation provision covers
19
   performance under agreements even after the effective date
   of the Plan?
20
              MR. PEREZ: Your Honor, there's no foundation for
21
22
   Mr. Dane to answer this question, you know, the
23
   interpretation of a legal document.
24
              THE COURT: Overruled.
25
              THE WITNESS: Mr. Eisenberg, I would -- I would
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1 defer to our counsel to answer that question.
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- 2 BY MR. EISENBERG:
- 3 Q Yeah, but I wanted to know your understanding. If you
- 4 | have no understanding, that's fine.
- 5 | A I don't want to speculate. I would -- I would defer to
- 6 counsel and want to review the document.
- 7 | Q Well, you just had the document in front of you. Can
- 8 | we pull it back up, so we can look at it, or will that not
- 9 | help you at all?
- 10 | A I -- I think, to answer that question, I would want to
- 11 | consult with our counsel. I wouldn't feel comfortable
- 12 | providing you an answer just based on my own knowledge --
- 13 | THE COURT: Yeah, I'm going to --
- 14 || A -- right now.
- 15 | THE COURT: I'm going to go back and now sustain
- 16 | the objection. You asked him what his understanding was,
- 17 | and now you're asking him to read the document to form the
- 18 ||understanding. Those are -- the second question does ask
- 19 | for the legal conclusion; the initial one did not.
- 20 MR. EISENBERG: Thank you, Your Honor.
- 21 | He said that I would need to read it, and so I
- 22 || just offered --
- 23 | THE COURT: I --
- 24 | MR. EISENBERG: -- for him to have an
- 25 | understanding.

```
THE COURT: This isn't your fault. I'm just
 1
 2
    saying it still leads to the same conclusion.
 3
         (Laughter)
 4
              MR. EISENBERG: I gotcha.
 5
    BY MR. EISENBERG:
 6
         Mr. Dane, you know who W&T Offshore is, right?
 7
         Yes, I do.
         They're a counterparty to many Joint Operating
 8
 9
   Agreements with the Fieldwood entities.
10
   Α
         Yes, that's right.
11
         And those agreements contain various provisions.
12
   Pretty standard to have lien provisions in there, correct?
         I -- that's a very broad question. But there's
13
    concepts and general ways that incorporate concepts around
14
15
    liens, so if there is lien language in general.
16
        All right. And so -- and you're aware that there are
17
   multiple agreements with W&T, some of which are on your
18
    executory contract lists and some of which are not, correct?
         I would -- I would have to see the lists in order to be
19
20
    able to answer that question, but it would not surprise me
21
    that there are -- if you're asking are there contracts that
22
    are being assumed and -- and both rejected with respect to
23
   W&T, I would say the answer is probably "yes."
24
         Okay. And the operating agreements that Fieldwood has,
25
    in many occasions, Fieldwood was not the original party to
```

- 1 | those operating agreements, correct?
- 2 | A That's correct.
- 3 \parallel Q Right. In fact, like many of them they bought from
- 4 | Apache, so Apache was a party and Apache might have bought
- $5 \parallel \text{it}$ from somebody else. And so there might have been parties
- 6 | down the chain that were parties to that operating agreement
- 7 | before Fieldwood, correct?
- 8 | A Yes, that's not uncommon.
- 9 \mathbb{Q} And the same thing with \mathbb{W}_{0} , right? They may not have
- 10 | been the original parties, as well.
- 11 | A I haven't reviewed those specific documents, but as I
- 12 | said, that that's not an uncommon thing to see.
- 13 | Q And do you know, also, that Fieldwood currently owns
- 14 | properties on which W&T is a predecessor?
- 15 $\|A\|$ I do, that's correct.
- 16 \parallel Q And there are several of those properties, correct?
- 17 | A I believe so, yes.
- 18 ||Q In fact, as part of your discussions with many of the
- 19 | operators or producers, you've sent packets to them, right,
- 20 | and formulated lists of those properties as part of your
- 21 | review?
- 22 | A That's right. When we -- when we had a -- our Plan --
- 23 | when we filed our Plan in January -- even prior to January,
- 24 | we contacted a number of parties in the months in the -- in
- 25 | the late third quarter, early fourth quarter, and then those

- 1 conversations continued through the early part of this year.
- 2 | So, yes, there was various presentations, packages, and
- 3 | other information exchanged with respect to how predecessors
- 4 | were going to be impacted by various properties under the
- 5 different categories of our Plan.
- 6 \parallel Q All right. And Merritt was a predecessor on several of
- 7 | the properties that are currently owned by Fieldwood, as
- 8 | well, correct?
- 9 $\|A I I don't know the answer to that question.$
- 10 ||Q You don't know, one way or the other?
- 11 | A I -- I am not -- I'm not aware, not having reviewed our
- 12 || Schedules, of Merritt being a direct predecessor or not. I
- 13 | couldn't -- I couldn't tell you one way or -- I know Merritt
- 14 | has, you know, had a meaningful presence in the Gulf of
- 15 | Mexico. I know that we have a very substantial asset base.
- 16 || So it wouldn't surprise me, but I just -- I can't
- 17 | definitively tell you that answer, having not reviewed the
- 18 | schedule.
- 19 | We've got -- I know that Merritt is probably a
- 20 | significant predecessor or predecessor that -- that I
- 21 | understand has an operating interest that Fieldwood is
- 22 | abandoning. So, in the context of understanding every
- 23 ||single predecessor, I don't have that answer without looking
- 24 | at the detailed Schedules.
- 25 | Q All right. Okay. So let's talk about the Schedules.

- 1 And when you say "Schedules," you understand that each of
- 2 | the Debtor entities filed Schedules as part of the matters
- 3 | that it had to provide to the Court, Schedules of Financial
- 4 | Affairs, Schedules of assets and things of that nature,
- 5 | correct, sir?
- 6 A I understand that there's been many filings of many
- 7 | Schedules throughout this process.
- 8 \parallel Q Were you the person who certified those of verified
- 9 | them?
- 10 | A Yes. Would you mind asking me about a specific
- 11 | document?
- 12 | MR. EISENBERG: Well, I don't have a specific one,
- 13 | Your Honor.
- 14 BY MR. EISENBERG:
- 15 | Q Do you recall verifying any of the Statements of
- 16 | Financial Affairs or other Schedules of assets that
- 17 | Fieldwood filed in this case?
- 18 A Again, that's a very broad question. I know we have
- 19 | Monthly Operating Reports, which I sign, sometimes our Chief
- 20 | Accounting Officer signs. I know that, when we have filed
- 21 | major documents, like our various versions of our Plan and
- 22 | our Disclosure Statement and the supplements that have
- 23 | various Schedules attached to the supplements of contracts,
- 24 | I've reviewed those.
- 25 | I don't know -- I'm -- your particular language around

```
certification, the only -- the only thing that I recall I
1
    specifically certified or signed are my declarations, my --
 2
 3
    the Monthly Operating Reports. There may be other
 4
    documents, but those are the ones that I recall specifically
 5
    signing prior to filing, other that reviewing everything
   with our counsel.
 6
7
        All right. I know it's late, but I'm just trying to
   wrap this up for you.
8
 9
        (Pause in proceedings)
10
        All right. So you know what an opt-out is with regard
   to the releases, right? It was a form that said opt out,
11
   right, of the releases, right?
12
               That -- that's what I understand.
13
        Okay. Was a similar form -- or did that form include
14
15
    the exculpation provisions in 10.8, to the best of your
   knowledge?
16
17
         I would have the same question earlier, that I would
18
   have to consult counsel to -- to answer that question. I --
   I don't know the answer offhand.
19
20
         (Pause in proceedings)
         Is it your understanding that the exculpation
21
22
   provisions of a contract impair or affect the rights of
23
   parties to pursue claims against non-Debtor third parties?
24
              MR. PEREZ: Object to the question, Your Honor.
```

25

Calls for a legal conclusion.

1 | THE COURT: Sustained.

BY MR. EISENBERG:

2

3

4

- Q Do you personally know why the exculpations were written the way they were?
- 5 A The exculpations were an important point to the various
- 6 parties that are identified as exculpated parties. This was
- 7 | something that -- exculpations and releases were generally
- 8 | heavily negotiated provisions of various agreements,
- 9 | particularly with respect to the parties that were integral
- 10 | to our restructuring. So I think they were negotiated as
- 11 | part of the various transactions that we did in order to
- 12 establish an overall Plan.
- 13 Q But do you know personally know why they say what they
- 14 || say?
- 15 A Well, I understand why someone would want to be
- 16 | released or exculpated.
- 17 Q But do you understand why the specific words in the
- 18 particular exculpation provisions in 10.8 are in 10.8?
- 19 $\|A\|$ I'm having a hard time with that question. It feels a
- 20 | little vague to me. I mean, I -- I know that I -- the
- 21 process by which we negotiate the documents it is we hire
- 22 | counsel, who has broad experience with respect to
- 23 || restructuring processes, generating Plans and Disclosure
- 24 | Statements, negotiating with parties through a restructuring
- 25 | transaction. They start with language that would be, in

- 1 their minds, acceptable for purposes of a Plan, based on, I assume, their experience. And I know that these provisions 2 3 are specifically negotiated with the parties that need to be 4 released or exculpated, and there's adjustment to the 5 language to accomplish the parties' objectives. But based on that process, that's how I understand these documents, 6 7 like most negotiated documents get crafted. And do you have any personal knowledge of whether 8 9 adjustments were made to the language in that process? I would refer to the various redlines that we've 10 11 posted. I don't recall offhand the iterations of these particular sections, other than the additions of additional 12 13 parties as appropriate, once we reached -- once we reached further consensual solutions and it was appropriate. 14 15 Okay. Well, let's talk about those additional parties. 16 Chevron just got added to the exculpation provision? 17 I believe they are an exculpated party. 18
- 18 | Q And Chevron, the predecessor is co-liable on the 19 | properties that are going into Fieldwood Four, correct?
- A As -- as I testified earlier, the basis for the
 properties that comprise Fieldwood Four are certain
 properties which Chevron has joint and several liabilities
- 23 || for.
- $24 \parallel Q$ And that's the same for Apache and Fieldwood One?
- 25 A The basis for the Fieldwood One entity was properties

```
1
   for which Apache had joint and several liability.
        And that's another way of saying they are already
 2
 3
   liable for the P&A, correct?
 4
         They have joint and several liability under the
 5
    regulations, so with respect to decommissioning for assets
    in which they're in the chain of -- they were in a chain of
 6
 7
    title.
 8
              MR. EISENBERG: All right. I have no further
 9
    questions, Your Honor.
10
              THE COURT: Thank you.
11
              Mr. Baay.
12
        (No verbal response)
13
              THE COURT: Mr. Baay?
              MR. EISENBERG: I thought you said goodbye to me,
14
15
    Judge. I think --
16
        (Laughter)
17
              MR. EISENBERG: Which you may have, which, at this
18
    time of night, that's --
19
              THE COURT: Mr. Baay, do you have any questions?
    I think you need to unmute your own line, Mr. Baay.
20
21
         (No verbal response)
22
              THE COURT: Well, let's see. Okay. So you dialed
23
   back in. Let me get you hooked up here. I apologize.
24
   Mr. Baay.
25
              MR. BAAY: Thank you, Your Honor.
```

- THE COURT: Yeah, let's try it now. Go ahead, please.
- 3 MR. BAAY: Can you hear me, Your Honor?
- 4 THE COURT: I can. Thank you.
- 5 MR. BAAY: Okay. Your Honor. I don't know.
- 6 | Somehow I got dropped and dialed back in. Thank you, Your
- 7 | Honor.
- And again, this is John Baay for LLOG Exploration

 9 Offshore and LLOG Energy.
- 10 | CROSS-EXAMINATION OF MICHAEL DANE
- 11 | BY MR. BAAY:
- 12 || Q Good evening, Mr. Dane. How are you?
- 13 | A I'm well. Thank you very much. Good evening.
- 14 | Q Mr. Dane, I apologize.
- 15 | A Okay.
- 16 \parallel Q Do you recall testifying in January regarding LLOG and
- 17 | -- you know what I'm talking about if I say "LLOG,"
- 18 | obviously, right?
- 19 | A Yes, I do.
- 20 | Q Okay. LLOG's motion for adequate protection and motion
- 21 | to lift stay, you provided some testimony, correct?
- 22 A Yes, I did.
- 23 || Q And that's Central time?
- 24 A I'm sorry. Would you mind repeating the question,
- 25 | please?

```
1
         I'm just asking if you have reviewed that testimony,
 2
    that transcript since you gave it back in January?
 3
        No, I did not.
 4
              MR. BAAY: Okay. Your Honor, LLOG filed its
 5
   Exhibit List at 1603, and we're not going to use very many
 6
   of these exhibits. Can I -- but I wanted to go ahead, just
7
   a housekeeping matter, and offer the exhibits that we have
   an agreement with Debtors' counsel, so that we get those
8
 9
    into evidence. And I may use a couple of them this evening,
10
    if that's okay.
11
              THE COURT: Which ones are there an agreement on?
12
              MR. BAAY: The ones agreement are our L-1 and L-2
    to 1 and 2.
13
              THE COURT: So you're offering 1603-1 and 1603-2?
14
              MR. BAAY: Yes, Your Honor.
15
16
              THE COURT: Any objection to the admission of
17
    1603-1 and 1603-2?
18
              Hold on. Ms. Hayden, I actually think you're
    calling to ask your own questions, but I need to know if you
19
20
   have any objections to those, since you raised your hand, as
   well.
21
22
         (No verbal response)
23
               THE COURT: Does any party object to 1603-1 or 2?
24
              MR. PEREZ: Do you have any objection?
25
              MS. CHOI: Yes.
```

```
MR. PEREZ: Your Honor, Ms. Choi is --
 1
 2
              MS. CHOI: No objection.
 3
         (Participants speak simultaneously)
 4
              MR. PEREZ: We have no objection, Your Honor.
 5
              MR. BAAY: The next set is L-4 through L --
 6
         (Participants speak simultaneously)
 7
              THE COURT: Hold on, hold on. Wait, wait, wait.
 8
    I've got somebody else that wants to speak. Let me find
 9
    them.
10
              Mr. Genender, your line is active already.
    don't need to press five-star. Go ahead.
11
12
              UNIDENTIFIED: No objection, Your Honor.
13
              THE COURT: Thank you. All right. There are no
    objections, 1603-1 and 2 are admitted.
14
15
         (LLOG Exhibits 1603-1 and 1603-2 received in evidence.)
              THE COURT: Go ahead, please, Mr. Baay.
16
17
              MR. BAAY: The next set is L-4 through L-6, which
    is at 1603-4 through 1603-6.
18
              THE COURT: Any objection to 1603-4, 5, and 6?
19
20
         (No verbal response)
              THE COURT: All right. They are admitted.
21
22
         (LLOG Exhibits 1603-4 through 1603-6 received in
23
    evidence.)
24
              MR. BAAY: So Exhibits L-8 through L-20 is at
25
    1603-8 through 1603-21.
```

```
THE COURT: Any objection to 1603-8 through 21?
1
              THE COURT: We do have --
2
 3
              MS. CHOI: No objection.
 4
              THE COURT: We do have an objection. Hold on, let
5
   me see who we have.
 6
              Ms. Hayden, your line is active. Go ahead, you
7
   don't need to press five-star again. Do you have an
8
    objection?
9
         (No verbal response)
              THE COURT: Ms. Hayden?
10
11
         (No verbal response)
12
              THE COURT: Ms. Hayden, you may have your own line
13
   muted.
             MS. HAYDEN: I apologize. I was not meaning to
14
15
    object to this, Your Honor. I apologize.
              THE COURT: Oh, no problem.
16
17
              MS. HAYDEN: I was really meaning --
18
              THE COURT: I'm going to leave your line active,
   so that you can ask questions when Mr. Baay is done.
19
20
              MS. HAYDEN: Okay. Thank you.
21
              THE COURT: Thank you.
22
              All right. 1603-8 through 21 are admitted.
23
         (LLOG Exhibits 1603-8 and 1603-21 received in
   evidence.)
24
25
              MR. BAAY: And the last set, Your Honor, is L-24
```

```
through L-40, which are found at Docket 1603-25 through
 1
 2
    1603-41.
 3
              THE COURT: Any objection to 25 through 41?
 4
         (No verbal response)
 5
              THE COURT: 1603-25 through 41 are admitted.
         (LLOG Exhibits 1603-25 through 1603-41 received in
 6
 7
    evidence.)
 8
              MR. BAAY: Thank you, Your Honor.
 9
   BY MR. BAAY:
        Mr. Dane, are you familiar with Fieldwood overriding
10
    royalty interest in Green Canyon 201 in the northeast corner
11
    of 17,000 feet?
12
13
        Yes, I'm -- yes, I am.
         Okay. That is an overriding royalty interest that was
14
15
    acquired from Shell in 2015, correct?
         I believe so.
16
17
        And based on the Amended Disclosure Statement, that
18
   interest is being sold to the Credit Bid Purchaser, correct?
19
   Α
        Correct.
20
        And it's being sold free and clear of any liens,
21
    correct?
         That's my understanding.
22
23
        And it's Fieldwood's position that I believe you
    learned during your testimony in January that Fieldwood was
24
25
    taking the position that LLOG does not have a security
```

- 1 | interest or a mortgage on that royalty -- overriding royalty 2 | interest, correct?
- $3 \parallel A$ Yes.
- $4 \parallel Q$ And you were aware, back in January and currently, that
- 5 | LLOG took that position that claims in overriding royalty
- 6 | interests -- claimed that this overriding royalty interest
- 7 | secures Fieldwood's obligations under the Offshore Operating
- 8 | Agreement that covered Green Canyon 201 and Green
- 9 | Canyon 157, correct?
- 10 $\|A\|$ I -- I understand that LLOG has that interpretation.
- 11 | Q We're working on a deal to deal with these issues post-
- 12 | confirmation, so I will -- I'm hoping that that goes
- 13 | through, but wanted to get these questions in and just be
- 14 | sure to make a record in case something happens.
- 15 The Credit Bid Purchasers don't have any kind of
- 16 | security interest or lien on this overriding royalty
- 17 | interest, correct?
- 18 A I'm sorry. Do you mind specifying? Are you asking
- 19 | about the current lenders under the current Fieldwood credit
- 20 | agreements, or are you asking about the future Credit Bid
- 21 | Purchasers with respect to the lien position that they'll
- 22 | have under their new facility?
- 23 ||Q That's a very good point. The -- I'm talking about the
- 24 | current lenders who are making a bid for that certain group
- 25 of assets that are described in the Disclosure Statement, to

- 1 | include this overriding royalty interest.
- 2 | A I -- I don't know.
- $3 \parallel Q$ (Indiscernible).
- 4 | A I would have to consult our --
- 5 Q (Indiscernible).
- 6 | A I would have to consult our --
- 7 \mathbb{Q} Do you know if there are certain assets that are being
- 8 | purchased by the lenders that are going to NewCo that
- 9 | they're just purchasing as part of the assets, not because
- 10 | they have any kind of a security interest in them?
- 11 | A I -- I would have to review the Schedules to check
- 12 | which -- which properties specifically have liens, versus
- 13 | what interest -- what assets are being transferred that may
- 14 | not have liens. It's just there's a number of properties
- 15 | and I don't know off the top of my head.
- 16 \parallel Q All right. Do you know how much is being paid for this
- 17 | overriding royalty interest?
- 18 | A No.
- 19 $\|Q\|$ If -- assuming that it is not part of the secured
- 20 | assets, but it is an unencumbered asset that is going to
- 21 NewCo, do you know how much, if any, of the \$105 million in
- 22 | cash has been allocated to this override?
- 23 | A No.
- 24 | Q Do you know how much Fieldwood is currently receiving
- 25 | each month as a result of this override?

```
I -- I reviewed the Schedules at the time of the last
1
   hearing, but I don't -- I don't recall what the amount is
2
   for that.
 3
 4
         Okay. Is this a valuable asset for the Debtors?
 5
         I think it has value, which is why it is something
 6
   that's contemplated being owned by NewCo. But you know,
7
    frankly, any override has value because it's not burdened by
   -- by cost. Most of -- I believe most of the Debtors'
8
 9
    overrides that are not a portion of the Fieldwood One entity
10
   are being acquired by the Credit Bid Purchaser, and this is
   one of those overrides.
11
12
        Okay. How does Fieldwood value assets like this
13
   override?
         Field -- in the same way Fieldwood would value any oil
14
15
   and gas interest. It would look at its estimation of future
16
   reserves. It would conduct an analysis consistent with how
17
   we value our reserves, whether we -- we look at the Klein
18
   curve analysis or volumetric analysis. We have our
19
    corporate reserves team value reserves; in some cases,
20
    they're audited. So we would look at the properties that
    this override is attached to, understand the performance,
21
22
    the -- the expected recoveries, any future potential upside.
23
        Okay. Are you familiar then with the terms proved,
24
   proven, probable, and proved, probable, and possible?
```

You're familiar with those valuation concepts?

25

```
1 \mid A Yes, I am.
```

- 2 Q Okay. Do you know how -- whether this override is
- 3 | valued by Fieldwood as a proved or one P or two P proved,
- 4 plus probable, or three P proved, plus probable, plus
- 5 || possible?
- 6 A Generally speaking, for most assets that Fieldwood
- 7 | owns, it values -- it -- "value" may not be the right word.
- 8 | But if performs -- it performs reserve estimation that would
- 9 | allow it to understand proved reserves, probable reserves,
- 10 | and possible reserves.
- In some cases, for assets that we don't have as much
- 12 | knowledge of or data to support, assets that may just be an
- 13 | override or may be a non-operated working interest owner,
- 14 | there's not always a separate proved, probable, possible
- 15 | evaluation done. And I'm not aware specifically of this
- 16 | asset, if we have multiple reserve estimations done at
- 17 different reserve category levels or not.
- 18 Q Okay. Are you aware that Fieldwood used the two P, or
- 19 | proved plus probable values from its reserve report for
- 20 | valuations associated with the Plan in this case, in
- 21 | general?
- 22 A Yes. I -- I'm sorry, let me qualify that. I
- 23 ||understand that our expert's report considered in its net
- 24 | asset valuation probable reserves.
- 25 Q Okay. Which would include proved reserves.

- 1 | A Right, it --
- 2 Q Proved plus --
- 3 A Well, it is a -- probable reserve category is its own 4 category.
- $5 \parallel Q$ Right.

this override?

10

- Under the Plan, assuming this asset gets sold to the
 Credit Bid Purchasers, are the Debtors holding any cash
 proceeds from the sale to satisfy LLOG's claims, should it
 be determined that those claims are, in fact, secured by
- 11 A I'm sorry. Can you -- can you repeat that for me? Are 12 the Debtors holding any?
- Q All right. So the Debtors are receiving some cash as part of the sale. We went through the -- all the considerations that's been received by the Debtors as part of the Credit Bid Purchase, correct? Do you remember that testimony?
- 18 | A Yes.
- 19 $\|Q\|$ So part of that was \$105 million in cash?
- 20 A The -- the cash that's being provided is being used to
 21 pay various Plan expenses. It has a variety -- we reviewed
 22 the sources and uses statement. There is not currently
 23 anything contemplated to set aside funds related to this
 24 particular dispute. And I don't think that -- I understand
 25 that was the basis of the adequate protection motion that

1 | LLOG filed, but I -- I thought -- I -- as I understand it, I 2 | think that that issue is not resolved.

Q Correct, okay.

Do you know how much LLOG is claiming as unpaid joint interest billings under the Offshore Operating Agreement?

A I know that LLOG is claiming that it's owed roughly \$900,000, which is an amount that's significantly in dispute. And that has been in dispute.

Q Okay.

A Fieldwood was aware of this balance for a long time, and it was trying to negotiate with LLOG for a long period of time to pay this balance, you know, before it entered into Chapter 11, and it would have been paid. I think we reviewed with the Court during the last hearing the specific discrepancies. And there's a very simple schedule that outlines those discrepancies. And we've never been provided with a reasonable answer as to why the balance is two times higher.

But notwithstanding all that, given that we could never understand and reconcile the Schedule with LLOG and so much time elapsed, the company ended up filing for bankruptcy. And at that point, it determined that those properties probably ought to just be abandoned in any event, so it largely became irrelevant in our -- in our opinion. But we dispute the -- the balance.

- Q Okay. And it have those adjustments that Fieldwood
 believed are appropriate in this case, have those changed
 since your testimony in January or are they roughly the same
- I'm not aware of any changes. I -- I think I
 understand -- this hasn't been an issue that I've been
 particularly focused on since the hearing, but I think I
 understand that Fieldwood believes the -- the Fieldwood
 undisputed balance, I think, was around a half a million
 dollars. But again, it was associated with a -- an interest
 that the company was contemplating abandoning or rejecting.
 - Q Okay. The last thing I want to ask you about are the P&A liabilities associated with Green Canyon 201 and 157.

 Are you familiar with those amounts?
 - A Are you asking -- this -- sorry, just to clarify. Are you asking about the properties in which Fieldwood non-consented and it has a 15 percent working interest in the 157 and 201 leases?
- 19 Q Absolutely.

4

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

as they were?

- 20 A I have a -- I have a vague understanding, I think, of 21 what I recall some of those values potentially being.
- Q Okay. And is that based on a BOEM estimate or a BSEE estimate or some combination?
- 24 A This isn't an overly material asset. So I know that 25 I've seen the values at one point in time. I think that I

- recall that Fieldwood's 15 percent interest in these two wells was something on the order of magnitude of
- 3 ||\$2-3 million. But I -- I, frankly, don't recall. This is a
- $4 \parallel --$ again, this is a small, non-operated working interest.
- 5 Q Okay. So I mean, as we sit here today, you don't know
- 6 | what Fieldwood's liability is or, even as Fieldwood
- 7 | calculates it, whether it's 15 percent of the total P&A in
- 8 | Green Canyon 201 and 157; you can't provide us with that
- 9 | number, correct?
- 10 | A Fieldwood has thousands of wells.
- 11 | Q No, no.
- 12 | A This is a -- this is a well which we non-consented and
- 13 | are rejecting. I would -- I -- there -- the estimate
- 14 | exists, we have an estimate. I don't recall it off the top
- 15 of my head. I believe that it's somewhere in the
- 16 | neighborhood of \$3 million.
- 17 | I know I've seen astronomical values that have been
- 18 | published in -- in your objections, which would equate to
- 19 | two wells having an abandonment value of a hundred-plus
- 20 | million dollars on a gross basis, which I don't think LLOG
- 21 | truly believes.
- 22 I think that, if I understand correctly what I think
- 23 | the liability is here is it's a 15 percent interest in two
- 24 | deepwater sub-sea wells. And if that's correct, then an
- 25 | approximate \$3 million abandonment liability seems

- 1 | reasonable, if I have all my assumptions correct.
- 2 | Q Okay. Did Fieldwood cure those liabilities on its
- 3 | balance sheet?
- 4 | A With -- the company -- prior to having rejected those
- 5 | interests, the company would carry all liabilities. I
- 6 | haven't specifically looked at this particular liability.
- 7 | But I assume, if it's a liability of the company, then it
- 8 | would be -- it should be incorporated.
- 9 Q Okay. And the company doesn't consider in those
- 10 | obligations and those liabilities, doesn't consider them to
- 11 | be contingent liabilities, do they?
- 12 A I would need to check the accounting treatment. I
- 13 | think that P&A liabilities are an obligation of the company.
- 14 | Obviously, the effect of this restructuring is going to
- 15 | change the nature of those liabilities if -- if we have a
- 16 | Plan that gets confirmed.
- 17 | Q Sure, I understand. But those -- but pre-petition, I'm
- 18 | talking about. The liability arises for that P&A when
- 19 | Fieldwood enters into an operating agreement like it did for
- 20 Green Canyon 201 and 157, correct?
- 21 | A I don't believe --
- 22 || Q Was it --
- 23 \parallel A -- this was a contingent liability. I would have to --
- 24 | I would have to consult with our Chief Accounting Officer.
- 25 | I believe that -- that Fieldwood previously had a working

```
1
    interest in this -- I understand that Fieldwood previously
    had a working interest in these wells, that Fieldwood non-
 2
 3
    consented its interest in these wells. And that non-
 4
    consent, in and of itself, I don't believe would have
 5
    eliminated a plugging and abandonment liability.
         But I do know that these wells were sidetracked and
 6
 7
    that it's a complicated -- it's a more complicated issue
    because additional and subsequent plugging and abandonment
 8
 9
    liability was created. So this unique situation, I think,
10
    is one that I would need to explore further to be able to
11
    answer that question.
12
              MR. BAAY: Okay. That's all the questions I have.
    Thank you very much.
13
14
              THE COURT: Mr. Baay, thank you.
```

Ms. Hayden.

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

MR. PEREZ: Your Honor, before we leave that, I think that, with respect to two of the exhibits, they were only admitted as -- for a limited purpose. I think 1630-40 and 1630-41. I don't know if that's correct or not.

THE COURT: Mr. Baay, were they offered for all purposes or for a limited purpose?

MR. BAAY: I believe they were offered for all purposes, but I'll -- I will -- let me just look and see which ones those are.

I'm sorry. Tell me the numbers again, Mr. Perez.

```
THE COURT: 1603-40 and 1603-41.
 1
 2
         (Pause in proceedings)
 3
              MR. BAAY: Those are business records that were
 4
    offered for all purposes. I don't know what limited purpose
 5
    it would be.
              THE COURT: What do you believe the limit --
 6
 7
              MS. CHOI: Your Honor?
 8
              THE COURT: -- should be?
 9
              Ms. Choi?
10
              MS. CHOI: Your Honor, this is Erin Choi on behalf
11
    of the Debtors.
              We think these letters should not be admitted for
12
    the truth, but only for the fact that they were sent.
13
         (Pause in proceedings)
14
15
              MR. BAAY: Your Honor, and I think they're
   business records, they're two letters. I think they'll --
16
17
              THE COURT: Yeah, I'm looking at them.
18
              MR. BAAY: For this objection, they're a business
    record.
19
20
              MS. CHOI:
                        They haven't been proven up.
21
              MR. BAAY: I know that. But I thought that's why
22
    we had an -- I thought that's what our agreement was other
23
    day, is that we didn't have to prove these up.
24
              THE COURT: So 41. The only -- I think the only
25
    statements of fact in there are they consider it closed,
```

```
right? I mean, is there really a problem with 41? I'm just
1
2
    trying to understand what we got.
 3
              MS. CHOI: Your Honor, 41, it's probably fine.
 4
   It's 40 that we're concerned mostly about here.
 5
         (Pause in proceedings)
 6
              THE COURT: Tell me why it's not a business
7
   record, even though you all were stipulating. Are you
8
   alleging it's not a business record and you want them to
 9
   prove that up? I mean, I may go there, but is that the
    issue?
10
              MS. CHOI: Your Honor, in our agreement, we agreed
11
   to admit this for a limited purpose, so.
12
13
              THE COURT: Is there some writing on that or was
    this all done orally?
14
15
              MS. CHOI: Let me check, Your Honor.
16
              THE COURT: Okay.
17
         (Pause in proceedings)
18
              MS. CHOI: Your Honor, it appears that we -- this
19
   was discussed orally.
20
              THE COURT: Okay.
                                 I'm going to leave it admitted.
21
    I'm going to ask Mr. Baay to file a business records
22
    affidavit, and then we'll determine if we're admitting it
23
    for all purposes or for limited purposes. I'll listen to
24
    the argument on that when we get to the close.
25
              MS. CHOI:
                         Okay.
```

```
THE COURT: Ms. Rosen, did you have a comment
 1
    about that issue?
 2
 3
             MS. ROSEN: I'm sorry, Your Honor. Are you
 4
   speaking to me?
 5
             THE COURT: Yes, you pressed five-star.
 6
             MS. ROSEN: Oh. Yeah, I did, Your Honor. Thank
 7
   you.
 8
              I just had -- actually, it wasn't about that
 9
   issue. I just -- I had an agreement with the Debtors on the
   admission of two exhibits. I wanted to offer them now, and
10
   I think that would dispense with my need to present -- ask
11
12
   Mr. Dane any questions.
13
             THE COURT: Okay.
             MS. ROSEN: And those exhibits are -- yes, Your
14
15
   Honor. It's Exhibits Nos. 11 and 12, and they are at Docket
   Nos. 1665-16 and 1665-17.
16
17
              THE COURT: Do we have a stipulation on 1665-16 --
18
   wait, I've only got -- I don't have a 1665-17.
19
             MS. ROSEN: Sorry. Let me look. I'm sorry, Your
20
   Honor.
          It's the two Declarations. And maybe -- it looks to
   me like it's Part 16 and 17 of exhibit -- of Docket 1665.
21
22
             THE COURT: 1665 doesn't have a 17.
23
             MS. ROSEN: Okay. Then it would be 15 and 16,
   Your Honor.
24
25
             THE COURT: Let's see. Exhibit 15 is the Karen
```

```
Jones Declaration, and Exhibit 16 --
 1
              MS. ROSEN: That's --
 2
 3
              THE COURT: -- is the Michael Jori Declaration.
 4
              Are there objections to the substantive admission
 5
    of the two Declarations?
              MS. CHOI: No objection, Your Honor.
 6
 7
              THE COURT: All right. We're admitting 1665-15
 8
    and 16.
             Thank you.
 9
         (XH Exhibits 1665-15 and 1665-16 received in evidence.)
10
              THE COURT: Ms. Hayden, go ahead, please.
              MS. ROSEN: Thank you, Your Honor.
11
12
              THE COURT: Thank you.
              MS. HAYDEN: Your Honor, I just have like two
13
    questions for the witness. And I apologize for doing this
14
    so late. I think I --
15
              THE COURT: I don't think you -- I don't think you
16
17
    can get blamed for that. We can find other people to blame
18
    on that.
19
         (Laughter)
20
              MS. HAYDEN: And I will. I'll blame everybody,
21
   but I think I have just two questions.
22
                  CROSS-EXAMINATION OF MICHAEL DANE
23
   BY MS. HAYDEN:
         One, I think I understand exculpated party, and please
24
25
    correct me if I'm wrong because I've read, you know, the
```

- brief, I've listened to Mr. Eisenberg and I've listened to
 Mr. Kuebel examine you, and I also listened to your counsel
 examine you.
- This exculpated party are those parties who

 participated in the Plan process and helped you like reach

 the agreements that have resulted in this Plan.
- 7 | I know that's not great legalese.

9

15

16

17

18

if I'm wrong.

- A The exculpated parties are the parties that are defined in the exculpated parties' definition.
- Q Okay. Now then let me ask you this. Well, then, under the terms of 10.8, it released those parties of claims. And those claims arise out of a whole series of about 20 or 30 claims that all seem to relate to the conception of the Plan. And I'm just maybe jumping to conclusions, correct me
 - But why did you include Additional Predecessor

 Agreement Documents in that list of 20 some-odd items that claims arise out of?
- 19 A I would have to defer to our counsel about that
 20 particular provision. But it seems like that is something
 21 that is a part of the Plan process.
- Q Okay. So, other than what they would tell me, you really don't know. Would that be fair?
- 24 A The answer I -- I just provided is the answer that I 25 would give you.

```
1
   Q
         Okay. Thank you.
2
              MS. HAYDEN: And Your Honor, that's it for my
 3
    questions. Thank you for your patience.
 4
              THE COURT: Ms. Hayden, thank you.
 5
              Is there any Redirect?
              MR. PEREZ: No, Your Honor.
 6
 7
              THE COURT: All right. We're adjourned until 1:45
8
    tomorrow. We'll have some interruptions, I'm afraid, in the
 9
    afternoon. I don't think they'll be lengthy.
10
              I, again, need to have an understanding with
11
   respect to pre-petition obligations and post-petition events
    on what the Plan is purporting to do with releases,
12
13
    injunctions, exculpations, all of that stuff. I thought
    that I was told that, if someone had an obligation that
14
15
    existed pre-petition, for example, to contribute to a P&A
16
   obligation, that that was not being eliminated by the Plan,
17
   but now I'm concerned that the additional predecessor
18
    documents would do just that.
```

I want unambiguous statements in the Confirmation Order, as I mentioned yesterday, so that -- I think it was yesterday, whenever we talked about. I mean, I guess it was Thursday. I need to understand it. And I don't yet understand it and I don't -- and you know, Mr. Dane correctly says that's largely a legal issue that I've left up to my lawyers. I don't have a problem with that, but I

19

20

21

22

23

24

1 need a definition, so I know what I'm being asked to do. 2 If I am being asked to say that, if I have two 3 predecessors-in-interest, one who participates and one who 4 doesn't, and I'm cutting off the other predecessor's rights 5 of contribution against the one that's participating, I need to understand why I can do that under the law. That's a lot 6 7 different than saying events in the future. 8 But if you think I can do that, I want plain 9 language that that's what you're asking me to do and I want 10 to know the basis on which I can do it. So, again, I need 11 to have those definitions clearly known. And I know that I haven't looked at what you've done. You may have already 12 made all those clarifications. I'm just reiterating that, 13 you know, that's a pretty significant issue for me that I 14 15 need to worry about. 16 I'll see you all at 1:45 tomorrow. Thank you. 17 (The parties thank the Court.) 18 THE COURT: Goodnight. 19 (Proceedings concluded at 8:22 p.m.) 20 21 22 23 24 25

I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript to the best of my ability due to the condition of the electronic sound recording of the ZOOM/telephonic proceedings in the above-entitled matter. /S/ MARY D. HENRY CERTIFIED BY THE AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF ELECTRONIC REPORTERS AND TRANSCRIBERS, CET**337 JUDICIAL TRANSCRIBERS OF TEXAS, LLC JTT TRANSCRIPT #64127 DATE FILED: JUNE 26, 2021

1	IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT						
2	FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS						
3	HOUSTON DIVISION						
4	IN RE: \$ CASE NO. 20-33948-11 \$ JOINTLY ADMINISTERED						
5	\$ HOUSTON, TEXAS FIELDWOOD ENERGY LLC, \$ TUESDAY,						
6	\$ JUNE 22, 2021 DEBTOR. \$ 1:44 P.M. TO 5:37 P.M.						
7							
8	CONFIRMATION HEARING DAY TWO (VIA ZOOM)						
9	BEFORE THE HONORABLE MARVIN ISGUR						
10	UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY JUDGE						
11							
12	APPEARANCES: SEE NEXT PAGE						
13	(December of the Count C						
14	(Recorded via CourtSpeak)						
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12							
13							
14	(Please also see Electron	nic Appearances.)					
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16							
17							
18							
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23							
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25							

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23								

JUDICIAL TRANSCRIBERS OF TEXAS, LLC

24

1 HOUSTON, TEXAS; TUESDAY, JUNE 22 16, 2021; 1:44 A.M. 2 THE COURT: All right, we're returning to the 3 Confirmation Hearing in the Fieldwood case. It's 20-33948. Who's going to be the proponents' next witness? 4 5 (Pause in the proceedings.) 6 THE COURT: Mr. Perez? 7 MR. PEREZ: Yes, Your Honor, Alfredo Perez. John 8 Graham was going to be our next witness, Your Honor. I see 9 him on the screen. I don't know whether he's on. 10 THE COURT: Thank you. Mr. Graham, if I could get you to press five star 11 12 one time on your line, please, sir? 13 Mr. Graham, good afternoon. Would you raise your right hand for me please? 14 MR. GRAHAM: Good afternoon. 15 THE COURT: Thank you. Would you raise your right 16 17 hand for me, please? 18 (Witness sworn.) 19 THE COURT: Thank you. 20 All right, let me see. I've got someone else that 21 wishes to address the Court. Well, Mr. Perez, I had already 22 activated your line I think before you pressed five star. 23 All right, let's move ahead then. 24 MR. PEREZ: Thank you. Your Honor, can you hear 25 me?

```
1
              THE COURT: Yes, sir.
 2
              MR. PEREZ: I think you lowered my hand. Oh, you
 3
    can hear me?
 4
              THE COURT: I lowered your hand because I already
 5
   activated your line. I'll leave it open for the hearing.
              MR. PEREZ: Oh, okay, okay. I thought you were
 6
7
   trying to silence me. But, --
8
                          I have other ways of doing that.
 9
              DIRECT EXAMINATION OF JOHN ANTHONY GRAHAM
   BY MR. PEREZ:
10
        Good afternoon, Mr. Graham. Could you please state
11
12
   your name?
       John Anthony Graham.
13
14
        And, Mr. Graham, are you the individual that is
   proposed to be the sole manager of Fieldwood One?
15
16
         I am.
17
        Would you please tell the Court your educational
18
   background?
         I graduated in 1977 from the University of Missouri
19
   with a Bachelors of Science degree in mechanical
20
    engineering. And then in 1983, I graduated from University
21
22
   of Oklahoma with a Masters in Business Administration.
23
         In addition, I'm a registered professional engineer in
   the State of Texas.
24
```

Now, when did you first obtain employment in your area

- 1 | of expertise?
- 2 | A I started to work in 1977 for AMACO Production Company
- 3 || in Tyler, Texas.
- $4 \parallel Q$ And what was your position at that time?
- 5 | A I was a production engineer.
- 6 Q All right, and then, what did you do after that
- 7 | opportunity?
- 8 After joining AMACO in 1977, I had several different
- 9 positions relating to operations engineer, reservoir
- 10 | engineer, reservoir engineering manager, vice president of
- 11 | reservoir engineering, region vice president and country
- 12 | manager, region vice president and managing director.
- 13 \parallel Q All right, so let me -- let me -- so --
- 14 And also vice president of health safety security
- 15 | environment for Apache Incorporation.
- 16 \parallel Q All right. So, what was your last employment,
- 17 Mr. Graham?
- 18 | A I retired from Apache Corporation in April of 2020
- 19 | after serving them in five countries, seven regions, at
- 20 | corporate office in 25 years.
- 21 | Q All right, so prior to the time that you went to
- 22 | Apache, what were your positions? What type of work did you
- 23 | do?
- 24 | A I was doing petroleum engineering work primarily as an
- 25 | operations engineer, production engineer, reservoir

- 1 | engineering management and reservoir engineer executive.
- 2 | Q Okay and --
- $3 \parallel A$ And also vice president of health, safety environment.
- 4 | Q Okay, so when you went to Apache, what were your
- 5 | positions?
- 6 A I went to Apache in 1994 as reservoir engineering
- 7 | manager in the Rocky Mountain Region in Denver, Colorado.
- 8 \parallel Q And then what was your next position after that?
- 9 A It was Region Vice President of the Gulf Coast.
- 10 ||Q| Okay and then after that?
- 11 A I was transferred as engineering general manager for
- 12 | Apache Egypt's companies in Cairo, Egypt.
- 13 | Q Okay, were you ever the reservoir engineering manager
- 14 | for the Gulf Coast region -- for the Gulf of Mexico region?
- 15 | A I was reservoir engineering manager for the Gulf of
- 16 | Mexico region, yes.
- 17 | Q Okay. And then after your position in Cairo, Egypt,
- 18 | where did you go from there?
- 19 | A I was promoted to vice president of reservoir
- 20 | engineering in our Canadian region in Calvary Alberta.
- 21 ||Q| Okay. And then what did you do after that?
- 22 | A After three years, I was asked to transfer to Buenos
- 23 | Aires, Argentina as the region vice president and country
- 24 | manager for Apache Argentina.
- 25 \mathbb{Q} And then after that position, what did you do?

- A I was transferred back to Houston, Texas as a vice
 president of health, safety, security, and environment for
- 3 | Apache Corporation worldwide.
- 4 Q Okay. So at that point -- at that time did you have
- 5 | responsibility for health, safety, security and the
- 6 environment for the Gulf of Mexico region?
- $7 \parallel A$ I had -- I was the oversight for the entire company.
- 8 | Not necessarily just the Gulf of Mexico.
- 9 \mathbb{Q} Got it. And then what was your position after that?
- 10 A After that, I was transferred to Aberdeen, Scotland as
- 11 | region vice president and managing director of Apache North
- 12 | Sea.
- 13 | Q And was that your last posting with Apache?
- 14 A Yes, it was. And I retired in April of 2020.
- 15 \parallel Q Now, could you tell the Court how big the North Sea
- 16 | region is?
- 17 A When I was managing the North Sea Region, we produced
- 18 | between 60 and 70,000 barrels of oil a day, equivalent, from
- 19 | seven platforms. And we would generate in the neighborhood
- 20 of \$3 billion a year worth of revenue. And our net revenue
- 21 was approximately a billion and a half dollars a year.
- 22 || Q Thank you.
- Now in terms of when did you first hear about the
- 24 | opportunity to be the sole manager?
- 25 A In August of 2020 I was contacted by Anthony Lanny,

- 1 general counsel for Apache Corporation. He described the
- 2 position they were looking to fill at Fieldwood One. He
- 3 | thought I had the background and expertise and experience
- 4 | for that. And asked me if I would be interested in
- 5 | submitting my name for consideration.
- 6 Q And so what did you do after that first initial
- 7 || contact?
- 8 | A I provided Mr. Lanny with an updated résumé and he
- 9 | explained -- he also provided me with the job description
- 10 | and also the term sheet agreement between Apache and
- 11 | Fieldwood Energy.
- 12 And he told me the situation that it was going through,
- 13 | the bankruptcy, and that it would be some time in the first
- 14 | quarter of 2021, you know, before Fieldwood One would emerge
- 15 | from the bankruptcy.
- 16 \parallel Q And did you indicate an interest in pursuing this
- 17 | opportunity?
- 18 A After consideration and reading the documents, I told
- 19 Mr. Lanny that I gave him my approval to submit my name for
- 20 | consideration.
- 21 ||Q| And then what happened next?
- 22 | A I was contacted by Mr. Lanny in early December letting
- 23 | me know that I would be contacted by Fieldwood Energy to
- 24 where they could have an opportunity to speak with me, get
- 25 | to know me and understand my background and experience.

- 1 | Q And did that happen?
- 2 | A Yes, I think sometime in mid-December I had a meeting
- 3 | with Mike Dane and Tommy Lamb to discuss the Fieldwood One
- 4 position.
- $5 \parallel Q$ Okay and then what happened as a result of that
- 6 | meeting?
- 7 | A After that meeting, I was next contacted and presented
- 8 | with the job offer as sole manager for Fieldwood One and
- 9 also, they asked me if I would be available to come on as a
- 10 | consultant of Fieldwood Energy until they came out of
- 11 | bankruptcy and Fieldwood One was created.
- 12 || Q Okay, and then what did you do after that proposal was
- 13 | made?
- 14 | A I accepted the proposal and I went to work, I believe,
- 15 \parallel it was January 14th of 2021 for Fieldwood Energy as a
- 16 | consultant with primary responsibility to become familiar
- 17 | with the Fieldwood One properties, the Fieldwood Energy
- 18 | Organization and also have an opportunity, you know, to meet
- 19 | the people that would be involved in operating Fieldwood
- 20 | One.
- 21 | Q Okay. And have you, in fact, been doing that since
- 22 | that time?
- 23 | A Yes, I have. I've been given the opportunity to review
- 24 | the properties, sit down with the asset managers, review the
- 25 | fields, the active projects, the decommissioning folks.

Also, most of the major functional area managers, including the field operations folks as well as the vice president of operations.

4

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I was also provided an updated reserve report and I get daily production reports on the Fieldwood One properties.

- Q All right, Mr. Graham, what do you understand the role of the Fieldwood One sole manager to be?
- 8 A Well the Fieldwood One sole manager is responsible for
 9 the operations and decommissioning of the Legacy Apache
 10 properties. With the mission of decommissioning these
 11 assets in a timely manner.
- 12 Q Okay, and what are the considerations that will go into 13 that decommissioning?
 - A Well, the primary responsibility of Fieldwood One is to decommission the non-producing properties and then maximize the cash flow from the producing properties to provide funds for future decommissioning.
 - Q All right. And now initially, I believe, the testimony has been that initially there will be Transition Services

 Agreement with the Credit Bid Purchaser. Are you aware of that?
- 22 A Yes, I am. There's a provision that Fieldwood Energy,
 23 Newco will provide contract operations for the Fieldwood One
 24 properties.
- 25 | Q And how will you be involved with respect to that

- 1 | Transition Services Agreement?
- 2 A Well, it will be my responsibility to oversee the
- 3 | contract operator in the operations of Fieldwood One.
- $4 \parallel Q$ And do you have any ability to change the contract
- 5 | operator?
- 6 A Yes, I do. As sole manager, I have the right to change
- 7 | the contract operator. In fact, the LLC agreement for
- 8 | Fieldwood One stipulates that I have to bid out the contract
- 9 operations to at least three credible companies to ensure
- 10 | that we're getting optimum cost for operations.
- 11 | Q And is that a role that you've performed before
- 12 | assuring yourself that you were getting the maximum cost and
- 13 | the maximum efficiency?
- 14 | A Yes. Throughout my career that has been my
- 15 | responsibility as an executive to make sure that operations
- 16 | were run safely, environmentally responsible, and
- 17 || economically efficient.
- 18 ||Q Okay, now do you still -- do you currently have any
- 19 | involvement with Apache Corporation?
- 20 A No, I left them in April of 2020.
- 21 | Q Do you own any Apache stock?
- 22 | A With my 25 years of employment with Apache, yes, I have
- 23 | accumulated some Apache stock.
- 24 | Q Okay, do you believe that having that stock is going to
- 25 | influence your decision making as the sole manager?

- 1 A No. It's a minor part of my net worth and as a
- 2 | professional manager of Fieldwood One, my responsibility and
- 3 | loyalty is to Fieldwood One.
- $4 \parallel Q$ Now, are you aware that Apache has certain consent
- 5 | rights pursuant to the LLC agreement?
- 6 | A That's my understanding. I think there's about 14 or
- 7 | 15 items that need Apache's consent.
- 8 | Q And do you believe that those consent rights will
- 9 | influence your ability to manage Fieldwood One with the
- 10 | objective that you've set out?
- 11 A No, because I have complete responsibility of the
- 12 | decommissioning operations as well as the production
- 13 operations of the producing properties.
- 14 | Q All right, now in terms of compensation, how are you --
- 15 | how will you be compensated as the sole manager?
- 16 | A According to the letter agreement that I signed, I'll
- 17 | have a base salary -- a monthly base salary. And then there
- 18 | are some long term incentives to -- if I fulfill this
- 19 | position for three years, there's a bonus stipulation and
- 20 then another one at five years.
- 21 | There's also a long term incentive to maximize the cash
- 22 | flow. And if we hit \$400 million of excess cash flow as
- 23 | defined in the standby credit agreement, there's an
- 24 | additional compensation available.
- 25 | Q And how would you achieve that \$400 million of excess

- 1 | cash flow?
- 2 | A By optimizing and maximizing the cash flow from the
- 3 | producing properties.
- 4 | 0 And what about --
- 5 | A And also decommissioning the non-producing properties.
- 6 Q Okay. And will you have control over some of the
- 7 | expense items as well?
- 8 A Yes. My responsibility will be to manage not only the
- 9 production and the review, but also -- excuse me just a
- 10 | second. To manage the expenses and G&A involved with
- 11 | operating the Fieldwood One properties.
- 12 | Q Mr. Graham, do you believe that based on your
- 13 | experience and qualifications that you are qualified to do
- 14 | the tasks required of the Fieldwood One manager?
- 15 | A Yes, I have the background, the expertise to manage the
- 16 | properties. I've done it for many years. I have
- 17 | approximately 44 years of experience in the industry doing
- 18 | exactly what's been required of the Fieldwood One.
- 19 MR. PEREZ: Thank you, Your Honor. I have no
- 20 | further questions of this witness.
- 21 THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Perez.
- 22 Are there any proponents of the Plan that have
- 23 | questions for Mr. Graham? If so, please press five star one
- 24 | time on your line.
- 25 | (Pause in the proceedings.)

```
1
              THE COURT: All right, are there any persons in
    opposition to confirmation of the Plan that have any
 2
 3
    questions for Mr. Graham?
 4
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
 5
              THE COURT: Mr. Eisenberg?
 6
              MR. EISENBERG: Yes, good afternoon, Your Honor.
7
   Philip Eisenberg. I am not here to oppose the Plan for
   ATCI. I wanted to alert the Court that we had been --
8
 9
   before the confirmation hearing started, we had made an
10
    arrangement with Debtors for them to make Mr. Graham
11
    available for testimony in our case.
              And they told me that they were going to put him
12
    on in direct and if I wanted to I could cross him. But we
13
   have reached our arraignments and TCI will not availing
14
    themselves of that and would be releasing Mr. Graham from
15
    our case-in-chief.
16
17
              I just wanted to, if Your Honor would indulge me,
   wish Mr. Graham luck. He's a very impressive man and I hope
18
19
   he gets all his --
20
              THE COURT: So you hope he gets a lot of his
21
    incentive payments?
22
              MR. EISENBERG: Yes, Your Honor. I do.
23
              THE COURT: All right. Mr. Eisenberg, thank you
24
    for the comment and the courtesy of releasing him.
25
              Is there any other party that has any questions
```

```
1
    for Mr. Graham? If so, you'll need to press five star one
 2
    time on your phone, please.
 3
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
 4
              THE COURT: Mr. Graham, I don't have any questions
 5
             Thank you for coming. You're welcome to observe
 6
    the balance of the hearing if you wish and you're welcome to
 7
    leave if you wish. It's public courtroom.
 8
              THE WITNESS: Thank you, Your Honor.
 9
              THE COURT: Thank you, sir.
10
         (Witness excused.)
              THE COURT: Who's going to be the next witness,
11
12
   Mr. Perez?
              MR. PEREZ: Ms. Choi, I think is up next Your
13
14
   Honor.
15
              THE COURT: All right, Ms. Choi if you would press
16
    five star, please.
17
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
18
              THE COURT: Ms. Choi, good afternoon.
19
              MS. CHOI: Good afternoon, Your Honor, Erin Choi
20
    Weil, Gotshal & Manages on behalf of the Debtors. At this
    time I would like to call Mr. Clayton Green to testify in
21
    support of Plan Confirmation.
22
23
              THE COURT: Thank you.
24
              Mr. Green, could I get you to press five star one
25
    time on your phone, please, sir?
```

```
1
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
2
              THE COURT: Mr. Green, good afternoon. Would you
 3
   raise your right hand, please?
 4
         (Witness sworn.)
 5
              THE COURT: I couldn't hear that. You may have
 6
   your own line muted.
7
              THE WITNESS: I apologize, Your Honor. Yes, I do.
8
              THE COURT: Thank you sir.
9
              All right, Ms. Choi, go ahead, please.
10
                 DIRECT EXAMINATION OF CLAYTON GREEN
11
   BY MS. CHOI:
        Please state your name for the Record.
12
13
       My name is Clayton Green.
             MALE SPEAKER MALE: Your Honor, I'm having a hard
14
15
   time --
              THE COURT: Can I get you to move little closer to
16
17
   your mic?
18
              THE WITNESS: Is that better?
              THE COURT: It is. Even closer would be better.
19
20
              THE WITNESS: Okay. Is that loud enough?
21
              THE COURT: That is. Thank you.
22
              THE WITNESS: Okay.
23
              THE COURT: I'll look at your bald head as you
24
   bend over, Mr. Green.
25
              THE WITNESS: Exactly.
```

```
1
              THE COURT: Go ahead, please, Ms. Choi.
 2
   BY MS. CHOI:
 3
        Mr. Green, where are you currently employed?
 4
        With AlixPartners, LLP.
 5
         And how long have you been employed there?
 6
         Throughout my career for approximately 15 years.
7
         What position do you hold at AlixPartners?
         I'm a managing director.
8
 9
         And Mr. Green, what is your role in this bankruptcy?
         AlixPartners was retained as financial advisor to
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11
   Fieldwood to assist the company with the bankruptcy
12
   proceeding.
        Mr. Green, are you here today as an expert witness?
13
        I'm not.
14
15
         Did you calculate how much to reserve for the claims
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   reserve purposes in this case?
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        Yes.
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              MS. CHOI: Your Honor, if I may ask that you give
   control of the screen to Kevin Simmons?
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              THE COURT: All right, Mr. Simmons, can I get you
21
    to turn your camera on just for a moment so I can find you?
22
    Thank you.
23
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
24
              THE COURT: All right, Mr. Simmons is now the
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   presenter.
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1 MS. CHOI: Thank you, Your Honor.

2 | BY MS. CHOI:

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Q If I may share on the screen a demonstrative that is ECF No. 1646-3, which is Debtor's Exhibit 108. This is a demonstrative that was used yesterday.

Mr. Green were you involved in the preparation of the numbers that are reflected on the left side of this demonstrative?

A Yes, I was.

- Q And were you also involved in the preparation of certain numbers on the right side of this demonstrative?
- 12 A Yes, I was. Just one line item on the right-hand side,
 13 the sale reserve costs.
- 14 | Q Thank you.

And for the sale reserve cost, can you please explain
to the Court what estimates -- what numbers are included in
that estimate?

A Yeah, for the sale reserve costs, it's made up of two separate categories of estimates. The first is accrued and unpaid taxes as of the emergence state. And the second is the amount calculated for personal injury matters that the company is dealing with.

So the latter there's an estimate of \$1.4 million in that and that takes \$100,000 deductible and applies it to 14 personal injury matters that the company is handling at the

- 1 present.
- 2 And what else --
- 3 The second -- I was going to say, sorry, the second component of the sellers cost the accrued and unpaid taxes
- 5 there's an estimate of \$1.1-to-1.3 million in those numbers.
- With respect to, again, taxes that are -- with the 6 7 accrued or estimate the accrued and unpaid as of a potential emergence date. 8
- 9 Thank you.
- And what creates the variability in this range in this 10 11 estimate?
- It's just a matter of an emergence date. And so to the 12 13 extent the company will emerge sometime in June, that estimate was 1.1 million. If the company were to emerge 14
- 15 sometime in July, the estimate was 1.3 million as
- 17 So that amounts to what -- what amount did you calculate for the sale reserve?
- 2.5 on the low side and 2.7 million on the high side. 19
- 20 Q Thank you.

calculated.

16

- So turning now to the left side of this demonstrative, 21 22 the claims reserve section, what categories did you include 23 in the claims reserve?
- On the left-hand side of the page, each category that's 24 25 listed, the professional fee escrow, other exit fees and

- costs, cure amounts, 503(b)(9) claims. In addition, amounts estimated for allowed priority tax claims, allowed other priority claims, allowed other secured claims and finally the 6A cash coordinates.
 - Q Now if we could just start walking through each of these categories? So for professional fees escrow, can you describe how you've calculated how much to escrow for professional fees?
 - A Yes, for professional escrow, the estimate is arrived by simply looking at historical invoices that have been sent to the company throughout the pendency of the case. And in looking at those invoices, identifying a high and a low range for invoices that have been submitted. And then to come up with an ultimate estimate that you see on the screen there is trying to identify or understand activity level by firm, as the case draws to the close, and what the amount outstanding would be as an emergence date and the amounts that will be funded into the escrow account.
 - Q Thank you.

- And based on those calculations, what was the high and low range of what Fieldwood needs to escrow for professional fees?
- 23 A On the low side, just over \$15 and half million and on 24 the high side, just over \$27 and half million.
 - Q Turning to the next category, other exit fees and

1 | costs, what kinds of cost fit into this category?

2 | A It's largely the same as the line above with respect to

3 | how the calculation was made. It's primarily made up of

4 professional firms that would not be subjected to funds

5 | coming out of the escrow account.

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However, there are other amounts in there. For instances, there are small amounts relating to (indiscernible) and we also have an amount for US Trustee fees that would be outstanding as of emergence as well.

- Q And the calculations what was the estimate for other exit fees?
- 12 A On the low side, just over 11-1/2 million and on the 13 high side, just under 18 million.
- 14 Q Turning next to the cure amounts, can you describe how 15 you calculated this category?
 - A Yes. Contract assumption schedules that were filed with the Court, what I did was identify any open pay structure -- well actually two steps if you'll allow me.

Initially the contract assumption schedules that were filed with the Court, we looked at the open payables for any of the contract counterparties for those contracts that are marked as assumed and had an estimate of about 500 -- excuse me, \$5-1/2 as a cure amount.

Subsequent to those Schedules being filed, the company received objections to cure amounts. Me and members of my

team looked at those objections and worked with the company to understand which of those objections are called out amounts that could potentially be held as pre-petition obligations associated with those contracts that are listed on the assumption schedule.

On the low side, identified about \$1.2 million additionally that we added to the estimates. And on the high side it was close to \$2 million that were added to the estimates.

So in total that's the number that you see there, it's 5-1/2 plus those objections on the low and high side, we arrive at \$6.8-to-7.5 million.

- Q Can you next describe how you calculated the reserve for the 503(b)(9) claims, please?
- A Yes. Claims that were asserted for administrative amounts, were reviewed by me or members of my team. We ran it through various -- I guess we could review it in a couple different ways.

First, of the claims that were asserted for administrative amounts and for 503(b)(9) amounts specifically, initially identified those claims that me or members of my team had marked as set for non-substantive objections.

And what I mean by that are claims that are duplicative -- literally duplicative, had been filed

multiple times or are redundant in nature or to the extent the claims had been amended over time -- amended with subsequently filed claims, that is.

We took those -- asserted amounts for those claims specifically and removed them from the estimate. With the claims that remain that had asserted 503(b)(9) amounts to the extent the proofs of claims also provided invoice detail, looked at the invoices to determine first, if the invoices were for physical goods and products as opposed to just services -- which is a requirement for 503(b)(9) claim. And second, identified per the invoices it the goods or products were delivered to the company within the 20 days prior to filing.

- Q Did you do anything else?
- ||A With respect to the 503(b)(9) claims?
- 16 | O Yes.

- A If we did, it might be slipping my mind. I know that we removed non-substantive objections and any claims that were -- and any other asserted claims that we made adjustments for, that fall in the buckets of either, you know, having to require for physical -- requiring physical goods or products or were adjusted for the 20 days window.
- \parallel Q And what was the result of these adjustments?
- 24 A An estimate on low side about \$400,000 and high side about \$600,000.

- 1 | Q Turning next to the allowed priority tax liens. Can 2 | you please describe how you calculated this category?
- A Yes. Similar to the 503(b)(9) claims, me and members of my team reviewed any claims that were asserted for priority amounts and identified which of those claims were asserted for outstanding tax liabilities. After performing that review, we only identified two claims -- well I guess before that review and also worked with the company and their tax

group to understand which amounts are asserted were either

invalid or had already been paid or have not yet come due.

After performing that review, we calculated an
estimate. While there it looks like zero on the page, is on
the high side it's about \$11,000. On the low side, it is

- Q Turning now to allowed other priority claims. Did you consider this category as well?
- A I did consider this category. As part of the review of any claims asserted for priority amounts me and members of my team, we did not identify any claims asserted for anything outside of tax that would warrant priority treatment under the Plan.
- 22 Q Thank you, Mr. Green. Now did you also look at a class of claims called, "allowed other secured claims?"
- 24 || A Yes.

zero.

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25 ||Q| And how did you calculate for this group?

- A Additionally there was close to 1,000 claims filed
 against Fieldwood for -- in the neighborhood of \$45 billion.

 Just like with the 503(b)(9) and the priority claims, we
 identified the claims that were asserted for secured amounts
- to start -- to begin the analysis. And that population totaled to about \$15 billion.
 - Q Did you make any adjustments from there?

A Yes. So, the \$15 billion was really the starting point to the secured claims estimates. We made adjustment from there and bucketed claims depending on what they were asserting.

But initially the adjustments to the entire population of \$15 billion claims, the first adjustment we made was, as I mentioned earlier with non-substantive objections in the 503(b)(9) claims, there were multiple claims filed for -- asserting for secured amounts that were also marked for non-substantive objections.

Again, those are claims that are duplicative or redundant in nature, claims that had been amended over time, claims were the certain claimant had agreed to a certain trade agreement.

So we removed those claims, the asserted amounts and we adjusted the total. That adjustment by itself was about \$11 billion.

Q And what adjustment, if any, did you make next?

- A We identified of the secured claims that were asserted,
 identified which ones were related to secured or bank debt
 and removed those from the estimates as well. That's about

 \$2 billion of asserted claims.
 - Q And why did you remove those?

- A My understanding of the Plan is that those -- the amounts owed to those parties are treated separately and are not to be included in the claims reserve.
- 9 Q What adjustment, if any, did you make from there?
 - A Identified claims that were to withdrawn. Certain of the claims that were asserted secured claims, agreed to withdraw their claims. And that amount added up to about \$750 million.

And there was one final adjustment that we made to the overall \$50 billion asserted, which was claims for -- claims served by taxing authorities or claims for royalty interest. And after investigation with the company, found that those claims are invalid. So we adjusted those out as well.

I think I mentioned that the withdrawn claims totaled \$750 million if I did not I apologize. But that was a \$750 million adjustment. The adjustment I just mentioned with respect to the tax and royalty claims is about \$1 million.

- Q So how much unsecured claims was left after these adjustments were made?
- 25 A In the range of a billion to a billion and one.

- Q Did you calculations stop there?
- 2 A No. As I mentioned earlier, we started to get into
- 3 claims depending on what was asserted and the nature of the
- 4 | asserted claim.

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- And so, I arrived at three buckets. The first were claims asserted by working interest owners. That was about a billion dollars. The second bucket were claims that were asserted for outstanding DIP amounts or pre-petition amounts
- 9 owed for gathering and transportation agreements.
- 10 And the third bucket were claims asserted by vendors
- 11 where the vendor asserted a lien on the property. The
- 12 | bucket for the JIBS and gathering transportation agreements
- 13 | is about \$13 million. For the vendor asserted claims,
- 14 | totaled about \$22 million.
- 15 Q Thank you.
- So let's talk first about the working interest owner
- 17 | bucket. The first bucket of the three. What kinds of
- 18 | claims did the working interest owners assert?
- 19 A They asserted three claims -- three types of claims
- 20 | primarily. So we created some buckets, if you will. The
- 21 | first type of asserted claim was for P&A obligations.
- 22 The second bucket or some bucket, I should say, was
- 23 | with respect to cash advances to the operator or cash calls.
- 24 | And the third bucket or the third sum bucket was claims
- 25 | filed with respect to the underlying vendor liens.

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0 And --
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- THE COURT: I'm sorry I missed that last word.

 Something filed with respect to the underlying indemnity,
- 4 || you said?
- 5 THE WITNESS: I'm sorry, Your Honor. Underlying 6 vendor liens. These are claims that were asserted by --
- 7 THE COURT: Yeah, I just didn't hear the word.
- 8 | Thank you.
- 9 | BY MS. CHOI:
- 10 Q Mr. Green, what steps did you take to calculated the 11 secured working interest owner claims?
- 12 A Of the \$1 billion that were asserted, we made
- 13 | adjustments to similar tax and highlights in the other
- 14 | categories. The first thing just sort of going in order,
- 15 was looking at the claims asserted for contingent fee
- 16 allegations. There was claims asserted total about \$950
- 17 | million. According to the Plan and step we took in the
- 18 estimation was to remove those claims asserted for
- 19 contingency obligations entirely. And that was an
- 20 adjustment of about \$950 million.
- 21 ||Q What did you do next?
- 22 A With respect to the claims asserted for cash advances
- 23 || to the operator or cash calls, there was one claim asserted
- 24 | for just over \$2 million by Valero. It alleged the right to
- 25 | secured claims via right to set off.

My understanding of the claim and the situation with Valero is that no additional funding would be required to claims reserve regardless of how the -- regardless of the outcome of that claim.

And so, we removed that amount from the estimate and total as well. Again, that was about a \$2 million adjustment.

- Q And then what did you do with respect to the third sub-bucket?
- A The claims asserted for underlying vendor liens -totally asserted was about \$70 million. Me and members of
 my team look at each one of those claims that were asserted
 and the proofs of claims themselves provided detail with
 respect to the actual vendors that made up the claim.

And in looking at that detail we were able to identify basically two adjustments to those asserted amounts. The first, although the claims were filed by different working interest owners, but in certain cases, they would assert the same amount for the same vendor obligation.

And so we removed from the estimates the amounts that were duplicative in the sense that they were filed for the same amount with the same vendor in case there were multiple proofs of claims.

Making that sort of duplicate adjustment, backed out \$35 million from the asserted total of underlying vendor

||lien claims.

And another thing in looking at the underlying vendor lien claims is identifying which of those vendors had signed trade agreements with the company and removing those asserted amounts from the estimate as well. And that adjustment added up to \$20 million -- roughly \$20 million.

- Q What did you do after that?
- A That left about \$14 million with respect to the4 underlying vendor lien claims asserted after the duplicate and trade agreement adjustments.

For the purposes of this estimate, we calculated a low estimate for the underlying vendor lien claims as zero and a high estimate for the full \$14 million.

My understanding is that there's a decision yet to be rendered on the underlying vendor lien claims and to the extent or whether or not those other claims will be fully extinguished through the Plan or not.

If not, the \$14 million is in the high total. If they will be extinguished in their entirety, zero is where it comes into account for the low estimate.

- Q Thank you. So turning to then the second bucket, the JIB and gathering agreement bucket. What analysis or calculations did you perform with respect to this bucket?
- 24 A The JIB and gathering transportation agreement bucket, 25 excuse me, was about \$13 million asserted. The first item

that was identified were any outstanding -- any JIB's

amounts that were claimed or asserted or had already been

paid throughout the pendency of the case. Or the company's

books and records did not match what was -- what had been

asserted in the proof of claim.

So Collin just wasn't showing up in the company's books and records. We made that adjustment and that was an adjustment of about \$7 million off the \$13 million total.

- Q Did you make any other adjustments?
- A Yes. With respect to -- yes with the JIB, yes we did.

 So we identified certain claims that were disputed -- excuse

 me that were duplicated with the JIB amount. And that

amount was about \$1 million that we adjusted out.

14 \parallel Q And did -- sorry, go ahead.

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- A Yes, we did. One more adjustment with respect to the Valero claim which is bucketed in this claim, we removed \$2 million that was asserted.
- 18 \parallel Q So what was the result of these adjustments?
- 19 A We came up with an estimate for the JIB -- the JIB
- 20 | amounts are anywhere from \$600,000 to about \$30 million.
- 21 And the difference between the high and the low. My
- 22 || understanding that the company in conversations with certain
- 23 | parties that asserted secured claims for JIB or gathering
- 24 | transportation amounts, to the extent agreements were
- 25 | reached and payments were made to satisfy these claims. We

1 | removed those balances from the low case.

To the extent they are not, then their resolution -
there's no resolution arrived before the emergence date,

there's an answer in the high case.

- Q Thank you. Turning now to the third and final bucket, the vendor bucket. How much was asserted in these vendor claims?
- 8 A The amount that was asserted in the claims was about 9 \$23 million. And in similar fashion we made adjustments to that as well.
- 11 | Q What adjustments did you make?

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- 12 A First for the vendor claims, we identified any claims
 13 asserted by vendor that had agreed to unsecured treatment.
- 14 And we removed those claims from the total -- the total
- 15 estimate. And that was about a \$14 million adjustment.
- 16 Q Did you make any additional adjustments?
- 17 A Yes, any claims that were asserted for amounts that the
 18 company did not reflect in their books and records, we
 19 adjusted that amount out as well. And that was an
- 21 Q And were there any further adjustments?

adjustment of about \$2 million.

- 22 A With respect to the claims that were filed with the
 23 vendors, and if the claims still remained in the
 24 estimate -- if I could say it that way -- they still remain
- 25 | in the estimate after those first two adjustments I

1 | mentioned.

In looking at the proofs of claim, vendors often times will provide invoice support and identify which of the properties the claims were being asserted against.

As we looked at the properties specifically, we look at the mortgage date of those properties and compare that to the MSA date of the vendor that is asserting the claim.

(Indiscernible) to the mortgage date, preceded the MSA date.

We removed those amounts from the claim yesterday. And that was another adjustment of about \$2 million.

- Q And were there any additional adjustments or was that all of them?
- A There was one more -- one that we made in addition, which is looking at the properties individually. To the extent the properties had an estimated PV10 value that was negative, we removed those amounts asserted against those specific properties as well. That adjustment was about \$600,000.
- Q And why did you use the PV10 estimated?
- A The PV10 report was provided to us from the company to the extent that there was a negative value found in the PV10 report for a specific property, again, made the conclusion that the security interest didn't have any value to it and so adjusted that amount out of the estimate for the secured claims.

- Q So what was the resulting estimate for this vendor bucket after you made these adjustments?
- 3 \parallel A The vendor bucket didn't have a low, high range on it.
- 4 \parallel It was just -- it was right at \$3 million.
- $5 \parallel Q$ And what was the overall then result of your
- 6 | calculations after you performed all these adjustments we
- 7 || just discussed?
- 8 A In taking those three buckets added together after all
- 9 of the adjustments we came up with the range that you see on
- 10 | the screen of \$4 million in a low case and \$21 million on
- 11 | the high.
- 12 | Q And is there a single source for most of the difference
- 13 | between the four and the 21 million?
- 14 A Primarily it's a zero to \$14 million range that we
- 15 | talked about with the underlying vendor liens. Again, in
- 16 | the low case having zero to the extent that vendor claims
- 17 | are extinguished through the Plan.
- In the high case, they're full \$14 million which is the
- 19 | asserted amounts for their vendor claims -- underlying
- 20 | vendor lien claims, excuse me. It has the full amount in
- 21 | the high case estimate.
- 22 | Q Thank you, Mr. Green.
- 23 | Let's turn next to Class 6A cash pool. Can you
- 24 | described how you calculated this 6A claims?
- 25 A Yes. The 6A cash pool amount is made up of claims

asserted by trade vendors that opted in to Class 6A. We received a report from Prime Clerk, indicating which trade vendors chose to participate in Class 6A.

Looking at the asserted claims and matching that to the company's books and records, the estimate has in the low case about \$8 million of trade claim. And in the high case about \$11 million.

To arrive at the estimate of 1.2 to 1.7 we applied the 14 percent recovery that I understand is outlying the Plan.

And the 14 percent, multiple that low and high -- low case of 8 and high case of 11 gets you to about the 1.2 to 1.7.

- Q And so then what is the total amount that Fieldwood needs for its claims reserve based on all these
- 14 | calculations?

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- 15 A Based on all those calculations, the estimated claims
 16 reserve is calculated to be 39.4 million to 76.1 million.
- 17 | Q Thank you.
- Mr. Green, did you also review claims for holders in Class 1 that voted to reject the Plan?
- 20 | A Yes.
- 21 Q And if I call it the company's rejecting the claimants,
- 22 | will you understand what I mean by that term?
- 23 | A Yes.
- 24 ||Q So which companies were rejecting the Plan?
- 25 A There were seven parties in total. It was Conoco,

- Burlington, land and exploration, Ecopetrol, Valero, W&T and McMoRan.
- 3 Q And did you calculate an estimated amount potentially 4 owed to these rejecting claimants?
- $5 \parallel A$ Yes.

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- 6 Q So, what did you do to calculate this?
 - A Look at each of the claims that were asserted and depending on what the claim was asserted for, made adjustments for the estimate depending on either company books and records or depending on what the claim was

asserted for, remove them from the estimate entirely.

- Q So starting with Valero. I believe we spoke about this a moment ago. But if you could just remind the Court what
- 14 | calculation you determined with respect to Valero?
- A Yes, for Valero, the amount that was asserted, \$2.1 million, was removed in its entirety from the estimate again, because my understanding of the outcome of that claim regardless of what happens, no additional funding will be
- 19 required to reserve.
- 20 Q What about Ecopetrol?
- 21 A Ecopetrol is working interest owner that filed a claim 22 that we had included in the bucket for underlying vendor
- 23 liens. And so in total that claim was asserted for \$7 24 million.
- 25 The first adjustment that was made was understanding

which of those vendors that make up the claim had trade agreement. And that took that claim from \$7 million asserted down to about \$5.8 million.

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And then my understanding of the JOA, is that the claims only secured for the Debtor's portion share of the property. And so, applying that proportionate share to the balance of 5.8 million would arise at an estimated value of \$325 million.

- Q And with respect to the remaining rejecting claimants, what did you do to calculate amounts potentially owed to them?
- 12 A The remaining other seven -- of the group of seven, the 13 remaining claims were asserted for continuing P&A 14 obligations.

As discussed earlier, those amounts were removed in total from the claims adjustment.

Q Thank you for your time, Mr. Green.

MS. CHOI: No further questions.

THE COURT: Mr. Green, on the rejecting claimant amounts, where would I see those on this sheet? Where does the cash part --

THE WITNESS: I'm sorry, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Where's the cash requirement appear on the sheet that we were looking at? Is it here for the rejected claimants?

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THE WITNESS: For specifically the rejected
1
    claimants, Ecopetrol's amount would be factored into the
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 3
    other secured claims within the range of 4 to $21 million.
 4
              And all the rest of the --
 5
              THE COURT: So that's already -- so the amount
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   that you're talking about for rejected claimants, there was
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   no amount over and above what was already listed in the
    other amounts?
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              THE WITNESS: That is correct.
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              THE COURT: Okay. I just wanted to -- I couldn't
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    see where it filled in here and if it was incorporated in
12
   here, that's fine.
              All right is there any proponent of the Plan that
13
   has any questions for Mr. Green? If so, please press five
14
15
   star one time.
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
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17
              THE COURT: All right, is there any party in
18
    opposition to confirmation that has any questions for
   Mr. Green?
19
20
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
21
              THE COURT: Mr. Green, thank you. Once again,
22
    you're more than welcome -- oh wait, we do have someone.
23
   Let me see who we have. Hold on.
24
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
25
              THE COURT: Mr. Singer?
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1 MR. SINGER: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Kelly Singer on behalf of Ecopetrol. I just had a question for 2 3 the witness and before I get into that, we have -- status 4 update. We have just negotiated consensual language that I 5 thought -- I think resolves Ecopetrol's objection. But some of the testimony has caused me to ask 6 7 some questions about that, so. If I may ask a question of the witness a couple questions? 8 9 THE COURT: Of course. 10 CROSS-EXAMINATION OF CLAYTON GREEN 11 BY MR. SINGER: Mr. Green, you had testified that you had estimated 12 Ecopetrol's claims to be somewhere around \$3 million based 13 on the value of its working interest, correct? 14 15 Yes. Although just to clarify, with respect to the

A Yes. Although just to clarify, with respect to the low, high estimates, we've have in there whole range of anything from zero dollars all the way up to the total asserted amounts.

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Q Okay, so is it your understanding that if the operating agreement associated with Ecopetrol is assumed, that the amount to be paid is whatever the amount that is owed under that agreement? It's not associated with the value of the working interest, correct?

A I don't -- my understanding is with respect to the decision, I believe, on the United Maritime matter is in

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direct connection with the Ecopetrol claim as well.
1
         I don't know that I have, honestly an opinion or answer
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   for you on how it's going to turn out. Just enough to say
 4
    that anywhere from zero dollars to the total asserted
    amounts are in the claims estimate.
 5
 6
        Okay.
7
              MR. SINGER: Your Honor, I don't think I have any
8
   other questions.
9
              THE COURT: Mr. Singer, thank you. Does any other
   party have any questions for Mr. Green?
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11
         (No audible response.)
              Mr. Green, thank you for attending. You're
12
   welcome to stay, it's a public hearing. You're welcome to
13
14
   go about your business.
15
              THE WITNESS: Thank you, Your Honor.
16
         (Witness is excused.)
17
              THE COURT: Ms. Choi, who's going to be the next
18
   witness?
19
             MR. GENENDER: Your Honor, Paul Genender for the
   Debtors. Our next witness is J.P. Hanson. However, Your
20
   Honor he is not available until 5:00 o'clock. And I
21
22
   apologize for that, but that is just -- he had things he
23
   could not move until 5:00 and we didn't know how quickly
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these witnesses were going to go and what the cross was

24

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going to be on them.

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1
              So I'm open to any ideas as to how to proceed.
 2
    Other than proceeding at 5:00 o'clock.
 3
              THE COURT: Is he also your -- is he your last
 4
    witness?
 5
              MR. GENENDER: Yes, Your Honor.
 6
              THE COURT: All right. I'm going to leave your
 7
    direct case open. And now I'm going to ask if there's
    anyone that wishes to present any further evidence in
 8
 9
    support of confirmation knowing that there will still be
    another witness coming. You'll need to press five star.
10
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
11
12
              And now as to any -- there are none. I'm going to
    show that the cases in chief have rested with the right to
13
    still call Mr. Hanson; is that correct?
14
15
              MR. GENENDER: Yes, Your Honor.
16
              THE COURT: And I'm not going to ask for the
17
    parties that oppose confirmation, you're option. You can
18
   proceed right now and call some witnesses or you can wait
    until after Mr. Hanson. I'm not going to make you go out of
19
    order.
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21
              But if somebody wants to, I'm going to let you go
    out of order. So I'll just leave it up to each party as to
22
23
    what they wish to do.
24
              Why don't you press five star if you want to go
25
   now to put on your witnesses?
```

```
1
              MR. GENENDER: And Your Honor, I forgot to warn
   Mr. Singer about the one hour rule.
 2
 3
              THE COURT: Well, I assume he doesn't need his
 4
    witness any more given that you made a deal with him.
 5
    But, Mr. Singer, you have your hour's notice if you want it.
              Mr. Duewall, go ahead.
 6
 7
              Are you going to call anybody, Mr. Singer, or are
 8
    you done?
 9
              MR. SINGER: No, Your Honor, I just wanted to say
    that I do believe that we do have a resolution on the
10
    language so I don't think there's any point for me of
11
12
    calling my witness or pursuing my objection, subject to how
    things play out here.
13
14
              THE COURT: Thank you.
              MR. SINGER: But we do have resolution and I
15
    believe Ridgewood, Mr. Fishel's client does, as well.
16
17
              THE COURT: Thank you.
18
              Mr. Duewall, you've got the floor at this point.
    I think you have your own line muted though.
19
20
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
              THE COURT: Well, let me try that again.
21
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
22
23
              THE COURT: If there's someone else's line I
24
    unmuted, I thought it was Mr. Duewall, but before you talk,
25
    Mr. Duewall, is there anyone else that I've already unmutued
```

```
your line that wishes to address the Court?
 1
 2
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
 3
              MR. BAINS: Yes, Your Honor, good afternoon this
 4
    is Brandon Bains, counsel for Travelers, Liberty Mutual,
 5
    Hanover, and Excel.
 6
              I was going to use just a little bit of this time
 7
    to do a minor housekeeping matter. We had agreed with the
    Debtors on the admissibility of some exhibits. And we just
 8
 9
    wanted to offer those as part of the evidence and take care
10
    of that while we had a little bit of a lull. If that was
11
    okay with the Court.
12
              THE COURT: All right, can you identify the
    exhibits that you think you have a stipulation on?
13
              MR. BAINS: Yes, sir. It is Docket 1631 and it's
14
15
    going to be 1631-1 and 1631-2. And those are the bonds and
    GIA's I believe that Ms. Choi confirmed the stipulation as
16
    to admissibility.
17
18
              THE COURT: All right, has the Debtor stipulated
    to the admission of 1631-1 and -2?
19
20
              MS. CHOI: Erin Choi on behalf of the Debtors.
21
              Yes, Your Honor, we stipulate to that.
22
              THE COURT: Is there any party that objects to
23
    1631 or 2?
24
         (No audible response.)
25
              THE COURT: Okay, they are both admitted.
```

```
(ECF 1631-1 and 1632-2 received in evidence.)
 1
              THE COURT: Mr. Bain, anything else? Thank you.
 2
 3
              MR. BAINS: No, sir, Your Honor, thank you very
 4
    much.
 5
              And thank you, Ms. Choi.
 6
              THE COURT: Thank you.
 7
              Mr. Duewall, sorry about the confusion on that. I
 8
    think you're live now.
 9
              MR. DUEWALL: Thank you, Your Honor. Can you hear
10
   me?
11
              THE COURT: I can, thank you.
              MR. DUEWALL: Would the Court be agreeable to give
12
    an estimated five or 10 minutes to make a strategic decision
13
    as to whether or not we call our witness now and if we do,
14
15
    to get set up?
16
              THE COURT: Sure.
17
             MR. DUEWALL: So I can confirm with my other
18
    counsel.
19
              THE COURT: Yeah, I'll give you time to get set
20
    up, too.
              I've got a couple other people that may be making
21
22
    some elections and let me see what they want to do, but why
23
    don't you take some time and we'll just get back to you?
24
              MR. DUEWALL: Thank you, Your Honor.
25
              THE COURT: Thank you. All right, Mr. Baay, you
```

had pressed your five star, but had apparently pressed it a second time.

Press it one more time, please. There we go.

Mr. Baay, go ahead, please.

MR. BAAY: Thank you, Your Honor.

If it will help from a timing standpoint, we are still working with Debtors' Counsel on trying to make an arrangement with respect to our witnesses -- if we can get that hammered out.

We would be available to start at 4:00 o'clock.

We would have at least three witnesses and I'm sure -- I

mean, I would think that they would be pretty much five

minutes. So if that will help from everybody's schedule to

fill that gap, we're happy to do it if we can start at 4:00.

I just need to get them a heads up to everybody, so.

THE COURT: I think 4:00 will work fine. I think that works. So, if you can work things out; otherwise, that's fine. Otherwise, you can call your witnesses at 4:00 unless we're in the middle of another witness, but sure.

MR. BAAY: Maybe if I could get (indiscernible) or not that would be great.

THE COURT: Well let's go ahead and get -Mr. Fishel wanted to make an announcement. Let me get him
back on.

Mr. Fishel, go ahead.

MR. FISHEL: Good afternoon, Your Honor, Michael Fishel from Sidley on behalf of Ridgewood and ILX. And I meant to chime in earlier after Mr. Singer, but Ridgewood and ILX also have an agreement with the Debtors. And subject to seeing the Confirmation Order. So I just did want to confirm that.

THE COURT: All right. Does anyone else intend to introduce any witnesses at this stage either before or after we hear from Mr. Hanson?

(No audible response.)

THE COURT: Okay, we're going to come back at 4:00 for Mr. Baay and I'm going to wait here for just a minute or two and let's see what Mr. Duewall wants to do.

And Mr. Duewall, if you want to wait and make your announcement at 4:00, that's fine as well.

Let me go ahead, though, and talk to you-all about the schedule. It's not anything I need to leave sharply for, but I was planning on adjourning around 6:00. So we're not going to go till 8:00.

But if we're in the middle of a witness that we can finish, you know, at 6:15 or 6:20, I can make people wait for me.

With respect to tomorrow morning, I'm hoping that we will finish the evidence and do closing arguments starting in the morning. And I doubt we have a problem with

```
1
    that given what people are telling me on time.
 2
              So I would suggest that we start at 9:45 in the
 3
            And want to know if anyone is going to have a
 4
    conflict with starting at 9:45 in the morning?
 5
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
              MR. PEREZ: That's perfect, Your Honor. Thank
 6
 7
    you.
 8
              THE COURT: Let's just stick around a minute until
 9
   Mr. Duewall can decide what he wants to do. We're taking a
10
    break at 3:00 no matter what because I've got another case I
11
    need to call. And then we can either call Mr. Duewall's
    witness a little before 4:00 o'clock or after the
12
13
    5:00 o'clock.
             Mr. Genender?
14
15
              MR. GENENDER: Your Honor, well what I was going
   to say I don't want to say if Mr. Duewall is not on.
16
17
    Because it relates to some logistics that he and I were
18
    discussing. So I'll just hold my thought.
              THE COURT: He's back. He's back.
19
20
              MR. DUEWALL: I'm back, Your Honor. I'm happy
21
    to -- let's start with Mr. Genender.
22
              MR. GENENDER: I think we're still -- I was just
23
   going to -- I was just going to say that I understood -- it
24
   might make sense for Mr. Duewall and I to speak off line.
25
    But I understood as related to Mr. Hanson that Mr. Duewall
```

doesn't have an objection to Mr. Hanson coming in by his Declaration.

And that was news to me. Which is okay, welcome news. But if that's the case, I want to -- I'd like to have some guidance if anyone else has an objection to that. So that I can plan accordingly.

We probably would have a little bit of live direct, but it would not be very much compared to what it would have been.

MR. DUEWALL: That is correct, Your Honor.

Mr. Genender and I did conference before the hearing last week and it was our position then and remains now that

Mr. Hanson's Declaration was acceptable.

There are other parties that have since settled that were objecting to him being brought by Declaration. So I'm happy to confer with Mr. Genender during the break and try to shorten up that presentation as much as possible.

I might have a short cross-examination, but I think we can get through that relatively quickly unless someone else is still objecting.

THE COURT: Thank you.

And I think he said he's also going to have a direct to add on to the Declaration. Just so you -- I'm not sure you heard that.

So while you were conferring, Mr. Baay is going to

call his witnesses starting at 4:00. Why don't I let you take as much time as you want and you can decide when Mr. Baay is finished with his witnesses, whether you want to proceed or whether you want to do it after Mr. Hanson?

I'm not going to work until 8:00 tonight. If we get to a stopping point, you know, around 6:00, we'll then resume tomorrow morning at 9:45 and let all the witnesses finish. At which point, we'll do closing arguments.

Does all that fit with your schedule, Mr. Duewall?

MR. DUEWALL: Yes, Your Honor. I think starting

our witness or coming back and doing it at 4:00 is perfectly

all right. I think that works better for us. We've

provided language to the Debtors yesterday and then we tried

to connect with them many times yesterday.

I know we went long. We tried to connect with them and had a short discussion with them this morning. So I think if the parties can continue to -- we'll keep our telephone lines open to work that commercial resolution and maybe there may not be a need for our witness at 4:00. I think -- we're waiting on language back from (indiscernible) and over the break we might be able to make some progress.

THE COURT: It's a long break so hopefully you can. I suspect if you put Ms. Hine (phonetic) and Mr. Carlson on the phone, they can work out anything between the two of them.

MS. HEYEN: Yes, Your Honor. We've had a conversation with Weil and the secured lenders this morning. They promised that they would get us their proposed language this morning.

We're standing by. We're happy to have a further conversation. We're happy to, you know, of course, see the language, but we are waiting on that language.

We also understand from the lenders this morning that there has been additional language that has been worked out with the Government. We're also supposed to receive that language so that will help resolve some of the issues for Your Honor and some of the other parties.

We have not seen that yet, nor have we seen the Confirmation Order that we were supposed to receive a copy of that this morning as well.

So there are some outstanding items I think that would help, you know, streamline this afternoon, this evening. So we're still waiting for their, we're waiting.

THE COURT: Great. So look it may make some sense and it's just going to be something you'll have to control because I have no idea how that's going.

If you choose to wait until after Mr. Hanson testifies in chief you can then either work things out over night or call your witnesses starting at 9:45 in the morning. So I'm not going to insist you proceed this

afternoon.

And if you think you're on the cup of getting the lip of the cup of getting something done, then we might as well let you start at 9:45.

We'll have a couple of interruptions if we go into the afternoon, but it's -- we will definitely finish closing arguments tomorrow if we start witnesses at 9:45.

So I'm just going to let it up to you. And you can surprise me when we're done with Mr. Baay's witnesses at 4:00 as to which of those makes the most sense. How's that.

MALE SPEAKER: Fine, Your Honor.

THE COURT: From --

MALE SPEAKER: Your Honor, may I -- oh, I apologize.

THE COURT: I've got a couple other people that want to schedule things maybe.

From 713-228-4101, who do we have?

MR. OKIN: Your Honor, that's Matthew Okin. I was actually just going to chime in and let you know since we're the next hearing, if it helps with scheduling that we're going to be very quick. So if you need more time.

THE COURT: I appreciate that, but I think we'll start you on time is what it's looking like, Mr. Okin. Will you be ready on time?

MR. OKIN: We'll be ready, but we're probably

going to ask you to push us out a week and I'll tell you where we are. But again what I'm saying you don't need to wait until 4:00 to start again.

THE COURT: Yeah, no they need to wait until 4:00 so I appreciate that. But we'll go ahead and call you on time 3:00 and if you give me some time to breath, that would be a nice way to spend part of today. So thank you.

And then Mr. Kuebel had something he wanted to add. Go ahead, Rick.

MR. KUEBEL: Good afternoon, Your Honor. We still have our open case on exculpation and releases we had provided some language to the Debtor. Haven't heard back.

But the reason I raised my hand that particularly with respect to oral argument tomorrow on closing arguments. We had not seen the Confirmation Order, a draft and even if we are able to get to the right place on our language reservation, still have not seen how it fits in with the balance of the Confirmation Order.

And I don't know exactly where the Debtor stands with that, but I think it would be important to all the parties to have an opportunity to review the proposed Confirmation Order in conjunction with and in advance of closing arguments.

THE COURT: Or I could sign the official form of Confirmation Order.

Hopefully they will get you that so that we have due process. I'll definitely not -- I'm not going to make you consent to things you haven't seen with an opportunity to digest them.

It may -- I think we will still start with closing arguments at 9:45. We may just not finish until after you've had a reasonable opportunity to see the Confirmation Order itself.

So let's think of those as potentially divisible, but hopefully you'll get a Confirmation Order soon, very soon.

In fairness to the Debtors, by the way, because I understand the frustration. I've been there. They've had a lot of moving pieces. So getting a final Confirmation Order is probably pretty hard over the last, you know, 12 hours.

But they need to get you one. And they need to get you one with a reasonable opportunity to review it and to digest it before they ask me to sign. So we'll get there.

MR. KUEBEL: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. Unless -- Mr. Genender, you had one other thing you wanted to add to that?

MR. GENENDER: Not to that, Your Honor, but in connection with Mr. Hanson's testimony and as a follow on to Mr. Duewall's courtesy about his Declaration.

```
1
              It would be helpful to the Debtors if we -- for
    the Record his Declaration is Debtor's Exhibit 52,
 2
 3
    ECF 1620-1. It would be helpful if we knew if anyone had an
 4
    objection to that coming in. If I can ask that now.
 5
              THE COURT: Well, why don't you just -- let's just
    do this in the real way? I'm going to adjourn the hearing
 6
 7
    at 3:00 until 4:00 and your witness isn't going to be called
    live until 5:00.
 8
 9
              You've not called him as a witness. You're
10
    offering his Declaration. Let's see if anyone objects to --
11
              MR. GENENDER: Thank you, Your Honor.
12
              THE COURT: -- 1620-1. Does any one object to
    1620-1 as coming in as substantive evidence, subject to
13
    cross-examination at today's hearing? If so please press
14
15
    five star on your line.
16
         (No audible response.)
17
              THE COURT: 1620-1 is admitted as substantive
18
    evidence at today's hearing.
19
              We're now adjourning --
         (Exhibit 1620-1 is received in evidence.)
20
21
              MR. GENENDER: Thank you Judge.
22
              THE COURT: We're adjourning the Fieldwood hearing
23
    until 4:00 o'clock. At 4:00 o'clock, Mr. Baay will have the
    opportunity to call his witnesses. When he is complete with
24
25
    that, if it is before 5:00 by a reasonable period of time,
```

we're then going to give Mr. Duewall the option of either calling his witnesses or waiting until Mr. Hanson.

Then Mr. Hanson will be called at 5:00 or upon conclusion of Mr. Duewall's witnesses whichever is correct order given Mr. Duewall's option.

And then at that point we're going to adjourn 6:00, 6:15 something like. And then we'll resume at 9:45 in the morning. You will not have interruptions prior to lunch, from the 9:45 and then I don't know how long the 1:30 Sanchez hearing is, but usually those are long. So we might have to come back in mid afternoon to finish if we're not done with closing arguments.

Since I think you've been picking off objecting parties, Mr. Perez, it may be we don't need the same 2-1/2 hours for closing that we did for opening. But I'm also not going to cut people off. This is hard and it's complicated and people are going to be allowed to take as much time as they need at closing arguments.

So no one needs -- you know, I would appreciate your making closing arguments that are concise. I'm not encouraging the contrary. But no one needs to worry about getting cut off of the hearing.

I'm going to hear this until we're done with it and I understand it.

MR. PEREZ: And Your Honor, maybe you won't say

```
you haven't seen so many closing arguments before.
1
2
              THE COURT: I never had seen that many opening
   arguments. It was an Isgur record. I'm sure it's not a
 3
 4
    real record. But it's an Isgur record. But we'll see what
 5
   happens.
              MALE SPEAKER: And, Your Honor, we're all glad to
 6
7
   know that Mr. Perez is going to make us work until midnight
8
    tonight.
9
              THE COURT: What happens at midnight?
10
              MALE SPEAKER: I said we're glad to know that
   Mr. Perez is going to make us work until midnight tonight
11
12
    like he almost did last night.
13
              THE COURT: Well if you don't get the damn
   confirmation out, you don't get to go to sleep at midnight.
14
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
15
              THE COURT: All right, we're adjourning for three
16
17
   minutes. At 3:00 o'clock, we will call Mr. Okin's case.
18
              Thank you.
19
              MR. PEREZ: Thank you, Your Honor.
20
         (Recess taken from 2:56 p.m. to 3:59 p.m.)
21
                            AFTER RECESS
22
              THE COURT: All right. We're going to go back on
23
    the Record in the Fieldwood case.
24
              Mr. Baay.
25
              MR. BAAY: (No audible response)
```

```
THE COURT: Mr. Baay.
 1
 2
              MR. BAAY: Can you hear me?
 3
              THE COURT: I can. Thank you.
 4
              MR. BAAY: Thank you, Your Honor. During the
 5
    break, we have worked out an agreement with Debtors' counsel
 6
    to adjourn our particular discreet issue for a hearing at a
 7
    separate date over the next couple of weeks. So we are not
    going to call our witnesses at this time and we'll reserve
 8
 9
    our evidence until that hearing.
10
              THE COURT: And what about your confirmation
11
    objection?
12
              MR. BAAY: We are withdrawing our confirmation
    objection subject to a hearing, Your Honor. So we are not
13
    going to object to confirmation as long as we get a hearing
14
15
    on our issue, and the Court can decide our issue and we will
16
    let the chips fall where they may.
17
              THE COURT: That's fine, Mr. Baay.
18
              MR. PEREZ: So, Your Honor, --
19
              THE COURT: Mr. Perez, go ahead.
20
              MR. PEREZ: Yeah.
                                 Just to give it a little bit of
21
    context, Your Honor, as the Court is aware, several months
22
    ago you heard the dispute as to the Oarie (phonetic). And
23
    so I think our agreement is that we will endeavor to get
24
    that dispute resolved before the Plan goes effective. And
25
    determining on how the Court rules, then with respect to the
```

```
1
   operating agreement it'll be either assumed or rejected,
    depending on the Court's ruling. So what we would need to
2
 3
   do is to get a date certain from the Court, you know, early,
 4
   you know, certainly by the 15th of July, if possible, to get
 5
    a -- so that we can have some definition on that before we
   go effective.
 6
7
              THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Baay and Mr. Perez, are you
   all available July the 8th at 1:30 in the afternoon?
8
9
             MR. PEREZ: Should ask Ms. Choi and Mr. Carlson
10
   but I suspect they are.
11
              THE COURT: I suspect they just became free with
12
   that statement. Mr. Baay, how about you?
             MR. BAAY: That one's good for me. I will
13
   hopefully by -- our witnesses are available, that's a good
14
15
    date for me --
16
              THE COURT: Okay. If you guys have witness
17
   availability problems or seriously if Weil Gotshal doesn't
18
   have enough lawyers to attend the hearing, whatever comes
```

availability problems or seriously if Weil Gotshal doesn't have enough lawyers to attend the hearing, whatever comes up, we'll move it to another day. But let me give you that day and then you all can contact Ms. Do if you need to move it.

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

MR. PEREZ: All right. And we'll -- I will -- and we'll work together with -- and Mr. Baay to figure out what additional pleadings need to be filed so that we can frame the issues. I think the Court got a flavor for it last time

but we will do that as well.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you. Ms. Heyen or Mr. Duewall. I'm not sure who that is.

MR. DUEWALL: Thank you, Your Honor. It is Craig
Duewall on behalf of BP reporting back to the Court. Our
phone lines remain open but no comments or language has yet
been received. We are, however, prepared to go forward with
our witness at this time in order to try to make a push to
get this finished today. So that is our Plan.

One housekeeping matter before we get there is that before we broke, during the last break we were discussing Exhibit 1620-1, which is the Declaration of Mr. Hanson. I must admit, Your Honor, I didn't realize I didn't have it front of me that attached to that Declaration were his two expert reports, and we had admitted those yesterday as demonstratives, and just wanted to confirm with the Court that we were — that they were manning — were continuing to be admitted only for demonstrative purposes. Otherwise, I don't have an objection to the 1620-1 that we were discussing previously.

THE COURT: And, Mr. Genender, I think that was you that was handling that, don't have your line active. I just need you to confirm that that was the admission that you were offering. Can you -- there we go. Mister --

MR. GENENDER: Yes, Your Honor, to the extent

```
1
   there was any ambiguity, we agree with Mr. Duewall's
    clarification, that's fine that those are -- the attachments
 2
 3
   are in for demonstratives, but what is testimony and
 4
    admitted evidence are the actual texts, the text of the
 5
    Declaration, the seven or eight pages of the document.
              Thank you, Judge.
 6
7
              THE COURT: Thank you.
8
              And thank you for the clarification, Mr. Duewall.
 9
              All right, Mr. Duewall, who's going to be your
   witness?
10
              MR. DUEWALL: Thank you, Your Honor. My colleague
11
12
   will present this witness on Direct.
13
              THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
              MR. HUTTON: Yeah, thank you, Your Honor, John
14
15
   Hutton from Greenberg Traurig. And, Your Honor, on behalf
   of BP, Your Honor, we're going to call our first witness who
16
17
    is Adriana Bonjour.
18
              THE COURT: All right.
              MR. HUTTON: I think perhaps we need a minute to
19
20
   have her set up. Okay, there we go.
21
              THE COURT: Ms. Bonjour, good afternoon.
22
              Ms. Bonjour, can I get you to press five, star on
23
   your phone, please, Ms. Bonjour, or whoever's there in the
24
   meeting with you? There we go.
25
              Good afternoon.
```

```
1
              MS. BONJOUR: Can you hear me?
 2
              THE COURT: Would you raise your hand for me,
 3
    please?
 4
         (Witness sworn.)
 5
              THE WITNESS: Yes. I do.
 6
              THE COURT: Thank you. All right, --
 7
              MR. HUTTON: Okay.
 8
              THE COURT: -- let's go ahead and proceed.
 9
              MR. HUTTON: Okay.
10
                DIRECT EXAMINATION OF ADRIANA BONJOUR
11
   BY MR. HUTTON:
        Please state your name for the Record.
12
        My name is Adriana Bonjour.
13
        And, Ms. Bonjour, by whom are you employed?
14
15
         I'm employed by BP Exploration and Production.
         Okay. And what is your what is your position with BP
16
17
    (glitch in the audio) --
18
              THE COURT: I can't hear you, sir.
19
              THE WITNESS: Sorry, --
20
              THE COURT: Hold on.
              THE WITNESS: Sorry, it didn't come through.
21
22
              THE COURT: Yeah.
23
              MR. HUTTON: It didn't come through.
   BY MR. HUTTON:
24
25
        Ms. Bonjour, what is your position with BP? I'm just
```

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1 || shortening it to "BP."
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- 2 | A My position at BP is senior controller.
- 3 | Q And how long have you worked as senior controller for
- 4 | BP?
- 5 | A I've been a senior controller for BP for five years, at
- 6 BP for a total of 15 years in controller roles. Before
- 7 | that, I was an auditor and in public accounting for ten
- 8 | years, and I'm a CPA.
- 9 $\|Q\|$ Okay. Thank you. Ms. Bonjour, do you hold any
- 10 | certifications?
- 11 A I'm sorry, it's hard to hear.
- 12 || Q I'm sorry, you --
- 13 | THE COURT: Yeah. I just --
- 14 ||Q -- do you hold any certifications?
- 15 | THE COURT: I'm going to interrupt you both for a
- 16 | minute. Let's take a minute and get both your sound working
- 17 | because you're both coming through really poorly. Can we
- 18 | get your microphone moved closer to you, please,
- 19 Ms. Bonjour?
- 20 MR. HUTTON: Okay. Your Honor, is this better?
- 21 THE COURT: No.
- 22 THE WITNESS: Is this better?
- 23 | THE COURT: Let's do this one at a time.
- 24 Ms. Bonjour, let's get yours squared away first.
- 25 THE WITNESS: Can you hear me okay now?

```
1
              THE COURT: That is better, thank you. And now
 2
    let's go to Greenberg.
 3
              MR. HUTTON: Okay. What about now, Your Honor, is
 4
    this clear?
 5
              THE COURT: It is.
 6
              MR. HUTTON: Can you hear okay?
 7
              THE COURT: Why don't you sit up and let's just
    see if we can hear you in a -- we ought to be able to hear
 8
 9
    you normally. I mean, try it now.
10
              MR. HUTTON: Okay. Testing again.
              THE COURT: Yeah, that seems better. Let's go
11
    ahead then. And --
12
13
              MR. HUTTON: Okay.
              THE COURT: -- if you all can't hear each other,
14
15
    it's essential that you tell each other you can't understand
16
    it, by the way, and we'll just take the time to get it
17
    fixed. I don't want you all to get too frustrated about
18
    this because I'm not going to get frustrated with a COVID
19
    technology problem. We'll just -- patience is the only
20
    thing I've learned in the last 18 months, so take your time
21
    and let's get it right.
22
              MR. HUTTON: Thank you, Your Honor, and I
23
   appreciate that.
   BY MR. HUTTON:
24
25
        Ms. Bonjour, what are your responsibilities as senior
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1 | controller at BP?
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- $2 \parallel A$ As senior controller at BP, it's my job to ensure that
- 3 | the financial statements are represented fairly and reflect
- 4 | the business transactions. And I'm also responsible for
- 5 | ensuring a sound control environment.
- 6 | Q Okay. Does your role as senior controller at BP
- 7 | involve reporting on transactions based upon agreements with
- 8 | Fieldwood Energy, LLC?
- 9 A Yes, under my remit (phonetic), I'm responsible for
- 10 | reviewing the agreements between Fieldwood and BP to ensure
- 11 | that they're reported accurately in financial statements.
- 12 | Q Ms. Bonjour, are you familiar with the Purchase and
- 13 | Sale Agreement with Fieldwood Energy, LLC and BP Exploration
- 14 | and Production, Inc. --
- 15 | THE COURT: I couldn't understand --
- 16 || Q -- dated May --
- 17 | THE COURT: I can't understand you.
- 18 Q Ms. Bonjour, are you familiar with the Purchase and
- 19 | Sale Agreement by and between Fieldwood --
- 20 | THE COURT: No, that's worse. Let's just --
- 21 MR. HUTTON: Okay.
- 22 THE COURT: It may be you just have a bad line
- 23 || calling in. I don't know. But let's take a moment, let's
- 24 ||get it right because it's not right. And I know you want it
- 25 | right more than I do so let's just take a moment, let's get

```
1
   your tech people there to fix it, or just redial it --
2
             MR. HUTTON: Okay.
 3
             THE COURT: -- that because it's a bad connection.
 4
             MR. HUTTON: Okay. All right. Your Honor, I
 5
    think we're going to try to dial back in.
         (Pause from 4:08 p.m. to 4:09 p.m.)
 6
7
              THE COURT: Mr. Genender, I am also picking up
8
   noise from your line. I'm not sure where that's coming
 9
    from.
10
             MR. GENENDER: Okay. I'm in the same room as
   Ms. Choi who's going to be handling objections for this
11
   witness so I can't -- it's coming from -- we'll --
12
              THE COURT: Okay. Well I need you all to stop --
13
             MR. GENENDER: Did it stop?
14
             THE COURT: -- moving papers and stuff.
15
             MR. GENENDER: We'll do it.
16
17
             THE COURT: Thank you.
18
             MR. GENENDER: Okay.
19
          (Pause in the proceeding.)
20
             THE COURT: All right. Let's try that again then.
21
             MR. HUTTON: Okay, Your Honor, this is John
22
   Hutton. I dialed back in. I don't know if -- hopefully the
23
    connection's better now.
24
             THE COURT: I think it is. Let's try it.
25
             MR. HUTTON: Okay.
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1 BY MR. HUTTON:
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- 2 | Q Ms. Bonjour, are you familiar with the Purchase and
- 3 | Sale Agreement by and between Fieldwood Energy, LLC and BP
- 4 | Exploration and Production, Inc. dated May 17th of 2019
- 5 | which appears as BP Exhibit 27?
- 6 MR. HUTTON: And for Your Honor, that's Docket
- 7 | Entry 1607-27.
- $8 \parallel A$ Yes, I am.
- 9 MR. HUTTON: And actually we'll -- this is a
- 10 | highly confidential document so we're not going to put up on
- 11 | the screen. Will you take it down? Oh, okay.
- 12 \parallel Q Ms. Bonjour, are you familiar with that document?
- 13 | A Yes, I am.
- 14 | Q Okay. Are you also familiar with the cash
- 15 | consideration exchange agreement by and between Fieldwood
- 16 | Energy, LLC and BP Production -- Exploration Production,
- 17 | Inc. dated -- well, relating to the Mississippi Block Canyon
- 18 | 562 dated October 15th of 2018, which we refer to as the
- 19 | Isabella PSA and which appears as BP Exhibit 28?
- 20 MR. HUTTON: And, Your Honor, that is Docket Entry
- 21 | 1607-28.
- 22 | A Yes, I am.
- 23 ||Q Okay. And, Ms. Bonjour, how did you become familiar
- 24 | with the MC519 PSA and the Isabella PSA?
- 25 | A In my role, it's my responsibility to review those when

- they're signed to look at the transactions to make sure that they're recorded properly in the financial statement.
- 3 Q Okay. And are you familiar with the payment terms of the MC519 PSA, including Section 3.1 of that agreement?
- $5 \parallel A$ Yes, I am.
- 6 | Q And, Ms. Bonjour, what are those payment terms?
 - A So in that agreement, Fieldwood agreed, among other things, to pay \$30 million to BP upon the completion of the Genovesa well, and with payment remitted within 180 days of
- 10 | production.

8

9

- 11 | Q And when was the Genovesa well brought online?
- 12 | THE COURT: I didn't hear that, I'm sorry.
- 13 | A On the 27th.
- 14 | THE COURT: I just didn't hear it.
 - Q When was the Genovesa well brought online?
- 16 | THE COURT: I didn't hear it.
- 17 | A March 27th --
- 18 THE COURT: Sorry.
- 19 $\|Q\|$ Ms. Bonjour, when was the Genovesa well brought online?
- 20 A March 27th, 2021.
- 21 Q And when did the \$30 million obligation become payable 22 and owing?
- MS. CHOI: Objection, Your Honor. That calls for a legal conclusion.
- 25 THE COURT: Sustained.

- 1 | BY MR. HUTTON:
- 2 | Q Your -- Ms. Bonjour, when, for purposes of accounting,
- 3 do you treat this as a matured obligation?
- 4 | A So under IRS accounting rules, it is a contingent
- $5 \parallel \text{receivable upon signing that's due and payable when the well}$
- 6 | is completed, which would have been March 27th, 2021.
- 7 | THE COURT: I'm going to --
- 8 | Q And --
- 9 THE COURT: I'm going to strike the latter part of
- 10 | the answer. That went beyond your question and it resulted
- 11 || in a legal conclusion.
- 12 | Q Ms. Bonjour, for accounting purposes, is the \$30
- 13 | million obligation a matured obligation?
- 14 | A For accounting purposes, yes.
- 15 \parallel Q Was the \$30 million obligation a contingent obligation
- 16 | at the time the MC519 PSA was signed, for accounting
- 17 | purposes?
- 18 | A Yes. It was a contingent receivable when the agreement
- 19 | was signed.
- 20 | Q Has Fieldwood made any (glitch in the audio) on the
- 21 MC519 -- on the \$30 million obligation contained in the
- 22 MC519 PSA?
- 23 | A No.
- 24 | Q Ms. Bonjour, are you also familiar with the payment
- 25 | terms of the Isabella PSA, including Section 3.1 of that

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1 | agreement?
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- A Yes, I am.
- $3 \parallel Q$ Okay. What are the payment terms on the Isabella PSA?
- 4 MS. CHOI: Objection, Your Honor, calls for a
- 5 | legal conclusion.
- 6 MR. HUTTON: Your Honor, I'm not asking for a
- 7 | legal conclusion. She is a senior controller at BP,
- 8 | responsible for reporting and recording the transactions
- 9 | between BP and Fieldwood and the books and record and the
- 10 | financial statements of BP, and in that capacity she has
- 11 | testified that she has responsibility for reviewing
- 12 | agreements and for reporting them accurately. And I think
- 13 given her experience and her role, it is appropriate for her
- 14 | to provide testimony regarding these transactions.
- 15 | THE COURT: Sustain the objection.
- 16 | BY MR. HUTTON:
- 17 Q Ms. Bonjour, as a senior controller for BP, when did
- 18 the receivable due to BP under the Isabella PSA?
- 19 \parallel A Under the Isabella PSA, we recorded the liability when
- 20 the agreement was signed in 2018 for \$66 million.
- 21 | Q And what is the remaining obligation due under the
- 22 | Isabella PSA from BP to Fieldwood?
- 23 ||A As of today, there's 12.7 million remaining to be paid.
- 24 \parallel Q Are the parties to the MC519 PSA and Isabella PSA the
- 25 | same?

- 1 A Yes, Fieldwood and BP.
- 2 | Q In your review of transactions between BP and
- 3 | Fieldwood, have the parties ever netted out amounts due from
- 4 one against amounts due to the other?
- $5 \parallel A$ Yes. In the normal course of business, various
- 6 transactions will arise net one between the other.
- 7 \mathbb{Q} And can you please provide some examples of that?
- 8 A Sure. One of the first examples I have is we submit
- 9 | invoices to Fieldwood for payment, and under the agreement,
- 10 | Fieldwood paid a hundred percent of that. If there are any
- 11 | questions about what's on the invoice for the agreements say
- 12 | that we would discuss that after payment --
- MR. SPEAKER: Kesha, --
- 14 | A -- and then decide how to --
- 15 MS. CHOI: Your Honor?
- 16 | A -- payment (glitch in the audio)
- 17 MS. CHOI: Sorry. I'm having trouble hearing the
- 18 | witness, she's breaking up. And also I think there may have
- 19 | been a legal conclusion in there. But I'm having trouble
- 20 | hearing, it's breaking up.
- 21 THE COURT: I am, too. I am, too. Is there a
- 22 || reason why we can't put the phone right near you,
- 23 | Ms. Bonjour?
- 24 | THE WITNESS: Right -- I've got it right here
- 25 | close to me.

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1
              THE COURT: When you picked it up there it was
 2
   sure a lot more clear. Let's -- I hate to have you hold it
 3
   but --
 4
             THE WITNESS: I need to hold it up. Okay. I'll
 5
   do my best. I can hold it here. Is this better?
 6
              THE COURT: It is better. I hate to have you hold
 7
   it. You want to maybe --
             THE WITNESS: Okay.
 8
 9
             THE COURT: -- put it on top --
10
             THE WITNESS: All right. That's okay.
11
              THE COURT: -- of a book or something like that?
12
   Because it -- I don't need to inconvenience you either while
   we're doing this but we get -- we do have to hear you
13
   better.
14
15
             THE WITNESS: Okay. Here we go. I'll hold it up.
   Is this better?
16
17
             THE COURT: We'll try it, we'll try it. So I'm
18
   going to --
19
             THE WITNESS: Okay.
20
             THE COURT: -- whatever that answer was, I had
21
    trouble hearing it as well, I'm going to ask that we re-ask
22
    the question, we'll redo the answer, and the prior answer
23
   will not be recorded for -- in my notes or for the record so
24
    that we can get an answer that we can all hear.
25
             MR. HUTTON: Okay. Thank you, Your Honor.
```

- THE COURT: You remember the question, you can regive the answer, or else he can re-ask the question,

 Ms. Bonjour, whatever's most convenient for you.

 THE WITNESS: Please re-ask the question.
- 5 MR. HUTTON: Certainly.
- 6 BY MR. HUTTON:

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- Q Ms. Bonjour, in your review of transactions between BP and Fieldwood, have the parties ever netted out amounts due from one against amounts due to the other?
- 10 A Yes. In the normal course of business we have netted 11 amounts out between each other.
- 12 Q Okay. And can you please provide some examples of 13 that?
 - A Sure. We submit invoices to Fieldwood for payment, and where there are questions that Fieldwood has, they are to pay the invoice in full, we discuss any questions they have, and agree how to remit the payment back. And many times, if there was a valid refund that was due, we would go ahead and net it against the next jib, "jib" being invoice.
 - Q Any other examples?
 - A Sure. Another example was when Fieldwood elected to participate in an exploration well last year; then, after work commenced, they decided to back out and we allowed that. And so they were obligated to pay their share of expenses up to that time. An agreement was made to forego

that and let them not pay, and we allowed them to net that against their invoice.

And then another example is one that I -- is when BP still owned an interest, working interest in the MC519 assets, where BP would invoice Fieldwood as the operator, Fieldwood would then pay that in full and then bill BP for its working interest share in the MC519 well. In September of 2018, Fieldwood asked if we could begin to net those, although they're separate agreements. We responded by saying we had just put in a new accounting system, can we pick it up in January of 2019 to discuss netting. And Fieldwood went ahead and began to start netting in October, which continued until we sold our working interest in those wells in May of 2019.

MR. HUTTON: Okay. Thank you, Ms. Bonjour. No further questions at this time, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Thank you.

Any Cross-Examination, Ms. Choi?

MS. CHOI: Yes, Your Honor. Erin Choi on behalf of the Debtors.

CROSS-EXAMINATION OF ADRIANA BONJOUR

22 BY MS. CHOI:

Q Ms. Bonjour, isn't it the case that there were delays in BP's part in paying undisputed jibs to Fieldwood?

A Can you repeat the question?

- 1 | Q Yes. I said, Ms. Bonjour, isn't it the case that there
- 2 | were delays on BP's part in paying undisputed jibs to
- 3 ||Fieldwood?
- 4 | A Which specific jibs?
- $5 \parallel Q$ In connection with the Isabella agreement.
- 6 A In connection with the Isabella agreement, no, I don't
- 7 | recall anything with Isabella agreement with unpaid or late
- 8 || jib.
- 9 \parallel Q In 2019, isn't it the case that there were delays on
- 10 | BP's part in paying undisputed jibs to Fieldwood?
- 11 | A I think you're referring to the MC519 assets, which is
- 12 | separate from the Isabella. And on those, that is when
- 13 | Fieldwood began to net and we asked -- the amounts do not
- 14 | calculate properly so we would ask for information in order
- 15 | to substantiate the amount that they had billed. So there
- 16 were some delays on both sides.
- 17 | Q But there were delays on BP's part in paying those jibs
- 18 | to Fieldwood; isn't that right?
- 19 | A Yes. As we worked --
- 20 | Q Yes.
- $21 \parallel A = -$ through how they were netting the jibs.
- 22 | Q Isn't it the case that BP outsources its accounting
- 23 || services?
- 24 | A Yes, partially.
- 25 | Q And isn't it the case that there were delays in upwards

of a year in fact in BP paying Fieldwood the money owed under the agreements that we were just discussing?

were no delays of up to a year for regular invoices.

- A No. There was a final settlement statement. Are you referring to the final settlement statement? Because there
- 6 Q There were delays up to nine months.

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- A It's possible nine months. I don't recall exactly
 without knowing the specific invoices that you're referring
 to.
- 10 | Q And this was money that Fieldwood had essentially 11 | loaned to BP; isn't that right?
- 12 A Not the way -- I don't see it that way. I don't know which invoices you're speaking of specifically.
- 14 | Q Because Fieldwood had paid BP's share for these wells
 15 | during this time; isn't that right?
 - A We were getting delays on payment from Fieldwood as well during that time so it's hard to say that we were loaning them money when there was a lot of delays in payments on both sides.
- 20 Q The BP payments that were delayed, isn't it true that
 21 at a certain point Fieldwood tried to net what it owed BP
 22 against what BP owed Fieldwood?
 - A Fieldwood began netting way before that happened. We were current up until that point. And then Fieldwood began to net and the calculation did not add up, so then there

- 1 were delays on both sides where BP said, Fieldwood, you
- 2 | haven't paid us for the full amount, and then Fieldwood
- 3 | said, you're not paying us for that money that we couldn't
- 4 get the calculation for. So it was on both sides.
- $5 \parallel Q$ Isn't it true, though, that BP objected to netting and
- 6 didn't agree to it?
- $7 \parallel A$ No. What BP said is the agreements do not allow
- 8 | netting and if they would live -- let us speak about it in
- 9 | January, because we had just input a new accounting system
- 10 || in September of 2018, we responded and said, can we have a
- 11 | conversation in January, 2019 to let us talk to our legal
- 12 | team, as well as to kind of settle out our accounting
- 13 || system.
- 14 | Q Ms. Bonjour, there's a difference between netting and
- 15 || credit, would you agree?
- 16 | A That's the difference, yeah, yes.
- 17 | Q And in this case, there is a disagreement about
- 18 | netting; is that your testimony?
- 19 | A There was a disagreement about the netting, yeah, two
- 20 different invoices from two different agreements.
- 21 MS. CHOI: Excuse me, one moment.
- 22 | Q Ms. Bonjour, there was not in fact a course of dealing
- 23 || on netting, was there?
- 24 | THE COURT: I'm sorry, I didn't hear. There --
- 25 A Can you repeat that?

- THE COURT: -- was not a what on netting?
- 2 Ms. Choi, I just didn't hear the word.
- 3 Q There was not a course of dealing between these parties 4 with respect to netting, was there?
- A I'm sorry, I don't understand the question, there was not a course of dealing. Can you repeat the question or
- 7 || restate it?
- 8 Q Ms. Bonjour, in your testimony you testified that there
- 9 was in the normal course some kind of netting that happened.
- 10 But it is not the case that there was in fact a course of
- 11 dealing between these parties respect to netting, was there?
- 12 A Yes, there was plenty of times where we received
- 13 payment from Fieldwood on invoices where items were netted
- 14 out. That was per course of business the way it's been for
- 15 | as long as we've been in business with Fieldwood.
- 16 Q But there were no disagreements, were there or were 17 they?
- _ | | | | | | |
- 18 || A There were conversations. I don't know if I would call
- 19 | them disagreements but there are conversations when
- 20 | Fieldwood asked to begin to net two separate agreements
- 21 | against each other where BP said, that's not allowed, we can
- 22 | talk about it in a couple months, give us some time, and
- 23 | then netting happened anyway. So I don't know if I would
- 24 | call that a disagreement as much as I would call it let's
- 25 | have a conversation, but Fieldwood went ahead and net anyway

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1
   without letting us have that conversation. So if that's the
 2
    disagreement, then yes.
 3
              MS. CHOI: No further questions.
 4
              THE COURT: Thank you.
 5
              Any follow-up?
              MR. HUTTON: No Redirect, Your Honor.
 6
7
              THE COURT: Thank you.
8
              Ms. Bonjour, sorry it was so hard to do it, but
 9
   once we got it going it seemed to work well. Thank you for
10
    coming today. If you want to stay for the balance of the
   hearing, it's a public courtroom; otherwise, you're free to
11
12
   go about your business.
              THE WITNESS: All right. Thank you so much.
13
14
              THE COURT: Thank you.
15
         (Witness excused.)
              MR. DUEWALL: Your Honor, Ms. Bonjour is our only
16
17
   witness, so I suppose we stand in recess until 5:00.
18
              THE COURT: All right. Let me just be sure so
    that we are at least being reasonably efficient about this.
19
20
   Is there any other party that has any other witnesses that
21
    they want to introduce at today's hearing, besides the one
22
   witness we know that we're going to get from the Debtor,
23
   Mr. Hanson?
24
         (No audible response)
25
              THE COURT: All right. I'm going to show that all
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1
    opponents to confirmation have now rested their case in
 2
    chief. Subject to rebuttal, the last witness will be
   Mr. Hanson. And we'll -- do we have an update on when he'll
 3
 4
   be available, Mr. Genender?
 5
              MR. GENENDER: Your Honor, Paul Genender.
 6
   been checking with him and the latest I've heard is not
 7
   before 5:00 but at 5:00. And so that's the best I have.
 8
    I --
 9
              THE COURT: That's fine. I don't have a problem
    with that if -- but I didn't want him just cooling his heels
10
11
    for 20 minutes either. So we'll come back at 5:00 and we'll
    call the case at 5:00. We'll adjourn until then.
12
              MR. GENENDER: Thank you, Judge.
13
14
              THE COURT: Thank you.
15
         (Recess taken from 4:27 p.m. to 5:03 p.m.)
16
                            AFTER RECESS
17
              THE COURT: All right. We're going back on the
18
    Record in the Fieldwood case. If I could get Mr. Hanson,
19
    please, to press five, star on his phone, we'll get him
20
    recognized, as well as counsel that wishes to examine him,
21
    and anyone else that wants their line enabled.
22
              Mr. Hanson, do we have you there? Good afternoon.
23
              MR. HANSON: Hello, Your Honor.
24
              THE COURT: Afternoon. Mr. Genender, I think I've
25
    got your line down. And Mr. Zuber wants his line activated
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as well. Mr. Zuber, good afternoon.
 1
 2
             MR. ZUBER: Good afternoon, Your Honor.
 3
              THE COURT: All right. Are we ready to proceed?
 4
              MR. GENENDER: Yes, Your Honor. May I proceed?
 5
              THE COURT: All right, Mister --
 6
              MR. GENENDER: Oh, I guess he needs to be -- yes,
 7
   all right.
 8
              THE COURT: Thank you.
 9
              MR. GENENDER: My questions won't do a lot before
10
    you swear him in so thank you, Judge.
11
         (Witness sworn.)
12
              THE COURT: Thanks, Mr. Hanson. Go ahead, please,
   Mr. Genender.
13
14
             MR. GENENDER: Thank you, Your Honor. Paul
    Genender, Weil, Gotshal, and Manges for the Debtors. Good
15
16
    afternoon, Mr. Hanson.
17
              THE WITNESS: Hello, Mr. Genender.
18
               DIRECT EXAMINATION OF JOHN-PAUL HANSON
   BY MR. GENENDER:
19
20
        Could you please state your full name for the Record?
21
        Yeah. It's John-Paul, J-O-H-N hyphen P-A-U-L, Hanson,
22
   H-A-N-S-O-N.
23
        Mr. Hanson, you understand that the Declaration that
24
   you prepared and filed -- and was filed as of June 13th,
25
    2021, at Debtors' Exhibit 52, the eight-page Declaration,
```

- 1 has already been admitted into evidence as your testimony; 2 are you aware of that?
- $3 \parallel A$ Yes. That's my understanding.
- 4 \mathbb{Q} Okay. And that the reports that you prepared that were
- 5 | attached to that Declaration as Exhibits 1 and 2 are
- 6 admitted for demonstrative purposes only; are you aware of
- 7 | that?
- 8 A Yes, I'm aware of that.
- 9 Q And are you also aware that Debtors' Exhibit 107, which
- 10 | is ECF 1625-31, is also admitted for demonstrative purposes?
- 11 | A That's my understanding as well.
- 12 \parallel Q Okay. And those are the -- those are that -- that's
- 13 | the universe of documents I'm going to reference in my short
- 14 | direct, supplementary direct of you, okay?
- 15 | A Okay.
- 16 \mathbb{Q} As it relates to Exhibits 1 and 2 to your Declaration,
- 17 do those documents fairly and accurately reflect your
- 18 | opinions that you're offering on valuation in this case?
- 19 A Yes, they do.
- 20 MR. GENENDER: And if we can put up Debtors'
- 21 | Exhibit 107 on the screen, Your Honor, would you mind to
- 22 | make Mr. Miller, Ron Miller, share the screen with him,
- 23 | please? Or make him the presenter I should say.
- 24 | THE COURT: I am doing that right now.
- 25 MR. GENENDER: I should know how to say that --

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1 | THE COURT: All right.
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- 2 MR. GENENDER: I should know how to say that, 3 Judge, by now.
- THE COURT: One day. You're getting old, hard to remember those things. Mr. Miller now has the presenter role.
 - MR. GENENDER: Thank you, Judge. Mr. Hanson, if we can go to the second page, I'm going to walk through this briefly.
- 10 BY MR. GENENDER:

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13

- 11 | Q Second page of demonstrative Debtors' Exhibit 107, 12 | entitled: "Key Assumptions;" do you see that?
- 14 Q Okay. And what's the significance, Mr. Hanson, of
- 15 | relying on the midyear 2020 database as opposed to the
- 16 | yearend 2020 database?

Yes, I do.

- 17 A When we first formulated the valuation opinions, the
- 18 | yearend database was not yet complete and it had not been
- 19 | audited by the third party auditor, Ryder Scott. And so
- 20 | what we did was utilized the midyear 2020 report, we rolled
- 21 | forward production, applied the forecasted expenses to that,
- 22 | and ran it at the then-appropriate commodity price strip or
- 23 || forward curves as of March 5th, and provided our valuation,
- 24 | draft valuation opinions at that time. Subsequent to
- 25 | working on those drafts, the company and its auditors

1 finalized the yearend reserve report. We reviewed that yearend reserve report, did a compare and contrast to ensure 2 that the conclusions of valuation wouldn't be materially 3 4 impacted. They in fact were not and so we continued to rely 5 upon the midyear report only because the basis of our work had been conducted in that database file and the yearend 6 7 report was not materially different than our roll forward. 8 MR. GENENDER: Thank you. If we can turn to the 9 third page of the demonstrative. BY MR. GENENDER: 10 Mr. Hanson, does this page fairly and accurately 11 summarize your valuation conclusions? 12 Yes, it does. 13 All right. Can you explain to the Court why you used 14 certain of the valuation methodologies for certain of the 15 entities and not for others? If I could ask it that way. 16 17 In an ideal scenario we would have utilized all of the 18 methodologies for each of the entities. However, only 19 select methodologies for Fieldwood One, Fieldwood Three, and Fieldwood Four were in fact applicable. NewCo, or Credit 20 Bid Purchaser, however you would like to term it, we were 21

There are not only relevant underlying assumptions against which we can apply the net asset valuation

able to utilize all three methodologies because it is a

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going concern.

1 methodology but also precedent transactions that are relevant, as well as publicly traded comparable companies. 2 3 For Fieldwood One, we were able to utilize the net asset 4 value, or NAV, approach methodology. And there are a couple 5 of precedent transactions that we were able to utilize 6 because there were some -- a couple of comparable 7 transactions with heavy weighting on P and A. But for Fieldwood Three and Fieldwood Four, there 8 9 really are no comparable transactions and no public trading 10 comps for any of Fieldwood One, Fieldwood Three, or 11 Fieldwood Four as none of those three entities are going concerns. And Fieldwood Three and Fieldwood Four do not 12 contain any producing assets. 13 Thank you. In terms of where you weighted for net 14 asset value 70 percent for NewCo and for Fieldwood One, can 15 you walk the Court through your judgment in arriving at that 16 17 weighting? 18 It is fairly typical for oil and gas valuation experts 19 to rely upon the net asset valuation methodology greater than the other methodologies. The oil and gas assets are of 20 their own right, they're all bespoke (phonetic). There is 21 22 no -- and, you know, a hundred percent comparable asset one 23 from the other, there is no hundred percent comparable 24 operating Plan or development Plan from one company to the 25 next.

And so it is typical that there would be a heavier 1 weighting on the net asset valuation methodology relative to 2 3 the two other methodologies, particularly when you're 4 dealing with offshore oil and gas in conventional reserves. That is even more the case, and particularly where there's a 5 limited subset of precedent transactions or publicly traded 6 7 comparable companies. As a result, where a typical range of weighting would be between 50 and 70 percent on the NAV 8 9 relative to the other methodologies, we went at the high end 10 of that typical practitioner's range at 70 percent, given 11 the very cost of a bespoken nature of these assets and the lack of comparability in operating and development Plan for 12 Fieldwood -- for NewCo or Fieldwood One, Fieldwood Three, 13 and Fieldwood Four relative to other companies. 14 15 Thank you. Mr. Hanson, referring to pages four and five of Exhibit Demonstrative 107, do those reflect the 16 17 detail that you used that -- your detail in connection with 18 your net asset value opinions for NewCo and Fieldwood One respectively? 19 20 Well, I would say that this is a summary buildup. 21 There obviously is a lot more detailed work that went into 22 it but this is a summary buildup to the NAV for each of 23 NewCo and Fieldwood One, yes. 24 And are these opinions net of ARO, Asset Retirement 25 Obligations?

- 1 A Yes. They are inclusive, they incorporate the ARO 2 liabilities.
- 3 Q Thank you. Did you also opine on residual
- 4 distributable value in connection with your work?
- 5 A Yes, I did.
- 6 Q And did you do that -- for which of the entities did
- 7 | you do that for?
- 8 | A Well, ideally we would have done it for each of
- 9 | Fieldwood One, Fieldwood Three, and Fieldwood Four.
- 10 | Basically the residual distributable value is a means of
- 11 | valuing the membership interests that will be owned or held
- 12 | by the unsecured creditors.
- 13 | It really is an option value. However, at this stage,
- 14 given that the midpoint valuation for each of Fieldwood One,
- 15 || Fieldwood Three, and Fieldwood Four is negative, and
- 16 | Fieldwood Three and Fieldwood Four, given that they have no
- 17 | producing assets, they have no inherent positive value.
- 18 And so while ideally Fieldwood Three and Fieldwood Four
- 19 | would have been contributors to that residual distributable
- 20 | value, the reality is that a hundred percent of this value
- 21 came from Fieldwood One in an option value context.
- 22 | Q And on the screen is page seven of the demonstrative
- 23 | Debtors' 107; what does that reflect in connection with your
- 24 | residual distributable value analysis?
- 25 | A Well, as mentioned, the residual distributable value

1 really is option value given at the midpoint for each of the three entities. The midpoint valuation is negative. 2 what the reason there is option value, however, in Fieldwood 3 4 One is because under certain commodity priced circumstances, 5 under operating costs, improvements, or where operating costs or Asset Retirement Obligations come in below what is 6 7 forecast and therefore there is more cash and more cash flow from Fieldwood One than currently forecast, then the 8 9 membership interest in Fieldwood One would actually have value. 10

And so what we did was a -- utilized a typical option value methodology, which is the Black-Scholes Formula. And this page seven highlights the underlying assumptions on a range of values for that residual distributable value or membership interest on an option basis.

- Q Thank you. Mr. Hanson, did you hear Mr. Dane's testimony about the use of P50 versus P90 that he offered yesterday?
- 19 A Yes, I did.

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

22

- 20 ||Q Do you agree with it?
- 21 A I do, yes, entirely.
 - MR. GENENDER: If we'll turn to page nine of the demonstrative, please, Exhibit 107, Debtors' 107.
- 24 Q Mr. Hanson, does this picture on the right of the page 25 fairly and accurately describe which reserves in your view

```
1
   should be included in valuing the assets?
2
         This demonstrates the reserves that should be included,
 3
   which in my expert opinion includes the proved, or P90,
 4
   reserves and the probable, or P50, reserves. One aspect
 5
    that Mr. Dane spoke about yesterday is that P50 is at its
   heart in a definition probable. It is greater than a 50
 6
7
   percent probability. It's not proved, it's not certain.
8
              A P90 is greater than a 90 percent probability
 9
   and, therefore, there is almost a certainty of outcome, or
10
    it is a proved outcome, where a 50 percent or greater
11
   probability, or P50, is in fact by definition the most
   probable of outcomes.
12
13
              MR. GENENDER: Thank you. I will pass the
14
   witness. Thank you, Mr. Hanson.
15
              THE COURT: Thank you. Are there any advocates of
    confirmation that have questions for Mr. Hanson? If so,
16
17
   please press five, star one time.
18
         (No audible response)
19
              All right. Are there any opponents to
    confirmation that have questions for Mr. Hanson?
20
21
         (No audible response)
22
              Mr. Duewall, I've got your line active.
              MR. DUEWALL: Thank you, Your Honor.
23
24
              Craig Duewall on behalf of BP.
25
              Good afternoon, Mr. Hanson.
```

1	THE WITNESS: Hello, Mr. Duewall.
2	CROSS-EXAMINATION OF JOHN-PAUL HANSON
3	BY MR. DUEWALL:
4	Q Mr. Hanson, you'll agree that your opinions are limited
5	strictly to valuation.
6	A That's correct.
7	Q And in your report and your testimony, you've expressed
8	no opinions regarding the feasibility of NewCo.
9	A No, I have not.
10	Q And in your reports and testimony you've expressed no
11	opinions regarding whether or not the confirmation of the
12	proposed Plan is likely to be followed by a liquidation of
13	NewCo; is that correct?
14	A That's correct.
15	Q And in your testimony and reports, you've expressed no
16	opinions regarding whether or not the confirmation of the
17	proposed Plan is likely to be followed by the need for
18	further financial reorganization of NewCo; is that correct?
19	A I have not expressed any of those opinions.
20	MR. DUEWALL: That's all I have, Your Honor, I
21	pass the witness.
22	THE COURT: Thank you.
23	Are there further questions for Mr. Hanson by any
24	party?

(No audible response)

```
1
              THE COURT: All right. Mr. Hanson, thank you for
 2
    coming in.
 3
              THE WITNESS: Thank you.
 4
         (Witness excused.)
 5
              THE COURT: Does the Debtor rest?
 6
              MR. GENENDER: Yes, Your Honor.
 7
              THE COURT: Do any proponents of confirmation have
 8
    any additional evidence that they wish to introduce? Hold
 9
    on just a moment. Ms. Archiyan.
10
              MS. ARCHIYAN: (No audible response)
11
              THE COURT: Ms. Archiyan.
              MS. ARCHIYAN: Your Honor (glitch in the audio).
12
    Good afternoon, Your Honor, Yelena Archiyan on behalf of
13
    (glitch in the audio) other affiliates of Energy Transfer.
14
15
              Your Honor, I apologize, but I was caught off-
    quard before the last break when you asked if anyone from
16
17
    the opposition had witnesses to call. I didn't have a
18
    witness to call and I don't have one to call now, but I was
19
    going to request that you take notice of the schedule of
20
    assets and liabilities for Fieldwood Energy, LLC, which is
21
    at Docket No. 429. And that establishes Energy Transfer's
22
    cash deposit.
23
              THE COURT: Hold on.
24
              ECF 429 is Schedule A and B filed by Fieldwood.
25
    What -- it's 463 pages. What part of it do you want me to
```

```
notice?
1
2
             MS. ARCHIYAN: I believe it's pages 15 and 17, the
 3
   Debtors' assets and cash deposits that they're holding.
 4
              THE COURT: So ECF --
 5
             MS. ARCHIYAN: Or that they (glitch in the audio).
 6
              THE COURT: Page 15?
7
             MS. ARCHIYAN: I believe it's page 15. Hold on.
          (Pause in the proceeding.)
8
 9
              THE COURT: So I've searched for the words "Energy
    Transfer" and don't see them -- those words with the search
10
11
   of the 463 pages. I need more detail on what you want me to
    look at.
12
13
             MS. ARCHIYAN: Yes. If you search Sea Robin
    (phonetic), I -- it's either page 15 or 17. And I'm pulling
14
15
    it up right now, I apologize.
              THE COURT: That's okay. Sea Robin?
16
17
             MS. ARCHIYAN:
                             Yes.
18
             THE COURT: Okay. Sea Robin Pipeline --
19
             MS. ARCHIYAN: Yes.
20
             THE COURT: -- is listed as a deposit, including
21
    security deposits and utility deposits. At line 717, Sea
   Robin Pipeline Company, LLC, $975,000 is listed as the
22
23
   current value of the Debtors -- I'm sorry, yeah, is listed
24
   as a deposit by the Debtor, right?
25
             MS. ARCHIYAN: Correct. Yes, so it's page ECF 17.
```

```
So and line 726 is Florida Gas Transmission, that's another
1
2
    affiliate of Energy Transfer, and the corresponding amount
 3
   there is $150,000.
 4
              THE COURT: So these are the Debtors' deposits
 5
   with your clients.
             MS. ARCHIYAN: Correct.
 6
7
              THE COURT: Okay. Is there any objection to me
8
   taking notice that the Debtor has represented that with her
 9
    clients there are two deposits: one totaling 975 with Sea
10
   Robin and another totaling 150,000 with Florida Gas
   Transmission?
11
             MS. CHOI: No objection, Your Honor. This is Erin
12
   Choi from the Debtors.
13
             THE COURT: We'll take notice that those two
14
15
   deposits are listed in the Debtors' schedules.
16
             MS. ARCHIYAN: Thank you so much, Your Honor.
17
   We're making progress with Debtors' counsel on the proposed
18
    language, and this all may be moot by the end of the day
19
    today. But just in case, thank you very much.
20
             THE COURT: The end of the day is coming soon, so
21
    all right.
22
             MS. ARCHIYAN: Well, midnight is coming up.
23
             THE COURT: All right. Mr. Scharfenberg, go
24
   ahead.
25
             MR. SCHARFENBERG: Yeah, good afternoon, Your
```

```
1
   Honor. And, I'm sorry, I think I'm in a similar position.
 2
    I was pressing star five instead of five star earlier. Just
 3
   as a --
 4
              THE COURT: That'll do it.
 5
              MR. SCHARFENBERG: -- matter of housekeeping --
    yeah. Just as a matter of housekeeping, I wanted to admit a
 6
 7
    few exhibits that I understand the Debtors have no
    opposition to.
 8
 9
              It is at record document 1613, Exhibits 2, 3,
   and 4.
10
11
              THE COURT: All right. Is -- these are Zurig
12
   documents 16, I'm sorry, 16 -- I apologize, --
13
              MR. SCHARFENBERG: Thirteen, one, three.
              THE COURT: -- 1613-2, -3, and -4 are being
14
15
    offered. Any objection? The indemnity agreement, the
16
    escrow agreement, and the bond are being offered into
17
    evidence. All right, we --
18
              MS. CHOI: Your Honor, Erin Choi, no objections,
19
    sorry.
20
              THE COURT: All right.
21
              MR. SCHARFENBERG: Thank you.
22
              THE COURT: We're admitting 1613-2, -3, and -4.
23
          (Exhibits Nos. 1613-2, 1613-3, and 1613-4 received in
    evidence.)
24
25
               THE COURT: Mr. Scharfenberg, anything further?
```

```
1
             MR. SCHARFENBERG: Nothing further. Thank you,
2
   Your Honor.
 3
              THE COURT: So next time, by the way, I've had
 4
   people where they get their phone out of sync. There are
 5
    two solutions to that. One is hang up and dial back in once
 6
   you realize that. But the other is turn on your camera and
7
   wave and I'll eventually find you, Mr. Scharfenberg.
8
             MR. SCHARFENBERG: Sounds great, thank you.
 9
             THE COURT: Mr. Woodard.
10
             MR. WOODARD: (No audible response)
11
              THE COURT: Mr. Woodard.
12
             MR. WOODARD: Yes, Your Honor. I'm in the same
   boat as my fellow sureties. We just have our indemnity
13
    agreement that was attached as Exhibit Docket Number 1566-1
14
15
    that Ms. Choi graciously consented to the other day but I
   had not moved the admission.
16
17
              THE COURT: Is there any objection --
18
             MR. WOODARD: And I would like to do so.
             THE COURT: -- to the admission of 1566-1?
19
20
             MS. CHOI: No objection.
21
             THE COURT: All right, --
22
             MR. WOODARD: Thank you, Your Honor.
23
             THE COURT: -- 1566-1 is admitted. Thank you.
          (Exhibit No. 1566-1 received in evidence.)
24
25
             THE COURT: Does any other party have any evidence
```

```
1
   or do all parties rest?
 2
              MR. ZUBER: Your Honor, this is Scott Zuber. May
 3
    I be heard, please?
 4
              THE COURT: I'm sorry, who was that?
 5
              MR. ZUBER: Scott Zuber.
 6
              THE COURT: Mr. Zuber, go ahead, please.
 7
              MR. ZUBER: Hi, Your Honor, good afternoon, Your
    Honor. Very quickly, again we would also ask that our
 8
 9
    bonds, indemnity agreements, and certain exhibits be
10
    admitted to evidence. I'm not aware of any objection.
    believe they're Exhibits B, C, D, and E in Document Number
11
12
    1591, one, five, nine, one.
13
              THE COURT: We have an offer of 1591-2, -3, -4,
   and -5. Any objection?
14
15
              MS. CHOI: Your Honor, if Mr. Zuber, you could
    just remind me which entity you represent? I apologize.
16
17
              MR. ZUBER: We represent Aspen, Everest, Berkley.
18
          (Pause in the proceeding.)
19
              MS. CHOI: No objection, Your Honor. Thank you.
20
              THE COURT: Fifteen ninety-one two, three, four,
21
    and five are admitted. Anything further, Mr. Zuber?
22
          (Exhibits Nos. 1591-2, 1591-3, 1591-4, and 1591-5
23
    received in evidence.)
24
              MR. ZUBER: Yes, Your Honor. I don't have any
25
    witnesses or any cross-examination of any of the witnesses,
```

```
but I just wanted to make sure that we'll have an
1
2
    opportunity during closing arguments to make other legal
 3
   arguments in furtherance of what we stated at the opening.
 4
             We've got, you know, some legal arguments only.
 5
   And we'll just be referring to documents already in
 6
   evidence, such as the Plan, the Credit Bid Purchase
 7
    Agreement. But just wanted to make sure that we'll have
    that opportunity in the morning just to make further legal
8
 9
    argument, no evidentiary --
10
              THE COURT: You're going to have a chance to make
11
    your closing argument tomorrow morning.
12
             MR. ZUBER: Thank you, Your Honor.
13
             THE COURT: Thank you. Mr. Knapp.
             MR. KNAPP: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Appearing
14
15
    for McMoRan Oil and Gas, we'd like to admit the exhibits
16
    attached as 1601 and 1608; 1601 has Exhibits 1 and 2, 1608
17
   has Exhibit 3. My understanding -- these are all operating
18
    agreements. My understanding is the Debtors have no
19
    objection.
20
             THE COURT: So I'm going to offer 1601-1, 1601-2,
    and 1608-1. Any objection to those three exhibits?
21
22
             MS. CHOI: No objection, Your Honor.
23
              THE COURT: All three are admitted. Anything
24
    further, Mr. Knapp?
```

(Exhibits Nos. 1601-1, 1601-2, and 1608-1 received in evidence.)

MR. KNAPP: That's all. Thank you.

THE COURT: So this is actually working by me continuing to say this. I'll say it another time. Does anyone have any additional evidence to introduce? Because we're about to close the record. But feel free if you've got something else that we need to put in the record. Once it's closed, it's going to stay closed.

(No audible response)

THE COURT: Press five star one time on your phone if you wish to speak.

(No audible response)

THE COURT: All right. I'm going to show that all the evidence is in and closed and that all parties have rested. Closing arguments will begin tomorrow morning at 9:45. We're going to start with the Debtor. We'll then have any other proponents of confirmation. We will then have opponents of confirmation. And then we'll have final rebuttal by the Debtor in the closing arguments. That'll be the order of presentation.

If anyone has any questions, comments, or objections to that, now is a good time so that I can figure that out and you all can figure that out overnight if we have a problem with it.

```
1
          (No audible response)
 2
              THE COURT: All right. Parties are going to be
 3
   allowed to --
 4
             MR. GENENDER: Your Honor, --
 5
             THE COURT: -- use their PowerPoints if you wish
 6
    tomorrow. Just be prepared to show them. And we'll make
7
   whoever you want as the presenter. Mr. Genender.
8
              MR. GENENDER: Your Honor, can you -- you said
 9
    this earlier but I did not write it down, and I apologize.
   What's the Court's schedule in the morning? There was a
10
11
   block of time, right?
              THE COURT: Yes, sir. So we're going to start at
12
13
    9:45 and work until noon. Beyond that, I'm not sure what
    the calendar will look like tomorrow afternoon. And if -- I
14
    am not asking folks to limit their closing. These are
15
16
    important closing arguments as far as I'm concerned. And if
17
    I need to go in the afternoon or if I can't finish in the
18
   afternoon, go until, you know, the next day, we're going to
19
    do that. But everyone's going to get a chance to do full
20
    closings. This is a long, complicated deal and I am not
21
    going to cut people short on this.
22
             MR. GENENDER: Thank you, Judge.
23
              THE COURT: When will the proposed -- the final
   version of the proposed Confirmation Order be filed?
24
25
          (No audible response)
```

```
THE COURT: There's a lot of silence out there.

Mr. Perez, your line seems muted. Hold on. Mr. Carlson has pressed five, star. Let me get his line active. Mr. Perez,

I don't see you as having pressed five, star. I'll need you to do that if you want to speak. Mr. Carlson.
```

MR. CARLSON: Good evening, Your Honor, Cliff
Carlson for the Debtors. We Plan to file a proposed order
later this evening. It may be later. But we expect there
may be some further changes overnight after we file that.
But we are working with several different parties on various
inserts, and the goal and intention is to file it tonight.

THE COURT: So, Mr. Perez, you wanted to speak to that as well, right?

MR. PEREZ: No. I was actually going to say that either Mr. Carlson or Ms. Liou are probably the closest to it.

THE COURT: So, look, I think it might be very helpful to parties -- and I got it that there may be changes made during closing arguments tomorrow to the Confirmation Order. Can we file a version at some time certain tonight so that parties can see what the current status is? And then you can file another one, you know, overnight if you want to that is redlined against that one. But let's get people something they can start reading. I'm inclined to -- and I don't want to insist on a particular time, but I'm

```
inclined to think, you know, sometime around 8:30 or 9:00 o'clock tonight you all file the current status of the Confirmation Order. And then whatever you file after that would be redlined against that current status. And I don't know if that works for you all. I'm not looking to, you know, make double work but people need a chance to prepare.

Ms. Liou.
```

MS. LIOU: Yes, Your Honor, Jessica Liou from Weil, Gotshal, Manges on behalf of the Debtors. That's fine with us. We can file a form of proposed Confirmation Order tonight by that deadline. And, Your Honor, we will also be filing some very minor amendments to the Plan as well, cleanup changes that we've been considering with the lenders.

THE COURT: And those will be redlined, right?

MS. LIOU: Those will be redlined. And there will be one other change, which it's just on reservation of rights language that got added into the Plan as a result of our continuing discussions with the government.

THE COURT: Okay. So not later than 9:00 p.m. tonight I want the Debtors to file the latest version of the proposed Confirmation Order and the latest changes to the Plan that are in existence as of 9:00 o'clock. And I am not suggesting that you're then stuck with that permanently as you continue to try and work through problems. But I need

```
1
   people to see what they're shooting at. That is without
2
   prejudice --
 3
              MS. LIOU: Can do.
 4
              THE COURT: -- to the rights of parties tomorrow
 5
    to argue they haven't had a reasonable opportunity to review
   what those are. But, I mean, I haven't anybody -- had
 6
 7
    anybody that's trying to delay this hearing so -- but I
    think that gives people a fair chance.
8
 9
              And then we'll see what happens as we move into
10
    closing arguments tomorrow. The closing arguments can focus
11
   mostly on whether we ought to confirm or not and not what
12
   the Confirmation Order says. So we may really split that
    into saying, should we confirm the arguments. And then if
13
    it turns out that there is controversy about the order, I
14
    could do different arguments about what particular
15
   provisions of the order maybe should say.
16
17
              But it just depends. I don't know how many
18
    changes you're going to make. And I, along with everybody
19
    else, can look at redlines and try and make a reasonable
    decision about that.
20
              Anybody have any problem with that game plan?
21
22
              Mr. Balasko, I saw you just turned on your camera.
23
    I don't see that you pressed five star. Did you need to
```

MR. BALASKO: (No audible response)

24

25

address anything with us?

THE COURT: Mr. Balasko? 1 MR. BALASKO: Zach Balasko, Department of the 2 3 Interior. No, Your Honor, Ms. Liou just mentioned the 4 Government language, and I did not know if we wanted to 5 discuss that. But I certainly don't need to. 6 THE COURT: All right. Okay. We're in 7 adjournment. I'm resuming court in the morning at 9:00 a.m. 8 Closing arguments in this case will be at 9:45, and we'll 9 see you all then. 10 Thank you. 11 (Proceeding adjourned at 5:37 p.m.) 12 13 I certify that the foregoing is a correct 14 transcript to the best of my ability due to the condition of 15 the electronic sound recording of the ZOOM/telephonic 16 proceedings in the above-entitled matter. 17 /S/ MARY D. HENRY 18 CERTIFIED BY THE AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF 19 ELECTRONIC REPORTERS AND TRANSCRIBERS, CET**337 20 JUDICIAL TRANSCRIBERS OF TEXAS, LLC 21 JTT TRANSCRIPT #64152 22 DATE FILED: JUNE 28, 2021 23 24 25

1	IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT			
2	FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS			
3	HOUSTON DIVISION			
4	IN RE: \$ CASE NO. 20-33948-11 \$ JOINTLY ADMINISTERED			
5	FIELDWOOD ENERGY, LLC, \$ HOUSTON, TEXAS ET AL, \$ WEDNESDAY,			
6	S JUNE 23, 2021 DEBTORS. S 9:57 A.M. TO 4:53 P.M.			
7	DEBIORS. 9:37 A.M. 10 4:33 P.M.			
8	CONFIRMATION HEARING DAY THREE			
9	CLOSING ARGUMENTS (VIA ZOOM)			
10	BEFORE THE HONORABLE MARVIN ISGUR UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY JUDGE			
11				
12	APPEARANCES: SEE NEXT PAGE			
13	COURTROOM DEPUTY: TYLER LAWS			
14	(Recorded via CourtSpeak; No log notes)			
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HOUSTON, TEXAS; WEDNESDAY, JUNE 23, 2021; 9:57 A.M.

arguments in the Fieldwood case. It's my understanding from my case manager is there may be a request to continue this morning's hearing. I don't really -- I didn't understand it in terms of why that was being requested. Perfectly happy to listen to that, but I wanted to do it on the Record at 9:45. So let me ask Mr. Genender to tell me what's going on. Go ahead, please.

MR. GENENDER: Your Honor, Paul Genender. I'm actually -- was going to give you a courtesy reminder or notice on the *Speedcast* matter with Mr. Dockerman's permission, a hearing we have tomorrow at 4:00. You had asked us to submit stipulated facts by 9:00 o'clock this morning. Mr. Dockerman and I were working late last night on them. He's in a hearing in Delaware. We're finalizing them, but I wanted -- he -- with his permission, I wanted to let you know that we will get them to you shortly. But obviously hasn't happened by 9:00 o'clock this morning.

THE COURT: Thank you. I appreciate that notice.

Mr. Perez.

MR. GENENDER: Very welcome.

MR. PEREZ: Your Honor, Alfredo Perez. Your
Honor, I apologize. This is a little bit my fault. I
missed an email where one of the parties indicated that they

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were unavailable from 10:00 to 11:00. And that's when I
realized that last night, we -- that's when Mr. Carlson sent
the email. But one of the key parties was unavailable at
that -- at this time. And, you know, I apologize, it was my
fault for missing that email.
          THE COURT: So this is somebody that needs to be
here to hear your closing so they can respond to it; is that
the issue?
         MR. PEREZ: No. It's Mr. Schaible. He will, you
know, kind of be the second person up.
          THE COURT: Got it. We're going to work from
11:00 to 12:00. We're going to return at 3:15 and we'll
stay until we're finished with closing arguments. Sorry
about if there's any confusion on my part, but Mr. Schaible
is a key player in the case. I'm going to let him be
here --
         MR. PEREZ: Yeah.
         THE COURT: -- throughout. So we'll adjourn --
         MR. PEREZ: Again, Your Honor, this is my fault.
I just missed an email. So I apologize to the Court and to
all the parties.
         THE COURT: Yeah. It's fine with me. But we'll
adjourn until 11:00 o'clock this morning and we'll start
sharply at 11:00. Thank you.
      (Recess taken from 10:00 a.m. to 10:59 a.m.)
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AFTER RECESS

THE COURT: All right. We're going to return to the Fieldwood Confirmation Hearing. As I had indicated yesterday, we're going to start with closing arguments by the Debtor and then we'll move to closing arguments by any other proponent. We will then move to closing arguments by any opponent. And then we're going to allow a rebuttal by the Debtor only.

So whoever is going to take the lead for the Debtor, if you'll press five star one time on your phone, also let me know who you want to have the presenter role.

Mr. Perez, good morning.

MR. PEREZ: Good morning, Your Honor, Alfredo

Perez on behalf of the Debtors. Your Honor, if you could

give the presenter role to Ms. Choi?

THE COURT: All right. Ms. Choi has the screen.

MR. PEREZ: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Hold on one second, please. I was handed a note that I'm supposed to turn on my cam.

MR. PEREZ: That -- it's okay by me, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Let's move ahead.

MR. PEREZ: Thank you, Your Honor. Again, Your Honor, Alfredo Perez on behalf of the Debtors.

CLOSING ARGUMENTS ON BEHALF OF DEBTORS

BY MR. PEREZ: We want to first thank you for

JUDICIAL TRANSCRIBERS OF TEXAS, LLC

accommodating the short pause this morning. And again I apologize to everyone for having missed that.

Your Honor, I think we're here, you know, after a very, very seems like very long and unfortunately somewhat contentious case that I think has come to a point where I think that the evidence and the actions taken by the Debtors and the other parties that are really key, key to this kind of mosaic put together to address some very significant business and other related issues that I would think that the evidence overwhelmingly establishes that the Plan should be confirmed. If you turn to the next slide, please?

Your Honor, I described this as a mosaic because I think the evidence is uncontroverted that each of these participants really contributed to the Plan. And without any of these participants, it's like the stool would have lost one of its legs and we wouldn't have been able to be in the position where we are today.

As the evidence indicated, you know, back in March of last year, Fieldwood started experiencing problems. And obviously the Court is well aware of what was going on in the energy business at that time. And it reached out to its first lien term loan lenders represented by Davis, Polk and began, you know, the process. And it was key -- and as Mr. Dane testified, it was key for this business to survive to get additional capital. It needed that capital.

It wouldn't have been able to survive, it wouldn't have been able to accomplish what it's seeking to accomplish pursuant to the Plan without that additional capital. And I think the lenders were very clear that in Order to do that, we needed to address all of the various legacy issues that were addressed.

So, Your Honor, in terms of we wouldn't be here but for the sale, but for the significant cash that the lenders are contributing, but for the first lien first out lenders agreeing to roll over their debt, but for the second lien lenders agreeing to compromise, and most importantly but for, you know, the very significant contribution that the first lien term lenders are making in providing up to \$105 million of cash so that we can exit, by agreeing to assume all the working capital obligations, by doing all of the things that they're doing in order to make this work. So but for those participants, we wouldn't be here, this Plan would not be confirmable.

Second, Your Honor, again, we wouldn't be here but for the Apache, you know, agreeing to assume responsibilities and as of last night -- and, Your Honor, we filed at Docket Number 1700 the term sheet with the Apache sureties. That single transaction addresses almost, you know, two-thirds of all of our decommissioning obligations. And that was a key centerpiece to the Plan. And, again, but

for having done this, we wouldn't have been able -- we would not have been able to be here where we are today.

USCCI, Your Honor, they provided -- they're the only surety that's provided bonding on a go forward basis. We have a term sheet. Credit bid purchaser needs that in order to operate to be able to go forward. Again, but for that we wouldn't have been able to be here.

You know, the Unsecured Creditors Committee obviously were key. We signed 165 trade credit agreements compromising over \$145 million of claims. And in addition, but for the support of our vendors, again we wouldn't be here. If all of our vendors -- if we didn't have the vendor support that we had during the case and the vendor support that we're going to have -- that Credit Bid Purchaser is going to have after the case, this wouldn't have been feasible credit -- a Credit Bid Purchaser wouldn't have been able to raise the money that they did.

Your Honor, next I want to talk about the predecessors that we have consensual agreements with. And, Your Honor, if you will recall, at one of the hearings it was very clear that, you know, that we came in with approximately 80 percent or a little bit under 80 percent of our liabilities, of our asset retirement liabilities resolved. And it was very clear from what the Government was saying and some comments from the Court that, you know,

we needed to make the Government comfortable, number one, and we needed to try to resolve as many of these consensual obligations as possible. So, Your Honor, we think that again but for the consensual arrangements that we have with Chevron, Eni, and Hunt which resolve, which get us into that 90, 91 percent, that we wouldn't be here with a Plan that the Government doesn't object to.

And, Your Honor, and they've kind of paid the price already for having done that. They've already paid the price by being sued by one of the insurers that -- on a non-confirmed Plan. They're already saying that they've been discharged on their bonds. So, you know, but for this arrangement, we wouldn't be able to do -- we wouldn't be able to confirm a Plan. And they've already paid the price, Your Honor. You know, this is an integral part of our Plan, it is integral to the success of the Plan, it is integral to the Government's non-objection to our Plan. And but for having these consensual agreements, we wouldn't be able to confirm this Plan.

And then finally, Your Honor, with respect to the Government, obviously as testified by Mr. Dane, we've had extensive, productive discussions with the Government and, you know, there have been, and as the Court recalls, you know, at the disclosure statement hearing, they totally reserved their rights. And I think as a result of the steps

that we have taken since that time, that the Government is in a position where they're not objecting to the Plan. And in particular, Your Honor, the key aspects of what the agreements that the proposal that we have made that have satisfied the Government, that we meet our Midlantic standards, are embodied in Section 5.13 of the Plan. And that is at Document 1697, and pages 216 of 218, as well as paragraphs 141 to 144 of the proposed Confirmation Order. Again, but for the Government's, you know, non-objection to the Plan and having worked with us extensively to make sure that they were satisfied that we didn't violate the Midlantic standards, again we wouldn't be here. We would be facing a different Plan confirmation.

So, Your Honor, I'm going to come back to each one of these. But, again, the key, key view in my mind is that any one of these -- if we knocked out any one of these, Your Honor, we wouldn't be able to -- for this Plan to be successful, we wouldn't be able to confirm this Plan. I think that they're all integrally tied together. And if you knock one out, I think you knock out the whole thing. So, Your Honor, let me go next to the next slide, please.

And, again, just to -- and this is the slide that we've probably shown at every hearing, that nine percent is primarily composed of three individual predecessors. And I'll get to that next time. But in essence, we have

resolved all but nine percent of our liability. If you go to the next slide.

And, Your Honor, I had this in the -- in our opening, and this kind of -- and I'll go through each one of these transactions, but I think the evidence, you know, overwhelmingly establishes that we will be able to address the asset retirement obligations, that we will be able to accomplish the goals of the Plan.

And, Your Honor, basically what we have left, if you go to the very far right at the bottom in the abandoned properties, we have the remaining predecessors, and those are principally, you know, three large, multinational energy companies with a combined -- with a market cap of 93 billion, 28 billion, and 272 billion combined that are the ones that are objecting to the Plan for having to respond to joint and several liability that they had before Fieldwood was ever Fieldwood, Your Honor. This is not a situation where this liability is something that is new to them.

They've had this liability. They are jointly and severally liable. That's what happens when you operate in the Gulf. And those are in essence the three main predecessor objectors to the Plan. Next slide, please.

Your Honor, I'm going to only focus on the areas that I thought were contested in terms of the Evidentiary Record. I think many of the other items are probably more

legal argument. And I neglected to say, Your Honor, that I'm going to address the evidence, Ms. Liou is going to address the legal issues, and Mr. Carlson will address any questions with respect to the Order. And I think on a couple of things Ms. Choi will address them. But I'm going to focus -- I'm focusing on the evidence.

So, Your Honor, again, I think the evidence overwhelmingly demonstrates that we've complied with 1129 and that the Plan should be confirmed. I'm only going to really focus on a couple of three prongs of 1129 which there was actually evidence or, you know, there was something with respect to whether we had met our evidentiary burden.

And I think the first one, Your Honor, is whether we satisfied the adequate assurances provision of 365. And, again, I think there -- and I'll get to it when I get to credit bid NewCo, but I think again the uncontroverted testimony from Mr. Dane is that there will be sufficient resources in order to satisfy, and that there's really no question that as it relates to the contracts that will be assumed, that those -- that that Credit Bid Purchaser will be able to perform.

Second, Your Honor, I think that there was allegations that the Plan was not proposed in good faith. I frankly think that, you know, the definition of good faith is does the Plan address what it's intended to address.

Here, the Plan very clearly intended to address the ARO, intended to create a sustainable entity, intended to preserve the jobs. And all of the things that it was intended to do, I think the Plan addresses. And I think that meets the good faith standard.

Your Honor, there has also been questions about 1129(a)(11). And, Your Honor, I'll address that in the context of all of the various entities. But, Your Honor, again, I think that we provide a means to address all of the various objectives of the Plan, and that to that extent I think the Plan complies with 1129(a)(11).

Finally, Your Honor, there were seven other secured creditors that were -- that objected, and so we would have to cram them down. And, again, I think the uncontroverted testimony from Mr. Green was that we would be able to do that based on the estimate of their claims and the reserves that we had set up. So again I think the Evidentiary Record is that we would be able to meet the cramdown. So if you turn to the next page, please.

So with respect to an asset sale, Your Honor, which is what we're doing with credit purchaser -- and let me just digress here for a minute because -- and I believe Ms. Liou is going to really address this. But, you know, the premise and the fundamental aspect of this Plan is that Credit Bid Purchaser is willing to provide \$105 million of

cash, is willing to assume all the working capital liability, is willing to provide the credit support for the various activities, is willing to do all of the things that it's willing to do so that we can make, you know, Fieldwood Three successful, so that Fieldwood Four can implement, if in fact they get the assets free and clear of liens, claims, and encumbrances. And that's the fundamental premise. And that is an aspect of this that is kind of at the heart of what I think, you know, disputed. It's the -- it's what does it mean to have an asset sale free and clear of liens versus, you know, what are the other potential obligations and what, in essence, is right and that's really the heart of the issue here.

But clearly in terms of the intended purchase, can Credit Bid Purchaser close this transaction? And I think the evidence is overwhelmingly yes. You know, we looked at the sources and uses with Mr. Dane yesterday. There was at the -- even at the high end and at an average cash, not at the high cash, we were -- at the high end of expenses and at an average cash, not the high cash, this -- we were comfortably able to make all of the Plan payments that were needed at exit, as well as the reserves. So there's no question but that they can accomplish this. If you turn to the next slide.

You know, we actually don't think that 1129(a)(11)

applies to the Credit Bid Purchaser on the other side.

Nevertheless, Your Honor, I think the uncontroverted evidence is that even in the scenario, I mean, where they don't drill, Mr. Dane testified that that was one of the most attractive cash positions. The Credit Bid Purchaser is going to generate cash. They're -- it -- they're going to, you know, this company is going to, you know, be valued at in excess of a billion dollars. And it will be a standalone independent oil and gas company. So you turn to the next page.

And, again, we don't think this is applicable.

But if you turn to the -- they're going to be wellcapitalized. They're only going to have about 300 million
of funded debt. They're going to have a -- they're going to
raise 40 million in equity, which is quite astounding.

They're going to have at least -- up to 120 million on the
balance sheet but at least a hundred million on the balance
sheet.

They're going to have significant cashflow and -in the hundreds of millions. That's what exhibit page eight
of nine shows as it related to them. And as Mr. Dane
testified, if you stop the drilling, that they would also
have, you know, significant cashflow and that that was a
very attractive -- that was also very attractive, you know,
business Plan and depending on what the owners decided to

do.

In addition, Your Honor, it has the bonding capability to go forward on an ongoing basis to the extent that, you know, people were alleging that somehow that was a bar.

But, Your Honor, in addition to the significant, and I mean significant, support the Credit Bid Purchaser is providing in order for us -- in order for Fieldwood to emerge from bankruptcy, to confirm this Plan, including the cash, the assumption of the working capital, the other agreements with Fieldwood Three and Fieldwood Four, I think, Your Honor, that this company on a standalone basis, even if we had to meet that test, there's no question based on the evidence that it complies.

Let me then turn to Fieldwood One. And fortunately, Your Honor, I'm not going to dwell on Fieldwood One. But the issue here, and I think we've largely resolved that as a result of the agreement with Apache and with the Apache sureties, but the purpose of Fieldwood One, as testified to by Mr. Graham, is to decommission, maximize cashflow, and then wind this company down. It's going to be done over a period of time. And at least in a -Mr. Graham, you know, has indicated that the way his contract works, has to stay here for five years in order to accomplish the goals of that contract. And so we're really

talking about a situation where I think now largely uncontested we think that Fieldwood One would be, you know, accomplishes the goals that it's intended to accomplish.

Then let's turn to Fieldwood Four. And Fieldwood Four again is to wind down the legacy Chevron properties, CUSA properties primarily, and many of the Noble properties. And, again, they -- we're -- that is being done pursuant to a fixed -- a turnkey contract with Credit Bid Purchaser that Mr. Dane testified to. And here we have a situation where we have one of the most sophisticated energy companies that has -- that currently has joint and several liability that will be paying the amounts in a situation where there are significant conditions that would adjust the turnkey price, depending on factors beyond everyone's control. So if you turn to the next page.

The Credit Bid Purchaser will decommission the legacy CUSA property pursuant to that turnkey agreement. And the -- in essence, protects that exit. Money will come from Credit Bid Purchaser to fund the 15 -- the five million in cash contribution. And then in addition, there'll be another 14 million that at one time had been scheduled to go into Fieldwood Three that now is going into Fieldwood Four to plug and abandon certain assets in which Chevron had been a predecessor in interest. So I think that the evidence obviously in my mind overwhelmingly demonstrates that

Fieldwood Four with all those factors will be able to accomplish what it's intended to accomplish.

Then additionally, Your Honor, if you turn the page, we have the other existing consensual deals with Eni and with Hunt, and these again we have turnkey agreements pursuant to which most of the Hunt work is being done currently simply, you know, because we had a current permit to actually do the work. And that will be done currently.

And then with respect to Eni, we have a agreement where they will fund up to \$57 million, and the work will be done. And in each one of those, the money coming from Credit Bid Purchaser at exit will fund a contribution to the -- those amounts.

Finally, Your Honor, we get to -- if you go to the next page, we get to Fieldwood Three. And Fieldwood Three obviously is the balance of the bucket. But as a result of moving some of the assets from Fieldwood Three to Fieldwood Four, the remaining -- and I think the testimony was that the credit support was up to \$12 million, including five million in cash at exit and an additional amount, an additional seven million amount, that would be provided from Credit Bid Purchaser. But I think Mr. Dane's testimony, again uncontroverted, was that the post-effective date liability was approximately \$7 million, and that there were \$4 million of bonds to accomplish this. So, again, you

know, these are assets that the -- that a -- that Fieldwood and the lenders in connection with, you know, the proposals made to the Government decided that they were going to offer to plug and abandon these assets in Fieldwood Three.

And then finally, Your Honor, if you go to the next slide, I'm going to turn to the abandoned properties because this is obviously as we sit today where most of the dissent exists. So, number one, and I'm sure we'll hear from Mr. Balasko, but the Government does not object to the Plan. The company has done significant work, made significant concessions, and has done, you know, a lot of discussion and made proposals to the Government in order to be in a position where the Government does not object. That's not where we found ourselves at the disclosure statement hearing. That's not in essence at the time when the Court directed us to address the Government's concerns. That's what we did and that's what we accomplished, Your Honor.

So one of the key aspects of the proposals that we've made to the Government which have resulted in their not objecting, first, Your Honor, is the transition services for the specified abandoned properties. And, again, at Docket Number 697 of the Plan, Sections 513 in Exhibit A, which have the -- in fact what the agreed activities are -- and, Your Honor, this includes the safeguarding of the day-

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to-day operational monitoring, maintaining egress of
pollution inspections, and to ensure, you know, proper
response. And, yes, the exhibit and what was testified to
is that Fieldwood, you know, is abandoning these properties.
They are agreeing to undertake these transition services,
they are agreeing to respond to the -- to, you know, certain
events. But because these are abandoned properties, to the
extent that the events are, in essence, in excess of what
the Government and Fieldwood agreed to, those are not
necessarily for our account and they're not at our cost.
But it's not a situation we meet the Midlantic standards
because there isn't going to be any slip between the lip and
the cup. We are going to provide, to respond. And the
responsible, you know, the party that the property's
abandoned to will obviously be responsible for that.
          Your Honor, in addition to the transition services
which really, --
          THE COURT: Yeah, --
          MR. PEREZ: -- you know, the core of --
          THE COURT: -- Mr. Perez, I'm not sure that's the
Midlantic standard. And I just think the Midlantic standard
is actually less than what you have described, not more than
what you've described. But I want to be sure --
          MR. PEREZ: I --
          THE COURT: -- that parties are aware --
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             MR. PEREZ: Oh, I --
              THE COURT: -- of what I think it is. The --
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             MR. PEREZ: Yes.
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              THE COURT: A Debtor --
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             MR. PEREZ: Yes.
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              THE COURT: -- under the Bankruptcy Code can
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    abandon an environmentally troubled property and does not
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   under the Bankruptcy Code then have a duty to provide the
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    transition services or to respond at all or after is
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    abandoned to provide any support.
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              However, the Supreme Court has held that the
    environmental concerns that both State and local Governments
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    can have may preclude the Debtor from engaging in the
    abandonment. But if the abandonment is not precluded by the
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    Government's concerns, then frankly I don't think that I am
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   charged with assuring that post-abandonment that the
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   response will be proper. That's Mr. Balasko's problem.
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   Now, the fact that he has solved that with the deal with you
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    is fine with me. But you're sort of saying that in order to
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   meet Midlantic, that the Court needs to be assured of what
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    the future environmental issues are.
              I don't think that's what the Bankruptcy Code
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   says. And I just want it clear the way that I'm going to be
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    applying the law, unless somebody can persuade me that I am
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    wrong about this. But I don't think it's the standard that
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   you're setting up. I don't think that the Government is
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   going to agree to allow the abandonment unless they have a
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   solution to these things. That's their decision. And I
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    don't think under Midlantic I look behind their decision.
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    So a little different than what you're describing. And I
   think it may matter in terms of where this deal goes.
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             MR. PEREZ: Thank you, Your Honor.
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             And we actually -- I think we agree that the
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   Midlantic standard is, you know, imminent harm. And but I
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    think what we're doing here is just to take this issue off
    the table, you know, we've entered into a nine-month
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    Transition Services Agreement. And, remember, primarily for
    these three very substantial companies that have, you know,
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   predecessor liability we've entered into this transition
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    services to really take anything having to do with Midlantic
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   off the table. It's not -- it -- I agree with you, Your
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    Honor, that it goes way beyond Midlantic. To the extent
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    that --
             THE COURT: But I guess I'm telling --
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             MR. PEREZ: -- in my view we --
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              THE COURT: -- you and I'm telling others, I do
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   not intend to review the Transition Services Agreement or
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   the agreed activities to determine if I think it's feasible,
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if I think it works, if I think it's adequate. The Code

allows abandonment. Abandonment can be precluded by

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environmental regulators. But if it isn't, the
environmental regulators may need to worry about that. And
I don't -- the Court doesn't babysit them. You know, it's
just a different story. I mean, you could even be in a
potential situation, which I've been in in some other cases,
where the Government actually will take over the cleanup and
allow an abandonment in exchange for a huge amount of money
going to solve the problem that they wouldn't otherwise
have.
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They just get to make a decision as to what's best for them. And it's like me looking behind somebody's vote to say, well, you know, I think that was kind of a foolish vote, they voted for the Plan, they could have held out for a better deal. You know, no. And I'm not looking if they're in support of the Plan. I'm looking at whether they're going to veto the Plan is what I'm looking at at the Government. If they choose not to veto the Plan on an environmental bases, then that's their choice and I am not going to be second-guessing the Government's decision. So I don't care — the fact that you may want to try and persuade me of that is not going to help your case.

You may want it on appeal in case I'm wrong about that. But I'm not looking at the issue that you're describing. And I'm for better or for worse --

MR. PEREZ: Well, thank you -- okay, thank you,

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Your Honor. Then I think we should have -- this slide
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    should have stopped after the first bullet. The Government
 3
    does not object to the Plan. Okay. I blame Mr. Carlson for
 4
    the balance so --
 5
              THE COURT: Look, you're welcome to talk about it.
 6
    I just -- I don't want others --
 7
              MR. PEREZ: No, no, no, I look --
              THE COURT: -- believing that the standard that
 8
 9
    you're announcing is a standard that I think is one that I'm
10
    going to adopt. And I'm --
              MR. PEREZ: I'm not suggesting at all that this is
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12
    the standard you should adopt. All I'm saying, Your Honor,
13
    is that the Government doesn't object and here are the
    things that we have done to address their concerns. And
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15
    that's the extent of my --
              THE COURT: I thought you --
16
17
              MR. PEREZ: -- remarks, Your Honor.
18
              THE COURT: I thought you crossed the line from
19
    saying not only are these the things we've done to address
    their concerns but the things that you've done to address
20
21
    their concerns will work. And I'm not willing to cross the
22
    bridge into whether they'll work.
23
              MR. PEREZ: Okay. Understood, Your Honor.
24
    Your Honor, I think in terms of the evidentiary support for
25
   meeting the requirements of 1129, Your Honor, I think that
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I've gone through kind of the areas that were contested and the areas that I believe that the evidence overwhelmingly supports confirmation of the Plan large -- based largely on what appears to be an uncontested Record.
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Ms. Liou who will address the legal issues that have been raised. To the extent the Court has any evidentiary issues, obviously I'll be happy to address them at an appropriate time. But I think that in terms of meeting the evidentiary basis for meeting the 1129 standard on a substantially uncontested Record, we have done. And I've highlighted the areas where there was some concern or some, you know, allegation that we didn't meet the Evidentiary Record, Your Honor.

THE COURT: So if this is for Ms. Liou to do or for Mr. Carlson to do, that's fine. But who is going to handle the question of third-party versus third-party rights; is that by you, by Ms. Liou, by Mr. Carlson?

THE COURT: All right. Ms. Liou, if you would press five star one time on your phone, please? There we go. Thank you.

MR. PEREZ: Ms. Liou.

From 862-228-0079, is that you, Ms. Liou?

MS. LIOU: Yes, that is me. Apologies, give us one minute to work through some technical difficulties.

THE COURT: Of course.

MS. LIOU: Your Honor, I have to apologize. The vagaries of technology, we had a fancy setup here and I'm now talking through an iPhone.

Good morning, Your Honor. Jessica Liou from Weil Gotshal & Manges on behalf of the Fieldwood Debtors.

Notwithstanding the Record that we set on the first day of the hearing in terms of the number of opening arguments presented and the number of objections filed for our Plan, I think that after three days of hearings and many good faith discussions that the Debtors have had with the many parties in this case over the last several days, there really are only two main contested legal issues in this case. I think Mr. Perez has done a pretty good job of covering the first. And frankly there isn't much that I would add regarding the point about compliance with Section 1129(a) (11) of the Bankruptcy Code.

But I will comment on the fact that in connection with the sources and uses, the sources that we are talking about for the Debtors' restructuring are sources coming from fully committed, Court-approved, binding commitments or backstops associated with the \$119 million of debt, proceeds funded through the first lien exit facility, and up to \$185 million in proceeds funded through the second lien exit facility, and the \$40 million of proceeds funded through the

equity rights offering that will be coming in the door and coming over to the Debtors as consideration of a part of the credit bid transaction to fund the Chapter 11 cases, pay creditors, and capitalize Credit Bid Purchaser for future success.

I'd like to cover the second issue which deals with the appropriateness and the scope of the releases, exculpations, and discharge under the Plan. As apparent from some of the opening statements and the objections filed, there remain I think a few conceptual misunderstandings about what the Plan does and is intended to do, which I'd like to clear up today. Although the Plan seeks to achieve an extraordinary result in terms of the sheer complexity and magnitude of the restructuring, its release, exculpation, and discharge provisions are fairly standard.

So what does the Plan actually provide for? It does provide for discharge of prepetition claims. It does not, as some have said or suggested, discharge post-petition claims or post-effective date obligations unless there is a specific agreement between relevant parties pursuant to a settlement. In section 2.1 of the Plan in particular, there's provision for administrative expense claims. And any ordinary course administrative expense claim that's incurred by the Debtor effectively gets satisfied in the

ordinary course post-effective date as well to the extent that it is not an obligation that's otherwise picked up by Credit Bid Purchaser. To the extent that it is an obligation that is assumed by Credit Bid Purchaser, as Mr. Perez has indicated and as Mr. Dane has testified, it's going to constitute the working capital that's assumed by Credit Bid Purchaser and fully paid for pursuant to, you know, the terms of the Credit Bid Purchase agreement and in the ordinary course.

The Plan does provide for clear voluntary thirdparty releases that have been broad notice. What it does
not provide for are non-consensual releases of third
parties. And I'll come back to that point in a little bit.

The third item, the Plan does provide for a process under which the Debtors may assume, assume and assign or assume and allocate executory contracts. But it does not, either through that process or any other provision, provide for a blanket impairment, modification, or alteration of the terms of any third-party agreement as between non-Debtor parties.

And as the evidence demonstrated, in particular the surety bonds, they will continue to exist and be outstanding. Any indemnification claim that arises against the Debtor as discussed, so those agreements will be treated in accordance with the terms of the Plan like any other

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claim against the Debtors. And in fact, Your Honor, the Debtors have worked with multiple parties over the course of the last several days to include reservations of rights language in the proposed Confirmation Order that makes this abundantly clear.
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Next, on the exculpation. As I will explain later in further detail, the Plan does provide for appropriately tailored exculpations for certain non-estate fiduciaries based upon the substantial contributions made by those parties integral to the success of this restructuring. It does not, again, provide for non-consensual releases to the third-party.

THE COURT: What are the exculpation, --

MS. LIOU: (Glitch in the audio) --

THE COURT: -- what does it mean -- and maybe you're going to show me this and, if so, that's fine -- the exculpation provisions that exculpate obligations under prepetition agreements by third parties; how does that work?

MS. LIOU: Which prepetition agreements by third parties, Your Honor, are in particular?

THE COURT: Well, you have the -- there's a definition that then got carried forward into the exculpation provision and it defines as some of what is exculpated will be some prepetition agreements. Is there any exculpation with respect to any prepetition agreement?

1 MS. LIOU: I believe Your Honor may be referring to the confusion around the defined term for "additional 2 3 predecessor agreements." 4 THE COURT: Yes. 5 That term relates solely to agreements struck by the Debtor during the course of the Chapter 11 6 7 cases with other predecessors prior to confirmation in support of the Plan. And so, for example, that defined term 8 9 solely relates to Apache, Hunt, Eni, and Chevron. The 10 additional predecessor agreements are the agreements between 11 the Debtors and each of those respective parties. THE COURT: What about prepetition agreements with 12 13 those parties? MS. LIOU: There -- the exculpation does not cover 14 15 the scope of those prepetition agreements, Your Honor. 16 THE COURT: And where do I get clarity on that? 17 Because when I read it, I thought it did. I accept your 18 statement to me but there was going to be some language added that made that clear. Is that now clear in the 19 Confirmation Order? 20 21 MS. LIOU: I believe it's clear, Your Honor, as 22 it's written; although we are happy to consider potential 23 language. But let me explain why I believe it's clear. We 24 had indicated in the Plan that as a part of the Plan 25 supplement, we would file the additional predecessor

agreements. And we have done that.

THE COURT: And you're telling me there are no additional predecessor agreements that were in existence prepetition.

MS. LIOU: I'm sure that there were other agreements between the parties prepetition but those are not captured by the defined term and those were not agreements that were filed as part of the Plan supplement.

THE COURT: Sorry. I meant as the defined term, and my bad wording choice. You're telling me at this point additional predecessor agreements include no prepetition agreements.

MS. LIOU: Correct.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. LIOU: Correct, at this point. Your Honor, that's absolutely correct. If what you would like us to do is add a word to the definition of "additional predecessor agreements" to indicate that it constitutes solely postpetition agreements that the Debtors have entered into, I think that that would probably be acceptable for the parties. I'll have to make sure but that seems to me to be a non-controversial change.

THE COURT: And have you added any language -- and I haven't looked at what you've done in your Confirmation Order. I want to be certain that the exculpations will be

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applied only in a manner that is consistent with the Fifth Circuit's Pacific Lumber opinion. So the language may be fine so long as -- because it says in accordance with applicable law or language to that effect. I want it to specifically say that the exculpations are limited to 6 exculpations that are permitted under Pacific Lumber. Is 7 there any problem with that?

MS. LIOU: Not from the Debtors' perspective, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. Go ahead then.

The last -- excuse me. The last set of MS. LIOU: topics that I'd like to cover are the treatment of the sureties, Your Honor. The Plan does provide the Debtors the ability to allocate their own property interest as a beneficiary under certain bonds to different entities. very importantly, and this is a very, very important distinction because I think there was a lot of confusion that arose out of this, the Plan does not allocate, transfer, or provide any surety bond to any entity under the Plan under which the Debtor is a principal. I think that was also made very clear by Mr. Dane's testimony.

The Plan and the credit bid transactions do provide that credit bid-acquired assets will be sold free and clear of claims, liens, and interests. But as Your Honor noted yourself on the first day, that is permitted by

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Section 363 of the Bankruptcy Code.
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2
              I'd like to now focus a little bit more on the
 3
   consensual third-party releases.
 4
              THE COURT: Before we go there, the other sort of
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   big issue back on the prior page that we spent a lot of time
 6
   on are subrogation rights or duties that might exist with
 7
    respect to properties that are being sold. Do you want to
    tell me what your -- and you may remember the colloquy of
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 9
    subrogation rights as to the Government since we could in
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    fact have allowed an abandonment or allowed a sale free and
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    clear. And the issue that I raised was can we go ahead and
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    leave the Government in place, but since without the
    Government in place there wouldn't have been subrogation
13
    rights, still cut off subrogation rights? What is the
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15
    Debtors' argument on that issue?
              MS. LIOU: So, Your Honor, we actually have
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17
   specific --
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              THE COURT: You need a minute? We'll take a
19
   minute.
20
              MS. LIOU:
                        (Coughing.)
              THE COURT: Why don't you take a minute?
21
22
              MS. LIOU:
                         No, I'm sorry (glitch in the audio).
23
   Everybody else that I've been working with knows that I have
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Section 513 of the Plan actually has some language

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this persistent cough.

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that addresses this, Your Honor, which we heavily negotiated
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    with the RSA parties and this also with the Government.
 2
              THE COURT: Five point --
 3
 4
              MS. LIOU: And it does provide that --
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              THE COURT: So I need to look at 5.13 to answer
 6
    that. Let me just open that.
 7
              MS. LIOU: Okay.
 8
              THE COURT: I want to understand exactly what
 9
    you're telling me you think I can do so that I'm going to
10
    understand the arguments of others that say that I can't do
11
    it.
12
              MS. LIOU: Sure.
              THE COURT: Let me open the Plan. Okay.
13
    looking at 5.13.
14
15
              MS. LIOU: Subparagraph "A," Your Honor.
16
              THE COURT: Okay.
17
              MS. LIOU: It's in this Plan.
18
          (Pause in the proceeding.)
19
              THE COURT: So, again, this is clarity. I want to
20
   be sure I understand it. So a surety -- I'm looking at the
21
    very last clause. So a surety furnishes a bond to the
22
    United States and pays on that bond. Are they subrogated to
23
    the United States' financial recovery rights against anyone?
24
              MS. LIOU: I think the answer depends, Your Honor.
25
    What the Plan does is it preserves whatever subrogation
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rights they may have had at that time if those bonds are drawn. I don't think we're making a determination at this point in time, and the Plan certainly doesn't prescribe one way or another whether or not those surety parties would lose their subrogation rights or gain extra rights.

What we wanted to do was put this back to a mutual position and make very clear that the Plan is not interring their ability to assert a subrogation right post the draw of the bond that occurs post-effective date.

THE COURT: So should that eventuality occur, the surety may assert a financial subrogation right to the Government, and any party or non-party may contest that subrogation right.

MS. LIOU: That's correct, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.

MS. LIOU: Your Honor, I think we've covered expenses, so I don't know that we need to dwell on it but I did want to go to the third-party release provision slide. As the evidence demonstrates and as the docket also demonstrates, the third-party release provisions are fully consensual and they were exclusively noticed. This Court had approved our process for noticing out the ballots, which included the provisions of the releases in them, and approved the notice of the confirmation -- also has provisions, copies of the releases in them as well. It was

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1
    very expensive.
              THE COURT: Yeah. I'm --
 2
 3
              MS. LIOU: -- all of the (glitch in the audio) --
 4
              THE COURT: -- actually not aware of anyone that
 5
    has objected to the third-party releases except for people
    that opted out of them. And people that opted out of them
 6
 7
    of course aren't bound by them. Am I missing something?
 8
              MS. LIOU: Okay.
 9
              THE COURT: Is there an objection by any party to
10
    the third-party release that is the ones that -- has anybody
11
    objected to third-party release that also then didn't opt
    out of it? Because I didn't think we did.
12
13
              MS. LIOU: Your Honor, I'm not aware of any party
    who has not affirmatively opted out or made clear to the
14
15
    Debtors by filing an opt-out notice on the docket that they
16
    have opted out.
17
              THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.
18
              MS. LIOU: I will take that as a not so subtle
   hint to move on --
19
20
              THE COURT: Well, I'm just -- I'm not sure --
21
              MS. LIOU: -- to the next slide.
              THE COURT: -- why I care about something that no
22
23
    one is objecting to when the Fifth Circuit has said you
24
    could do a consensual third-party release and, I mean, which
25
               There is always an issue as to whether opt-in,
    they have.
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opt-out is correct. And I understand that issue. People can argue whether we meet the Fifth Circuit. But if no one's arguing against it, I'm not sure why I want to spend a lot of time on it. I want to be sure that people that want to opt out have opted out. And I don't think anyone's --

MS. LIOU: Yeah.

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THE COURT: -- objecting who didn't also opt out and which I'm not a -- I don't understand the issue if that's where we are. So --

MS. LIOU: Your Honor, we addressed it simply because it was raised as an objection. But I completely agree with your position which is folks had the opportunity to opt out. And to the extent that they did exercise that right to opt out, then they are not forced to provide these releases to third parties under the Plan.

THE COURT: It's more that I think that right now no one that is objecting didn't also opt out. And that's slightly different than what you're saying. But someone that opted out can't then come in and say you shouldn't have given us the option to participate in a third-party release. I mean, it didn't hurt them to get the option to participate. So -- and I don't think we have anyone like that that's doing it so --

MS. LIOU: Yes. I think if we do, they should be at the proper hearing, but I am not aware of any party who

has complained about these releases and has not already opted out.

So, Your Honor, I think we can move on to the next slide which deals with the exculpation provisions. As I mentioned before, in our view the exculpation provision sets a standard of care, it's not really a release per se for the conduct during the Chapter 11 cases, the acts arising out of the restructuring itself. The exculpation certainly covers Debtors' estates and creditors' Committee and members of the creditors' Committee. But it also covers certain non-fiduciaries who nevertheless were incredibly integral to the Plan process.

As Mr. Perez has already explained, each of those parties participated in one aspect or another in ensuring the success of this restructuring, whether providing some form of exit financing, negotiating relevant documents and providing the voting support needed to get the Plan confirmed, or negotiating with us like the predecessors, the relevant predecessors, did on very complex arrangements under which they would effectively work consensually with the Debtors and the Credit Bid Purchaser to address much of the decommissioning obligations that are present here, over 90 percent of the decommissioning obligations that are present in this case.

THE COURT: What happens --

1 MS. LIOU: The parties acted --2 THE COURT: -- what happens if there is a future 3 dispute over the exculpation provision? Is it coming back 4 here for a decision as to whether the dispute is within or 5 outside of the exculpation, or is that not addressed in the 6 Confirmation Order? 7 MS. LIOU: Your Honor, I would expect that because 8 the exculpation provisions are a part of the Plan, they 9 would be addressed before this Court at the time, and if a 10 dispute were to arise regarding the scope of the 11 exculpation. 12 THE COURT: So when you draft the language that 13 I've asked you to draft that deals with Pacific Lumber, I want to be certain that there is a gatekeeping function so 14 that, for example, no one uses the exculpation when they 15 16 shouldn't be using it. And if we were to determine that 17 some action is not exculpated, then I don't want somebody 18 trying to defend on something where they claim it's exculpated -- or vice-versa. You know, if somebody got 19 20 exculpated, they shouldn't be sued at all for the 21 exculpation. So include a gate keeping function to be sure 22 that Pacific Lumber is fully and faithfully adhered to. 23 MS. LIOU: We will do so, Your Honor 24 THE COURT: Thank you.

MS. LIOU: I did also want to point out that there

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is carved intentional fraud, unlawful conduct and that generally the exculpation, in our views, are a pretty common feature in complex cases like this. And the purpose of it is obvious, because there are many parties who can work with the Debtor to arrive at consensual arrangements, which are to the benefit of all the creditors in the case, and maximize value for the Debtors' estate. And by allowing those parties to be exculpated protects — the exculpation you facilitate the consensual process, that I think Chapter 11 is designed hold.

Your Honor, with that I think we can turn to the next slide. I don't necessarily belabor the point, because I know Mr. Brescia did a really great job of laying out each of these parties provided in their own unique way support for the Plan and how that value was integral to the success of the restructuring. And how like a four-legged stool, if you pull one leg out, the stool is not going to stand.

THE COURT: I think we might call those three-legged stools here in Texas, but that's okay.

MS. LIOU: Given the number of parties here I opted for a four-legged stool.

Your Honor, lastly, I just want to make a couple of points before I close. As we iterated throughout the case, and I think as you've heard from Mike Dane in his testimony, the Plan is designed to accomplish three very

important goals.

It was important from the beginning -- even before the cases were filed that the Debtors be positioned to withdraw all of their decommissioning obligations with as little impact to the taxpayer as possible. This was an important goal, not only of the Debtors but also of the Government, and the Debtors have heeded that concern that the Government had.

In addition this restructure maximizes value for creditors. I think testimony — uncontroverted testimony was presented, but the alternatives really are potential for (indiscernible) effectively. Chapter 7 liquidation or a 363 sale without this financing provided to ensure that the Debtors were able to provide the coverage of creditors under their Plan. I don't think it's a value maximizing proposition for all of the parties in this case.

And last thing I think, most importantly from the Debtors' perspective, it does preserve thousands of jobs and it preserves the Debtors' deepwater business. It is in line with the rehabilitative purposes of Chapter 11 and they have an opportunity for a fresh start.

And I know that it has been an incredibly long odyssey for management, especially who have been extremely dedicated to working nights, weekends and as you saw from the dedications Mr. Dane testified all day on Monday. They

are eager to emerge from Chapter 11. They are eager to have that fleshed out, the Chapter 11 offer, and look forward to the future of successfully continuing their operations in the Gulf of Mexico.

And with that, Your Honor, I think we would press our case ask that you confirm the Chapter 11 Plan.

THE COURT: Ms. Liou, thank you.

Mr. Carlson, will you be ready to address the Confirmation Order issues at 3:00 o'clock?

I'm not seeing Mr. Carlson. Hold on. There we

Mr. Carlson, will you be ready to address the Confirmation Order issues at 3:00 o'clock?

MR. CARLSON: Yes, Your Honor. I will. We are continuing to work with several different parties on provisions even as this hearing is ongoing and will be ready to address any questions that the Court has and to kind of give a status update on where we are with various parties and negotiating language and finalizing it.

THE COURT: All right. If the parties that will oppose even after whatever deals get made by Mr. Carlson, can we organize how those opposing arguments will be -- have you-all decided who's going first, second, third, things like that? It will take a minute just to get the afternoon organized.

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              UNIDENTIFIED MALE: No, Your Honor. We haven't
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    vet finalized Order --
 3
              THE COURT: Well, no, that's for others to see how
 4
    they've organized it.
 5
              Let's see, Mr. Schaible, I thought you were not
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    going to be opposing, but maybe you're going to surprise me.
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              MR. SCHAIBLE: I'm not opposing, Your Honor. I
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    would like to just ask for a few minutes at 3:00 o'clock if
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    that's okay, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: Of course. Did you want to go before
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    or after Mr. Carlson?
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              MR. SCHAIBLE: After Mr. Carlson is always a heavy
    opportunity, I think I should go after Mr. Carlson.
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              THE COURT: Okay. That's fine.
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              Mr. Balasko.
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              MR. BALASKO: Thank you, Your Honor. Zach Balasko
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17
    for the Department of the Interior.
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              Like Mr. Schaible, I would like just a brief
    opportunity before the opponents go, to go over the reasons
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    why the Government has decided not to object to this Plan.
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              THE COURT: Of course, thank you, Mr. Balasko.
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              Mr. Pasquale.
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              MR. PASQUALE: Well, Your Honor, Ken Pasquale
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    Stroock and Stroock and Lavan for the Official Committee of
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    Unsecure Creditors.
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              I, too, will just have a very short statement if I
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   may.
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             THE COURT: Of course. Thank you.
 4
             Mr. Zuber.
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              MR. ZUBER: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Yes.
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   Scott Zuber. I will have a little bit of argument when
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    everybody else is through on the proponent's side and
    opponent on behalf of several surety clients.
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 9
              THE COURT: All right. And are you planning to go
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    first Mr. Zuber, or will you work that out with the other
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    opponents? I don't care who goes first. Maybe between now
   and 3:00 --
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13
             MR. ZUBER: I'm happy to --
              THE COURT: -- you can work out an Order of who's
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   going to go first, second, third, et cetera, I'm not going
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   to cut anyone off.
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             MR. ZUBER: Sure.
                                 I'm happy to go first, and I'm
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   not sure at this point how many other sureties are planning
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    to make arguments, but we can try to coordinate that during
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    the recess. But I'm happy to go first if that works.
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              THE COURT: Why don't we do this? Let's take in
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    terms of opponents, we'll take all of the sureties, whoever
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   wants to make any statements, followed by predecessors-in-
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    interest.
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So do we have any predecessors-in-interest that

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1 intend to make arguments? 2 Mr. Alaniz. 3 MR. ALANIZ: Good afternoon, Your Honor. 4 Alaniz on behalf of the Hess Corporation. 5 Yes. We do intend to make a short closing 6 argument. And I did coordinate with BP and I believe BP 7 will be going first, but maybe they should just confirm. 8 THE COURT: Okay. Can I just get you-all to 9 coordinate on the predecessors so that we've got that 10 organized for this afternoon? MR. ALANIZ: Sure. I don't know if the other 11 predecessors. I believe that counsel for Exxon and Marathon 12 13 made some opening statements and I wasn't sure if they were going to make closing arguments, but I'll send an email out 14 15 to some of those parties and coordinate. 16 THE COURT: All right. Thank you. 17 Mr. Kuebel. 18 MR. KUEBEL: Yes. Good afternoon, Your Honor. Omer F. Kuebel, III, on behalf of McMoRan and its affiliates 19 and ConocoPhillips and its affiliates. 20 21 I certainly do intend to have closing arguments 22 directed almost exclusively to the scope of the exculpation 23 clause, Your Honor. I'm happy to slot in after BP and Hess,

And I do think that the guidance that Your Honor

or if anyone else wants to go forward.

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has given on these issues, were they implemented in the
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    Confirmation Order, into language that we've requested,
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   would actually solve a lot of our objections. But for
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   whatever reason we have unfortunately not been able to
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    engage with the Debtor over the last few days over those
   issues. But as of this moment, we certainly Plan to go
 6
 7
    forward and address the breadth of the exculpation clauses
   in the Plan.
8
9
              THE COURT: So as you know, I've been known to put
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   an Order on the screen and put my own language in it,
11
   Mr. Kuebel.
                 I intend to do what I said I'm going to do
    there. They don't have exclusive drafting rights on that
12
    Confirmation Order. And I'm saying that for everyone's
13
   benefit, so that, you know, maybe between now and
14
15
    3:00 o'clock, Mr. Carlson and you can have a conversation.
16
              MR. KUEBEL: We would certainly welcome that, Your
17
   Honor.
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THE COURT: Thank you.

From 713-374-3674.

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MR. HUTTON: Your Honor, John Hutton on behalf of BP.

Your Honor, I think we're prepared to move closing arguments on all the issues raised. I think the scope of what they present is potentially impacted by the language that was filed last night with the proposed Confirmation

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Order, which includes some of our language that we've
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   proposed. And I think, depending on some clarifications we
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   hope to get, to go a ways towards resolving it.
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              But I think it's subject to some ambiguity, but we
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   will seek to clarify. And if it means what we think it
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   means and accomplishes what we think it's intended to
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    accomplish, it may go a long way towards resolving our
    issues, but that's something we would like to have the
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 9
    opportunity to flesh out with the Debtors and have not had
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    that opportunity as of yet.
              THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
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12
              And finally, Ms. Rosen wanted to speak.
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              MS. ROSEN: Thank you, Your Honor. Suki Rosen on
   behalf of XTO entities. We're in somewhat of the same boat.
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   We've been working with the Debtors on language for the
   Confirmation Order and we've gotten close, there's a couple
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17
    of remaining issues and we're going to try to have a
18
    conference with the Debtors this afternoon to try to resolve
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    those remaining issues.
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              THE COURT: Thank you.
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              I was wrong, you weren't last.
22
              Mr. Eisenberg.
23
              MR. EISENBERG: Thank you, Your Honor. I was
    waiting for Ms. Guffy to chime in and she didn't, so I took
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the opportunity.

Obviously, we coordinated with Mr. Kuebel and Ms. Guffy, and Mr. Kuebel will go first for McMoRan a lot of what he'll do obviously will also bear on our clients, W and T, Merit, and ConocoPhillips. Ms. Guffy will be speaking on the exculpations, as well, and I also be speaking, Your Honor. But with regard to 513 -- and we did see the changes they made last night -- we also will be speaking to the language that the Debtors put into their proposed Confirmation Order and will look forward to trying to work that out between now and 3:00 o'clock if we can.

We've obviously proposed our own language, we will have that available for the Court as well. There is some confusions that we have with regard to contracts that are executory contracts that have been assumed and are somehow being affected.

And so, but we do appreciate Your Honor's guidance and we do have that split up amongst ourselves today as well.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you.

Ms. Archiyan.

MS. ARCHIYAN: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Yelena Archiyan on behalf of the Energy Transfer affiliates.

Unfortunately, we have unable to come to a resolution with counsel for the Debtors with respect to an agreed form of language to be included in the Confirmation

Order. So I will also like to make a few statements at the appropriate time. Our issue is a little different from the issues that the sureties and predecessors-in-interest, so I'm happy to wait until the very end or whenever you think is appropriate.

THE COURT: That makes sense to me. Thank you.

Mr. Chiu.

MR. CHIU: Yes. Thank you, Your Honor. Kevin Chiu, Baker Botts, on behalf of Hunt Oil Company and subsidiaries.

Your Honor, we've been working as well with the Debtors similarly to Mr. Carlson with regards to the language in the Confirmation Order for the Hunt turnkey agreements and the various provisions and terms under the Hunt deal. I think we are certainly close, and we will work closely with Mr. Carlson and his team to confirm a couple things and making sure that the right documents are being filed in front of Your Honor and the Court. But we certainly do like to preserve our rights and if any items need to be brought to your attention, we anticipate in doing so this afternoon while Mr. Carlson is going through the Confirmation Order.

THE COURT: Thank you.

Ms. Russell.

MS. RUSSELL: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Robin

Russell, Hunton Andrews Kurth, on behalf of Apache Corporation.

We may have a very brief statement in support of the Plan and the recently filed Apache surety term sheet.

We also have a few minor issues that we're working out on the Confirmation Order, and we will do that with the Debtor during our recess.

THE COURT: Thank you.

Mr. Dendinger. Mr. Dendinger.

MR. DENDINGER: Yes. Thank you, Your Honor. Good afternoon, Mark Dendinger on behalf of Eni Petroleum US LLC and Eni US Operating Co., Inc.

We've been working closely with the Debtors on language to resolve the remaining concerns in the Confirmation Order. We would simply like to reserve our rights with regard to making any closing arguments if we cannot resolve those concerns, but we expect to be able to resolve them prior to confirmation of the Plan.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you for that announcement.

Mr. Zeiger.

MR. ZEIGER: Good afternoon, Your Honor. It's Jeffrey Zeiger, Kirkland and Ellis, on behalf of Atlantic Maritime Services.

We filed a very limited objection that frankly has

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   been addressed based on comments during the hearing as well
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   as changes to the Plan since we filed. So I was going to
 3
    spend 30 seconds informing the Court of that, but since I
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    just did, I'm happy to handle it however you want. Less
    than a minute at most, Your Honor.
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 6
              THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Zeiger.
7
             All right. Mr. Carlson, would you arrange to have
    someone walk over here at 3:00 o'clock? It may be you know,
8
 9
    five after 3:00, they may walk in whenever it is they walk
10
    in with a flash drive with the Word version of the
   Confirmation Order, so that we're not just fighting -- me
11
12
    fighting to try to get it in an editable form. I'll edit on
13
    the word version, I'll put it up on the screen.
             MR. CARLSON: Yes, Your Honor. We're happy to do
14
15
    that.
16
             THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
17
             From 847-363-6644.
18
             MR. KIND: Yes, Your Honor. This is Michael Kind
   for the Cox entities.
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20
              THE COURT: Yes, sir.
21
             MR. KIND: We wanted to also reserve the right to
22
   make a short closing statement.
23
              THE COURT: Thank you. At which point did you
   want to have it?
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25
             MR. KIND: We're hoping to resolve our issues as
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   well, Your Honor, so we could go at the end. We're hoping
    that others will cover some of our arguments, we might not
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   be able to -- we might not have to repeat a lot of what's
 4
    argued previously.
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              THE COURT: All right. I appreciate all the
 6
   announcements and all the work that's going into this.
                                                             We
7
   will adjourn --
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              MR. PEREZ: Your Honor?
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              THE COURT: Yes. Mr. Perez.
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              MR. PEREZ: Your Honor, this is Alfredo Perez.
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    apologize, I have been side barring with Mr. Schaible and it
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   might make sense for the other supportive of the Plan to go
    first before Mr. Carlson goes through the Order, just in the
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    interest of -- the Court hearing all the arguments first and
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15
    then we can go through the Order before the objectors come
16
    on.
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              THE COURT: That actually makes sense.
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              Then, Mr. Carlson, why don't you -- I have a
    feeling, during that, you're still going to be working on
19
20
    the Confirmation Order so forget my 3:05 time deadline.
21
    it to me at a point you think I need it, so that I'm working
   with a live but editable version of the Confirmation Order,
22
23
   okay.
24
              MR. CARLSON: Yep. Will do.
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Thank you.

THE COURT: Okay.

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Court's in adjournment until 1:30. This hearing 1 2 is in adjournment until 3:00. 3 (Recess taken from 12:15 p.m. to 3:08 p.m.) 4 AFTER RECESS 5 THE COURT: We don't need new appearances. 6 think what we are now going to do is to go to the first 7 proponent that wishes to speak in favor of confirmation. So if that individual would please press five star one time on 8 9 their phone. 10 Mr. Schaible, good afternoon. 11 MR. SCHAIBLE: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Schaible with Davis Polk on behalf of the First Lien Term 12 13 Loan Lenders and the DIP lenders. Can you hear me okay, Your Honor? 14 THE COURT: Yes, sir. 15 16 MR. SCHAIBLE: Okay. Perfect. CLOSING ARGUMENTS ON BEHALF OF THE FIRST LIEN 17 18 TERM LOAN LENDERS AND DIP LENDERS 19 MR. SCHAIBLE: Your Honor, first I want to 20 apologize to the Court and the other parties for 21 inadvertently inconveniencing everyone this morning with the 22 schedule. I was moderating an ABI panel on commercial real 23 estate, which as Your Honor knows I've been learning a 24 little bit, so I wasn't able to change that and I apologize. 25 THE COURT: You don't owe me an apology. It was I

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believe Mr. Perez fell on the sword as his fault.
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              MR. SCHAIBLE: Mr. Perez is kind. There's a lot
 3
    of emails flying around so. But again apologies for that.
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              Your Honor, I virtually rise and obviously to
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    support the arguments made by the Debtors. I thought that
   Mr. Perez and Ms. Liou --
 6
 7
              THE COURT: I need to interrupt you a minute,
   Mr. Schaible, Mr. Chiu has apparently an objection.
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 9
              Mr. Chiu.
10
              MR. CHIU: Oh.
                             Sorry about that, Your Honor.
11
    objections, merely throwing my name in to make a statement
    during the proponent's phase, but (glitch in the audio) I
12
   have no objections to --
13
14
              THE COURT: Okay. I'll go ahead -- if I can get
15
    you to press it when the time comes.
                                          Thank you.
16
              Sorry to interrupt, Mr. Schaible, just wanted to
17
   be sure if somebody had an objection to you, they could
18
    voice it.
              MR. SCHAIBLE: Your Honor, lots of people have
19
20
    objections to me, that's a little --
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              So, Your Honor, I rise virtually to support the --
    obviously to support the Debtors' case. I thought that
22
23
    obviously Mr. Perez and Ms. Liou did a terrific job of
24
    laying out the arguments, and I'm not going to bore Your
25
    Honor with them. I rise virtually merely to make a few
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points and really by way of emphasis of a few points that Mr. Perez and Ms. Liou raised and to ask Your Honor for some guidance on one point.

So Your Honor, as Your Honor has heard at length over the past many months that we've been before you, you've heard a lot about the successes of the cases and the significant contributions that our group has made. But just to remind -- and there's a reason for this -- as Your Honor, knows our group first negotiated the RSA and the cornerstone deal with Apache prepetition when we had no idea where the case was going to go. But that deal was important and formed a cornerstone of what ended up becoming the Plan. We backstopped \$100 million DIP and provided that to the Debtors to permit the cases to proceed.

We supported the Debtors in difficult negotiations with all the additional predecessors and stand here now with the vast lion's share of Fieldwood's P&A obligations consensually spoken for. We worked hard with the Debtors and the Government to get to the non-objection that we've received from the Government, and we've been working with the Debtors' sureties throughout. We are, as was mentioned, both backstopping the exit financing and putting in over \$100 million of new money, much of which will be used to not only capitalize the new co-entity but also to ensure that the decommissioning will be done.

I say all of this Your Honor to remind the context

-- and this is where we believe it's important to remember

that, in addition to having provided all the DIP, this is

not one of those cases where someone's standing here saying

hey Your Honor we have another idea, we have another

solution that we can offer the Court that is better or

different from the solution that's being offered by the

Plan. Unfortunately, I think everyone agrees that this

really is the only solution that exists to avoid a

liquidation and additional hardships all around.

So the nature of the objections that Your Honor is dealing with today are legal objections that obviously we have different disagreements with and again I think that the Weil team ably handled what we would have said on all those points. And then objections where people are seeking -- and I think when Mr. Carlson takes over to talk through the Order -- I think you're going to see that we've done further work, during the period of time you gave us early afternoon, Your Honor, we were able to reach additional agreements on language. But some agreements -- disagreements on language may continue to exist. And I think that those exist in a couple of places that I wanted to touch base with Your Honor about this afternoon.

The first -- and I'll deal with it quickly -- is the exculpation. I heard Your Honor's point when Ms. Liou

was handling the exculpation point. I think you get the fact that our group in addition to other groups have provided what I would describe as extraordinary support and have played a critical role in the Plan, and the exculpation is appropriately limited both in time and in scope. And so we believe it quickly and quickly passes the Pacific Lumber standard.

And Your Honor said, you know, add language to the Plan to make clear that I get to decide whether a given exculpation is to be covered or not. I think that makes perfect sense. And the Debtors have proposed some language that I think Your Honor will soon see.

The one thing I wanted to be clear about, because I just want to avoid any ambiguity here, by referring to Pacific Lumber standard, as Your Honor notes, people throw around the Pacific Lumber standard often times as a way to argue the only safe fiduciaries can be and receive an exculpation. I don't think that's right, and I don't think that's what Your Honor has ruled in prior cases and I know that Your Honor and the Southern District of Texas, more generally, has permitted in call it extraordinary cases third-party non-fiduciaries to get the benefit of exculpation.

And so I would love for us to be able to, when you get to the Order, consider language that would make clear

that while the *Pacific Lumber* standard will be the standard for Your Honor to call balls and strikes, if you need to with respect to exculpation, we don't have to relitigate whether our holders would fit within that standard. In other words we very much would like Your Honor to rule today that our group is entitled to the exculpation. And the question is just what is the scope of the exculpation under controlling law? And so that's the first point I wanted to make, Your Honor.

THE COURT: So when we get there, and I need to hear argument about it, but here's been my concern about -- I have to rely on Pacific Lumber and I will apply Pacific Lumber. But Pacific Lumber isn't the only law that is used when thinking about what fits within a Pacific Lumber. And in my view Midlantic plays a relatively major role in what we ought to be doing here.

I want to go back and talk about Midlantic for just a moment. Where what the Supreme Court did was said that the public policy behind our environmental laws was so important that we're going to make it preeminent over enforcement of specific language within the bankruptcy code. And the evidence is now closed and so far the evidence is that the parties who are participating in the cleanup effort, which includes your client, have played a really significant role in furthering the public policy of the

United States a *Midlantic*. So when you think about who the critical players are that would fall within *Pacific Lumber*, I think that you have to think about that in the context of *Midlantic*, which would in fact educate the Court that your client does fall within *Pacific Lumber* read in the context of *Midlantic*.

So as to -- I want to hear arguments about this, but the concept to me that you can be sued for what you did in the case -- your client could be sued for what they did in the case. I'm not talking about before the case and I'm not talking about what they might do after the case, but the concept they can be sued for what they did within the case when it was in effect mandated by Midlantic if we were going to ever clean these matters up. With counsel heavily in favor of being certain it applies to you. I don't know that I want to put particular language in there, as opposed to the comment that I'm making now, because it's awfully difficult to draw where the lines are. I don't know what your client did two years ago, and I don't know what your client will do two years from now.

But I don't read *Pacific Lumber* as being some far out of the market opinion where I need to worry about it being cabined narrowly by what was occurring in *Pacific Lumber*, which is vastly different than what is happening here. I mean just on a superficial level it was (glitch in

the audio) even not by me I don't -- it's not that I have an opinion on this, this is an anti-environmental case, whereas <code>Midlantic</code> says that we should counsel pro-environmental cases.

So this isn't a hard call for me right now to know that. I want to hear argument about it. I'm not sure that I want to give the definition you want to give only because the difficulty of anything that we say and then when something becomes fact specific, you know, how we apply it may be difficult, but I'm perfectly willing to listen to the argument about it. But it has been my view throughout, and based on the evidence that I've heard which was undisputed, is that without the efforts of your clients and others but I'll take yours since you're the one I'm looking at, we would not have a solution to a major environmental problem in the Gulf of Mexico that Midlantic tells me to utilize the Bankruptcy Code in a manner to solve the problem.

So with that, we'll worry about the particular language when we get there, but I very appreciate and you're not -- I hope you realize you're not making me think about this for the first time, right. I've been worried about this throughout the case and how Midlantic plays into Pacific Lumber, and I do think it clearly does from what I'm seeing.

MR. SCHAIBLE: Okay, Your Honor.

Understood. I think at the right time I would love the opportunity to try to convince Your Honor that -- and by the way I was saying my group, but what I really mean as you know is the ad hoc group and credited purchaser, which obviously both are what you are talking about.

THE COURT: Right.

MR. SCHAIBLE: And I do think that the exculpation provision does not exculpate anyone for anything they did before the case and does not exculpate anyone for anything they would do after the case. So I would ask Your Honor to consider at the right time -- again my only request would be that I don't have to relitigate two years from now whether our clients were covered by the exculpation at all. I think that's something that Your Honor is ably able to determine today. The scope of that exculpation would remain an open question, I understand that, but we can get to that when you've heard the argument, Your Honor, and we can --

THE COURT: And I think you've heard what I'm saying about it. I don't know that it's inconsistent with what you're saying at all, but it may be difficult writing it, but that's -- that is how I view under applicable law.

 $$\operatorname{MR.}$ SCHAIBLE: Understood. Understood and we can discuss it when we get to the language, Your Honor.

The other point, and I think you're going to hear about this again Your Honor, and again I almost said nothing

about it because Ms. Liou handled it so well during her closing. But during some of the conversations that we've had over the past couple of hours it's sort remained an issue. And this is effectively the free and clear sell kind of issue here. And again, Your Honor, we're not looking for third-party releases -- non-consensual third-party releases of the ad hoc group or of credited purchaser or of anyone, but we do need to know that with respect to the claims that are being addressed in the case and with respect to assets that are being purchased by credited purchaser and with respect to credited purchaser as a purchaser of assets free and clear that there aren't obligations or claims that are somehow riding through.

And this is one of those topics, it's very easy to talk about in theory. I think it's so obvious in theory it's almost a waste of Your Honor's time. But when you start to look at the breadth of some of the language, then in particular some of the sureties are pushing for as carve outs under their sureties policies, what I would -- what I would ask Your Honor to consider as you're hearing the arguments -- and we can talk further about -- is we understand and want to be crystal clear that with respect to any contract, surety bonds, any agreements that are being achieved and assigned to credited purchaser, no one is looking to impact anyone's rights under those agreements and

that's an absolutely imperative completely understood. We are not looking for a free pass with respect to any agreements that we are purchasing on a go forward basis.

All of that said, we can't stand by carve outs -and you'll see it when you see the language -- that might
suggest that somehow with respect to agreements that were
not assumed and assigned, third parties have the right to
come after a credited purchaser or come after the purchased
assets on account of those non-assumed and defined
agreements.

And so what we have proposed, and you'll see it in the language, is that we need very broad carve outs that are being sought by a number of the sureties that basically say not withstanding anything that exists in the Plan, effectively we maintain all of our rights under all of our agreements with respect to any third parties. We have proposed that third parties, other than credited purchaser and with respect to the purchased assets, except to the extent that it's on account of assumed and assigned agreements and subrogation.

And anything that comes along with those assumed and assigned agreements we are 100 percent on the hook for and we're not looking to impact anyone's rights with respect to. But with respect to prepetition agreements that the Debtors had merely to the extent that we are purchasing

those assets those obligations should not ride along they should be addressed in the Plan as we believe they would be as unsecured claims.

THE COURT: Let's look at the language. We've had an extensive discussion about that on the Record, if we approve this Plan, your client is buying free and clear of the kinds of claims you're describing, period.

MR. SCHAIBLE: Correct. Okay. Thank you, Your Honor. And that's really -- and you'll see as it comes down to it. Other than that, Your Honor, I'm going to let you get on to others. But we do appreciate Your Honor's time and the Court's time, and this is incredibly complex. Those of us who have spent, you know, the better part of nine months on this day-in-day-out sort of lose sight of the bigger picture sometimes. But when you do look at the bigger picture this is a Plan that really does show the best of a lot of people on this Zoom call, those I agree with and disagree with. Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Thank you.

Mr. Balasko, if you would go ahead and press five star I would appreciate it. I made comments about how I thought *Midlantic* should be applied to further the interest of the people of the United States. And in fact if we're going to utilize it properly, that it does influence the application of the bankruptcy code to particular

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situations. It dawns on me that because I'm saying how I believe you are acting in terms of implementing this, I should confirm that I'm reading, if you will, the United States correctly that you have determined that you're not objecting, because this in fact furthers the kind of principles of Midlantic. Because if not then the decision that I'm telling Mr. Schaible that I think is correct, could be incorrect. Because it depends on -- in fact I've read the Department of Justice correctly. So go ahead, please, if you would, Mr. Balasko. MR. BALASKO: Thank you, Your Honor. Zach Balasko on behalf of the Department of the Interior. CLOSING ARGUMENTS ON BEHALF OF THE DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR MR. BALASKO: I think Your Honor's understanding of Midlantic is correct. The Bankruptcy Code under Section 554 gives Debtors -- or trustees and those in

of *Midlantic* is correct. The Bankruptcy Code under
Section 554 gives Debtors -- or trustees and those in
possession a very broad right to abandon property if it's a
burden to the estate. You know, in recognition of the
overwhelmingly important public policy considerations of
particularly environmental laws, the Supreme Court created a
-- judge made exception to that to the management standard
in *Midlantic*, where --

THE COURT: Probably wouldn't happen with the current Supreme Court, right? But I think I need to rule on

the way they've already ruled and not the way they might rule today, right?

MR. BALASKO: Your Honor, as a proud graduate of Washington and Lee school of law, I would have to note that this is one of Justice Powell's my fellow WNL graduate, I think. But I agree with you, Your Honor.

But Midlantic exception -- if a regulator raises an objection under Midlantic that an abandonment would violate a law that's designed to protect public health and safety, abandonment is not permitted. The Supreme Court found that Congress didn't intend to advocate a Debtors' plausibility to comply with these environmental laws in particular while we're in Bankruptcy Code.

As Your Honor noted earlier and noted in the American Coastal opinion, Midlantic doesn't call on the Bankruptcy Court to replace its judgment with the judgment of the regulator or with Congress when enacting statutes and enforcing regulations. It's the prerogative of the regulator to decide whether or not to assert Midlantic claims, and it's analogous of whether or not a particular Bankruptcy Plan proposed abandonment protects the Gulf, the environment.

In this case, Interior has thought long and hard about the decision and reviewed the Debtors' Plan, gone back and forth with the Debtor for many, many months to determine

that this Plan is the best practical solution to protect health, safety, and environment in this case. We are confident that the properties will continue to be maintained and monitored as there would be no gap in which -- you know, after the effective date there's a property that's out in the Gulf unmonitored. That's a very, very important consideration, even before we get to decommissioning that someone is watching these properties to make sure there aren't vessel collisions or oil spills.

We're also confident that 91 percent of these properties there are already agreements in place, or there will be on the effective date that the decommissioning will be performed. And as to the remaining 9 percent, the predecessors-in-interest on those properties have recognized their obligation to perform the decommissioning as joint and several with the Debtor, and when called upon to do so by Interior, we're confident that they will perform the decommissioning.

Your Honor, we haven't looked at the Confirmation Order yet, but it's also important to note that under paragraphs 142 to 146 of the current Confirmation Order, the Debtors aren't being released of their obligations to comply with the decommissioning obligations and other regulations, and neither are the post effective date Debtors. This is also very important from Interior's perspective that there

is no release of liability happening here.

And finally as Your Honor noted earlier in the discussion with Mr. Perez, this court is not charged with determining whether or not the post-effective date Debtors ultimately comply with the regulations or with the transition services. The Confirmation Order also makes it explicitly clear that the applicable tribunal, whether they be Interior's Administrative process or an article three court, will be where the United States goes to make sure that the Debtor is complying with the environmental obligations. Which I think is how Congress intended the process to work, and that's not the type of thing that I think this court wants to get involved in.

Your Honor this has been, as I said at the beginning of my presentation yesterday, a long and challenging case, but I think that this a solution that protects the environment and protects health and safety, and for that reason the Government's not objecting to the Plan. They could not have gotten here without the many, many hours of work from the Debtors, from the lenders, from the predecessors, and all their counsel, and I would be remiss if I didn't mention my co-counsel at Justice Serajul Ali, as well as Casey Hines and of Interior Ryan lamb all of us have put in many hours to get to this point. And we are approaching and confirmed we're not objecting to it and

happy to answer any questions the Court may have.

THE COURT: So in the last part of your statement, you were thinking people that if we wouldn't have gotten the deal or you wouldn't have gotten the deal done without them. With respect to Mr. Schaible's clients for example, I think the evidence shows, not only that you wouldn't have gotten the deal done with out them, but that they wouldn't have done the deal without having appropriate exculpation for doing the deal. And that the deal is --

MR. BALASKO: Absolutely, Your Honor.

THE COURT: -- in furtherance of *Midlantic*. Is that your view as well?

MR. BALASKO: That is my view, Your Honor. Now it is important to note that this transition services you know, the reason that the Plan worked that was before Your Honor in January didn't provide for those services, was that there was no money with which to provide the services. And you know, that money has to come from somewhere and I believe that money is in fact coming from Mr. Schaible's clients. And I believe that this Debtor would not be able to comply with *Midlantic* without the support of the lenders.

THE COURT: Thank you, I just wanted to be sure I wasn't out to far over my sleeves. I'm going to go ahead and mute your line, Mr. Balasko.

Mr. Pasquale, let me get your line active. There

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1
   we go. Mr. Pasquale, sorry.
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              MR. PASQUALE: There we go. Thank you, Your
 3
   Honor. Can you hear me okay?
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              THE COURT: I can.
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              MR. PASQUALE: Thank you, Your Honor.
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    Pasquale at Strook and Strook and Lavan for the Official
7
    Committee of Unsecured Creditors.
                 CLOSING ARGUMENTS ON BEHALF OF THE
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 9
              OFFICIAL COMMITTEE OF UNSECURED CREDITORS
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              MR. PASQUALE: Your Honor, I will be very brief.
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   The Committee filed a statement in support of confirmation
   at Docket No. 1552 which outlines the Committee's actions
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    and diligence, as well as the Committee's Planned settlement
   with the Debtors and lenders, which resulted in the
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    treatment provided in the Plan for general unsecured
    creditors in classes 6(a) and 6(b).
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              Your Honor, this case presented some difficult
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    facts for unsecured creditors. In addition to the P&A
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    issues, there was 1.8 billion in prepetition secured debt, a
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   proposed credit bid transaction, and a valuation that did
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   not seem to leave room to satisfy general unsecured claims.
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    In these circumstances, the Committee was able to achieve
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   what we believe is very favorable treatment for general
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unsecured claims and important structural concessions. Such

as the opportunity to select the Plan administrator, and the

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release by the estate of any possible preference claims against holders of general unsecured claims.

I won't burden the Record here, Your Honor, by reciting each term of the Plan settlement. The complete terms are set forth in the disclosure statement, that's Docket No. 1285 at page 16. We do believe it's significant however that many of the objections that were initially filed against the Plan -- of the many objections, excuse me, Your Honor, none of the objections took issue with the Plan settlement and the treatment of general unsecured claims.

Your Honor, I mentioned at the start of the hearing that the Committee was in the process of evaluating the Apache-sureties settlement for which the term sheet was filed by the Debtors last night. Just for the Record, the Committee supports that settlement and Your Honor we respectfully request that the Plan be confirmed. Thank you very much.

THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Pasquale.

All right. Who next wants to address from a proponent's point of view advocacy of the Plan?

Ms. Russell.

MS. RUSSELL: Good afternoon, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Good afternoon.

CLOSING ARGUMENTS ON BEHALF OF

25 APACHE CORPORATION

MS. RUSSELL: I'll start by saying that I'm proud that Lewis Powell was a partner at Hunton before he went on the Bench.

After many months of litigation and negotiation, the Apache sureties, the Debtors on behalf of Fieldwood One, and Apache reached an agreement as to the terms for settling the disputes among them, including the adversary proceeding that was filed with this court. The Apache surety term sheet was filed early this morning, as just noted. It contemplates that between now and the effective date the parties will further memorialize the settlement in a subrogation, subordination, and payment agreement. And the parties have agreed that if we have any problems or disputes arising from turning the term sheet into that agreement, we will come back to you for resolution.

So I would like to briefly walk through the terms of that agreement and address questions that I have. There are four sureties that are parties to this agreement. Two of them issued bonds directly to Apache, two of them stand behind the Deutsche Bank letters of credit that were issued to Apache, and that's bundled together with what we call Trust A constitutes the decommissioning security which you will see referenced in the Confirmation Order.

In order to implement this, the sureties are going to enter into an inter-surety agreement and designate one

representative, the surety representative to on an ongoing basis work with Fieldwood One and Apache. There are several important things that wrote out of this.

The first, Apache had a claim against the Debtors for the short fall in the decommissioning funding for 2020, and that was in the range of \$50 million. The sureties asserted that, that had to be strictly cured and Fieldwood One was going to have to borrow money in order to effectuate that cure. But as a result of the settlement, the sureties have agreed that Fieldwood One and Apache can agree to an alternative cure. And the cure being the entire settlement that was reached between the Debtors and Apache before this case began.

As a result, Fieldwood One will not have to borrow money to make the cure. That money was going to go into Trust A which was going to be sitting for awhile until it had to be drawn on. And so through that savings, Fieldwood One will be able to make payments to the sureties which we are calling the Fieldwood One premium claims. Now these claims are not at the same level as the premiums that were due prepetition, but it is an amount that has been agreed to by the sureties and they will allocate it amongst themselves under their surety agreement.

The way it's set up 6.25 million will be paid in semi-annual payments for a total of 6.25 a year that starts

60 days after the effective date. And then, if there is sufficient free cash flow above the 20 million mark that is going to be set aside for working capital, then the sureties will be entitled to additional 2.75 million on an annual basis. And this total of 9 million will not be subject to the subordination that I'm going to reference momentarily.

So the sureties are also going to be allowed to opt into the farm end that was negotiated between Fieldwood One and NewCo. So that agreement those farm end rights last for two years, and at the end of the two year mark the sureties can elect -- they're not obligated to -- but they can elect to step into that agreement. And if they do and things work out well, they will recover their initial capital investment. Then 50 percent of the profits, above their initial investment return, they can use those funds to top up to their premium, if free cash flow wasn't otherwise available to do that. And then the other 50 will go into Trust A.

So Fieldwood One will get the benefit of working capital of 50, once the sureties get back their capital and they get their pre- (indiscernible) topped up, the other 50 percent will got into Trust A, which will be used for decommissioning as well. So it's really a win, win situation all around. The Surety representative will have information rights similar to Apache's and will be allowed

to distribute that information that's subject to appropriate confidentiality with the other sureties.

And then we get to this agreement, this subrogation and subordination and payment agreement. And that agreement is intended to grant to the sureties a contractual right of subrogation, if and when all the bonds and LCs have been drawn on, that has been agreed to by Fieldwood One. And they will step in with a claim for the amount that has been drawn plus any premium fees up to \$12 million that they have not previously been paid. That agreement will have very standard subordination provisions, as well, so that it's clear that nothing will be paid out on that subrogation claim to the sureties until Apache has been fully repaid on the standby facility that it has offered, there's no future commitment to lend, and all the decommissioning has been completed on the Legacy Apache property.

In connection with this the sureties have agreed to support the Plan, provide the releases as outlined there in, and this is what we view as a great resolution for everyone. The adversary proceeding will be dismissed, Apache will get the comfort that it needs in connection with the Plan.

I'll stop at that point and ask the Court if it has questions.

ask many, I want to be sure of a couple of things. Number one, I know of no difference -- sitting here right now without studying it -- between the words you used today and the words that are written on the paper, but it would be my understanding between you and the sureties that, if there is any difference between what you said today and what is on the paper that was filed, that the paper would control.

MS. RUSSELL: Absolutely.

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THE COURT: And second, I want to understand, if there is a dispute over how to document the final contract, which I understand you're going to bring back to the Bankruptcy Court, and if there are some holes in the agreement that just have to be filled in, in order to be able to make it final, are the parties agreeing that they have a sufficiently documented deal that I am empowered to fill in the blanks that need to be filled in if there's something just completely missing but that's absolutely necessary? O does the deal fail if you have that situation? I just want to -- I'm not -- I don't want to change what you-all have agreed to do, but to me that is the hardest question. This is really complicated, there's probably some holes, I think you'll work through them, but if you can't, I want to know if I'm supposed to fill them in or not. Whether that's what you are empowering me to do.

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MS. RUSSELL: Your Honor, from Apache's
perspective, we are empowering you to do that. We feel like
this is a deal, where we can't see it but there's a lot of
blood on this term sheet, a lot of people have looked at it
for a long time, and so I'll defer to Mr. Perez and the
counsel for the sureties, but from Apache's perspective we
would rely upon the Court understanding the history of this
bankruptcy and the issues here to fill in those blanks.
          THE COURT: Mr. Grzyb, what is the sureties'
position on that?
          MR. GRZYB: Well, I think Ms. Russell has
accurately captured, I think, the proper response now.
would probably, to the extent he has raised his hand
virtually, defer to Mr. Brescia to go first because he's
been sort of leading the charge with respect to negotiating
this term sheet. So if he has raised his hand, I would
defer to him.
             If --
          THE COURT: You know with that --
          MR. GRZYB: -- Your Honor can see if he's --
          THE COURT: -- you know, with that, I'm always
going to call on you first, so you have this sort of built
in problem Mr. Grzyb, so.
     (Laughter.)
          MR. GRZYB: Well, I will say that I think that job
sort of started to really accelerate the process of this
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term sheet, so Marvin will forever be a legend in sureties.

Going forward. But thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: But as far as you're concerned though, if there are holes in the deal, you want them filled in by me as opposed to saying that the deal fails because there's a hole?

CLOSING ARGUMENTS ON BEHALF OF

ASPEN AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY,

BERKLEY INSURANCE COMPANY, EVEREST REINSURANCE COMPANY,

AND SIRIUS AMERICA INSURANCE COMPANY

MR. GRZYB: We very much want to see this deal concluded as part of this bankruptcy case. My comment would be sort of two-fold. The deal the subordination agreement with Apache and the Debtor, I think we want to have confirmed and part of the Plan of Reorganization. As part of the Confirmation Order, I think that the term sheet also makes clear that, after the effective date, should a dispute arise there is a venue selection clause outside of the Bankruptcy Court. And hopefully that doesn't happen or it doesn't happen for a number of years.

The second aspect that I don't think is absolutely necessary and may take some time to figure out if he -- it references an inter-surety agreement with no terms whatsoever. I don't think that hole or that gap needs to be filled, that was to be the deal among the four sureties.

That hole does not require us to get sign off from the Bankruptcy Court.

THE COURT: Right. But with respect to the dispute that you might have with Apache -- and if we knew what the hole was right now, we would all fill it in, right? But let's assume something comes up as you-all do the formal documentation, there's a hole you-all are going to work through it, probably work it out, but if you don't, does the agreement fail because there's a hole or do you want me to fill it in? I also need to tell you that you just said something different than what the way that I read the term sheet. You said after the effective date matters would return to state court. This says after the case is closed, those are two different things. I don't care what your deal is, I don't want there to be ambiguity.

MR. GRZYB: Yeah. And the actual different term was after the case was closed, so I would defer to the term sheet on that and I apologize for the --

THE COURT: No problem. And again I just -- my whole -- the reason I'm asking these questions is I don't want to get down the road once there's a dispute and then figure out whether I've got authority to deal with it. Let go ahead and -- let me go ahead and --

MR. GRZYB: To answer your question --

THE COURT: -- Mr. Brescia's line, you wanted to

defer to him, it looks like you're thinking about, let's see what he says and see where we go.

Mr. Brescia. Your camera is off, Mr. Brescia, if you care, but your line is now activated.

MR. BRESCIA: Yeah. Thank you, Your Honor. This is Duane Brescia for Zurich American Insurance Company.

I've been trying for the last 10 minutes to get my video working and I'm not sure why it's not. So I'll try to speak and hope that, that satisfies the Court.

CLOSING ARGUMENTS ON BEHALF OF

ZURICH AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY

MR. BRESCIA: On behalf of all the sureties and for my client Zurich, I do think that what Ms. Russell stated was accurate is that we do have a deal. There is, I guess, the gap filler, Zurich is okay with the Court filling those. Although we think we've filled it in ourselves and believe me we're going to give the next round of documents the same attention to detail and professionalism that all the parties have shown in this to try to get to that, so we don't have to go to you.

Quite a bit of care over the weekend to make sure at least the broad brushes would cover anything so there's not any ambiguity as to what is intended how it's said.

Obviously, we have yet to deal with that. So with those issues I would agree with the Court's comment that they can

1 fill in the gaps. With the exclusion of the 2 inter-surety we're just not there yet on those terms but the 3 role of the surety representative is in place. 4 The final thing to add, Your Honor, is simply just 5 more of a mechanical issue. We're talking about this term 6 sheet, I just did not see -- and I've reached out to 7 counsel, I'm not saying that they've avoided me they just --I know they're doing a lot of different things here -- we 8 9 just want to make sure that there's a spot in the Plan 10 Confirmation Order where the term sheet is officially 11 adopted, and I'm not sure I saw that. So I just open that 12 request to the other counsel involved in the term sheet. 13 THE COURT: Yeah. I'll direct Mr. Carlson to the extent that he hasn't already done so to be sure that's 14 there. 15 Mr. Eisenberg. 16 17 MR. EISENBERG: Yes. Thank you, Your Honor. Philip Eisenberg on behalf of HCCI International Limited. 18 19 CLOSING ARGUMENTS ON BEHALF OF 20 HCCI INTERNATIONAL LIMITED 21 MR. EISENBERG: We echo Mr. Brescia's sentiments, 22 and we also confirm that Your Honor would be the gap filler 23 here, I actually had a situation like this in front of Judge 24 Steen many years ago where he had to do that and the parties 25 presented their views and the Court came up with a process

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for doing that and -- but we ought to be able to --
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             THE COURT: Yeah. Maybe I should just --
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             MR. EISENBERG: -- afford it.
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              THE COURT: -- just call Judge Steen and see if he
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    wants to do that.
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             MR. EISENBERG: Yeah. That would be fine by me.
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   And Your Honor, on the inter-surety agreement yeah that is
   not something we would bring to the Court.
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              THE COURT: No. I agree. With respect to
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    disputes with Apache for example or with the Debtor, if the
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    final agreements require hole filling and I know no one
   wants them to be there, but we've all been there where we
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   didn't think of something, I'm supposed to fill in the gap.
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             MR. EISENBERG: Right. Exactly, Your Honor, when
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   we're doing -- if we have to do the subordination agreement
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   and if there's something that one thinks goes one way and
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    one goes the other way and we can't agree, we'll have to
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   bring that to the Court.
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             THE COURT: Mr. Miller.
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             MR. MILLER: Good afternoon, Your Honor.
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   Miller on behalf of Philadelphia Indemnity Insurance
22
    Company.
23
             Can you hear me okay?
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             THE COURT: Good afternoon. I can hear you fine.
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                   CLOSING ARGUMENTS ON BEHALF OF
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PHILADELPHIA INDEMNITY INSURANCE COMPANY

MR. MILLER: Excellent. I will confirm our agreements with statements made on the Record by Mr. Brescia and Mr. Eisenberg and Mr. Grzyb that you are the appropriate person to fill in the gaps there, and to see if they exist, we certainly hope there will not be. And as to the intersurety agreement we also agree that, that's outside the scope of your gap filing purview. So I would like to say that all four sureties are on board with the statements that Ms. Russell made with the obviously the caveat in regards to the inter-surety agreement.

THE COURT: Thank you.

All right. Ms. Russell, I think what you said has been adopted by everybody. Is there anything else you want to add or should we move to Mr. Chiu and see what he has to say?

MS. RUSSELL: If you'll indulge me just briefly. We do need the surety representative designated to us at the effective date so that we know who information needs to be provided to. And finally I would like to think the sureties counsel and the Debtors' counsel for getting this done with us and particular I would like to thank Mike Dane and Tommy Lamb from Fieldwood and Anthony Langley (phonetic) and Brett Cupid (phonetic) from Apache, who were very creative and constructive in helping structure this agreement.

1 So thank you. 2 THE COURT: Ms. Russell, I suspect that you were, 3 too, but thank you. 4 MS. RUSSELL: Thank you, Your Honor. 5 THE COURT: All right. Mr. Chiu, if I can get you 6 to press five star. Sorry to interrupt you before, I only 7 get a -- it's the same signal I get if somebody wants to talk or somebody objects, so I try and keep that cleared out 8 9 so that I don't have any pending objections. 10 I didn't mean to cut you off otherwise, Mr. Chiu. MR. CHIU: No. Not at all, Your Honor. And 11 apologies again to Mr. Schaible for temporarily stealing his 12 thunder a little bit, so hopefully we can proceed as is. 13 But again, Kevin Chiu Baker Botts on behalf of 14 Hunt Oil Company and subsidiaries. 15 CLOSING ARGUMENTS ON BEHALF OF HUNT OIL COMPANY 16 17 MR. CHIU: As Your Honor, is aware Hunt is one of 18 the predecessors of consensual agreements with the Debtors, 19

MR. CHIU: As Your Honor, is aware Hunt is one of the predecessors of consensual agreements with the Debtors, and as indicated before going into the break that Hunt does have a deal with the Debtors and intends to honor that deal. And we certainly stand, as far as that agreement, in support of confirmation of the Plan.

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We did reach out to the Debtors' counsel

Mr. Carlson and his team before going into -- you know,
going into the break with regards to certain mechanical

issues that we had with regards to the Confirmation Order language, and also some other documents include the Plan supplements and the turnkey agreements. I don't know if Your Honor wants to wait until Mr. Carlson is going to be going through and addressing each of those provisions in the Confirmation Order for us to raise our issue, or if we should go ahead and raise them now so you can correct Mr. Carlson accordingly.

THE COURT: I'm a little inclined to wait to where
I've got the document, I've got it on the screen, and if we
direct a resolution, I can just type it in so everybody
knows what it is. Is that okay with you, Mr. Chiu?

MR. CHIU: Yes. That works for the Confirmation
Order.

With regards to some of the other documents, we do want to make sure that, when it comes to that point in time, there's a Hunt turnkey agreement that was alluded to throughout this hearing by, you know, Mr. Dane and Debtors' counsel. Hopefully once that gets resolved with regards to the confirmation language, the Order language that is part of that agreement will get filed promptly before entry of the Confirmation Order. And that the Plan supplement documents that particularly the oil and gas lease schedules for Fieldwood Three and the abandoned properties, will be updated accordingly to encapsulate the terms of our

THE COURT: Mr. Chiu, thank you.

agreement with the Debtors. But other than that, we certainly thank the Debtors for their ongoing efforts to move this deal forward and stand in support of confirmation.

Mr. Carlson, when we get to you, I will need to understand whether the Plan supplement is going to all be updated before an Order would be entered. So you can wait and address that, but let's not forget the issue that Mr. Chiu is addressing.

Thank you, Mr. Chiu.

MR. CHIU: Thank you very much, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Who else do we have that wishes to make any statement in support of confirmation?

(No audible response.)

THE COURT: All right. Does it make some sense to sort of abort the game Plan and now go to statements in opposition of confirmation, and then take up the Confirmation Order? Because I think a lot of people have told me their objections are close to getting resolved, and it may make some sense to hear those and then be sure we can fix it in the Confirmation Order. So unless there's a problem by the Debtor, I think I'm just going to come back to Mr. Carlson while he continues to work on revisions as people tell me their objections.

So let me ask the first party that wishes to speak

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in opposition to confirmation to do so?
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             All right. Yeah. Let's hear from BP. Go ahead,
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   please.
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             MS. HEYEN: Thank you, Your Honor. Shari Heyen
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    for BP.
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                  CLOSING ARGUMENTS ON BEHALF OF BP
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             MS. HEYEN: We were able, likewise, to speak
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   during the break with Mr. Carlson and we've made some
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   progress on our language as well. And so I just rise to let
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   Your Honor know that if the language -- if we're close on
   our language, I don't really know how much time we're going
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   to need for our closing. So it might be helpful to find out
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   where Mr. Carlson is with respect to our language. And we
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   can do that now.
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              THE COURT: So what you're telling me is that
   we're better off going to Mr. Carlson before I listen to the
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    objections, I'm perfectly happy to do that.
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             MS. HEYEN: Yes, Your Honor. From where we sit,
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   yes. Because we're pretty close.
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             THE COURT: I'll change course. We'll go back to
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    that.
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             All right. Mr. Carlson --
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              I'm going to leave you on, Ms. Heyen.
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             Let's get Mr. Carlson on.
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             MS. HEYEN: Thank you.
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THE COURT: And then we'll come back and pick up
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    other objecting parties.
              So I'm going to not recognize Mr. Alaniz and
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   Mr. Kuebel
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              I want to go to Mr. Carlson before we get to them.
              And then we'll come back and you're going to have
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    a full chance to make your objections.
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              All right. Mr. Carlson, where are we on the
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    Confirmation Order? Let's start with the BP disputed
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   provisions or whatever we want to call them.
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              MR. CARLSON: So Your Honor, yeah, we have made
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    quite a bit of progress and we're working through several
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    objections. For BP I do think we're very close. We have
    narrowed it down to just two issues. And not long before
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    this call, some revised language was sent around, and I
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    think we are -- I think from the Debtors' perspective the
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    revisions are acceptable, but we are waiting for sign off
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    from other consenting stakeholders.
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              THE COURT: Do you have those in a form right now
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    on your screen that you can show me?
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              MR. CARLSON: Yes. Just give me one second.
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         (Pause in proceedings.)
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              MR. CARLSON: Sorry, just one second, I'm trying
    to find the email here. It never came in.
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              I would ask Ms. Heyen, which associate sent across
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that language, I'm just having trouble finding it right now.
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              MS. HEYEN: It was Mr. Ryan Wagner of Greenberg
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   Trauriq.
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              MR. CARLSON: Ah.
                                 Thank you.
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         (Pause in proceedings.)
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              MR. CARLSON: So Your Honor, I think it's really
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    just two issues we're down to. Number one, this reservation
    of rights language regarding arbitration rights. And then
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   number two, they're set off and so this is proposed -- BP's
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   proposed addition to 128(9).
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              THE COURT: And is the Debtor okay with that
   revision?
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              MR. CARLSON: Yes, Your Honor. We're fine with
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    this. We think it's not doing anything other than to the
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    extent they have arbitration rights are valid in any rights.
    That this Order would not upset those rights.
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              THE COURT: So hold up then --
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              MR. CARLSON: -- but I haven't --
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              THE COURT: Mr. Kuebel and Mr. Alaniz, I'm about
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    to not recognize you-all on purpose. So I'm going to make
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   you-all repress five star, when you need to, which may be
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   right now.
23
              Is there any party that has any problem with the
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   language shown on the screen in proposed paragraph 128
25
    sub (9)? If so, please press five star.
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1 Mr. Perez. Mr. Perez, you pressed five star. 2 MR. PEREZ: Yes, Your Honor. Obviously, I don't 3 have any issue with it, but we do -- this is part of the 4 consent that the FLT lenders have pursuant to the RSA, so I 5 want to make sure that --6 THE COURT: Right. I want to hear not consent or 7 consent. We can't just -- I don't know else to get that sub. I'm about to talk about doing another thing than the 8 9 way we're going on it. But on this one, if they've got a 10 problem, press five star and let me hear it. If they're 11 okay with it, they're okay with it. 12 Okay. Let's go to the next BP issue and then I 13 want to maybe change course a little bit. What's the next BP issue? 14 MR. CARLSON: So I think that captures it. 15 16 the rest of the changes that you see here on the screen, I 17 think we're fine with the changes in 10 as well. The only 18 question I have here, I think, is as permitted under the 19 Plan language regarding set off has been a -- has been a subject of dispute and discussion involving lender's counsel 20 as well, so I'm not prepared to say that we're signed off on 21 22 that language yet. 23 THE COURT: What's going to take -- who needs to sign off on that or reject it from your team? 24

MR. CARLSON: We have a similar language issue

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with XTO, and I think there's been back and forth emails on that point where we had said -- and I don't want to get out of focus -- but I think we had said something a little bit differently. I would ask the Davis Polk team, I think that they may have proposed language here that may have resolved this whole complaint.

THE COURT: Let me go where I was going to go then. I really do want to end the Confirmation Hearing at some point, and there may be people that have objections where they don't anticipate that they are resolvable through the Confirmation Order. Someone has a substantive objection that we're taking away one of their rights for example. Other people believe it's going to get resolved in the Confirmation Order.

Here's what I would like to propose, and I want to see if this works without causing undue delay. I know it's expensive every time we adjourn. Is let your people who believe that they have objections that are not resolvable by language in the Confirmation Order. If we sustain an objection or overrule an objection, that will then inform where we need to go. And then adjourn until 1:30 tomorrow to let the balance of the language work or not work, preserving for everyone, for example, Ms. Heyen, if the netting language can't be worked out, she can make her full objection without any waiver tomorrow, but that way she'll

know for sure whether it's made. So I'm not going to cut off anybody's rights to make their full objection tomorrow if they don't make it today.

But I'm sure we have some people that think their objection is not resolvable in the Confirmation Order and, you know, that they need to be totally cut out of the provisions of the Plan or the Plan shouldn't be confirmed or something like that. If there's somebody that thinks they can't resolve it by working with the Order, let's hear from you now. And does anyone have any problem then coming back at 1:30, and we will then -- we'll then know if there are things that you-all can't voluntarily work out and we'll take them up at 1:30. Looks like nobody has a real problem with that.

So let me now hear from anyone that has a non-resolvable objection.

Mr. Alaniz, a non-resolvable objection by you.

MR. ALANIZ: Yes, Your Honor. Omar Alaniz on behalf of Hess Corporation.

CLOSING ARGUMENTS ON BEHALF OF HESS CORPORATION

MR. ALANIZ: Well, I want to be clear, I -- well, we have an issue that I think is resolvable with language, and I emailed Mr. Carlson, and I know he's got a lot going on, but I've not heard back. So I think we can work out some language in the Confirmation Order.

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              I do, however, have a very short closing argument,
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    and so I will just take the Court's direction as to when you
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    want to hear that.
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              THE COURT: Now. Let's do it now.
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              MR. ALANIZ: You want to hear it now?
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              THE COURT: Yeah, because I assume it's closing --
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              MR. ALANIZ: Okay, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: -- argument where you're telling me
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    that I shouldn't confirm the Plan as it is and it's not going
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    to be worked out with confirmation language. Right?
              MR. ALANIZ: Correct, and then I think we have
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    some that will be fruitful.
              THE COURT: Right.
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              MR. ALANIZ: Hopefully it'll be resolved.
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              THE COURT: I got it. I got it. Go ahead.
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              MR. ALANIZ: Okay. So, Your Honor, I would like
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    to begin by being clear about what we are not arguing.
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    are -- well, we are disappointed that Fieldwood is not
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    complying with obligations under regulations and contractual
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    agreements to P&As. We understand that Hess has obligations
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    under applicable regulations which include decommissioning.
22
    Hess is not trying to escape its obligations.
23
              And we very much appreciate the Government's
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    efforts to negotiate the agreed activities. We appreciate
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    the Debtors agreement to perform the agreed activities which
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does ameliorate some of our health and safety concerns. The health and safety concerns have been paramount to Hess throughout the entire time that we've been in dialogue with the Debtors.

In my examination of Mr. Dane, Your Honor heard him discuss outstanding income to West Delta properties, and as Your Honor reads the comments in the Debtor's Exhibit 99 that correspond to those things, you'll see some of those health and safety concerns. Mr. Dane testified that he was committed to performing those activities to clear up those things, and that representation was very important to Hess.

I then moved on in my examination to address the fact that the Debtors intend to abandon the West Delta properties and leave those properties with hydrocarbons.

And Mr. Dane testified that he knew that it's been a focus to Hess, that in connection with the Debtors' abandonment that the properties be left hydrocarbon free.

And, Your Honor, I went back and I looked into Mr. Dane's testimony last night, which is at Docket K4, and if Your Honor were to go back and listen at the second hour, 10:18, you'll hear him say these words, he says, Safe-out activity is a very delicate activity. You're removing hydrocarbons from a facility. It needs to be done in a very careful manner with very qualified individuals.

And, Your Honor, we couldn't agree more. It is a

delicate activity. And Hess's focus, as corroborated by Mr. Dane, has been this hydrocarbon issue precisely because of the delicate nature of handling hydrocarbons. And I would also encourage Your Honor to listen to Mr. Dane's testimony that begins about the two-hour mark where I asked Mr. Dane a series of questions regarding the Debtors' willingness to perform the safe-out work, specifically the hydrocarbon free work for any in Chevron's but not for Hess.

And he had two responses. His first response was that the Debtors believe that to safe-out the properties at their cost was in the context of a broader commercial term fee arrangement and Hess and the Debtors simply could not come to that agreement. In other words, and these are not his words, these are my words, the Debtors are saying that if Newco can profit off a long term commercial arrangement to perform P&A, then they will perform the safe-out at their cost, and leaving those properties hydrocarbon free.

His second response was that they're basically stretched too thin with other commitments and they can't handle the additional RCL safe-out work. And so those two statements to me are a little bit contradictory. So on the one hand he's saying, Well, we would do it if you would give us a proper opportunity, at least that's my interpretation. But on the other hand we actually don't have the bandwidth to do it.

And so given all this testimony, Your Honor, so the Court's really -- ultimately what our legal arguments that we set out in our brief, which is that the Debtors' not treating similarly situated creditors in a similar way. And this isn't a classic disparate treatment issue where the Debtors are agreeing to pay one creditor 75 cents and the other one, this claim contemplates arrangements with some predecessors to perform certain work. Literally safe is in that title. Safe out work. But they're essentially throwing the keys to others with platforms that are filled with leftover fuel hydrocarbons that Mr. Dane testified need to be removed in a very careful manner with qualified individuals.

So to be clear, this isn't a concern of one creditor getting more money in their pockets than Hess. It's that the Debtors are agreeing to perform environmental safe activity for some predecessors but not others. And those facts also support Hess's argument that as a legal matter the Debtors' Plan cannot be confirmed because of *Midlantic*, which says that the Debtor cannot abandon properties in contravention of a regulation designed for health and safety.

Now I heard Your Honor loud and clear this morning, and I understand this Court's interpretation of Midlantic and the fact that the Government isn't objecting to

the Plan under this, Your Honor -- it sounds like Your Honor is going to hold that *Midlantic* does not preclude confirmation. We respectfully disagree but we understand it's going to be an issue that we'll need to take up on appeal.

But before I rest, Your Honor, the last thing I want to leave the Court with --

THE COURT: I want to go back to before you even leave the argument. You're right, I'm going to overrule your Midlantic objection you made in the brief. I don't think that you have the -- you can't assert the Government's Midlantic rights. The Government needs to use its Midlantic rights as it determines it needs to do to maximize the health, safety of the environment. I don't think that you can assert them, you particularly can't assert them in a case where the Government has, in fact, ostentatiously not objected for lack of a better description of what they have done.

With respect to the equal treatment, I don't understand where that falls under 1129 when you're not identically situated to someone else. You have an analogous situation to someone else. Safe-out of your facility is different from than the safe-out of their facility. They're just both safe-outs.

So where under 1129 does this objection fall?

MR. ALANIZ: Yeah, Your Honor, the tie here was 1129(a)(1), the Plan does not comply with the applicable provisions of this title, and then we tied that to 1123(a)(4) that says a Plan must provide the same treatment for each claim of a particular class.

And you're right, Your Honor, this is sort of an analogous argument in that, you know, really it's just a matter of sort of the unequal treatment in the fact that you're treating one creditor like Eni or Chevron in a way that is very different than the way that they're treating us.

And that's the argument. I understand (glitch in the audio) --

THE COURT: So, look, I think that your client is an unsecured creditor and you should be getting the same unsecured type claim that everyone else gets. But if in furtherance of *Midlantic*, in keeping with priorities that the Government doesn't object to, their decision is to safeout one and not safe-out another. I don't see how that fits into equal class treatment, and you're saying it doesn't, it's just kind of analogous to equal class treatment, and I think that fails under a *Midlantic* -- specifically fails under a *Midlantic* standard. We need to maximize environmental protections.

And I haven't heard, in addition to sort or on a general good faith standard, that there has been a

comparable commercial reason to do yours as there has been to do others. And, you know, if you want to put up the kind of money, or make the kind of concessions others are making, I might cross into some good faith area, but I've heard no evidence about that.

So as to that objection I'm going to overrule it and let you move down to your final -- or however many more you have. I think you said you have one more.

MR. ALANIZ: Well, no, Your Honor, it's really just to make a point that I -- we hope is non-controversial, but, you know, just the statement that the Plan should not set off Hess and the other predecessors in the chain of title with an increased risk that a man or woman that they are forced to send out to one of these facilities to remove -- deal with hydrocarbons does not come home at night, like if either of us commits to do with other predecessors which is commit to remove hydrocarbons from the West Delta property, and that's the only statement that we wanted to make, Your Honor. So that --

THE COURT: So I am going to require that a provision go in the confirm Order that to the extent that Hess elects, and Hess is not required to elect, but to the extent that Hess elects to take immediate or at some point down the road later possession of the property, that it is required to administer as a predecessor-in-interest.

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The provision will require that the Debtor
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   promptly cooperate in transferring the assets to them that
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    require retirement work to be done, and to do so with all
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    due haste in compliance with applicable federal regulations.
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    So that if Hess believes for example that it is being
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   required to send an employee into a dangerous situation, I
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    want it as quickly as it can under federal law to be able to
    take over the asset and the Debtor shouldn't be able to stand
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    in the way by delaying the abandonment. The Debtor has to
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    cooperate with immediate abandonment consistent with federal
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    law if Hess so demands.
              And I think that then resolves that by putting
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    control in Hess's hands to the maximum extent it can be.
    there any objection to that either by Hess or by the Debtor
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    to including such a provision?
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              MR. PEREZ: Your Honor, --
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              MR. ALANIZ: No problem here, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: Mr. Perez?
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              MR. PEREZ: (No audible response.)
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              THE COURT: I think I heard Mr. Alaniz say, No
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   problem here, and I didn't hear Mr. Perez.
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              MR. PEREZ: Yes, Your Honor. Am I on the line?
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              THE COURT: You are.
              MR. PEREZ: Okay. Your Honor, we don't have any
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    objection, but that is, in fact, what the transition
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services are intended to do. And we will obviously
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    cooperate and provide and, you know, provide what's required
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   under the transition services. I certainly don't want
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   Mr. Alaniz to think that what the Court has ruled is that we
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   have to safe-out these properties before --
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              THE COURT: No, I didn't say --
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                          -- before they are transitioned.
              MR. ALANIZ:
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              THE COURT: -- no, no, I didn't say that at
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    all. What I'm saying is if Hess believes that you're putting
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    some of its employees in danger, unless I'm misunderstanding
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    the whole purpose of the transition agreement, the minute
   Hess is ready to take over, the transition service agreement
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    at that point terminates as to the Hess properties. This is
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    the way I think that that works.
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              And what I'm saying is that once Hess is ready, I
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    don't want their employees endangered either, nor do you.
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    And at that point you can't delay them, there's not going to
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   be any further negotiations, consistent with federal
    regulations in terms of how you would do the transition to
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   Hess, and --
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              MR. ALANIZ: Right.
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              THE COURT: -- I don't know what type of permits
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   they would need to have in order to take over, Mr. Alaniz,
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   but whatever you all need to do to be able to take it over,
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they have to immediately engage in compliance with that.

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And, Mr. Perez, I think that's consistent, not inconsistent, with the Transition Services Agreement. But I don't remember anything in the Plan that is part of the abandonment that requires you to engage in a transition to the predecessor-in-interest on a hasty basis. I'm saying as hastily as you can so long as it's consistent with the transition required by Mr. Velasco's friends. MR. PEREZ: Absolutely, Your Honor. Obviously we're spending, you know, a million-plus dollars a month to make payments during the transition, so if everybody was prepared to do the transition on the effective date, I'm sure Mr. Dane would welcome that. THE COURT: I got that. I just -- we've all been in situations where someone can then say, Well, let's reopen the negotiations about how this ought to happen. And I'm saying, No, when they're ready, they get it. MR. PEREZ: Okay. THE COURT: Okay. Let's put that in the Order. And then, Mr. Alaniz, tomorrow you'll be able to worry about the language in the Confirmation Order not only on that issue but on other issues. And if they don't satisfy any other issues, you can then make your further objection if that works for you. MR. ALANIZ: Yes, Your Honor. Thank you.

THE COURT: All right. Does anyone else have what

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I will call an unresolvable objection with respect to negotiating terms of the Confirmation Order? We do have someone. Let me see who that is. I don't know if that was Mr. Perez raising his hand again when he was already authorized to speak.

Okay. So no one else has something that they think isn't going to -- wait, Mr. Eisenberg, you do.
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MR. EISENBERG: Thank you, Your Honor. Are you able to hear me?

THE COURT: I can.

Mr. Eisenberg, go ahead, please.

MR. EISENBERG: Thank you, Your Honor. Just I'm not sure if my technology may work or not.

We had sent language to the Debtors and I don't know if this is unresolvable, but we have -- we've been talking to them about Paragraph 13A, particularly the subrogating -- the language with regard to the claims for subrogation and the recent occupation and things of that nature.

And certainly we think we can -- I think there's language that satisfies me, I don't know if the same language satisfies them. We're certainly willing to spend some time talking about it with them and then preserving the argument for tomorrow, Your Honor, so.

And I know also my colleague, Mr. Kuebel, is

taking his wife out for her birthday tonight, and so I don't want to (indiscernible).

THE COURT: Look, we've talked quite a bit about what that language needs to look like today. That may help inform some overnight negotiations. But all of your rights to make objections are going to be preserved if you don't get the language there. That's language that I think ought to be worked out that sort of said in about 18 different ways what I think it needs -- what I'm going to order that it says.

It may very well be, and, Mr. Eisenberg, I would regard this as totally fair, that you -- and the same goes for you, Mr. Perez, I know I've said some things that both sides don't particularly like in this area, so you can each agree to language that you think is consistent with the way that I have ruled, and preserve your right to object to the ruling, you're not agreeing to the outcome, you're only agreeing to language and what I've ruled. That may make this a little bit easier because I'm not looking to have you be kowtowed into waiving some appellate right because you're complying with an Order that I've already made.

MR. EISENBERG: We understand that, Your Honor.
We appreciate that, and will continue to talk with the
Debtors and the other parties constructively to try to close
whatever gaps that exist. Thank you.

THE COURT: All right. So I did receive from

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Locke Lord an envelope with a flash drive, and I've received
from Weil an envelope with a flash drive. I've opened the
envelopes and I've not looked at the flash drives. I'm going
to assume that they are irrelevant now and just throw the
away and not make them part of the Record, because overnight
I assume that whatever you sent me will now change.
          So if you would send me new flash drives tomorrow,
but for now I'm going to toss them. Unless somebody thinks I
need them as part of the Record. I do not think I do. They
weren't shown, I haven't read them, they weren't filed.
     (No audible response.)
          THE COURT: Okay. They're gone. Anyone else have
anything you want to talk -- oh, let's see, I do have
somebody else. Mr. Kuebel.
          MR. KUEBEL: (No audible response.)
          THE COURT: You've got your own line muted.
          MR. KUEBEL: Oh, I certainly do. I apologize,
Your Honor. Can you hear me?
          THE COURT: I can. Would you wish your wife well
tonight?
          MR. KUEBEL: Thank you. It's a milestone birthday
for her this evening. I appreciate that, Your Honor.
          I actually think it's a very constructive idea to
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come back at 1:30. We do have language outstanding. We did

send over to the Court language that we thought was

1 consistent with the Court's instruction, and if we have to 2 take it up tomorrow, we can take it up tomorrow. Hopefully 3 it'll be resolved in between now and then. 4 THE COURT: Thank you, sir. 5 Mr. Zuber. MR. ZUBER: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Scott 6 7 Zuber --8 THE COURT: Good afternoon. 9 MR. ZUBER: -- on behalf of Berkley and Sirius. CLOSING ARGUMENTS ON BEHALF OF 10 BERKLEY AND SIRIUS 11 MR. ZUBER: We also have had some discussions with 12 13 Debtors' counsel and other stakeholders involving some language, in particular with respect to Paragraph 5.13A of 14 15 the Plan, and we also suggested some minor tweaks to 16 Paragraph 10K of the Plan Confirmation Order. And I thought 17 we had made pretty progress, but we didn't really connect 18 with what we hear on the Zoom so I think that given the 19 opportunity to continue this hearing till tomorrow may be 20 helpful to get resolution there. 21 The other issue, I'm not sure if it's resolvable or 22 not, is we still have a standing objection with respect to 23 the exculpation provisions. Perhaps we can work that out as 24 well. Perhaps we'll have to do that tomorrow, unless Your 25 Honor required that be done now. But I think reserving our

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    arguments for tomorrow makes sense and see what works out.
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              THE COURT: No, look, I just want to trust
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    everybody's judgment on this. If you think that there's a
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    decent chance you're going to work it out, and let -- you can
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   make your argument tomorrow. And I'm not going to second
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    guess your judgment that you thought you'd work it out. But,
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    you know, if you want to make an argument right now, I'll
    listen to it right now, but it makes more sense if you think
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    you're going to work it out to just defer the argument
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    without prejudice till tomorrow. So let me just trust your
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    judgment and not my own.
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              MR. ZUBER: Yeah, as long as we reserve all
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    arguments for tomorrow I'd prefer to reserve and see what we
14
    can get accomplished.
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              THE COURT: You and all others do, so thank you.
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              I show --
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              MR. ZUBER: Thank you, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: -- Mr. Peck has an issue.
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              MR. KADDEN: Good afternoon, Your Honor.
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    actually Benjamin Kadden --
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              THE COURT: Mr. Kadden.
              MR. KADDEN: -- on behalf of Atlantic Maritime
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    Services.
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              I wanted to just confirm that -- the Court's intent
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    to take up our motion for relief from stay at the conclusion
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of the Confirmation Hearing tomorrow, at the same time of
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    confirmation. Just wanted to confirm that timing.
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              THE COURT: I have not been thinking about that.
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   I know that I promised to take it up at the end of
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    confirmation. Does it make the most sense to do it
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   tomorrow, or to do it now? I think tomorrow, but if you
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    think it makes more sense now, let me know. I know I made
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   you the promise, I just haven't worried about it. But I'm
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   going to keep my promise.
             MR. KADDEN: At the conclusion of confirmation is
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    fine, Your Honor.
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             THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Kadden.
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             Mr. Langley.
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             MR. LANGLEY: (No audible response.)
             THE COURT: Mr. Langley?
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             MR. LANGLEY: (No audible response.)
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             THE COURT: I think you may have your own line
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   muted, Mr. Langley.
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             MR. LANGLEY: You are correct, Your Honor. Do you
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   h hear me now?
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             THE COURT: I can. Thank you.
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             MR. LANGLEY: We do have some legal objections to
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    the Plan pending. Do you want to hear those now or
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    tomorrow?
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             THE COURT: I want to hear them now, unless you
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1 believe that they're resolvable by Confirmation Order language. 2 MR. LANGLEY: I do not. 3 4 THE COURT: Then let's hear them now. Go ahead. 5 MR. LANGLEY: Thank you. And we do have some 6 language issues pending, and so I'll leave those aside. And, 7 Your Honor, Keith Langley on behalf of Travelers, Liberty 8 Mutual, Hanover and XL. 9 CLOSING ARGUMENTS ON BEHALF OF TRAVELERS, LIBERTY MUTUAL, HANOVER AND XL 10 11 MR. LANGLEY: We are four sureties that have 12 issued approximately 220 million in private bonds on behalf 13 of the Debtors. And I have three issues to present to the Court. 14 15 The first issue is jurisdictional. I'm here to 16 change your mind on Midlantic, and so I'm going to talk about 17 that. I then want to talk about oil and the Gulf and 18 suretyship. And with Your Honor's permission I'll address those issues. 19 20 THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Langley. Go ahead. MR. LANGLEY: Your Honor, the first issue is the 21 22 impacts of the Debtors in seeking to abandon depleted assets 23 without addressing the environmental responsibilities

required of an oil and gas operator in the Gulf. If a Plan

violates the law, which the abandonment of these properties

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would, the Plan cannot be confirmed under 1129(a)(3). 1 2 The Debtors have not established that the Plan is 3 in the best interest of creditors versus a liquidation under 4 1129(a)(7). And the treatment of surety bonds across the 5 board including a mistaken belief that a bond issued on 6 behalf of Fieldwood can remain in force and can be used by a 7 successor entity without assumption, cure or indemnity. 8 A surety bond -- we've heard about policy and a 9 surety bond is not insurance, and there can be no bond 10 without a principal. Yet here the Plan envisions that the 11 bonds continue to exist without a principal, and this would violate the law about suretyship and makes the Plan 12 unconfirmable under 1129(a)(3). And the --13 THE COURT: Well, what happens --14 -- probably the Plan --15 MR. LANGLEY: 16 THE COURT: -- what happens under applicable non-17 bankruptcy law if a principal induces a surety to issue a 18 bond and a surety issues the bond, and the principal then 19 dissolves its existence. So they just go to state law --20 MR. LANGLEY: Thank you --21 THE COURT: -- you know, let's take a Delaware

corporation and they go dissolve. What happens to the bond?

MR. LANGLEY: The bond is a tri-part by a threeparty agreement and it runs to the obligee on behalf of the
principal. So we could talk about that a lot, but I think

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where Your Honor is going is a jurisdictional issue, a
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    Midlantic issue and how that impacts suretyship and
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 3
   bankruptcy --
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              THE COURT: Well, no, I'm not. I'm actually trying
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    to deal with -- you said as a matter of law that a bond does
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   not exist if there isn't a principal. I think that's pretty
 7
   much a quotation of what you just said. My question to you
    is --
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 9
             MR. LANGLEY: Yes, sir?
              THE COURT: -- under applicable non-bankruptcy
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    law if the principal dissolves, what happens to the bond?
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              MR. LANGLEY: The bond is still there, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: So how is your statement accurate?
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              MR. LANGLEY: The fact -- because you -- to have a
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   new -- a bond in existence for a risk, you have to have a
17
    principal. And here there's no principal. Newco would take
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    assets without being liable on the bond.
              THE COURT: But Fieldwood was the one that was
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    liable on the bond, and Fieldwood remains liable via an
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    unsecured claim. Right?
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             MR. LANGLEY: Yes, sir.
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              THE COURT: So I don't understand -- I just
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    didn't -- I don't think that your statement of law is
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    consistent with what you're telling me because it means that
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just as in applicable non-bankruptcy law, if there is a
dissolution, that your client's obligation under the bond
would not be altered. Under bankruptcy law their obligation
under the bond isn't altered either. It's not enhanced
either, but it's not altered merely by dissolution or merely
by confirmation of a Plan.
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Unless there is an alteration, and maybe there is. But I don't see what that alteration is from merely the dissolution/confirmation.

MR. LANGLEY: I think that's a good argument. I think there's 50 percent on the right hand that you're arguing and 50 percent on the left hand, and without a principal you don't have a bond. And here I think the Plan does impair those rights.

THE COURT: No, I --

MR. LANGLEY: And I think that --

THE COURT: -- but I guess I'm -- you just said this again, without a principal you don't have a bond. Without a principal you don't start a bond, but you've issued your bond. How is it possible under your answer to my question that without a principal you don't have a bond? That can't be an accurate statement.

MR. LANGLEY: Well, imagine two things. In Fieldwood One, Fieldwood, where they abandon an asset like the Spar, the Spar is abandoned. Now the bond is still in

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effect and the issue is a jurisdictional issue going to 2 clean up of oil in the Gulf. And then you have Newco, which 3 might take over an asset, and in that instance the Government looks to Newco and the existing assets, which include an argument about the bond. We don't think it's an 6 asset of Fieldwood and we think that produces a problem, 7 Judge.

THE COURT: You're making several arguments and I'm trying to deal with them one at a time. I want to deal with your issue that says no principal, no bond. And I don't understand that that is the law. And from what you've told me, if there is a dissolution, there is no principal, but there is still a bond. And then we can move to your jurisdictional argument, which is a completely different argument. And I'm happy to move there. But I'm telling you, I don't understand the no principal, no bond argument as being consistent with non-bankruptcy law.

MR. LANGLEY: Well, just thinking on that one no principal, no bond issue, Judge, the problem is tomorrow with Newco there's no principal but there is an asset which is covered by the bond. So you have an argument about does the bond continue in full force and does that provide a protection to the Government. Now we argue the answer is no.

THE COURT: So what does that have to do with the

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no principal, no bond issue? I understand your argument
that the transfer of the asset might obviate the bond, but
that's not the argument you're making. You're telling me no
principal, no bond. Those are different issues. Tell me
why this -- why no principal, no bond concept matters to me.
          MR. LANGLEY: Well, I think I am saying that,
Judge. I might not be saying it very well, but I think the
problem becomes when Fieldwood exits stage left, and the
permission is given by this Court to exit stage left, you're
left with a surety and an issue of where do you get
indemnity rights, subrogation, and exoneration on that bond
other than -- no one is left --
          THE COURT: Well, no, there's an unsecured claim
against Fieldwood. That's the credit risk your client took.
          MR. LANGLEY: There's an issue as to who owes what
relative to that oil in the Gulf.
          THE COURT: And what does the oil in the Gulf?
Okay. So I am -- I will just tell you, I don't understand no
principal, no bond. I'm overruling that as an objection
because the argument makes no sense to me.
          So let's go to your next argument, which may be
that the transfer from what you're telling me causes a
problem separate from that. So what happens under
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applicable non-bankruptcy law if your principal transfers an

asset in violation of the bond? What happens to your bond?

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              MR. LANGLEY: You have a bond defense issue there,
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    Your Honor, and that is an increase in the risk on the bond
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   and a material --
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              THE COURT: So I have an obligee that got your
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   bond, you guaranteed to pay you told me $220 million in
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   clean up costs, and your oblique does not make -- does not
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    do anything, they sit still, and the borrower transfers --
   I'm sorry, the principal transfers the asset. You're telling
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 9
   me the oblique loses its bond under that situation under
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   non-bankruptcy law?
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              MR. LANGLEY: You have an issue there, Judge,
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   about the amount that the bonding company owes in that
    circumstance and who else owes in that circumstance.
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14
              THE COURT: Well, let's start with whether the
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    obligee can collect its $220 million. So the Debtor, the
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   principal, transfers its asset on its own, that's not
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    illegal, it simply violates your contract. Does it -- do
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    you have an argument that your client's penal sum is not
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    still callable by the obligee?
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              MR. LANGLEY: If the obligee is a party to that
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    issue you mentioned, yes.
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              THE COURT: They're not. The Government has not
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   authorized --
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              MR. LANGLEY: In your hypo, they're not --
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              THE COURT: -- that the Government has simply not
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objected to it.
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             MR. LANGLEY: If the Government -- the Government
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   gets to set under its regulatory powers the amount of
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    financial responsibility to operate that asset. And so
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    setting that financial responsibility amount impacts the
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    liability on the bond.
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              THE COURT: What does that have to do with whether
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    the principal transferred the asset in violation of the bond
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   but not in violation of the law?
             MR. LANGLEY: Well, we argue that a transfer is in
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   violation of the law, Your Honor.
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             THE COURT: Okay. What law does it violate?
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             MR. LANGLEY: Midlantic.
              THE COURT: I am overruling an objection that the
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15
    transfer of --
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             MR. LANGLEY: Got it.
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             THE COURT: -- an asset that is environmentally
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    troubled violates Midlantic unless those who are responsible
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    in the Governmental regulatory position in both in Midlantic
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    rights, I do not believe as a matter of law that a bond
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    issuer may invoke Midlantic rights for a number of reasons.
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First, the situation in *Midlantic* is not a bond issue. The situation in *Midlantic* in terms of being fact specific were Governmental entities that were objecting.

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Midlantic makes clear that it is inconsistent

with the language of the Bankruptcy Code and therefore its exception to the Bankruptcy Code should be extremely narrowly tailored. I am extremely narrowly tailoring it and holding that it applies to Governmental units.

Number two, the public policy reason behind

Midlantic was to encourage and make available clean up of
environmentally hazardous sites as -- if regulators

otherwise objected. If, in fact, we allowed parties other
than the Government to exercise those rights, we're going to
end up with orphaned properties.

By way of example, in this case there simply are not enough assets in Fieldwood's possession and control. And by the way, its asset do not include the penal sums on the bonds, and never did. They have no right to the penal sums on the bonds. It would mean that we were left with environmental hazards if those were ratably put across all environmental issues.

And so if we did that, we would have orphaned properties that could not be cleaned up because they will be properties without predecessors-in-interest available potentially to clean them up. And the Government needs to exercise its discretion as to when and how to apply Midlantic to maximize the environmental rights.

The Supreme Court has simply not ruled that a private litigant can overrule the determination of the

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Government with respect to how to handle environmental
matters and simultaneously ask a Bankruptcy Court not to
invoke the provisions of the Bankruptcy Code. There's no
Supreme Court authority for that, not 5th Circuit authority
for that. And I am not doing that. I'm overruling the
objection.
         Go ahead.
         MR. LANGLEY: Okay. Thank you, Your Honor.
issue that -- I want to make sure if I stated clearly or
properly is that a transfer to a new principal does result
in discharge of the surety, and we have public policy issues
around that that sureties are key to operations in the Gulf
to --
         THE COURT: Wait, wait, wait, you're telling
me --
         MR. LANGLEY: -- contain it --
          THE COURT: -- that this goes back to the example
where I thought you said it didn't. I'm talking -- the
example we have here is the principal transfers a property
in violation of the bond, the obligee does not do that, that
you're telling me that under non-bankruptcy law the surety's
obligation to the obligee is discharged because the
principal did something that's inconsistent with the bond?
         MR. LANGLEY: I think that, Your Honor, the
obligee had a duty under the bond to act responsibly and had
```

to act in this bankruptcy case responsibly on that issue. So, yes, I think there's a fact issue as to what the obligee has done to permit a transfer of the principal.

THE COURT: Great. Tell me what evidence you have to support that argument then, because if you're telling me that there is evidence that the obligee has acted in a manner in bad faith under the bonds, what was the evidence that was introduced at the hearing to support that argument?

MR. LANGLEY: Your Honor, I don't know that it's a bad faith issue, I think it's a totality of the circumstances of what is done as it relates to the bond in default.

THE COURT: What's the evidence then? Give me the totality of the circumstances of it. I don't know of any evidence that you introduced, or that anyone else did, that supports the argument. But I'm willing to have you refresh my recollection. Tell me the evidence that under the totality of the circumstances that something has occurred here where I should determine that the bonds would not be enforceable.

MR. LANGLEY: I don't think you would determine that, Your Honor. I think that would be an issue of -- between the surety and the obligee, and it would be the actions taken in this bankruptcy.

THE COURT: What evidence is there that any actions in this bankruptcy would precipitate that result?

MR. LANGLEY: I'm not in a position to go into that, Judge.

THE COURT: Okay. I'm going to overrule as a matter of law that the actions that are being undertaken by the Debtor and by all of the parties to the bankruptcy case that are acting in cooperation with the Debtor have been undertaken in the utmost good faith to maximize the principles of Midlantic, and that no party who failed to introduce any evidence in support of what I regard as a specious argument, may subsequently raise the issue that there was any wrongdoing that occurred in the bankruptcy case. The evidence is overwhelming that it's not.

And that is one of the reasons why, in furtherance of Midlantic and in furtherance of 5th Circuit law, I'm ordering exculpation for these actions. We're never going to get matters cleaned up if we allow parties to put up road blocks and say, If you work on cleaning up the environment publicly in good faith with the cooperation of all parties concerned and with the Government not objecting, we can't let private parties endanger the environment the way your client is trying to do it.

I'm overruling the objection and I'm finding this is not subsequently challengeable. What's your next argument?

MR. LANGLEY: Then I rest, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Mr. Langley, I'm being very

blunt because I want you to have a good Appellate Record, and I think I'm ruling correctly.

MR. LANGLEY: I appreciate that.

THE COURT: I have zero problem that you're making the arguments, but without evidence, you know, I'm not sure on what basis I would ever rule any other way when there was a complete absence of evidence of anything other than utmost good faith.

All right. Let me move to the next person. From 630-790-0261.

MR. KOOY: Good morning, Your Honor -- or good afternoon, Your Honor. Ralph Kooy on behalf of one of the other non-Apache sureties, North American Specialty Company. I'm in a similar situation as Mr. Zuber.

CLOSING ARGUMENTS ON BEHALF OF
NORTH AMERICAN SPECIALTY COMPANY

MR. KOOY: We've been exchanging language with respect to the subrogation, and actually my partner's been involved in those discussions. And with respect to the reservation of the surety's rights with respect to other obligees. In our specific cases E&I and Chevron and Union, I believe we're going to resolve those, but I just wanted to reserve the right to make our argument tomorrow.

THE COURT: Of course. Thank you for letting me know, Mr. Kooy, and your rights are reserved. And hopefully

```
the language will get worked out.
1
2
              Mr. Perez?
 3
              MR. KOOY: Thank you very much, Your Honor.
 4
              MR. PEREZ: Did you call on me, Your Honor?
 5
              THE COURT: Yes, sir.
 6
              MR. PEREZ: Yes. So, Your Honor, just for to
7
    inform the Court, I think it was appropriate to go after
8
    counsel. We did file an adversary proceeding and a motion
 9
    to impose the automatic stay with respect to the lawsuit
10
    that NAS filed over -- last Friday against Eni and Chevron
11
   because of their actions in furtherance of the Plan.
12
              So, Your Honor, we've requested an expedited
13
   hearing. Obviously to the extent that we can solve --
14
   resolve this consensually, that's great. If we can't, as you
15
   know we'd request that the Court set it for a hearing perhaps
16
   after the end of the Confirmation Hearing.
17
              UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: And, Your Honor, I
18
   apologize, I haven't had an opportunity to review that yet,
19
   having just came in.
20
              THE COURT: I'm not going to set it right now, and
21
    I haven't read it. And when -- I would really doubt that
22
    there is going to be somebody else -- as I recall, you
23
   removed the lawsuit into Federal Court anyway. Isn't that
24
    correct? Or no?
```

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Your Honor, the -- yes, the

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1
    lawsuit was filed on Friday in Federal Court. It's not a
    removed case, it's a new lawsuit.
 2
 3
              THE COURT: Sorry, in Federal Court here or in
 4
   Federal Court somewhere else?
 5
              UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: No, in Federal Court
 6
   upstairs here. I believe it was filed as an adversary in
7
    the bankruptcy, wasn't it?
8
              UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I don't believe so.
 9
              THE COURT: So --
              UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: The United Stated
10
11
   Bankruptcy Court -- it was filed as an adversary. Let me --
12
    I'll -- I have to strike that. I apologize, that is not the
13
    case. No, it was just filed in the District Court. You're
14
    correct.
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THE COURT: So I mean in terms of setting something for an emergency hearing, are you going to try and get any relief from the District Court in the next seven days?

15

16

17

18

19

20

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UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I do not believe so, no.

THE COURT: All right. I'm going to Order that if you do intend to change -- you're welcome to change your mind, if you decide to change your mind, I'm going to require you and Mr. Perez jointly to get with my case manager and to schedule an emergency hearing before me prior to the date on which you schedule anything with the District Court. Fair

```
enough?
 1
              UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Okay. Very good.
 2
 3
              THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.
 4
              All right. What do we have next? Let me see, I've
 5
    got Ms. Rosen.
 6
              MS. ROSEN: Thank you, Your Honor. I just wanted
 7
    to speak up on behalf of XTO entities. This is Suki Rosen
 8
    of Forshey Prostok.
 9
              I just wanted to make sure, I believe the Court
10
    said earlier that all the parties could reserve their rights
11
    if they're dealing with the Debtors on language for the
12
    Confirmation Order. And while we don't consent to the Plan,
   we are possibly working out language with the Debtors. I
13
    just wanted to make sure we could reserve our rights as
14
15
    well.
16
              THE COURT: You do and so does everyone else who
17
    is within the range of my voice which is pretty broad right
18
    now.
19
             MS. ROSEN: Thank you, Your Honor.
20
              THE COURT: Thank you.
              All right. Anyone else believe they have anything
21
22
    we should address today, otherwise we'll go ahead and adjourn
23
    till 1:30.
24
              Mr. Carlson, if you want to use this opportunity
25
    to schedule anything with people to talk to you about the
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1
   Order, or you want to just continue to move where you're
2
   going. I'm leaving it up to you as -- do you want to talk to
 3
   everybody while you have everybody here listening. Or are
 4
   you just going to do it all by email?
 5
              MR. CARLSON: I'm happy to reach out by email and
 6
   set up calls this evening.
7
              THE COURT: Okay. I will see you all tomorrow at
          Thank you everyone.
8
   1:30.
9
              We're in adjournment for the day.
10
              MR. CARLSON: Thank you.
11
          (Hearing adjourned 4:53 p.m.)
12
13
               I certify that the foregoing is a correct
14
    transcript to the best of my ability due to the condition of
15
    the electronic sound recording of the ZOOM/telephonic
16
   proceedings in the above-entitled matter.
17
    /S/ MARY D. HENRY
18
    CERTIFIED BY THE AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF
19
   ELECTRONIC REPORTERS AND TRANSCRIBERS, CET**337
20
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    JTT TRANSCRIPT #64167
22
    DATE FILED: JUNE 29, 2021
23
24
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1	IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT		
2	FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS		
3	HOUSTON DIVISION		
4	IN RE: \$ CASE NO. 20-33948-11 \$ JOINTLY ADMINISTERED		
5	\$ HOUSTON, TEXAS FIELDWOOD ENERGY, LLC, \$ THURSDAY,		
6	\$ JUNE 24, 2021 DEBTOR. \$ 1:30 P.M. TO 3:50 P.M.		
7			
8	CONFIRMATION HEARING DAY FOUR (VIA ZOOM)		
9	BEFORE THE HONORABLE MARVIN ISGUR		
10	UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY JUDGE		
11			
12	ADDEADANCEC. CEE NEVE DAGE		
13	APPEARANCES: SEE NEXT PAGE		
14			
15	(Recorded via CourtSpeak; no log notes)		
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25	Proceedings recorded by electronic sound recording; transcript produced by transcription service.		

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17			
18			
19			
20	(Please also see Electronic Appearances.)		
21			
22			
23			
24			
25			
	1		

HOUSTON, TEXAS; THURSDAY, JUNE 24, 2021; 1:30 P.M.

THE COURT: All right, we're returning to the Fieldwood Energy Confirmation Hearing, 20-33948.

Mr. Carlson, if you would press five star on your phone, please.

(Pause in the proceedings.)

THE COURT: All right, good afternoon,

Mr. Carlson. Can you give me a status report on where we are?

MR. CARLSON: Yes, Your Honor. Good afternoon, Cliff Carlson on behalf of Fieldwood. Your Honor, we've been hard at work over the past 12 hours or so working through a number of objections and language to be added to the Confirmation Order.

And we've made a ton of progress and think that we're pretty close and that this hearing should be pretty streamlined with only a few discreet issues that might be open.

And we did file -- not long before this hearing -- filed an amended Chapter 11 Plan and amended proposed Confirmation Order.

The Amended Plan was filed at docket number 1716 with the redline at 1719. And the Confirmation Order at 1718 and believe a redline should be hitting of the Confirmation Order within the next few minutes.

```
1
              THE COURT: So how do you propose that we proceed?
 2
              MR. CARLSON: I think we can start with going
 3
    through the changes that we made to the Plan to address the
 4
    Court's concerns regarding the exculpation provision, which
 5
    is just a few changes so it should be pretty brief.
 6
              And hopefully by that, we can then turn to the
7
   Confirmation Order and run through the redline with the
    Court as well, discuss the changes we made --
8
 9
              THE COURT: Are you aware --
10
              MR. CARLSON: -- in the agreement.
              THE COURT: Excuse me, I didn't mean to interrupt
11
12
    you. Are you aware of any objections that have not been
    resolved at this point to the form of the Confirmation
13
   Order?
14
15
              MR. CARLSON: There are a few parties, that I
16
   think, will want to see the final language and they may have
17
    concerns or such light modifications to the language that
18
   we've made some changes in real time and that we've
19
    uploaded. But I think by in large to the extent that we
20
   haven't addressed them, we can during this hearing.
21
              THE COURT: Okay.
22
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
23
              THE COURT: All right. So I've got 1719 up on the
24
    screen.
25
              MR. CARLSON: If you -- the first change is on
```

```
1
   page 11 of the redline.
 2
              THE COURT: I don't know if -- hold on let me be
 3
    sure I've got a redline.
 4
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
 5
              THE COURT: Where would I find the redline?
              MR. CARLSON: It should be ECF number 1719.
 6
 7
              THE COURT: So maybe this is redline, let's see.
 8
    Okay, got it. Okay.
 9
              MR. CARLSON: So, Your Honor, on page 19, we have
    clarified that the additional predecessor agreements are
10
11
    limited to -- post petition agreements that are entered into
    in connection with our Plan and included as part of the Plan
12
    supplement documents to remove any doubt that pre-petition
13
    agreements would somehow get picked up in the exculpation
14
15
    provision.
              And then we made sort of the same change here in
16
17
    the additional predecessor agreement documents definition as
18
    well.
19
              THE COURT: All right.
20
              MR. CARLSON: And the second change we made was to
21
    the exculpation provision itself, which is on page -- if you
22
    turn to page 97, which is Section 10.8.
23
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
24
              MR. CARLSON: It looks like you'll see here, Your
25
    Honor, we've added a provision or we've added language at
```

the end of this provision to make clear that the exculpation is limited to the holding and <u>In re Pacific Lumber</u> and that the Court will retain exclusive jurisdiction to determine any issues that arise regarding the scope of exculpation.

(Pause in the proceedings.)

THE COURT: All right. Hold on.

Mr. Scharfenberg?

MR. SCHARFENBERG: Yeah, good morning, Your Honor. I might have an issue with the change on page 11 to additional predecessor agreement. I just got this, but at least the way I'm reading it, it would apply to any type of additional agreement entered into prior to or on the confirmation date.

And as long as additional predecessor agreement is limited to the ones we know about -- Chevron, any in the hunt -- I don't have an issue with it, but I don't know what else is there or what kind of affect it would have.

Just doing a quick control F through the document, it looks like arguably it might, you know, there might be some exculpation implications, you know, when it comes to that. And I know that in the Confirmation Order there's a finding of good faith for any additional predecessor agreement. And if there hasn't been any evidence introduced at trial as to these existence which might or might not be in existence or filed later.

```
1
              You know, we would just want to be able to
2
   analyze --
 3
              THE COURT: If it's simply added in there sort of
 4
   a comma that says, "of which notice has been filed or given
 5
   as of 1:37 p.m. on June 24th, 2021" would that resolve that
   question?
 6
7
              MR. SCHARFENBERG: Fantastic. That resolves my
8
   issue, Your Honor.
9
              THE COURT: And does that cause any heartburn to
10
   you, Mr. Carlson?
11
              MR. CARLSON: It does not. And just to clarify
   just for folks, the only remaining additional predecessor
12
   agreement is the one with Hunt, which we are intending to
13
    file -- execute and file hopefully later today -- that
14
15
    should be. So that's the only remaining additional
16
   predecessor agreement.
17
              THE COURT: So why don't you fix those definitions
18
   to take into account anything of which notice has been given
19
   or that has been filed as of 1:37 p.m. on June 24th, 2021
20
   and the Hunt Agreement, a draft of which has been
21
    circulated. Something to that effect.
22
              MR. CARLSON: Yes, we're happy to do that, Your
23
   Honor.
24
              THE COURT: Okay.
25
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
```

MR. CARLSON: So, Your Honor, that's the totality of the changes that we made to the Plan. I know there have been -- there have been discussions up until just the moment this hearing started on clarifying changes in Section 513 of the Plan that the sureties have raised and I think probably want to address.

I don't know if now is the appropriate time to do that. It's not reflected in what we filed, but there have been ongoing discussions. I just don't think the language has been agreed by everyone yet.

THE COURT: And will that be language that would go in the Plan or would that be language that would go in the Confirmation Order?

MR. CARLSON: That would be language in the Plan in Section 513.

(Pause in the proceedings.)

THE COURT: Mr. Perez, good afternoon.

MR. PEREZ: Your Honor, this is Alfredo Perez.

Your Honor, with respect to the definition of predecessor.

Obviously we're perfectly fine with the comment the Court made. But, you know, it will take a little bit of time to implement this Plan. And we would obviously love to have more predecessor deals so long as we're not precluded from coming back to the Court to do that.

I think it -- I'm fine with that. But I certainly

don't want to be precluded.

2.5

THE COURT: I think that's fine. But why don't -then let's not, then, amend the Plan again. Let's include
language in the Confirmation Order that says notwithstanding
anything in the Plan those agreements are limited to the
following matters. You know, matters for -- that have been
filed of record of which notice have been given. The Hunt
Agreement and any other matter subsequently filed for which
the Court has given it's approval.

And we can put all that in a Confirmation Order and accomplish the same thing, I think. Does that work?

Mr. Scharfenberg, let me make sure that same concept works for you so long as we're doing it that way. I think it meets the principal.

MR. SCHARFENBERG: That concept works. Yeah, we just want an opportunity to review and really understand what's been put up.

THE COURT: Mr. Kuebel?

(Pause in the proceedings.)

THE COURT: Mr. Keubel? I think you have your own line muted.

MR. KEUBEL: Oh, I'm sorry, Your Honor. Omer Keubel, III. For this issue, McMoran Oil and Gas. Your Honor's proposed solution is acceptable for us. This is an issue that we've looked at.

I think when we sent comments over to the Debtor on this provision, we had even suggested that instead of the petition date we could go out to the effective date.

Obviously, as a predecessor that has exchanged term sheets back and forth with the Debtor but hasn't reached a final agreement like some of the others.

So I do think that Mr. Perez is right that there's a contemplation both with the debt, my clients and probably Government that some of the other smaller predecessor agreements can be reached between now and the time the plan goes effective.

And so I think Your Honor's proposed solution on how to keep the door open to do that works for everyone.

THE COURT: Okay, good. Thank you. So, what is the best way then to address the 5.13 problems until we get some new language? Do you want to move to everything else and we'll come back to 5.13 in a few minutes?

Or do people want to raise Plan objections right now? I've told everyone if their problems aren't worked out, you can -- you're free to raise objections today. So if anyone wants to raise the objection instead of trying to keep working on language, that's fine.

But if you want to wait and see if the language really does get finalized under 5.13 that's fine too.

People are being pretty quiet, Mr. Carlson.

```
Why don't we leave 5.13 behind and we'll come back
1
2
    to it?
 3
              MR. CARLSON: That works.
 4
              THE COURT: Okay, where do you want to go next?
 5
              MR. CARLSON: Well I think we can turn to the
 6
   Confirmation Order and I'm hoping a redline was filed. Let
7
   me just check to see.
8
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
 9
              MR. CARLSON: That was filed at 1720.
10
              THE COURT: All right.
11
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
              MR. CARLSON: Your Honor, I'm happy to proceed
12
13
    either by doing a page flip or we can organize it
    differently and go by objecting party and perhaps maybe
14
15
    start with various objecting parties, like BP or we can flip
16
             It's up to the Court on how to proceed there.
17
              THE COURT: So, it's probably better for me to do
18
   a page flip and better for them to do it by party. So we'll
    do what's better for me. How's that?
19
20
              MR. CARLSON: That works for us.
21
              THE COURT: All right. And then if any party
22
   needs to go back over it, you know, we'll do that as much as
23
   people need. But I really need to see it, I think, in a
24
   bigger context, so.
25
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
```

```
THE COURT: I'm leaving it up to you to tell me
 1
 2
    where to go, Mr. Carlson.
 3
              MR. CARLSON: So I think the first sort of
 4
    substantive change here would be --
 5
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
 6
              MR. CARLSON: This should be non-controversial but
 7
    it's O -- actually I'm sorry, it's M, the good faith
 8
             This is definitional what we define Plan documents
 9
    broadly and that'll be used later on.
10
              THE COURT: Hold on. So I may be on the wrong
    page. There was representative of the states has been added
11
    in. Is that before or after where we're going?
12
13
              MR. CARLSON: That is actually -- we'll start
    there.
14
              THE COURT: Okay.
15
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
16
17
              MR. CARLSON: So this was a provision added to
18
    finding these plan administrators, Risen Powers. Not aware
19
    of any issues raised with respect to this, but.
20
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
21
              THE COURT: All right.
22
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
23
              MR. CARLSON: And here we define Plan documents
24
   broadly to make sure we can -- we capture everything and
25
    that'll be used throughout.
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1
              THE COURT: Okay.
 2
              MR. CARLSON: In Section O here, we are simply
 3
    just carving out the field with one subsidiaries from the
 4
    Plan Administrators obligations and role. And indicating
 5
    that John Grannel Services (phonetic) is the officer and
 6
    director, manager.
7
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
8
              MR. CARLSON: Section KK is the next change.
 9
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
10
              MR. CARLSON: But I don't believe there's been any
11
    issues with that language. And so we made that same change
    in the next few paragraphs here you'll see.
12
13
              THE COURT: Right. Okay.
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
14
15
              MR. CARLSON: And X, that's the next, that's the
16
    application provision we added some language here consistent
17
    with the Court's ruling on limiting it to the Pacific Lumber
18
   and Mid-Atlantic ruling.
19
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
20
              THE COURT: All right.
21
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
22
              MR. CARLSON: I believe paragraph 21 is the next
23
   stop where -- let's see. This is the same language.
24
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
25
              THE COURT: All right.
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1
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
 2
              MR. CARLSON: This matches the same change we had
 3
   in the recitals that --
 4
              THE COURT: All right.
 5
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
 6
              MR. CARLSON: On the next page, Your Honor,
7
   starting in paragraph 38, we have a number of counter
8
   parties that were in discussion with regarding cure amounts.
 9
   And so we've listed out the parties that we've adjourned
10
    their cure objections for. And we've added additional
   parties since the previous version that was filed.
11
12
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
13
              THE COURT: Okay. And with respect to those, just
    to be sure that I'm on the same page as you are. We decide
14
15
    the cure amount, the Plan will be effective no matter what
16
    amount we decide.
              The amount we decide may alter your decision about
17
18
   whether you're going to assume a contract. But that's it in
19
    terms of where the range of latitude is. Is that fairly the
20
   way this is written?
              MR. CARLSON: That's correct. That's how I
21
22
   understand it.
23
              THE COURT: Okay. All right.
24
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
25
              MR. CARLSON: And then starting in paragraph 60 is
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where we start to have the negotiated inserts for each of
 1
    the various parties. And we can --
 2
 3
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
 4
              MR. CARLSON: And starting with Anadarko.
 5
    Debtors have resolve with Anadarko under Mr. Greendyke or
   Mr. Bruner as to the best resolves all issues with Anadarko.
 6
 7
              Next we go to Ecopetrol and Ridgewood, which has
 8
    also been agree with counsel for each of those parties.
 9
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
10
              THE COURT: I don't see any change in the
    Ecopetrol language. Did it occur in the prior version?
11
12
              MR. CARLSON: It was. It was attached in the
13
    prior version, that's right.
14
              THE COURT: Okay. Hold on. Mr. Greendyke?
              MR. GREENDYKE: good afternoon, Judge. Bill
15
    Greendyke, Norton Rose Fulbright on behalf of Anadarko
16
17
    Petroleum Corporation and Anadarko US Offshore.
18
              I just wanted to confirm what Mr. Carlson had said
    that we've got an agreement on the language.
19
20
              THE COURT: Mr. Greendyke, thank you.
21
              MR. GREENDYKE: Thank you, Judge.
22
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
23
              THE COURT: Mr. Singer?
              MR. SINGER: Good, Judge. Kelly Singer on behalf
24
25
    of Ecopetrol. I felt the necessity to extend the courtesy
```

- in saying the same thing. We have agreed on it and the explanation for paragraph 65 is notwithstanding what's happening with the credit bid document or I'm sorry with the credit bid purchase agreement, the access facilities.
- Our security interest and our rights in the security interest including the priority are just being reserved for right now. There's a question that -- as to whether or not our interest are actually senior to all the vendors involved here.
- And so, all those issues are just being reserved at this point. Hopefully it doesn't make any difference as we move on in the future.
- THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Singer. All right, so now we're on Ridgewood.
- MR. CARLSON: That's Mr. Fishel's client. Same, I understand Ridgewood signed off on that.
- 17 | THE COURT: Okay.

- MR. CARLSON: At paragraph 68, this is

 Mr. Skelton's client. Houston Energy and Red Willow. We

 have agreed to some additional language in this paragraph

 that was agreed just a few minutes before the call that will

 be reflected in a further revised.
- But understand that we are in agreement now with Mr. Skelton on those changes.
- THE COURT: And, Mr. Baay?

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MR. BAAY: Yes. Thank you, Your Honor. We are
getting to my paragraph -- I'm in paragraph 70 so I was just
raising my hand for when we get there.
          THE COURT: All right. Do you want to go ahead
and read to me the language you've agreed to with
Mr. Skelton's client, Mr. Carlson, so we know whether
there's, in fact, an agreement?
          MR. CARLSON: Sure. So it is -- let me just pull
it up here. At the very end, we add, "including any
indemnification reimbursement allegations that may arise
from the alleged names and claims of among others the
Atlantic Maritime Services LLC alleged liens, claims and
potential litigation against Fieldwood Energy, LLC and among
other HEDV and ROW in this Bankruptcy Court and the United
States District Court for the Eastern District of Louisiana.
Nothing herein shall be deemed an admission by any party
that any such liens and claims against Fieldwood Energy are
valid or enforceable."
          THE COURT: Thank you. And does anyone object to
these provisions with that addition?
     (No audible response.)
          THE COURT: All right.
     (Pause in the proceedings.)
          THE COURT: So footnote five will come out, right?
          MR. CARLSON: Correct.
```

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1
              THE COURT: Okay.
 2
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
 3
              MR. CARLSON: So then I think from there we go to
 4
   Mr. Baay's client, Westerngeco. Where we've bracketed the
 5
    date, the July 14, 2021 date. If you scroll up to
 6
   paragraph 70.
7
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
8
              THE COURT: And you say that's bracketed because?
 9
              MR. CARLSON: We're working with Westerngeco to
10
    finalize an arrangement for the use of the seismic data
11
   here. And this provision is intended just to keep the
    status quo. We're not assuming or rejecting these
12
13
    agreements under the Confirmation Order and intend to
    finalize that agreement.
14
15
              And I think the -- I think Mr. Baay will tell you
16
    that they would like that date to be sooner than July 14th.
17
   But I'll let Mr. Baay speak to that. And if --
18
              THE COURT: Mr. Baay.
19
              MR. BAAY: Your Honor, John Baay for Westerngeco.
    The reason why -- we had originally agreed back at the
20
21
   beginning of June to this language and a June 30th deadline.
22
              And then we got the revision, we saw July 14th.
23
   And the reason that June 30th is important because it
24
    enables them to recognize revenue in this quarter and that's
25
    important from a commercial standpoint for these guys.
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My understanding is that the agreements have been essentially agreed to. So I don't think there's anything that's going to prevent that from happening. I would prefer to keep the July 30th deadline in there and sort of keep everybody's feet to the fire and hope that we can get everything done.

I don't see a reason why it can't be done. There's some issues about proving a gap between when the new entities will be created. But I think we can do that in the document. We just need a signature before June 30th to be able to go forward and book this revenue even though it's not going to be collected for another 30 days.

So, that's why the date is important to us. We were hoping we could leave it June 30th and work together to make that happen.

THE COURT: What happens under the agreement if we put in June 30 and the deal doesn't get done? Do they have to stop using the data?

MR. BAAY: Yes. Yeah, unless we agree otherwise. Yeah, at such later date as may be agreed between and Credit Bid Purchaser and Westerngeco. So, certainly either one of us, I think, from a commercial standpoint wants that to happen, but we would like to at least, you know, keep it -- keep everybody working towards the June 30th deadline which we have been working towards since June 2nd when we agreed

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1
   to this language.
2
             And so, you know, --
 3
             THE COURT: Mr. Baay, can I ask if the following
 4
   would work and it may not. Put in July 14th, right after
 5
   where it says, "Westerngeco" put a semicolon and say
   provided that Fieldwood entities are ordered to use their
 6
7
   best efforts to complete the agreement by June 30th of 2021.
8
             MR. BAAY: That works, Your Honor. I appreciate
 9
    it.
             THE COURT: Mr. Carlson?
10
             MR. CARLSON: That works for Fieldwood as well.
11
              THE COURT: Okay, let's include that then in the
12
    final draft in the Confirmation Order. Thank you.
13
             MR. BAAY: Thank you, Judge.
14
15
              THE COURT: Okay.
             MR. CARLSON: This is a similar arrangement with
16
17
   TGS. I believe we've agreed on this provision as well.
18
             MR. BAAY: That's correct, Your Honor. That's
   also my client. And we have agreed to this document. Thank
19
20
   you.
21
              THE COURT: Mr. Baay, I'm going to go ahead and
22
   remute your line. Feel free to buzz back in if you need to.
23
             MR. BAAY: Thanks, Your Honor. I think I'm done
   with this.
24
25
             THE COURT: Thank you.
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1
             MR. BAAY: Thank you.
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
 2
 3
              THE COURT: Ms. Williamson? Ms. Williamson, I
 4
    can't hear you. You might want to see if your own line is
 5
   muted.
             MS. WILLIAMSON: Oh. No, Your Honor, I'm not
 6
7
   muted. I was raising my hand in connection to paragraph 72.
8
             THE COURT: Okay. I think we're going there then,
 9
    so.
10
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
11
              THE COURT: Mr. Carlson, Ms. Williamson.
12
   Paragraph 72.
13
             MR. CARLSON: Yes I had -- I think I -- I believe
14
   we're agreed on this paragraph, as well. But Ms. Williamson
    will correct me if I'm wrong about that.
15
             MS. WILLIAMSON: No, Your Honor, we've reached an
16
17
   agreement as to the language in paragraph 72. That resolves
18
   Valero's objection.
19
              THE COURT: Thank you for the announcement,
20
   Ms. Williamson.
                    I'm going to again mute your line and let
   you click back in if you need to speak again just to try and
21
22
    keep down background noise.
23
             MS. WILLIAMSON: Thank you, Your Honor.
24
              THE COURT: All right, 73 with Energy Transfer.
25
             MR. CARLSON: Yes, this is meant to Ms. Archiyna's
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client. I believe we're agreed on this as well, but we'll
1
2
    let Ms. Archiyna confirm, if she is on.
 3
              MS. ARCHIYNA: Good afternoon, Your Honor.
 4
   am confirming that we have reviewed this language, it is
 5
    acceptable and that resolves our concerns. Thank you very
   much.
 6
7
              THE COURT: Thank you, Ms. Archiyna.
8
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
 9
              MR. CARLSON: So, Your Honor, you'll see the Cox
10
   paragraph was deleted, but we have a broader paragraph that
11
    applies to several different predecessors in working with
12
    interest owners we'll get to later.
              We do have a discreet -- a separate discussion
13
    ongoing with Cox to address the contract issue that we're
14
15
    working through as well.
              THE COURT: So how will that be addressed today?
16
17
              MR. CARLSON: I think we can -- I think we've
18
   agreed on language that I can -- that I'd like to -- I'm not
19
    sure we've got -- we've confirmed.
20
              THE COURT: I've got Mr. Kind on the phone.
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Mr. Kind good afternoon.

21

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MR. KIND: Good afternoon, Your Honor. I'd like to confirm what Mr. Carlson said. That's all correct, Your Honor. We've got -- reached an agreement to be part of a different paragraph. I think it's new, paragraph 145 or

perhaps when we get to there we'll, you know, that will be discussed in more detail. But we agree with the language in that paragraph.

And in addition to that, Mr. Carlson and our team have exchanged language just minutes before the hearing that I think we're close to agreement on. That'll resolve some of the set off concerns that we raised with the Debtor's counsel.

And I think in the next turn of the redline of the Confirmation Order, we should have -- I'm hopeful we'll have agreed language by then.

THE COURT: Mr. Kind, thank you. All right, it sounds like you may need to click back in when we get back down to 145, but I'm going to mute you for now just to be sure that I don't have 100 people at one time.

MR. KIND: Sure.

THE COURT: All right. Mr. Carlson?

MR. CARLSON: This next paragraph, 75, this is -74 and 75 this is language we've agreed to with RLI's
counsel. Believe we're agreed on that as well, but Elliott
can confirm.

MR. SCHARFENBERG: Yes, that is confirmed, thank you.

THE COURT: Mr. Scharfenberg, thank you. Okay.

MR. CARLSON: And then the same goes, I believe,

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for the Maritime Claimant's paragraph as well. I'm not sure
 1
    if counsel is on this call, but I believe we're resolved
 2
 3
   here as well.
 4
              THE COURT: If anyone wishes to speak up with
 5
    respect to the treatment of the Maritime Claimant's under
    the Confirmation Order, please press five star.
 6
 7
         (No audible response.)
 8
              THE COURT: All right, I'll assume that it's okay.
 9
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
10
              MR. CARLSON: And then we've also agreed to
    language with the State of Texas. I believe it's in Valdez
11
12
    in this paragraph to be resolved there as well.
13
              THE COURT: Is there anyone -- there we go.
   Mr. Williams?
14
15
              MR. WILLIAMS: This is Randy Williams.
                                                      I was on
    paragraph 76 confirming that that was the language that the
16
17
   Maritime claimants had agreed to.
18
              THE COURT: All right, thank you Mr. Williams. I
    appreciate the confirmation.
19
20
              MR. WILLIAMS: Thank you.
              THE COURT: All right, is there anyone here on
21
22
    behalf of the State of Texas or its entities?
23
         (No audible response.)
24
              THE COURT: Okay, I'm going to assume this
25
    language is agreeable to them. If they're not -- oh wait,
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we do have somebody. Ms. Ryan from the Attorney General's office, in fact.

Ms. Ryan, good afternoon.

MS. RYAN: Judge, good afternoon Judge Isgur.

This is Abigail Ryan on behalf of the Railroad Commission of

Texas. Again the Texas tax claims is not my wheel well.

Our section does everything non-tax bankruptcy.

And so I had nothing to do with the language that is in paragraph 78. And I don't know if we have another AG for this taxing side. I am here, though, to represent the Attorney General and the Railroad Commission if you have any questions, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right, I'm just going to assume this is okay unless, you know, you get somebody -- you can get somebody on to object before we get to the end of the order, but otherwise I assume they've reached agreement as Mr. Carlson has announced. So, I'm going to leave it alone.

MS. RYAN: I'll put out an email, Your Honor, to our group and see if anyone has any objections.

THE COURT: All right thank you Ms. Ryan. Do you want me to go ahead and remute your line or did you want to stay on for any of the other paragraphs?

MS. RYAN: You can remute me. That is fine. Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Thank you. All right, Mr. Carlson?

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MR. CARLSON: So same goes as I understand for Louisiana, Department of Revenue. We should be resolved with the Louisiana DOR. Counsel's name is escaping me right now, but I should be okay there. THE COURT: I know those folks well. Is there anybody here from LDR? (No audible response.) THE COURT: All right, I'm going to assume that we're okay with them. They participate regularly when they have an issue and I think they'll be fine if they're not here. Okay. MR. CARLSON: So the next set of paragraphs here are the Apache Sureties -- sorry the Apache paragraphs that there have been some changes to that if you folks want to read through, but. THE COURT: Hold on a second. Mr. Brescia? MR. BRESCIA: Yes, good afternoon, Your Honor. Duane Brescia for Zurich American Insurance Company. Just raised my hand as we're discussing these. I think Ms. Russell has received consent from two, maybe all four of the sureties to proposed language that was circulated only about 30 minutes ago, 45 minutes ago. I don't know if that's going to be read in today. I'll defer to Ms. Russell first.

THE COURT: All right, Ms. Russell we'll let you

go first then. Good afternoon.

MS. RUSSELL: Good afternoon, Your Honor. A lot going on behind the scenes here. We actually have some language that we requested to 82, which I proposed we work out with the Debtor in the -- in the next break.

And if the Court will bear with me, I will find the language that Mr. Brescia is referring to. And it relates subrogation rights. Is this what you were referring to Duane?

MR. BRESCIA: Yes, I think there are edits to paragraph -- I believe they are 81, 92 and I guess there's a new paragraph 90 -- excuse me. New paragraph 95 are the ones I think we're in agreement on.

MS. RUSSELL: Okay, Your Honor. If you would indulge us. If we could skip over the Apache section. We were negotiating this even as the hearing was ongoing. And we need some time to get organized to walk through this with you.

THE COURT: It's only \$600 million, Ms. Russell.

Let's try and get it done.

MS. RUSSELL: I apologize.

THE COURT: All right. Just -- look do you want to try and make the announcements on the record? You guys have been working hand-in-hand now for awhile or do you want to just put it in the next form of order? I really think

that as long as I understand what you've done, that I'm not going to intervene on whether I approve of the business decision between, you know, two non-Debtor entities.

So it's only going to be one -- I'm only going to look to be sure that I don't think it's ambiguous so that I can enforce it if a dispute arises.

So I'm inclined to think that you-all can just agree and put it in there and I'll look at it on the final version that gets uploaded.

MS. RUSSELL: I think that would be a good plan.

I didn't know if you planned on entering this at the end of the hearing today. But if we have the ability to make these final fine tuned language then I think that would be the most efficient use of the Court's time.

THE COURT: So unless something surprises me, which it hasn't yet, it's my intention to allow one more version to be uploaded but not to hold another hearing on it. That I can then just review -- if you upload a regular and a black line version, I'll review to be sure that I understand it. And then I will have it entered without another hearing.

And I know that we still have -- everyone still has the ability at the end of this hearing to voice their objections if things haven't gotten resolved. So, that may get upset before we get to the end of the day. But so far I

haven't heard a reason to come back.

I mean, because again, my interest in -- I don't get to say whether I think you and Mr. Brescia have reached a good deal. It's only its impact on the estate that I can review in priority for the purpose of being sure that I can enforce it, so.

I haven't heard anything that the estate should, you know, needs a hearing about is my view. Are you okay with that?

MS. RUSSELL: Yes, Your Honor. And if we, for some reason feel like things cannot resolve, we will ask for a very short audience with you.

THE COURT: No, I'll give you an emergency hearing if you want and I'll even give you one now as a contingent hearing if you want it. I just don't think it's necessary and it'll just make you spend more money and time and I'm thinking by, you know, 5:00 or 5:30 you-all will have an order uploaded and Ms. Doe never sleeps so she'll get it entered tonight.

MS. RUSSELL: All right, thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Thank you.

MR. BRESCIA: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: So I'm going to go ahead and mute both of your lines so you-all can go do work. And we did have somebody from New York that has a comment they want to make.

Who do we have?

MS. LIOU: Yes, Your Honor, Jessica Liou from Weil, Gotshal & Manges. I did want to echo what Ms. Russell said which is are actually still are working with Apache and Blenders on some language for this section.

So to the extent that we can't come to an agreement -- and I'm confident that we will -- then that may be an issue that we'll have to address at another time.

THE COURT: Look I want to get an order entered.

This has dragged on awhile. If you-all can't reach an agreement, I want you contacting Ms. Doe and we will come back tonight. So, I say that --

MS. LIOU: Absolutely, Your Honor.

THE COURT: -- and I want you to understand. I'm not even a little bit impatient about it. It's amazing all the progress you've made. But I think the way to treat all the progress you've made is to recognize that you're doing that for a reason and everybody wants to get this done.

And so it's really out of respect for what you've done. And I don't have any impatience about it. If you-all were literally to come back and say you needed another day, I got it. But you probably more need time --

MS. LIOU: No Your Honor I do not expect us to need another day. We just need probably another hour to work it out.

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1
              THE COURT: Okay. Well, I just want -- assuming
    that we conclude today with no outstanding objections, when
 2
 3
    you get it filed please contact Ms. Doe and I will look at
 4
    it right away.
 5
              I do have a 4:00 o'clock hearing. And so I expect
 6
    that hearing to take less than an hour, but I may be wrong
 7
    about that. But it's not like I'm going anywhere. I
    just -- I may have an hour when I can't look at whatever you
 8
 9
    submit. But beyond that I'm pretty free.
10
              Okay, let's move ahead. Where are you next,
   Mr. Carlson?
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12
              MR. CARLSON: From there, Your Honor, I go to
    paragraph 97. This is the non-Apache sureties reservation
13
    rights language.
14
15
              And here --
              THE COURT: Wait a minute.
16
17
              MR. CARLSON: -- we have received.
18
              THE COURT: Hold on. I ended up in the wrong
   place.
19
20
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
21
              THE COURT: Okay, I'm about there. There we go.
22
              MR. CARLSON: Your Honor, this paragraph I think
23
    is kind of (glitch in the audio) reservation of rights the
24
    way I see it. Number one, that nothing in the Plan document
25
   modify the rights as between obligees and sureties. That's
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sort of what's captured in A.

B is nothing requires non-Apache Sureties to extend additional new surety credit. And then C is nothing in the order or Plan documents increase or decrease rights of sureties against non-Debtor parties for the post-effective date Debtors, Fieldwood One, Two and Four, and the NewCo entity with the reservation of rights with respect to assumed contracts.

And I think --

THE COURT: So tell me -- I don't understand how A works in combination with the exculpation clause.

MR. CARLSON: So A is limited to the non-Apache sureties. Nothing is adjudicating or modifying their rights as between only those non-Apache sureties and the obligees under their respective bonds.

THE COURT: But does that mean that there can be a dispute between the obligees and the non-Apache sureties as to matters that are exculpated in the Plan? Or does the exculpation clause control over A?

Because I think both have not withstanding anything else and I'm a little nervous about having contradictory paragraphs that say notwithstanding anything else.

What's the deal on how this interacts with that?

MR. CARLSON: Yeah, I think your right. I think

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it's -- we do have that language on the less expressly
  provided the contrary in the Plan documents. Language here
  and I think you're right that if there is an expressed
  provision that does impact that, that would supersede this
  language in A.
6
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THE COURT: I mean, it says unless expressly provided and then it says nothing in the exculpation provision does these things. I do not want the ambiguity. I want to have you guys apparently talk some more to be sure that I don't have cross conflicts like that.

I'm happy with however you-all resolve it. maybe you-all have an agreement that I'm not fully appreciating. Let's see, Mr. Ripley?

(Pause in the proceedings.)

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THE COURT: Mr. Ripley?

MR. RIPLEY: Oh, good afternoon, Your Honor. Ripley with Andrews Myers on behalf of Chevron and various affiliates.

Judge this whole paragraph first came about last And the first introductory clause is a problem. afternoon. Because what it does is it basically takes away the reservation of rights language. I think there's some other provision that's buried in the thousands and thousands and thousands of pages of other documents that people met all the transactions under the Plan.

It's overly broad in and it's completely 1 unnecessary. The -- this was added in because one 2 3 particular obligees and predecessor had worked out 4 additional language. And so there's a way to deal with that 5 parties unique issues without having this. Because right now -- particularly under 6 7 subparagraph A -- my client is an obligee under various bonds and we have no idea, again if anything in any of the -8 9 - for example Fieldwood Energy One or the Newco Credit Bid transaction documents has some effect on our bonds. 10 We haven't checked all those pages. We shouldn't 11 12 be forced to check all those pages. 13 Again, that first clause needs to come out. It's 14 unnecessary. 15 THE COURT: Which first clause? MR. RIPLEY: The "unless expressly provided to the 16 17 contrary in the Plan documents." 18 THE COURT: But then if it says, "the exculpation provision doesn't effect people's rights under the deal in 19 the Plan." And it does effect people's rights under the 20 deal in the Plan. 21 22 I mean we are ordering that no one can 23 subsequently challenge the deal. The deal is protected. 24 MR. RIPLEY: Yeah, I think -- Judge I think you 25 raise a good issue that no one else had raised yesterday in

the discussions amongst all different parties. They ought to be able to carve in the exculpation because -- to make sure that there isn't some gap or inconsistency.

But that introductory clause was not raised in connection with the exculpation in all the discussions yesterday. Again it was added solely to deal with one individual obligee and predecessors peculiar issues and there is easier ways to deal with that.

THE COURT: Mr. Bains. Mr. Bains?

MR. BAINS: Good afternoon, yeah good afternoon, Your Honor. Brandon Bains on behalf of Travelers, Liberty, Hanover and XL.

I just wanted to echo Mr. Ripley's comments. You know we had some discussion about this language. In fact, Mr. Ripley's clients, Chevron, is an obligee for all four of my sureties.

I think the intention here, Your Honor, is simply that if we get down the road and there is a bond claim by Chevron, I think all parties agree that nothing in the plan, nothing in the order impacts Chevron's rights under the bonds, impacts our defenses under the bonds. And I think that's what we're trying to accomplish here.

I would agree with him that I think the first clause should be taken out because it just adds to confusion and we really seek to adjudicate something that is outside

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1
   the purview of this Court when it comes to any of those bond
    claims two or three years from now.
2
 3
              THE COURT: Yeah, that makes a lot of sense.
 4
    just to put that sort of in a hypothetical example. If the
 5
    obligee a year ago did something that would preclude your
 6
    liability to the obligee that argument remains.
7
              But the obligees participation in the Plan would
   not be a defense. And if we can say those, I think that's
8
 9
    consistent with what I'm intending to order. I don't think
10
    this says that.
              MR. RIPLEY: And Judge, -- yeah that is the
11
12
   intent.
              THE COURT: Great. I don't know how to say that.
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   We can all take a stab at it, but should I let you-all take
14
15
   a stab all together without me.
              MR. RIPLEY: Yes, Your Honor, we'll take a stab at
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17
    it.
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              THE COURT: Mr. Dendinger? Mr. Dendinger?
              MR. DENDINGER: Yes, good afternoon, Your Honor.
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    I guess for the record, Mark Dendinger, Bracewell for ENI
21
    Petroleum US LLC and ENI US Operating Company. May I be
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   heard?
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MR. DENDINGER: I believe Mr. Ripley is

generically referring to -- for my clients as the obligee

THE COURT: Yes, sir.

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with the peculiar language.

I didn't realize that it expressly provided to the contrary in the Plan documents was solely put in for my clients benefits.

But the reason that lead in was important to us is without some version of a lead in that would say, "except expressly provide to the contrary" in paragraphs X to Y of this Order and the ENI definitive documentation are concerned with me this entire paragraph and my client's rights as obligee and the non-Apache's sureties rights would vitiate the paragraph that we negotiated that we'll come to later on in the Order.

I believe the paragraph range is 118 -- 111 to 118. I apologize, Your Honor. So Mr. Ripley has made a sound deduction --

THE COURT: Could it say, for example -- and I haven't read 111 to 118 -- subject to paragraphs 111 to 118. Would that have the same effect?

MR. DENDINGER: Yes, yes. And that would be fine, Your Honor. I would prefer that it also maybe use the phrase "and the ENI definitive documentation."

THE COURT: It doesn't bother me as long as it's limited to ENI. All right, from Chicago, 502-2956.

MR. KOOY: Yes, Your Honor. Ralph Kooy on behalf of North American Specialty. I did want to add our

agreement with Mr. Bains and Mr. Ripley that we didn't understand the need for that first clause.

You know, one of the entries our client continues to have and we say it's advisable to half of -- or on behalf of Fieldwood, but namely Chevron and ENI as obligee.

You know, we still have our larger objection. And it relates, you know, to the term sheets that have been entered that we sort of, you know, obtuse or abstruse references to the surety providing money for clean up.

We still don't think there's, you know, a clear understanding of how these bonds survive and under what basis. I have not reviewed paragraph 111 through 118, but our -- you know, we're happy with the language that nothing in the order or plan shall be deemed to modify, you know, our defenses should these obligees specifically any and Chevron make a claim because we want to be able to preserve our surety defenses.

We're still hesitant, you know, we agree that that last provision should be removed consistent with Mr. Bains and his position on behalf of his clients. We would have to take at look at 111 and 118 and I assume that means we'll be doing that offline here.

THE COURT: All right. Let me just be sure that you're telling me the same thing others are. You're not looking -- well. I know they argued against this. I've

overruled the question of whether you can have a defense based on what's occurring in the Plan itself.

So to the extent that that's your objection, I'm substantively overruling it. But I am sustaining any objection that says that I should effect rights other than were determined in the Plan.

And I don't think paragraph 97 is correct in that regard on any side of that. So hopefully you-all can work through that some more. And that may take more than this afternoon and I understand that. But it's an important paragraph.

MR. KOOY: All right.

THE COURT: Is that -- and I know that you have that objection. I want there to be a clear record. You can appeal it. I've got zero problem with that.

But I agree that your defenses that existed when this case was filed, we should not be adjudicating or altering at all. It's only the Plan itself that we're approving can't then serve as the defense.

And I know that you disagree with that. I've got no problem with you disagreeing with that. But that's the part I'm overruling and only that part.

MR. KOOY: Understood.

THE COURT: Thank you. All right.

MR. BAINS: Your Honor, Brandon Bains, if I may.

THE COURT: Sure, Mr. Bains.

MR. BAINS: And just, Your Honor on that point for purposes of the record, I did want to make clear, at least on behalf of my clients, that we do still have substantive legal objections to the Plan.

We understand the Court has overruled those.

Obviously all of this is subject to those objections. But trying to get to the language that we're not opposed to as part of the Confirmation Order. I think you said that before, but I just wanted to make that clear.

THE COURT: I did and I'll reiterate it now. I made substantive rulings during the hearing. Perhaps just clarified one so that there could be no ambiguity about what I meant to say.

And then I ordered the parties -- like you and your client, Mr. Bains, -- to agree on a form that would implement the rulings. And you are not waiving anything -- it's not my intent that you're ruling anything by agreeing to the form of the order in a manner that is consistent with the Court's rulings. And your objections previously made are preserved in that regard.

And that is true for everyone that is, you know, working as best I can tell in absolute good faith to try and implement the Court's orders. I have no problem with what anybody is doing or saying here. And expect that no

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Appellate Court would think that the work of fine lawyers implementing a Court order shouldn't be a waiver. It's just not.
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MR. KOOY: Your Honor, I don't know if I'm still unmated. This is Ralph Kooy again.

THE COURT: No, you're still live.

MR. KOOY: Okay. I just -- I appreciate that clarification and we had not, you know, officially made our closing voicing and continuing our objection. But based on your (indiscernible) that that applies to North American Specialty as well.

THE COURT: It applies to them and to all the others that raised objections that I overruled. You know, this is a really hard long complicated thing. And for your clients too, you want a clear order even for appellate purposes.

And compliance with my direction to try and work on getting something that clarifies and implements the Court's rulings only shows good lawyering and not waiver as far as I'm concerned. And I make that as to all --

MR. KOOY: Thank you very much, Your Honor.

THE COURT: -- all parties. Thank you. All right, so I'm going to let everybody tell me if this means that want a little -- maybe overnight -- to work on that paragraph and come back in the morning or something.

But I am worried about getting this one done with 1 2 this many parties that really care about how that language is going to fit in. 3 4 So let's go on down. What do you have next? 5 MR. CARLSON: Well, I think these next couple of 6 paragraphs were also a part of those same discussions. I 7 think paragraph 98 is really clarification that -- you heard a lot of testimony and discussion on this. None of the nine 8 9 Apache bonds where the Debtor is the principal are being 10 allocated or assigned pursuant to the Plan. 11 I don't think there's anything controversial about 12 98, but folks can speak up if so. 13 And then paragraph 99 is really intended to try and address what is being dealt -- what subrogation rights 14 15 are being dealt with under the Plan and what aren't for the pre-post subrogation rights discussion that we've had. 16 (Pause in the proceedings.) 17 18 THE COURT: I'm not sure what 99 means. 19 (Pause in the proceedings.) 20 MR. CARLSON: What this is intended to say is that any post-effective date subrogation rights are not being. 21 22 The way I read this anyway, others can disagree but, are not 23 being dealt with or are not being enjoined release, altered

or diminished not by the non-Apache Surety subrogation

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rights.

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THE COURT: So, if money is paid to the Government under the Plan, by a bonding company, can they come back against NewCo? Because my ruling was they couldn't and this paragraph seems to say they can. I don't think it's consistent with my ruling. MR. CARLSON: They cannot. They cannot, Your I think that's right and if we need to fix this to be consistent we will. THE COURT: I read this to say that if a subrogation right arises on the effective date and on the effective date Newco will be an owner, if they're preserved. And that is not my intention. I believe it is inconsistent with Mid Atlantic. MR. BAINS: Your Honor, Brandon Bains, if I may? THE COURT: Yes, sir. MR. BAINS: Let me just say for my four sureties, Your Honor, we do not have any Government bonds. All of our bonds are on behalf or excuse me, on behalf of Fieldwood in favor of private entities. THE COURT: Right. MR. BAINS: I can say for my purposes, we're simply trying to preserve those subrogation rights. I think it's maybe a different issue than the Court is hitting on. So I do think the folks that have the Government bonds can speak up if they need to on that.

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              But I do think it's important for any of the other
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    subrogation rights for sureties that private bonds be
 3
   preserved after the effective dates, which is what this
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    language is at least attempting to get do.
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              THE COURT: So, is Newco buying any of the
   property on which your client can assert subrogation rights?
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              MR. BAINS: There are assets bonded by my clients
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    that are flowing to Newco, yes.
9
              THE COURT: Yeah, I am --
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              MR. BAINS: I still have -- I mean --
              THE COURT: -- so this is a ruling I tried to make
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12
   before. Newco buys free and clear.
              MR. BAINS: I don't know that that's the issue
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    that we're fighting about. I think the issue is more if,
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    for instance Mr. Ripley's client, Chevron, if we pay out on
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   that bond on an asset that has gone to Newco, we're
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   subrogated to Chevron's rights or the other obligee.
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              THE COURT: This has being bought free and clear
   of Chevron's rights, right? Newco isn't taking it and then
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20
   having to pay other than what they've agreed to pay.
21
    don't have to pay extra via subrogation.
22
              MR. BAINS: No, I think I'm saying something
23
   different, Your Honor.
24
              THE COURT: Okay.
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              MR. BAINS: I think I'm talking about in the
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future lets say if Newco otherwise did not perform long 1 after the effective date for their own obligations with the 2 3 Government. If the Government issued some sort of order 4 that flowed back to Chevron in the chain of title or not. 5 However we come to pay under our bond, we're just simply 6 saying we maintain those subrogation rights against our 7 private obligees. 8 I don't know that it's impacting the free and 9 clear concept that the Court is worried about. 10 THE COURT: I think it depends if what you're 11 describing is Newco post effective date puts up a new platform. That's Newco's problem. I don't know that anyone 12 has bonded that. But that's Newco's problem. And people 13 14 are going to be subrogated. 15 But people are not going to be able to sue Newco 16 for a error obligation that arose before their acquisition. 17 MR. BAINS: That arose before the acquisition is 18 that what you said? THE COURT: Right. If the error obligation 19 20 existed on the date, you know, prior to the date of Newco's 21 acquisition, Newco can't be forced to pay that other than 22 what the Plan says. That's the whole fundamental --23 MR. BAINS: Yeah I understand. 24 THE COURT: -- premises of the Plan.

MR. BAINS: I would agree that's the premise of

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   the Plan. I don't think that's what this is saying.
    is saying subrogation rights that would arise after that.
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             THE COURT: No it says other than those
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   subrogation that arose on or before the effective date.
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             MR. BAINS: Well the -- I think Ms. Loui or
 6
   Mr. Carlson talked to this. The intention was saying
 7
   nothing is going to impact the subrogation rights other than
    those ones that came before. Those are the ones that are
 8
 9
   being impacted. Those are the ones that are being cut off.
10
             The intention was to keep the ones afterwards.
   And I don't believe I'm misrepresenting Ms. Loui.
11
12
              THE COURT: I got it. I got it. Okay, so I maybe
    just misreading this. Thank you. I think I was misreading
13
14
    it. Let me try again.
15
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
              THE COURT: I was misreading it. I think you're
16
17
   right. I'm going to withdraw my comment.
18
             MR. BAINS: Thank you.
             THE COURT: Thank you. Sorry, Mr. Carlson, about
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    that diversion scary statement by me. I got it wrong.
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             MR. CARLSON: No problem.
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             THE COURT: Let's go ahead. Hold on. Ms. Ryan,
23
   welcome back.
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             MS. RYAN: Thank you, Judge Isgur. Again for the
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   record this is Abigail Ryan on behalf of the Railroad
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Commission of Texas.

I can conferred with my colleagues on the tax bankruptcy side here at the Attorney General's Office, Your Honor. And the taxing entity referred to -- and I believe it's paragraph 78 or 77 -- are ad valorem taxes. And so, we don't represent each and every separate county or school district that has taxing issues.

What is -- that was handled by -- let me pull it up there. (Glitch in the audio) by a private law firm and filed an objection and that firm is the Perdue, Brandon, Fielder, Collins and Mott law firm. It looks like Ellen Connex filed an objection and this is Melissa Valdez also on their signatory block. So, this is out of the Attorney General's purview for today.

THE COURT: Thank you for the announcement. I'm taking, though, that the Attorney General -- perhaps because it doesn't have an assignment, perhaps because it hasn't been called on to act -- the Attorney General is not asserting an objection to those paragraphs, right?

MS. RYAN: Correct. In fact, I just received an email as you were speaking from the manager of the taxing section of our office. And he looked at the Order and he doesn't have a problem with that provision of the proposed Order or the one addressing Louisiana's taxing concerns.

And so that's from Mr. John Stern. He's the

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manager of the bankruptcy tax section of Attorney General's
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    Office.
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              THE COURT: All right, thank you Ms. Ryan.
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              MS. RYAN: Thank you, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: Mr. Zuber?
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         (Pause in the proceedings.)
 7
              THE COURT: Mr. Zuber, if you're talking your line
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    is muted.
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              MR. ZUBER: I'm sorry, Your Honor. I was just
    going to arise to address Your Honor's concern about
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11
    paragraph 99, but those have now been resolved. So I don't
12
   need to address at this point.
              THE COURT: Thank you. Mr. Schaible?
13
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
14
              THE COURT: Mr. Schaible?
15
              MR. SCHAIBLE: Your Honor, I was just going to ask
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17
    with respect to that paragraph, I think that everyone on
18
    this call expectation and understanding is clear. But later
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    in the Order, we have somewhat similar language and what we
    did there was clarify that with respect to post-effective
20
    date activities. And I'm wondering if we could add -- if we
21
22
    could add that in the paragraph?
23
              Again, I think everyone understands the point, but
24
    the language -- as Your Honor pointed out -- could actually
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   benefit from being clearer.
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In other words, to the extent that subrogation started -- to the extent that work on account of pre-effective date activities occurs post-effective date and therefore the subrogation could theoretically arise post-effective date, but it's with regard to pre-effective date obligations, credit bid Newco should not be on the hook is your point. And I'm wondering if just the addition of, you know, with respect to post-effective date activities may solve that ambiguity. THE COURT: Sounds like that makes some sense to me. Let's see if it causes anybody any problem because you-all are going to have a bunch of discussions. Ms. Loui, did you have a comment about that as well? MS. LOUI: Yes, Your Honor. I was actually going to say exactly what Mr. Schaible said. So I think we're in agreement that we have some clarifying to do on the language in paragraph 99. THE COURT: Thank you. All right, let's move to paragraph -- I'm sorry, go ahead. MR. BAINS: I'm sorry, Your Honor, Brandon Bains. I don't want to belabor this point too much, but I do want to make sure that I understand what Mr. Schaible is saying. If he's simply saying that they want to make clear

that it's post-effective date activities, I think that's consistent with everything we've talked about. One concern is he seemed to make a comment about pre-effective date obligations and those are two different things.

I mean there's no dispute, obviously, all bonds are pre-effective date otherwise we wouldn't be participating in this joyous process.

So yeah we're going to have bonds that are pre-effective date. The question is going to become whether the obligations under those bonds arise post-effective date, therefore giving rise to the subrogation rights.

If we're all on the same page that that's fine, okay. I think that's what we're saying, but I want to make sure I understood him correctly.

THE COURT: Yeah, so look there's the argument that I think we all know which is that the owner of property has a continuing duty to clean it up. And so one could argue that post-effective date an obligation arose. They're saying that they shouldn't have liability for those. I think that's right.

On the other hand, there could be activity they engage in post-effective date. Let's say they go, you know, disturb a pipe or they go install a new platform and for that they should have liability.

And so that's what I think the purpose of

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Mr. Schaible's comment was. I don't know if that's
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 2
    inconsistent with what you're saying.
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             MR. BAINS: I think all I'm simply saying is yes
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    that's what you just captured is the understanding of the
 5
   provision. But if there was some notion that because a bond
 6
   was issued pre-effective date that it never has any
 7
   subrogation rights I do not agree with that.
 8
             MR. SCHAIBLE: No, that is not -- that is not what
 9
    I intended, sorry. Literally the addition would be just the
10
   words "on account of post-effective date activities" into
   the existing language. That's all.
11
12
             MR. BAINS: Understood, Mr. Schaible. I think we
    can look at that then. We have to do it anyways. Thank
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14
   you.
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             THE COURT: Thank you. All right, let's go to
   paragraph 100. Hold on, I've got somebody else. Mr. Zuber
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17
   go ahead, your line is remaining active. Mr. Zuber?
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         (Pause in the proceedings.)
             THE COURT: Mr. Balasko?
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         (Pause in the proceedings.)
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              THE COURT: Mr. Balasko?
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             MR. BALASKO: Thank you, Your Honor. Zach Balasko
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   for the Department of the Interior. As to paragraph 100 is
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    a very, very minor change. I don't think the terms BOEM and
25
   BSEE are defined anywhere in the Order or the Plan. So,
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somewhere either in the Plan or in this Order those terms need to be defined.

THE COURT: Except we all know them.

MR. BALASKO: That's true, Your Honor, but whoever's looking at this in the future might not.

THE COURT: All right. Mr. Carlson, where do you want to go next?

MR. CARLSON: Your Honor, the next I think nine or ten paragraphs are the Chevron specific paragraphs. I am not aware of any objections. But -- and they haven't changed. But would -- I guess Mr. Ripley may have something to say about it, but from our perspective these are --

MR. RIPLEY: Yes, Your Honor. Ed Ripley, Your Honor, Andrews and Myers on behalf of Chevron. Yeah, we had provided for example, in what's now paragraph 101. We had provided additional protective language that would go in at the end.

That language comes from other parts of the exact same order. And so we don't understand why that would not be included there.

And we've provided the redlines to Mr. Carlson and his team. I can -- I can even have it brought up if you want to see it Judge. But it is a literally a cut and paste from other provisions in the exact same order -- in this order.

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              And it's protective language and reservation of
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    rights language.
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              THE COURT: Let me give Mr. Carlson a minute to
 4
    look at it.
 5
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
              MR. CARLSON: Yeah, I don't think we're agreed on
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 7
    this language yet. We're going to have to look at it.
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              MR. RIPLEY: Right, I think it slightly changed in
 9
    your new paragraph 62. But whatever that language is, we
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    just wanted to have the exact same language. Wherever you
    come down on that.
11
12
              MR. CARLSON: Okay, Mr. Ripley, it sounds like we
    can work this out.
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              THE COURT: Thank you. Mr. Zuber?
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              MR. STURM: Good afternoon, Judge. This is Jay
    Strum for Aspen, Berkley and Sirius Insurance companies.
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              I apologize, Judge. I tried to raise my hand a
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   minute ago to speak on 99. We were just a little bit
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    confused as to the ruling with respect to 99, Judge.
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              Our understanding and based on our negotiations
    with the other parties is that what is being preserved is
21
    any subrogation rights that arise post-effective date -- and
22
23
    that would be for any operations by the credited purchaser.
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    You know, it's really geared toward if the credited
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    purchaser doesn't comply with the -- with their obligations
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under the BOEM regulations and they don't do their
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    decommissioning, an surety has to step in and perform, then
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    the surety should be subrogated to -- as against the
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    credited purchaser.
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              That was what that was aimed at and Your Honor's
   comments with respect to new wells, new platforms and I just
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7
   want to make sure it would be as to any obligee.
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              THE COURT: I am overruling that objection now for
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    the fourth time. The purchasers are not undertaking an
10
    obligation to do error work other than as specifically
11
   provided in the Plan.
12
              And you are not subrogated to the right to sue
    them for failure to do error work if that error work existed
13
   prior to the effective date. I understand that the sureties
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15
   massively object to that ruling, but that's the ruling.
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              MR. STRUM: Understood Judge. We appreciate the
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   clarity.
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              THE COURT: Thank you. All right, let's go back,
   Mr. Carlson?
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20
              MR. CARLSON: So from there, Your Honor, I would
21
   go to paragraph 111 through --
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              MR. RIPLEY: Actually we have some other Chevron
23
   issues, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: Go ahead, Mr. Ripley.
25
              MR. RIPLEY: Judge, what is now paragraph 105, we
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have again -- we provided similar protective language that comes from another provision in the Order. The exact same language.

And Mr. Carlson, again, this is the language that we sent you. I'm not clear if that slightly changed, but wherever you land on with that, we just wanted to have that exact same language in. And again I'm glad to talk with you separately.

But that's the redline that we had provided yesterday. And would come in at the end of what is now paragraph 105. I'm sorry, yes previously 101 is now 105.

MR. CARLSON: Understood, we'll have to talk off line, Mr. Ripley. I just haven't had a chance to review it. Apologies.

MR. RIPLEY: Sure. Understood. Judge, the next is paragraph 107 in the current Order. In the very beginning of that, after "all rights of any applicable proofs of entity.

We needed to insert "and/or other applicable obligees" because some of our bonds there are more than one party as an obligee on the bond. We are not the sole obligee.

(Pause in the proceedings.)

THE COURT: Mr. Carlson?

MR. CARLSON: Yes, I don't think we have a problem

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with that addition, but I only speak for the Debtors, so.
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2
              THE COURT: Thank you. Mr. Ripley?
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              MR. RIPLEY: And Judge, the last -- well it's not
 4
    the last. The next paragraph which is now 104 -- I'm sorry,
 5
    108.
              In the very beginning, the Court is approving
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7
    certain of the field documents. And we need to insert the
    Coosa (phonetic) implementation agreement into I in the
8
 9
    whole and then following in.
              That document by its own terms requires Court
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    approval. And of course Section 363 would require to be
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12
    approved.
              So again, we've provided comments to the Weil
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    team. So right after "approves the" and before "Coosa
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    definitive documents" we would insert "Coosa Implementation
   Agreement and."
16
17
              And then just that same insert "Coosa
18
    Implementation Agreement and" would fall in the same place
19
    in two ii in two different places.
20
              And again, I'm glad to work with Mr. Carlson off
21
    line, but we had provided that change yesterday.
22
              MR. CARLSON: That change is fine with the
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   Debtors. I think the other ones -- the other changes you
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    discussed we'll have to discuss separately off line, but
25
    that one is fine.
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              MR. RIPLEY: Sure. Appreciate it. Thank you.
    And then the last is what is now paragraph 106. Judge there
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 3
    are a couple of interests that are being acquired by Newco
 4
    Credit Bid Purchaser.
 5
              And those interests are riding through and would
 6
   be permitted encumbrances. So to make that clear at the
 7
    very end of the paragraph --
 8
              THE COURT: I think this must not be 106. What
 9
   paragraph are you in?
10
              MR. RIPLEY: I'm sorry, it's now 110. My
    apologies, Judge.
11
12
              THE COURT: That's okay.
              MR. RIPLEY: Toggling between the old and the new.
13
    So at the very end, that last clause should -- we think the
14
15
    easiest fix "shall be" -- this is a defined term -- "credit
   bid permitted encumbrances."
16
17
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
18
              MR. RIPLEY: I don't think there's any dispute
   because these are riding through.
19
20
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
              MR. CARLSON: That change is fine as well, but I'd
21
22
    like to just confirm with others. I know these paragraphs
23
   have been very heavily negotiated.
24
              MR. RIPLEY: There's another way to fix it. But
25
    we thought this was the simplest way to do it Judge just to
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1 make sure. 2 THE COURT: All right, then let's move ahead. 3 MR. RIPLEY: Thank you Judge and thank you 4 Mr. Carlson. 5 THE COURT: Thank you. So I think we were going 6 to talk about 111 to 118 on the EIN deal and said we would 7 back to that, which we're there now. MR. DENDINGER: Yes, Your Honor, again for the 8 9 record -- sorry Mr. Carlson. 10 MR. CARLSON: No, go ahead Mr. Dendinger. MR. DENDINGER: I apologize for interrupting, 11 12 Mr. Carlson. Again, for the record Mark Dendinger from Bracewell for EIN. 13 Your Honor, these paragraphs, 111 to 118, are the 14 15 paragraphs that I referenced that were of concern. 16 Just for Your Honor's benefit these paragraphs 17 other than the new change in 118 -- which I think is an 18 asset change -- these were included in the form of implementation agreement that was filed with the Court as 19 20 part of the Plan supplement. That was filed on June 15th at docket 1562 21 22 approximately nine days ago. So again, this has been a 23 matter of public record for some time. I believe how

they've been woven into the Confirmation Order is -- if

there are any changes to what was in the implementation

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agreement they simply are conforming comments and/or I've additional changes to make it read well and in accord with other defined terms in the Confirmation Order.

So these have been substantially and heavily negotiated at good faith as part of all of the EIN definitive documentation. And so I just want to put those comments on the record.

With regard to the new change in 188 -- which appears in the redline -- this is -- this was included in the form of implementation -- not included in the form of implementation agreement. It was included last night and is included in the execution now of the implementation agreement.

And I believe ought to allay the concerns of the bonding company. This was really meant to provide comfort language to both parties -- my client as obligee and the bonding company -- that there's nothing about the Plan, this Order or the transactions contemplated effectually under the Plan are going to modify rights with regard to the specific bond.

And that was included, Your Honor, in some regard because of the recently filed lawsuit against my client.

THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Dendinger. Any objection to that?

(No audible response.)

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THE COURT: All right, good. Let's move ahead. MR. CARLSON: Your Honor, the next paragraphs 119 through 124 are paragraphs that negotiated with Hunt as part of the settlement that was reached with them. I believe we are agreed on these paragraphs as well and we'll let Mr. Chiu confirm. THE COURT: Mr. Chiu? MR. CHIU: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Kevin Chiu, Baker Botts on behalf of Hunt Oil Company just rising to confirm Mr. Carlson's statements with regards to the language in the Confirmation Order on paragraph 119 through the remainder of the Hunt provisions ending at currently paragraph 126. With respect to some of the outstanding items that we spoke of early on during that period, this language will be reflected in the Hunt agreement that Mr. Carlson alluded to earlier today. We do ask that given the sort of placeholder bracket that's in place at 118 right now, that the term agreement be filed prior to the next turn of the Confirmation Order so that the docket number can be filed in properly and reflected accordingly. When we did receive confirmation from Mr. Carlson and his team earlier today and with regards to the Plan

supplement documents that we alluded to earlier, and those

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will be hopefully updated accordingly to reflect the
 1
    allocation of certain properties under the Hunt turnkey
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 3
    agreement and the Hunt term sheet with respect to Fieldwood
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    Three and the abandoned properties.
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              Other than that, we certainly reserve our rights
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    to any changes in this language with respect to Hunt if
 7
    there are any further movements in the next turn, but I
    believe we are fully resolved on these issues.
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              THE COURT: Mr. Chiu, thank you.
              Mr. Carlson?
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              MR. CARLSON: Yeah I can confirm the changes we
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    discussed to the schedule, fuel and gas schedules and the
    intention to finalize and file the turnkey agreement.
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              THE COURT: Thank you. So that takes us to Exxon,
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15
    right?
              MR. CARLSON: That's right. And these
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   provisions -- we'll let Ms. Rosen address --
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              THE COURT: Ms. Rosen, good afternoon again.
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              MS. ROSEN: Thank you, Your Honor. Suki Rosen on
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   behalf of XTO entities. I think we're fine until we've got
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    one small nit when you go down to paragraph 127, romanette
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    V.
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              Those changes are fine except for the change from
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    the or to an and. Basically all of our respective rights
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    and obligations we want them to be referred as they are
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under the terms of the contract or applicable law.

I don't know if we have any rights, you know, offset or recoupment that arise under applicable law that don't arise under the contracts. But we'd rather have that be in the disjunctive instead of the -- instead of requiring it to be both.

And I'm not sure why that change is there. When I look through the remainder of the proposed Confirmation

Order it's in the disjunctive in paragraph 142 and so I'm just -- I'm not sure why that was changed to an and.

MR. CARLSON: Well, Your Honor, I think it's -well it wasn't in 142 I think we meant to have it as and in
there, but I think from our perspective that any netting
rights that are going to be asserted should be in accordance
with law and the contract and the F4 contract.

THE COURT: Well let's assume that they have an agreement. It's allowed by applicable law, but not addressed by the contract. That's her argument.

MR. CARLSON: I guess I don't -- in my mind it still would need to be consistent with the terms of the agreement. It couldn't override what the terms of the agreement provide for.

THE COURT: So let's change the and to an or. And after the word law, put in a parenthetical that says in a manner that is consistent with the contract. That is not

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    inconsistent with the contract, I guess. Because if it's
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   missing from the contract, we're going to use applicable
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    law.
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              If it's in both the contract and applicable law,
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    we're going to use the contract. So just include the
 6
    parenthetical that says unless it's inconsistent with the
 7
    contract.
              I assume that works for you, Ms. Rosen; is that
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 9
    right?
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              MS. ROSEN: I think that's fine, Your Honor.
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    Thank you.
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              THE COURT: That work for you Mr. Carlson?
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              MR. CARLSON: Yes that works for us.
              THE COURT: Thank you. What do you have next?
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              MR. CARLSON: From there, Your Honor, --
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              THE COURT: Go ahead.
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              MR. CARLSON: -- from there we go to BP language
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    which is 135 through 138.
19
              MS. ROSEN: Oh, I'm sorry to interrupt,
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   Mr. Carlson, but there were a couple of other changes that
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    were made to paragraph 129. That was some language that had
    been provided to XTO from our surety counsel. And we
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23
    certainly wanted to make sure -- we haven't had an
    opportunity to discuss that with counsel for the sureties.
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    I know Mr. Scharfenberg and Mr. Bain and Mr. Langley are
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- both on and so I wanted to see if they had any comments to those changes.
- 3 UNKNOWN: Yeah, from our wise perspective we don't 4 have an issue with those changes, thank you.
- THE COURT: Does anyone have any objection to those changes?
- MR. BAINS: This is Brandon Bains. I'm looking at those now. Your Honor, I don't really see any objection to those.
- 10 | THE COURT: Thank you. All right.
- 11 MS. ROSEN: Thank you, Your Honor.
- 12 | THE COURT: Let's go to BP.

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- MR. CARLSON: So, Your Honor, I understand did have a conversation with Mr. Burrer last night. Encore resolved on this language. She did point out that I was missing a few of the BP entities in the defined terms of the BP entities, but otherwise my understanding is we're agreed on the language, but we'll let Mr. Burrer address the Court.
- MR. DUEWALL: Good afternoon, Your Honor.
- 20 THE COURT: I'm not sure if we have Mr. Burrer -21 okay go ahead please.
 - MR. DUEWALL: Good afternoon, Your Honor, Craig

 Duewall with Greenberg Traurig on behalf of BP.
- When BP made it's opening statements to the Court on Monday, BP identified important commercial issues that it

sought to protect and preserve and hopefully if given the opportunity could resolve those before the end of the week.

I'm pleased to inform the Court that with the additional time provided, the Debtors have incorporated the language in the Order that addresses the concerns, the commercial issues that BP raised. It's my understanding that the language confirms that BP's opted out of a third party releases.

The language confirms that BP's set off rights are reserved and preserved, which is the subject of the motion at docket entry 1666 is set for hearing the set off -- the motion to lift stay related to set off that's set for July 16th.

And it is further my understanding that the language confirms that BP's arbitration rights are reserved and preserved which the subject of BP's pending motion to lift stay, related to arbitration at docket entry 1414. And that's set for hearing on July 9th.

So having said those things, Your Honor, it's my understanding that the language does reflect the parties understanding. Mr. Burrer, I believe, has one issue related to footnote 13 that he wanted to address the Court about.

MR. BURRER: Thank you, Your Honor. Karl Burrer for BP. As Mr. Carlson correctly stated footnote 13, we're just catching the BP entities. And hearing the colloquia

between Mrs. Rosen and the Court, I didn't interpret the and versus or issue as she did.

But given the change in the and or or, and new paragraph 133, romanette III, we'd request that language as well just to avoid any conclusion which is the same and or or on the nettings contract first applicable law.

MR. PEREZ: Your Honor, may I be heard?

THE COURT: Go ahead Mr. --

MR. PEREZ: Yeah, Your Honor, I was going to raise my hand, but I don't think we can agree to that change. I think that, you know, this is the discussion that we talked about. This is when you heard testimony about we take very different view.

So, I think that that change with respect to this provision, you know, it has a material impact or a potential material impact or a potential material impact. And I don't think we agree to that.

And, Your Honor, I'm a little concerned as to what's happening here is we negotiated things with everybody. Now that everybody's seen the Confirmation Order, it's like they want an MSN.

And so at some point, you know, we negotiate things, we put them to bed and now people are saying oh somebody else got something better and I want it. And at some point we just have to stop that.

1 But I would -- this is language we negotiated, we 2 reached an agreement. And I think --3 THE COURT: Let me catch up with the language. 4 Mr. Burrer, where is the particular language that you're 5 talking about? MR. BURRER: It is 133, romanette III. And the 6 7 only request that I would have to the language change is just the parties understanding that the contract has to say 8 9 "set off" and you have to have the right under the law. 10 Even if the law doesn't say your contract must have the word set off in it in order to exercise the set off. 11 I didn't read the and as requiring that. 12 solely based on the statements from Ms. Rosen that she 13 thought it could be read in that manner. 14 15 So if the applicable law gives me the right for 16 set off, but my contract doesn't say set off, I've got that 17 right under applicable law, I think that should be 18 preserved. And that shouldn't create a barrier that doesn't 19 exist under applicable law. 20 MR. PEREZ: Well it is pursuant to applicable law 21 and as a contract doesn't prohibit it, that's one thing, 22 Your Honor. But again we're basically arguing that -- later 23 on --24 THE COURT: So, hold on. First of all, Mr. Perez

this is just a problem having to do it in a Confirmation

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Order. And once one person gets something, it can effect somebody else's rights where they need to come in because if you have inconsistent paragraphs another Court may interpret those differences as having meaning.

So I'm overruling your statement that people can't speak up just because they agreed to something if it's based on another change.

Second, let's use the same language we used. If applicable law isn't consistent with the contract, the contract will govern. But if it is not inconsistent with the contract, they can do it under applicable law. The same language we used before.

I'm going to overrule the Debtor's objection.

MR. PEREZ: Your Honor, one more comment. I understand the Court has ruled. But then we also have to put unless there's no course of dealing to that effect.

Because in essence, you know, what is -- if there's a course of dealing under the contract that's one thing.

It may not be perfect and it may not be prevented by the contract or prohibited by the contract, but if there's a course of dealing, you know, we also want to be able to make that argument here.

So, if we're going to put --

THE COURT: You can make that argument under applicable law. But if it's inconsistent with the contract,

it may be different. I'm not going to change the language 1 2 again. Thank you. 3 What do you have next, Mr. Carlson? 4 MR. CARLSON: Your Honor, from there after the BP 5 paragraphs, we go to the Nippon language and 139 through 142. 6 7 I believe there is a -- I think as Ms. Rosen 8 pointed out there was that same and applicable law where we 9 had it differently here. I'm just trying to find where that 10 is, but aside from the one change where we want to conform to the Court's ruling on the BP and XM language, I think 11 we're other wised agreed and we'll let Ms. Moses confirm. 12 13 THE COURT: Ms. Moses? 14 MS. MOSES: Thank you, Your Honor. That is Right now the Order has all of the changes that we 15 correct. 16 negotiated with the Debtors. To the extent they're going to 17 want to add any other language in based on the recent 18 conversation, we'd just like to see it to make sure it works. 19 20 THE COURT: Thank you. All right, let's go to 21 McMoRan. 22 MR. CARLSON: There is also a (glitch in the 23 audio) and LLOG in between those two. I don't think -- I

The only thing I would say for LLOG is setting a

don't think there's any open issues from our perspective.

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   hearing date to review the dispute that I think you got a
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   preview of from Mr. Baay.
              MR. BAAY: I thought that was set, Your Honor, on
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    the 8th.
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              MR. CARLSON: Oh, my apologies that's right.
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    Yeah.
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              THE COURT: I thought we actually set it and we
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    ought to go ahead and put that date in there.
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              MR. CARLSON: Yes, we'll put that.
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              THE COURT: Thank you. I don't remember when we
    set it for.
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              MR. BAAY: July 8th, Your Honor.
              THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. All right.
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              MR. CARLSON: And then from there, Your Honor, we
    go to the background language which --
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         (Pause in the proceedings.)
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              MR. CARLSON: I think some parties are signed off
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   on and some may not have. So I don't know if you want to
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    just allow folks to -- if there are objecting parties to
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    this language let them speak up.
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         (No audible response.)
              THE COURT: All right, I don't see anyone seeking
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    to speak about them. Go ahead.
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              MR. CARLSON: Great. Then from there we go to
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    146, the Shell language. Reserving rights with respect to
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the Shell bond. I believe we're also agreed on this with Shell and Shell's counsel. But Shell's counsel can correct me if I'm wrong about that, Mr. Manns.

THE COURT: All right go ahead, please, Shell.

THE COURT: Mr. Zuber, your line remains open, go ahead.

MR. ZUBER: Thank you, Your Honor. Your Honor, we thought we had an agreement with all parties with respect to the Shell free and clear and there being no impact upon post effective date subrogation rights.

And I'm not sure we have that agreement anymore. So I just wanted to be clear for the record just to make some arguments and have the opportunity to create that record.

(Pause in the proceedings.)

(Pause in the proceedings.)

MR. ZUBER: Your Honor, it's our client's view that this Debtor cannot sell the Credit Bid Purchaser free and clear of future subrogation rights. There's no provision of Section 363(f) that would allow that.

That's one provide that it can be free and clear of interest, it's applicable non-bankruptcy law permits the sale to the contrary non-bankruptcy law as set forth in the -- by US Supreme Court in Pearlman versus Alliance Insurance Company at 371 US 132.

It states that there are a few doctrine that are established than a surety that pays the debts of another is entitled to all the rights of the person he paid to enforce his right to be reimbursed.

So I don't think applicable non-bankruptcy law permits the sale free and clear of future rights. Two, such entity contends. The sureties have not consented.

Three, the interest is a lien and the price of which such property to be sold is greater than the aggregate value of all liens on the property. Future subrogation rights are not liens.

Four, such interest in a bonafide dispute.

There's no dispute at this point about subrogation rights which are not yet even arisen.

And five, such entity could be compelled to hold legal or equitable proceedings to accept the money satisfaction. By their very nature subrogation rights are equitable rights and therefore there could be no money satisfaction to collect the surety.

Your Honor, we respectfully submit that a 363 sale cannot be seen clear of future claims and rights such as subrogation rights. With that proposition, I would respectfully direct the Court's attention to the matter of Mooney Aircraft, 730 F2d 367, Fifth Circuit 1984. Similarly in re Oil Style Plastic 227 BR 797 which is a case out of

the Western District of Michigan. And <u>Ninth Avenue Remedial</u>
Group versus Alice Chalmers, 195 BR 716.

All of which states that a sale free and clear does not include future claims that does not arise until after conclusion of a bankruptcy proceeding.

From a factual standpoint, Your Honor, Credit Bid
Purchaser will acquire assets and then immediately is
required to comply with all applicable laws due to
decommissioning on those assets and the leases that it takes
over.

If they were to default in the future down the road five years from now, the obligee will make the claim against the surety on its bond, on the field bond as a predecessor owner operator.

The surety would then have the legal right to step into the shoes of both the principal Fieldwood Energy and the obligee and go against the defaulting entity, here the Credit Bid Purchaser.

The Credit Bid Purchaser says that it can and it will perform its legally required decommission obligations.

If it takes over the leases it has to perform going forward.

If it does not, the sureties are called upon to pay, the sureties must have the rights under non-bankruptcy laws to step into the shoes of the obligee or the principal, including the Federal Government.

Subrogation is a creature of equity. The credited purchaser does not perform, equity requires that anyone that steps up and performs the Credit Bid Purchaser obligation be entitled to reimbursement from the Credit Bid Purchaser.

This is especially important in this case, Your

Honor, because the Credit Bid Purchaser is a special purpose entity. It is not a long term entity.

It may pull as much money out of the operation as it can and then default and then file bankruptcy, leaving the surety holding the bag.

This Court should require the credited purchaser to set aside funds to decommission. It makes no sense, respectfully, to my clients that the credit bit purchaser could take all the leases, derive revenue, not meet its legal obligations to perform and have a surety pay and do so and leave the surety with no remedy.

If the Credit Bid Purchaser wants to acquire these assets, it must accept the burdens along with benefits. The loan proposes decommissioning obligations on lease holders. That obligation cannot be excused under a bankruptcy plan filed by others.

And if the entity that seeks to acquire leases from an insolvent entity does not perform its statutory and regulatory obligations, the surety must satisfy those obligations. It must be able to step into the shoes of the

obligee and assert rights against the defaulting Credit Bid Purchaser.

Very, very briefly, Your Honor, if the sureties lose their subrogation rights, they arguably will lose their rights of contributions from jointly and several liable parties such as predecessors.

Which requires, in order to preserve those contribution rights, that the surety stand in its shoes of others, in this case the obligees and the principals.

It would be very bad public policies, we submit,
Your Honor and may very well destroy surety credit in the
Gulf of Mexico. Subrogation is essential the surety market
place.

If this Court is going to allow an oil and gas company to declare bankruptcy, assign or sale its leases to another party that has then the right to extract oil and gas without the need to comply with the law and take responsibility as set forth in the law for all decommissioning obligations not only would that fly in the face of applicable law, but it would end the surety market for the bonding.

It will cripple both smaller operators who rely on surety credit that they would be unable to provide the financial assurance required by law but it would also cripple the ability of current operators to transfer

leasehold interest.

Bonds were issued on the assumption that the law would be enforced and that those who would choose to extract revenue based upon the bond and obligation, it would be obligated to decommission all structures then in existence and those structures that they install.

If they do not want to do that, then they have the right to extract -- then they do not have the right to extract as a matter of statute and regulations.

All the sureties are saying is that the Credit Bid Purchaser must comply with the law and if it chooses to acquire leases that does not excuse them from the obligation to comply with the law.

And if in the future they fail to -- excuse me

Your Honor. And if in the future they fail to do so, and

the surety has to pay for the failure to do so, the sureties

rights, whatever those rights are, must be preserved.

If the secured creditors don't want to comply with the law, they don't have to acquire with these leases and they should be sold to those who are willing to comply.

Your Honor, in this particular case the Credit Bid
Purchaser essentially is -- the equity is owned by the
pre-petition lenders. If those lenders wanted to protect
their rights, they could have foreclosed their security
interests under non-bankruptcy law and taken over the

operations and these assets. In that case, they would not be excused and not be protected from the surtey subrogation rights.

The whole point of surety as explained by the Supreme Court is that if a surety sustains a loss, then it's subrogated to the rights of the obligee to reimbursement and all parties who own such reimbursement obligations.

And if it acquires leases and doesn't perform statutory obligations in the future, there is no provision of the Plan that should exonerate them from the financial responsibilities that accompany their right to extract revenue -- to extract minerals in the Gulf.

Bankruptcy is not a license for assignees to not comply with the law with respect to future activities. That is not the purpose of free and clear dictates of the code.

The purpose to free and clear under 363(f), we submit, is to allow a fresh start so that the buyer is not encumbered by the seller, Debtor pre-petition obligations. If there is a pre-petition blanket lien on assets of the Debtors and the Debtor sells to a third party, of course they shouldn't be saddled with the liens and encumbrances on the property that they acquire.

But once they acquire that property and they move and they're required to comply with the law, it's inappropriate, Your Honor, that they should be -- get a free

pass and not have to be responsible for their legal obligations.

So, Your Honor, so to the extent -- and I know you've already ruled on this, -- but to the extent the Court rules against this or my argument has not persuaded the Court to reconsider this issue, we would just ask that the Plan Confirmation Order not contain waivers of rights under Bankruptcy Rule 320(e).

We would ask the Court to not stay -- to stay this order for 14 days and not waive that as to Rule 320(e) and if the Court is not inclined to do that, we would ask for a stay pending appeal so that we make sure that we don't have any negative impact of Section 363(m). Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Thank you. Is there any evidence that there was another buyer that would buy and would in fact perform all the P&A and error obligations? Because I don't recall any evidence to that effect.

I don't recall your client bidding and they could have as well. Did anyone make the bid that you're talking about under the evidentiary record that's before us?

MR. ZUBER: You know, the Credit Bid Purchaser and lenders chose to go down this path. The could have foreclosed their security interests under non-bankruptcy --

THE COURT: I'm asking on the evidentiary record

that you helped create, is there any evidence that there was anyone that was willing to do what you suggested would be a better alternative?

MR. ZUBER: Not that I'm aware of, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. ZUBER: But I respectfully submit that that doesn't excuse the requirements to comply with the law.

THE COURT: Well, I mean there's just no evidence to support the theory. Here's the problem. The bonds are not being sold free and clear of liens, claims and encumbrances. The assets are being sold free of liens, claims and encumbrances.

So the 363 cases that you're worried about, there is no sale of your bond. If your bond was being sold, it would be a completely different question. The bond is not being sold. The assets are being sold.

MR. ZUBER: The bonds --

THE COURT: I'm making my ruling now. The assets are being sold not the bond. The sureties took credit risk when they issued the bonds. It is not that they are without a principal to pay, they have a principal to pay. That principal they can file a proof of claim against and that's the Fieldwood entity that induced them to issue the bonds.

And they will be repaid their prorated share as an unsecured claimant for any allow claim that they file. So I

find the argument that the sureties are being stuck to be the same as any other unsecured creditor that says that they are stuck. There is no question in my mind but that the law allows the sale free and clear.

With respect to compliance with applicable law, under Midlantic -- I'm going to go back to where we were.

The Bankruptcy Code allows the sale of assets free and clear. The Bankruptcy Code allows the abandonment of assets all together.

And if the Court had ordered either of those two alternatives without an environmental remedy, the sureties would have had to have paid.

Accordingly, once the Government and the exercise of its discretion with respect to its regulatory power and they are the ones charged with protecting the environment not the sureties.

Once the Government determines that it does not object to the process that is being followed, the sureties do not have the private right to assert performance under various environmental obligations.

I am recognizing that we are, in fact, doing more regulation than we are required to do absent Midlantic.

Because without Midlantic, we could just do this. With Midlantic, we give the regulators ability to assure that the environment is protected.

With respect to the argument that the market for surety ship will dry up, I'll say a couple things. First, there is zero evidence to support that argument. None. And if there was evidence of that, somebody should have put it in and to the extent that we are going to deal in speculation, you know, this isn't the first time I've ruled this way. I've ruled this way before.

And guess what, surety bonds kept coming on into the Gulf of Mexico. There's a new surety bond in this case that's coming in after I've already ruled this way before.

I am overruling, once again, a sureties argument that we are going to saddle a purchaser with a pre-effective date error obligation or that they will have the right to assert obligations that existed pre-effective date based on post-effective date ownership.

That is part of the exculpation that we are granting and we are doing so because of Midlantic and the need to protect the environment.

So the objection is overruled. With respect to motion to stay pending appeal. If your client wants to file an appeal, they may. I have not yet gotten any portion of the Order that has me waive 3020. And when we get down there, I'll listen to the argument there as to whether there ought to be a waiver.

If an appeal is filed and if you want a stay

pending appeal, I'll take that up and see what kind of evidence you can adduce in support of that.

I don't know what it would be. I mean, maybe you can show me some environmental harm that would come about.

Your clients have an unsecured claim. They're an unsecured claimant.

That's what we're dealing with. But I'm not inclined to rush this through. So we'll see where we go on that.

Yeah, go ahead Mr. Zuber.

MR. ZUBER: Can I get some clarity on -(Pause in the proceedings.)

THE COURT: Go ahead Mr. Zuber.

MR. ZUBER: Your Honor, can I get some clarity on the impact of your ruling on contribution rights? I mean, those have nothing to do with the Credit Bid Purchaser. But if our subrogation rights are impaired or go away, we then arguably would be loosing our rights to contribution against other joint and several liable parties who are not the Credit Bid Purchaser and are not buying free and clear of liens and claims and interest. So I just want --

THE COURT: I am -- it is has not been my intent and I have never suggested that I was effecting contribution rights. What is happening to you is happening over your objection and involuntarily. You are not waiving any rights

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   here. You're asserting them. I'm overruling them.
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              You keep your claim against the principal fully.
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    Presumably that will be vindicated through a proof of claim.
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    But I'm not suggesting that contribution rights as against,
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    for example, co-sureties or co-predecessors wouldn't exist
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   unless there is a provision in the Plan that specifically
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   holds to the contrary. And I don't -- generally there is
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    not.
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              All right.
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              MR. ZUBER: Thank you, Your Honor. I appreciate
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    it.
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              THE COURT: Mr. Manns, let me get your line open.
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    Go ahead, Mr. Manns.
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              MR. MANNS: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Ryan
    Manns on behalf of Shell Offshore, Inc. Shell is agreeable
15
    to paragraphs 145 and 146. Thank you very much.
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              THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Manns.
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              MR. SCHAIBLE: Your Honor, Damian Schaible, may I
   be heard briefly?
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              THE COURT: I'm sorry, who is that?
              MR. SCHAIBLE: This is Damian Schaibel from Davis
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22
    Polk.
23
              THE COURT: Mr. Schaible, go ahead.
24
              MR. SCHAIBLE: Sorry, I'm very sorry to do this,
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                 It's just your so kind in being -- digging into
    Your Honor.
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the words with us.

May I ask Your Honor to just go back to paragraph 127 whenever convenient now or later?

THE COURT: We will. At some point, though, I want to look at the provision Mr. Zuber was concerned about which was whether we were going to do something precipitously that might cut off his clients appellate rights.

So let's look at 127, but I don't want to forget to go back there.

(Pause in the proceedings.)

MR. SCHAIBLE: Yes, Your Honor. This is the XTO -- this is the XTO language that Your Honor was just talking about. The assumption -- assumption and assignment and allocation language that Mr. Perez was talking to you about where we changed the word and -- the and to or.

THE COURT: Yes, sir.

MR. SCHAIBLE: So, Your Honor, I'm not -- I understand your ruling with respect to what Mr. Perez is raising and I'm not asking for a wording change.

But I do want to just, if you don't mind, Your
Honor, just discuss on the record what we think this means.
The reason that we had put in and was because the concern is there are multiple contracts, right. And some of the contracts the Credit Bid Purchaser is taking, some of the

contracts they're not taking.

And what we are -- our concern, limited concern, was that there may be an argument that Exxon could step off against or net against one contract that was taken vis-a-vie another contract that wasn't taken.

And so we were the and pursuant to applicable law was a reference to, you know, what effectively the effect of this plan would be.

I do think that any valid netting solves the problem as long as everyone sort of understands the point. Which is you wouldn't have valid netting even if the contract provides for cross contract netting if one of the contracts was taken and one of the contracts was not taken.

And I just wanted to clarify our understanding on the record.

THE COURT: Thank you. Look other -- and pursuant to applicable law, you'll notice, does not say pursuant to applicable non-bankruptcy law.

So, you know, there is this set off issue under the Bankruptcy Code as to whether you could set off an assumed contract versus an non-assume contract and that's carried forward to another day.

MR. SCHAIBLE: Correct, Your Honor, but my worry is that we were talking about changing it or and so then it could be well we are allowed to net under the contracts even

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if we can't net under -- pursuant to applicable law.
1
2
             And so I just wanted to clarify that if we're
 3
   going to make that change that it's valid netting under the
 4
    contracts. And it wouldn't be valid --
 5
             THE COURT: If it says "or" but you're trying to
   off set effectively, you know, for lack of a better
 6
7
    description, but just sort of the shorthand of pre-petition
    obligation versus a post-petition obligation.
8
9
              That's part of applicable law too. And so you
10
    wouldn't necessarily be able to do it in that sense.
11
    think we're going to have to wait and see how the facts come
12
    in. But I've got your point.
             MR. SCHAIBLE: Okay, thank you Judge. I
13
14
   appreciate it.
15
             THE COURT: Thank you. Let me see I've got
16
   another person that wishes to comment. Ms. Rosen, go ahead.
17
             MS. ROSEN: Thank you, Your Honor. I agree with
18
    the Court's comments. I mean, with the language in there
19
    then that issue is just reserved for another day. I just
20
    wanted to say on the record. I didn't necessarily agree
21
    with everything that Mr. Schaible said, but I do agree that
22
    this is probably an issue for another day.
23
              THE COURT: Okay, thank you. All right. Hold on.
24
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
25
             THE COURT: Mr. Carlson?
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MR. CARLSON: Thank you, Your Honor. From there we go to paragraph 147. And this is intended to capture the Court's ruling yesterday with respect to the Hess -- the instrument Mr. Alaniz has raised.

(Pause in the proceedings.)

THE COURT: Mr. Alaniz, do you see any problem?

Mr. Alaniz, I think I've got you now, go ahead.

MR. ALANIZ: I apologize, Your Honor. Omar Alaniz on behalf of Hess Corporation. We actually have negotiated some updates to this language. And I can walk the Court through this or if anybody from Weil team wants to do it, I think we have an agreement on -- they're very minor changes.

THE COURT: Look if you-all have agreed on how this works, I don't know that it's any problem at all for me if you want to read it, that's fine. If you just want to put it in the final revision that's fine.

Same thing as I've said before. I just want to know that I don't have ambiguity in what it says.

MR. ALANIZ: I don't and thanks, Your Honor. I'm happy to walk through it. And we did have one source of contention but I said I would just read a statement on the record and then we can just kind of put that to bed.

In that first sentence where it says, "To the extent Hess elects to assume." Instead of possession and operational control, we're going to insert the role of

decommissioning party.

And then the next sentence where it follows abandoned properties we're going to add the "and any related facilities" right after the abandoned properties reference just to make the sentence flow a little bit better.

And then in that same sentence also it has -- the previous language said "properties conveyed to the Debtors by Hess." But that's actually not factually true. There were some intermediate predecessors.

So we're changing the language conveyed to the Debtors by Hess to owned by Hess so that's clearer.

And then in the next sentence, after "Hess abandoned property" or no I apologize. "Hess abandoned assets to Hess" we're going to insert a comma so that the following phrase "and cooperate in good faith with Hess to ensure such safe and orderly transition,"

I'm just trying to make sure that that phrase is separated by commas. And it may just be over lawyering, but the next part of that sentence is very important to us. It's part of this Court's ruling. In compliance with applicable federal law.

And I wanted to make sure that that was clear that that modified the earlier part of the sentence which is the safe and orderly transition in compliance with applicable federal law.

1 THE COURT: That's certainly what I intended to 2 say. 3 MR. ALANIZ: And Your Honor I'm sorry? 4 THE COURT: I said that's certainly what I 5 intended to say. 6 MR. ALANIZ: Okay, thank you Your Honor. And then 7 at the very end of the provision, the last three words say have to abandoned properties. I asked to add in connection 8 9 with such election. And the Debtors were agreeable to that. 10 I had a sentence that followed that provision. 11 The Debtors were not agreeable to add that sentence which 12 was nothing here to limit the Court's ruling on June 23rd 13 with respect to these matters. 14 They are not agreeable to that addition. And I'm okay with that. I just said I would read a statement into 15 16 the record and then I think we can be done. 17 THE COURT: That's fine. I'm not going to include 18 that language because I want it captured in the written 19 order. 20 MR. ALANIZ: Fair enough, Your Honor. Right after 21 the Court made its ruling yesterday, Mr. Perez appropriately 22 raised his concern that he didn't want the ruling to be 23 construed that the Debtors had to do something else like a safe-out work. And this Court confirmed. 24 25 And I'm just kind of worried about the opposite.

I'm worried that the Debtors could construe this ruling to limit what the Debtors are obligated to do under 5.13 of the Plan. And, of course, also the properties need to be transferred in the safe and orderly manner under any scenario.

I just wanted to be clear that Hess hasn't been on these properties for over 15 years and so as a general proposition, we don't think it's safe to send out Hess employees to properties prior to the expiration of the transition period.

But we appreciate the Court's ruling in giving
Hess some protections in case circumstances present
themselves in which Hess may make the election in the
interest of health and safety.

And the only other item I wanted to clarify is that we don't want the Debtor or the Government to think that anything that's transpired in these bankruptcy cases or this confirmation hearing suggests that Hess intends to take over these properties.

There are other predecessors in the chain of title and, you know, for example we've provided the Debtors and the Government with information regarding some orphan liability. We have a dispute on that.

But -- and none of these are issues for the Court today. I'm sure all this will be sorted out post effective

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date when we get the orders from BESSIE, but we just wanted
 1
    to be clear about these issues on the record.
 2
 3
              And with that, I think we can move on.
 4
              THE COURT: Thank you. I appreciate the
 5
    statement. Mr. Carlson.
              MR. CARLSON: The Debtor's are fine with the
 6
 7
    changes that Mr. Alaniz just walked the Court through.
 8
              THE COURT: Thank you.
 9
              MR. CARLSON: And Your Honor, from there we go to
10
    just the Government provision from 148 thru I believe it's
11
    153. My understanding is we are agreed with the Government,
   but Mr. Balasko can confirm that.
12
13
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
              MR. BALASKO: Good afternoon, Your Honor, Zack
14
15
    Balasko for the Department of the Interior. That is
16
    correct.
17
              THE COURT: Thank you.
18
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
19
              THE COURT: Can you take -- is there anything else
20
    or can we go on down to the 320 issue?
              MR. CARLSON: The only thing that did change was
21
22
   paragraph 149 which is captured --
23
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
24
              MR. CARLSON: I think we just need to make a
25
    conforming change to 513 -- the changes we made to -- sorry.
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(Pause in the proceedings.)
1
2
              MR. CARLSON: We'll get back to the Court on that,
 3
   but there's one paragraph that changed here and we'll, of
 4
    course, run it by the Government to make sure they're
 5
    agreeable to it.
              THE COURT: Okay.
 6
7
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
8
              THE COURT: Where's the waiver of the 14 day
 9
    language in here?
10
              MR. CARLSON: Your Honor, the Debtors are not
11
   seeking a waiver.
12
              THE COURT: Let me just hear from Mr. Zuber. I
13
   hadn't seen it in here, but if there's something in here
   somewhere in here in the Plan that doesn't preserve your
14
15
    full 14 day appellate right, I do want to know that.
16
              Because as I said before I want to look at that
17
   and understand why we would do something like that.
18
              MR. ZUBER: Yes, Your Honor. I'm trying to find
    it. I do believe that there is waiver, 14 day status. Let
19
   me see if I can -- if Your Honor will bear with me for a
20
21
    second.
22
              MR. CARLSON: Your Honor, Mr. Zuber is right.
23
   There is a paragraph here on that. I don't think that was
    the intention.
24
25
              THE COURT: There it is.
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1
              MR. CARLSON: Yeah, so my apologies there, but we
2
    do not --
 3
              THE COURT: Is there any reason we need that?
 4
   Let's take out --
 5
              MR. ZUBER: Texas code?
              THE COURT: Yep, I'm going to sustain your
 6
7
   objection. I haven't seen any evidence that we should waive
    the 14 day stay and it's 168 is going to be deleted.
8
9
              MR. ZUBER: Thank you, Your Honor.
10
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
11
              THE COURT: All right, does anyone else wish to
   raise -- well let me, again. All objections previously
12
   raised and overruled remain previously raised and overruled
13
   and need not be raised again.
14
              But I did promise everyone that if we couldn't
15
   work things out in the Confirmation Order, people would
16
17
   still be able to raise objections today.
18
              Is there anyone that wishes to raise an objection
   where we haven't already ruled upon it? And again, all of
19
   your objection rights for appellate purposes, I'm not trying
20
    to take those away. If you raise an objection, overruled,
21
22
    you don't need to raise it again.
23
              I want to know something new that we haven't
   addressed.
24
25
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
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THE COURT: All right. Well you're not going to
1
   get this done by 5:00. So let's figure out when we can come
 2
 3
   back tomorrow. And I think the issues expanded some from
 4
    what I expected them to be.
 5
             Can we -- will you be ready by 10:00 o'clock in
   the morning, Mr. Carlson?
 6
7
             MR. CARLSON: Yes, Your Honor.
8
              THE COURT: Okay, I want to -- let's see. I've
 9
   got somebody else that has an issue with that. Let's see.
10
             UNKNOWN: Your Honor, is there any possibility we
    could start earlier? Unfortunately I have an unavoidable
11
    conflict at 10:30.
12
             THE COURT: How early would you-all be ready? Do
13
   you want to start at 8:00?
14
15
             UNKNOWN: That would be great. Thank you, Your
16
   Honor.
17
             THE COURT: All right. Mr. Zuber?
18
             MR. ZUBER: Yes, Your Honor. I just wanted to
   make sure we had the opportunity between now and tomorrow so
19
   we can negotiate some language regarding the contribution
20
21
    rights preservation that Your Honor has ruled?
22
              THE COURT: Of course. So and you can raise that
23
   in the morning if that doesn't get --
24
             MR. ZUBER: Thank you.
25
             THE COURT: I don't think there's anything there
```

that takes them away and so maybe that's where the focus should be, but we'll see. We'll continue until 8:00 in the morning.

I've got from 773-263-2745. Who do we have on the phone.

MR. ZEIGER: Yes, Your Honor, good afternoon.

It's Jeffrey Zeiger, Kirkland and Ellis on half of Atlantic

Martime Services. Can you hear me okay, Your Honor?

THE COURT: I can Mr. Zeiger.

MR. ZEIGER: Thank you. I promised yesterday if I could just take 30 seconds to close the loop on our very limited objection.

As Your Honor is well aware, the substantive issues regarding the effect of the Plan of Reorganization of the dispute between Atlantic and Fieldwood are the before the Court in the Adversary proceeding.

There's been a couple of developments the last couple of days that impact the adversary proceeding in what I think is a positive way.

As Your Honor saw earlier, the Confirmation Order now provides that to the extent Atlantic is successful on its lien claims against the third parties, either the Debtors or the Credit Bid Purchaser will reimburse the working interest owners.

The Court also heard testimony from Mr. Gregg

(phonetic) that the Debtors have reserved \$14 million on the lien claims in the event that we are successful.

That eliminates some of the concerns the Court heard at the end of our arguments on the motion to dismiss, the motion for summary judgment regarding potential double payment from the working interest owners.

Respect for the Plan itself, we voted to reject the Plan and opted out of the leases. We filed a very limited objection to ensure that nothing in the Plan or the related documents would negate out opt out rights from the third party releases.

Based on the statements from the Debtors counsel yesterday, principally Ms. Loui, we are comfortable that nothing in the Plan is seeking to negate our opt out of the third party releases.

Thank you very much, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you. All right, the hearing on confirmation is continued until 8:00 a.m. tomorrow morning.

Let's take up the Motion for relief from the stay and see if we want to continue that until 8:00 a.m. as well.

MR. ZEIGER: Yeah, I believe Mr. Caden (phonetic) is going to handle that.

THE COURT: Thank you. Mr. Caden?

(Pause in the proceedings.)

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1
         (Pause in the proceedings.)
              THE COURT: Hold on.
 2
 3
             MR. CADEN: Good afternoon, Your Honor. We're
 4
    comfortable proceeding with the lift stay motion at the
 5
    conclusion of tomorrow's confirmation hearing. It is a long
   week for the Court, 143 parties participating today and
 6
7
   we're happy to take it up at the end if that's convenient
    for the Court.
8
9
             Also happy to do it now if you prefer.
             THE COURT: No in the morning is fine. I do have
10
11
   an 11:00 o'clock hearing tomorrow that I'll need to be ready
    for. But beyond that we're good.
12
13
             You're not anticipating needing very long, right,
   Mr. Caden?
14
15
             MR. CADEN: No, Your Honor, quite frankly I think
   it will be very short and brief.
16
17
              THE COURT: Thank you. We'll carry it until in
18
   the morning. All right. Mr. Carlson I'm not going to
19
    finish today since I made fun of you for the way that you
   handled PowerPoint. It was a masterful job on the
20
21
   Confirmation Order so far.
22
             So I know there's still some more work to do.
23
   you're better off being able to handle the Confirmation
24
   Order than a PowerPoint. So thank you for all the hard
```

work.

1 MR. CARLSON: Thank you, Your Honor. 2 MR. PEREZ: Your Honor, may I just respond real 3 briefly to Mr. Zeiger. Your Honor, I don't we've waived 4 anything with respect to Atlantic. I think that what we did 5 in our presentation was to indicate that even if we lost there was sufficient amount to satisfy it. 6 7 So I think we made our evidentiary showing, but I 8 don't think it went to any issue regarding the merits or 9 anything like that regarding Atlantic. So I just wanted to make sure that the Record is clear on that. 10 11 THE COURT: Thank you. You've both made your statements and they both are in the Record. Thank you. 12 13 We're in adjournment until 8:00 in the morning. I do have a hearing that starts in 10 minutes. We're going to 14 15 recess for 10 minutes and we'll return at 4:00 o'clock on 16 the SpeedCast hearing. 17 Thank you-all. 18 (The parties thank the Court.) 19 (Proceeding adjourned at 3:50 p.m.) 20 21 22 23 24 25

I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript to the best of my ability due to the condition of the electronic sound recording of the ZOOM/telephonic proceedings in the above-entitled matter. /S/ MARY D. HENRY CERTIFIED BY THE AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF ELECTRONIC REPORTERS AND TRANSCRIBERS, CET**337 JUDICIAL TRANSCRIBERS OF TEXAS, LLC JTT TRANSCRIPT #64187 DATE FILED: JULY 1, 2021

IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS HOUSTON DIVISION

IN RE:

S CASE NO. 21-33948-11

§ JOINTLY ADMINISTERED

\$ HOUSTON, TEXAS

FIELDWOOD ENERGY, LLC, § FRIDAY,

§ JUNE 25, 2021

DEBTORS. § 7:59 A.M. TO 9:45 A.M.

CONFIRMATION HEARING DAY FIVE (VIA ZOOM)

BEFORE THE HONORABLE MARVIN ISGUR UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY JUDGE

APPEARANCES: SEE NEXT PAGE

COURTROOM DEPUTY: TYLER LAWS

(Recorded via CourtSpeak; no log notes)

TRANSCRIPTION SERVICE BY:

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Proceedings recorded by electronic sound recording, transcript produced by transcription service.

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HOUSTON, TEXAS; FRIDAY, JUNE 25, 2021; 7:59 A.M.

THE COURT: All right. Good morning everybody. We're going to go back on the Record from yesterday's confirmation hearing in Fieldwood.

Mr. Carlson, can you tell me where we are?

MR. CARLSON: Good morning, Your Honor. Cliff
Carlson on behalf of Fieldwood. So, Your Honor, I think we've
made a lot of progress overnight. We've continued to work
with the parties and I think we've narrowed the issues to
either three or four, three or four issues that we'll see and
we'll beat them up before we're through, and we may need just
a little bit of guidance from the Court on those issues. But
we did, as you have up here, we did file the amended
confirmation order, and then we've also filed an Amended Plan
and blackline at 1731 and 1732.

But I think it's essentially in the order the Apache provisions in Paragraph 82, the non-Apache sureties claim reservation of rights that was the subject of a lot of discussion yesterday, and Paragraph 97. One potential issue with the Chevron paragraph, and then to the extent that the Court deems it necessary some type of -- the issue raised by Mr. Bains I think at the end of the hearing regarding contribution and whether any reservation of rights are necessary there.

So in my mind those are sort of the four open issues

that we have. Others can correct me if they think there's anything else outstanding, but I think that's where we are.

THE COURT: All right. Well, why don't we -- I've got somebody else that wants to be activated. Hold on.

(Pause in the proceedings.)

THE COURT: Oh, that was just you pressing -- after I already had you activated.

All right. Look, I think what's going to make the most sense is let you walk us through, and as we get to areas that people -- the areas you've just identified, or any other area that anyone wants to talk about, people can press five star and we'll hear what they have to say. And on the ones that you've just identified we'll obviously, you know, expect it, but on others people may have other issues.

MR. CARLSON: That works.

THE COURT: So I notice that you changed Court to Bankruptcy Court everywhere. I assume nobody cares about that. There's a reference to Paragraph 149 that I believe should be 150, but we'll get there in a moment.

MR. CARLSON: Okay.

(Reviewing document.)

THE COURT: I think that this reference in HHH, and maybe we ought to have Mr. Balasko be the one to confirm it, should refer to Paragraph 150 and not to Paragraph 149. I may be wrong about that.

1 MR. CARLSON: That's very possible. We did get that 2 comment from Mr. Balasko and I think the paragraph moved by 3 one, and that's the --4 THE COURT: That's what it looks like happened. I 5 just want to be sure we get it right so. 6 Mr. Balasko, should that say 150 or 149? 7 MR. BALASKO: Yes, Your Honor, that should be 150, it looks like the paragraphs moved after I sent that change 8 9 over. 10 THE COURT: All right. Thank you. 11 MR. BALASKO: And I apologize, Your Honor, that 12 change appears in one other spot, so it needs to be consistent 13 in both changes. 14 THE COURT: I didn't get through the whole redline 15 before I had to come out, so that's the first place I found 16 it. 17 (Reviewing document.) 18 MR. CARLSON: This is just a definitional change. 19 THE COURT: All right. 20 (Reviewing document.) 21 MR. CARLSON: And this would be the addition for 22 Mr. Skelton's client that we added in. 23 (Reviewing document.) 24 MR. CARLSON: Your Honor, I think this may be the 25 first point of potential contention, but we may be resolved,

1 but I think this is the -- this is the Apache language that I 2 was referencing. 3 THE COURT: Okay. 4 (Reviewing document.) 5 MR. CARLSON: Because I think Ms. Russell had just a 6 change, I don't know if she would like to comment on whether 7 we're -- or whether there is an additional change here that --THE COURT: Ms. Russell, good morning. 8 9 MS. RUSSELL: Good morning, Your Honor. 10 minor changes to this which shifted it to the lender. 11 Debtor has signed off. I don't think they are controversial, 12 but they are further modifications to the new language that 13 you have on the screen. And we can read it or we can wait 14 until the end of the hearing, see if the lenders have had a 15 chance to reply to it. 16 THE COURT: Now's the time, so why don't you read it 17 in and let's see what the lenders think. 18 MS. RUSSELL: Okay. So I'm going to begin with the 19 parenthetical other than with respect to any new co-entity. 20 THE COURT: All right. 21 MS. RUSSELL: Okay. And I'll stop when I get to the 22 additions. So --23 THE COURT: And let me just say --24 MS. RUSSELL: -- other than --THE COURT: -- Ms. Russell, if it is easier for you 25

1 to display it, I can also just have your screen show up. So 2 you can either read it or display, whichever one you want. I 3 just want to resolve it. MS. RUSSELL: All right. Let's see then if we can 4 5 display it. I have it in an email, but I can maximize my 6 screen. 7 THE COURT: Okay. You need to accept sharing. 8 MS. RUSSELL: All right. 9 THE COURT: There we go. 10 MS. RUSSELL: Right. So legal fees here are in red. 11 The Fieldwood One entity has a subsidiary, Shelf, that will go 12 with it, so we needed to capture that this provision would 13 also apply to that subsidiary. And then ii in bold is just a 14 further clarification. 15 THE COURT: All right. Are there objections to the 16 Apache proposed language? 17 (No audible response.) 18 THE COURT: Mr. Zuber, I see you talking, I want to 19 be sure you're not talking to me, because I can't hear you. 20 (No audible response.) 21 THE COURT: Mr. Schaible. 22 MR. SCHAIBLE: Your Honor, we have no objection to 23 this language. 24 THE COURT: All right. If anyone has any objection 25 to this language, please press five star.

(No audible response.)

THE COURT: All right. I will incorporate the language proposed by Apache into the confirmation order. Thank you, Ms. Russell.

MS. RUSSELL: You're welcome, Your Honor.

THE COURT: We'll go back now to my screen and we'll look at the redline again. Okay.

(Reviewing document.)

THE COURT: So I don't know that means. Our order deals pretty extensively with the affect of the order and confirmation itself. Does Everest's reservation of rights mean that they are not bound by the order, Mr. Carlson? Or are they still bound by the order and subject to the order whatever rights they have, they have?

MR. CARLSON: The latter, Your Honor, they are bound by the order. Plan documents should be defined to capture the order so it reads (glitch in the audio).

THE COURT: Would you just look at the -- I don't want to lose where we are on my screen, do you know if Plan documents includes this order?

MR. CARLSON: It should. Let me confirm it. One second.

THE COURT: All right. Mr. Grzyb, go ahead, please.

MR. GRZYB: Yeah, just by way of context there's -- Everest obviously has the bond that we issued in favor of

Apache that was part of the Apache term sheet, and we also have issued a number of other bonds that are not -- that does not mean Apache is an obligee and we're just clarifying that. Only the bond in favor of Apache was part of the term sheet and everything else is subject to the Plan documents, including this order. I have no problem if the provision includes the order.

THE COURT: I'm good. Thank you, sir.

MR. Carlson.

MR. GRZYB: Thank you.

MR. CARLSON: Yes, and I have confirmed in Paragraph -- on the order --

THE COURT: Thank you.

MR. CARLSON: -- it does that.

(Reviewing document.)

THE COURT: All right. I think this was also one that you said might be controversial. Let me hear from parties about this.

Mr. Bains and Mr. Dendinger, let me enable both of your lines. Go ahead, please.

MR. BAINS: Good morning, Your Honor. Brandon Bains on behalf of Travelers, Liberty, Hanover and XL. Really just a clarifying question regarding what's on your screen right now that I raised with the Debtors and the lenders. I have not heard back. I'm unclear what the difference is, the

distinction that's trying to be drawn between X and Y. I certainly recall the conversation we had yesterday with Mr. Schaible on post-effective date activities. I understand that's been the Court's ruling. So I'm not clear what we're trying to do there and what we're trying to cover.

THE COURT: Let me tell you what I meant because I think this does capture what I meant, and then we'll see if you have an objection to this. So there's a pretty good body of law that says that an owner of property has a continuing duty that arises constantly to comply with, you know, applicable law with respect to health and safety issues.

So there's an argument that the day after the effective date the credit bid purchaser would have a P&A obligation with respect to predecessor activity, and that would accrue every day. This says that the subrogation rights will only apply if both accrues and relates to activity itself, not mere ownership of the property.

That's why I think it probably does capture it. But if you think that's incorrect, then why don't you go ahead.

But that's what I'm intending and I think this captured what I intended.

MR. BAINS: I think there, Your Honor, then Y should probably say relates to post-effective date activities as opposed to arises from, and I think that's what you just said, to be consistent with what your intentions are. Obviously we

have all our objections to all of this stuff, we --

THE COURT: All right. I got that. Tell me the difference between -- in your mind and then let me hear from

others the difference between relates to post-effective date

activity and arises from post-effective date activity. I'm

not sure I'm appreciating the difference and I want the

parties to be able to articulate that.

MR. BAINS: To be completely frank, I was parroting back what your language was there, just making sure you thought there was a difference, that it was clear based on what you just said that the order reflected that. I'm not near enough of a scholar of the English language to be able to pontificate on arise versus relate. But I just wanted to make sure it conformed with your intentions.

THE COURT: No, I think this -- I think the language there is good for what I intend. So if that's what we're doing, then I'm going to leave this language alone.

All right. Any other objections to it with that clarification by the Court?

(No audible response.)

THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.

Sorry, Mr. Dendinger, you did not speak up, but I enabled your line. Did you have something you wanted to add?

MR. DENDINGER: Yes, Your Honor. Thank you. For the Record, Mark Dendinger, Bracewell, for ENI Petroleum US,

LLC and ENI US Operating Co, Inc. Your Honor, we have suggested two changes to this paragraph of the order that we believe is consistent with the Court's thinking yesterday.

During the course of the hearing one of those changes the Weil team has signed off on, the Davis Polk team, or the other folks on the line have not necessarily signed off on. And I gather it's just a new change that I think is consistent with the Court's ruling. So if we could scroll up, I could walk the Court through both suggested revisions to this order.

THE COURT: Yeah, is this something that we should do like we did with Ms. Russell and let you show them to everyone, or do you want to read them? What's going to be best?

MR. DENDINGER: I think I could read them into the Record, I think that will be fine.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. DENDINGER: Okay. All right. Mr. Carlson, if you wouldn't mind scrolling up to the first change that Ms. Liou signed off on.

THE COURT: Yeah, I'm the --

MR. DENDINGER: There, thank you.

THE COURT: -- I'm the scroller, so tell me where you want to be.

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MR. DENDINGER: Okay. I apologize. The sentence

Your Honor, that starts -- well, looks like maybe this change was already made. Okay. I apologize, Your Honor. So the only change that I think that we would request would be we want this paragraph to be subject to our specifically negotiated paragraphs and our -- ENI definitive documentation.

And so what we would suggest is a new sentence at the end of Paragraph 97 that would say, For the avoidance of doubt this Paragraph 97 shall be subject to the ENI paragraphs in 111-18 of this order, the ENI implementation agreements, and the ENI definitive documents.

THE COURT: I think so long as you say -- clarify that it's subject to those only with respect to ENI, so not with respect to everybody. If you can fix that -- you follow what I'm saying? You're making everybody subject to the ENI paragraphs. Can you say, For the purpose of this Paragraph 97 ENI's rights and obligations are governed by those other paragraphs to the extent of any conflict?

MR. DENDINGER: Your Honor, may I suggest the parties referenced in those particular paragraphs because there are other parties referenced in those paragraphs besides ENI

THE COURT: Fair enough. Yeah, I just don't want to make it so broad that it swallows everybody else into it. But that's fine.

Let me see if anyone has any objection to language

of that nature.

MR. SCHAIBLE: Your Honor, it's Damian Schaible.
May I be heard?

THE COURT: Yes, Mr. Schaible.

MR. SCHAIBLE: The only thing that -- and I'm sorry to be (glitch in the audio) but we were fine with the first change which was put in. The only thing that gives me a minute of pause, and unfortunately I don't have a good answer for it, is, well, this paragraph was important obviously because it's clarifying subrogation rights, moving what subrogation rights don't move.

In one of the documents that -- and I'm now worried at all about the paragraph, but in one of the documents that Mr. Dendinger is referring to, there's broader subrogation rights. Are we saying that this gets overridden? That's the part that's giving me a little bit of pause, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Mr. Dendinger, I assume that we're only talking about things that have already been written down in these paragraphs. Do we need to incorporate the documents themselves? The paragraphs allow the documents but only consistent with the paragraphs. Right?

MR. DENDINGER: That's correct, Your Honor. And the paragraphs, in my mind, incorporate the documents because the documents are referenced in the paragraphs. These are simply the definitive documents that we had negotiated with the Weil

team and the Davis Polk team. They are unexecuted versions of those documents now and upon the effective date the Davis Polk team's client will be signing a joinder for those documents. So those are the parties that are bound in those documents that are being referenced in those paragraphs.

THE COURT: Got it. Okay. I didn't realize they were finalized.

MS. LIOU: Your Honor? Your Honor, it's Jessica Liou from Weil Gotshal & Manges, on behalf of the Debtors.

THE COURT: Yeah, hold on just a minute. I want to hear from Mr. Schaible about that before we come to you.

Mr. Schaible?

MS. LIOU: Sure.

MR. SCHAIBLE: As we said, well, subject to
Ms. Liou's idea I think if Mr. Dendinger doesn't mind, I'd
love to do it Your Honor's way and refer to the paragraph.
The paragraph then refers to the documents. So we're
comfortable with just the paragraph, you know, not limiting
rights. So I think if we just refer to the paragraphs and
that might be easier.

THE COURT: All right. Ms Liou?

MS. LIOU: Yes, Your Honor. I'm fine with Mr. Schaible's approach. I think that is the better approach here. And I wanted to clarify that it really should only be the parties that are bound to any definitive documents, other

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         than subject to whatever carve outs exist in those documents.
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                   THE COURT: Ms. Russell?
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                   MS. RUSSELL: (No audible response.)
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                   THE COURT: Ms. Russell?
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                   MS. RUSSELL: Yes, Your Honor. This relates to a
6
         different issue, but still in Paragraph 97. If I could ask
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         the Court to please scroll up just slightly so that we can
8
         see -- yes. Let's see --
9
              (Reviewing document.)
10
                   MS. RUSSELL: All right. Thank you, Your Honor.
11
         has been dealt with.
12
                   THE COURT: All right. Everybody hold on just a
13
         second.
14
              (Pause in the proceedings.)
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                   THE COURT: Mr. Dendinger, what are the paragraphs
16
         that you mentioned before, the paragraph numbers?
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                   MR. DENDINGER: Yes, Your Honor, they're Paragraphs
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         111 to 118.
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                   THE COURT: Thank you.
20
              (Pause in the proceedings.)
21
                   THE COURT: I think that's what everybody is saying,
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         and should resolve it. But I don't want to leave the hearing
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         without knowing we have a resolution. Can I hear objections
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         to the language I've just put on the screen?
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                   MS. LIOU: Your Honor, Jessica Liou on behalf of the
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         Debtors. I think the language that says the rights and
2
         obligations of the parties bound by Paragraph whatever
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         whatever should actually say, The rights and obligations of
         the parties bound by the agreement or any definitive documents
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5
         referenced in Paragraph 118 to -- sorry, 111 to 118.
                   THE COURT: The rights in paragraphs of the parties
6
7
         bound by --
8
                   MS. LIOU: Any definitive documents.
9
              (Pause in the proceedings.)
10
                   MS. LIOU: And any implementation agreement.
11
              (Pause in the proceedings.)
12
                   MS. LIOU: Oh, sorry, it should be and ENI
13
         implementation agreement. Apologies.
14
                   THE COURT: It's all right.
15
              (Pause in the proceedings.)
16
                   THE COURT: Is that what you're asking, Ms. Liou?
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                   MS. LIOU: That's right. Thank you. Yes, yes,
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         thank you, Your Honor.
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                   THE COURT: All right. Mr. Dendinger, does that
20
         work?
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                   MR. DENDINGER: Your Honor, I would ask that NAS be
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                       There are rights and obligations being spoken of
         added there.
23
         of our surety provider in those paragraphs, and so if we could
24
         add NAS in, that would resolve my issue.
25
              (Pause in the proceedings.)
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1 THE COURT: Does that work? 2 MR. DENDINGER: That works for ENI, Your Honor. 3 Does that work for the Debtor? THE COURT: 4 MS. LIOU: Your Honor --5 THE COURT: Go ahead. 6 MS. LIOU: -- two minors points. I believe the 7 second line, the beginning that should be Matter with two Ts, 8 and the third line, the ENI implementation agreement is just a 9 singular agreement. 10 THE COURT: All right. Mr. Schaible. 11 MR. SCHAIBLE: This works fine for me, Your Honor. 12 Thank you. 13 THE COURT: Mr. Kooy. 14 MR. KOOY: Yes, Your Honor. This debates then your 15 prior comments, I just want to -- I don't even know that this 16 necessary, I just want to maintain -- I represent NAS -- to 17 maintain and make sure we're preserving our objections to the 18 extent the Paragraphs 111 through 118 indicate. And I think 19 as everybody is aware of here we have a declaratory judgment 20 action against ENI and Chevron. 21 We're objecting to the statement that their 22 participation and agreement here has no impact on our rights 23 to surety and our right to assert defenses including, you 24 know, the expansion of liability here. It's the same general 25 objection we've had. I just want to make sure we're

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         preserving that, Your Honor.
2
                   THE COURT: It's preserved, and overruled.
3
                   MR. KOOY: Very good, Your Honor.
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                   THE COURT: Thank you.
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                   All right. Are you all able to take a screen shot
6
         of this, or how am I going to get this information over to the
7
         Debtor to incorporate it? Somebody take out their iPhone and
8
         take a picture of it?
9
                   MR. CARLSON: That should work.
10
                   THE COURT: Mr. Perez?
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                   MR. PEREZ: Your Honor, there's a little camera
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         function on the side there and if you hit that, it takes a
13
         screen shot.
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                   THE COURT: I know, but you all need a screen shot,
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         not me.
16
                   MR. PEREZ: I could take -- I took one, Your Honor,
17
         and sent it.
                   THE COURT: Okay. Good. I just want to be sure you
18
19
         all have this to incorporate in the final version. Okay.
20
         Let's move ahead.
21
              (Reviewing document.)
22
                   MR. BAINS: Your Honor, if I may while we're on that
23
         paragraph?
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                   THE COURT: Of course.
25
                   MR. BAINS: Again, Brandon Bains. Mr. Carlson
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referenced earlier a conversation yesterday about contribution rights. We did circulate some folks language for Paragraph 99. Now I will say that was actually Mr. Zuber that initially raised that issue, so I might defer to him. But we did have some proposed language that was sent to the Debtor yesterday evening simply noting that contribution rights were preserved and not subject to any of the restrictions on the subrogation language, and Mr. Zuber might not characterize your argument properly.

THE COURT: Mr. Zuber, can I get you to share a screen that would show us that language? Your line has remained active.

MR. ZUBER: I know.

THE COURT: Yeah, so you won't need to press five star again I don't think, Mr. Zuber.

MR. ZUBER: Judge Isgur, I have that language in front of me as well, if you want to give me the screen.

THE COURT: Sure. So I've got Mr. Zuber's line active, as well as I'll go ahead, Mr. Bains --

MR. ZUBER: Your Honor --

THE COURT: -- and I'll make you're line active.

Go ahead, Mr. Zuber.

MR. ZUBER: Your Honor, I defer to Mr. Bains on this issue. While I believe that Your Honor's ruling with respect to preservation of contribution rights was crystal clear, I

think that the language in Paragraph 97 which provides that there's a preservation of any of the rights or defenses of the non-Apache sureties against any non-debtor entity, including but not limited to any predecessors-in-interest or co-working interest parties with respect to the Debtor's assets would cover contribution rights.

I certainly have no objection to making that more expressed. If Mr. Bains would like to provide some language, but I believe that this language is broad enough and is consistent with Your Honor's ruling. I have a clear record that we are not waiving any contribution rights.

THE COURT: Can I -- I'm not sure why we have in there post-effective date. And maybe -- I don't have a problem including clarifying language, but I think you're actually limiting what I said. So if you have a contribution right that already arose, I'm not intending to limit those either. And I'm a little bit inclined to take out the language, this post-effective date.

MR. ZUBER: That'll be okay with us, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Let me hear from anyone that believes this language is inappropriate. I mean we are doing things here that are difficult and hard and I think that I want to be sure we have clarity, and I don't believe that it would reasonable to alter or diminish third party versus third party contribution rights that exist as of today.

MR. CARLSON: Your Honor, I don't think we -- this language works. I think -- and I guess -- well first off, we think that -- we don't think that language is necessary. We think the Record and the documents don't affect the contribution rights. But I think here the issue with this language is that it would eviscerate or override certain provisions of the Plan. Here we're saying that nothing in the Plan impacts their right to seek contribution from any interest party or predecessor. I don't think that that's necessarily a right.

THE COURT: Well, how are you trying to affect those contribution rights? I thought you weren't and I don't think I was intending to authorizing you to affect those contribution rights.

MR. CARLSON: I think if we carve out or we just make clear that we're only talking about non-debtors or NewCo or the post-effective date entities. I think if we carve all of those parties out, this would work. But that's me speaking and others can disagree, but --

THE COURT: I got it.

MR. CARLSON: -- it doesn't --

THE COURT: No, no, no, that makes sense. Obviously the Plan will affect the contribution rights from, you know, a debtor or a reorganized entity under this. It's the third party rights that we're not affecting.

I got it, but I do want to give them the clarifying language. I've given other people clarifying language to be sure they're comfortable. This has been -- I know this is hard on the sureties and I want to be sure that they leave understanding, you know, appropriately what they're getting.

Mr. Bains, can we add in language here, I'll let you type it in, that makes it clear that you're not trying to retain a contribution right, you know, against the entities that Mr. Carlson has identified. Do you want to take a few minutes and draft that and I'll come back to you? Because I think that may be hard to draft.

MR. BAINS: Well, and I believe we had that same language back up in 97 or somewhere that we were talking about the original rights. I don't know, there's -- I think there's a parenthetical that has some language on the Debtor and the NewCo entities. Is that what you're envisioning, I guess both to Mr. Carlson and to the Judge.

MR. CARLSON: I think that's right, just to say, I think it can be clear that it doesn't -- that if we're carving out the Debtors, the post-effective date Debtors, Fieldwood One, Fieldwood Four and the NewCo entities, I think that -- I think that's everyone.

THE COURT: So --

MR. BAINS: Your Honor, I can certainly, after I get control back, or you get control back of the screen, I can

incorporate that language and Mr. Carlson and I can email it to you. If you'll give me about four minutes and then we can go from there. If that works, however you want to handle it, Judge.

THE COURT: Yeah, why don't we come back and we'll do it all on the screen. I'll take back the screen now so that you don't have to show everybody you're drafting efforts, but then when you're ready just tell me and we'll come back and we'll all look at it together and then let's decide. I really don't want to put things off so that, you know, somebody else then has a problem with what you draft so.

Okay. Let me see. Okay. So you got back your own screen, we can't see it, I'll let you do some drafting.

Mr. Woodard, I think you wanted to speak.

MR. WOODARD: Thank you, Your Honor. Maybe if I can take about half of Mr. Bains four minutes, maybe that'll help everybody fill the void. I have the unenviable task, Your Honor, of being Number 6 in asking you to listen just for a moment, if I could, on a slightly different aspect of what has been overruled, the objection that's been overruled five times previously and no doubt will be again now.

But I need to put on the Record a couple of things if --

THE COURT: Go --

MR. WOODARD: -- I have been --

THE COURT: -- go right ahead, Mr. Woodard.

MR. WOODARD: -- first of all --

THE COURT: Go back -- although I've been overruling people, I'm doing my best to preserve all -- everybody's appellate rights. My goal shouldn't be to stop you from preserving your objections. So go ahead and --

MR. WOODARD: And I --

THE COURT: -- maybe you've got some new argument and you can carry the day for everybody. We'll see.

MR. WOODARD: It is a slightly new argument, Judge. I started this off with -- on Monday of actually being in your camp, and I think I'm slipping a little bit. However, all of the things that I agreed with you are still there. So all of the items that the Court has the ability to do under 363, the Debtor. The facts are that the bonds continue to exist, notwithstanding the fact of the loss of the principal. All of those things I still agree with.

But at the end of the day every day this week I've had this dilemma trying to figure out, because while I wear the hat of a bankruptcy counsel, I understand the concepts of elimination of debt and going through the confirmation process and discharge and all that. As I wear the hat of a surety counsel, however, the idea of losing the ability to maintain the suretyship rights of a surety is just contrary to basic surety law.

So each day as I listen to the variety of the five arguments before mine, I've struggled each night trying to figure out how it is that I reconcile all those things. And I think that I've finally come to what I believe to be a viable solution to it, but as I say, I would anticipate no different end result, but let's give it a run.

The acquisition of the leases on the effective date carries with it certain obligations that take effect whether the leases -- take effect when the leases are actually transferred to any of the post-confirmation entities. There are -- and that has nothing to do with the sureties. These are obligations that come into existence under -- whether it's the outer Continentals shell pack, whether it's any of the CFR provisions that place a variety of maintenance, decommissioning, safety obligation on any owner/operator of a lease.

So the moment that the entities actually take over on behalf of -- that take the assignment of these leases and become owner/operator they have a new set of obligations that don't relate to the sureties, that relate solely to the Government. It is only the DOI, BSEE, BOEM in any of their pieces. So that is a straight line of liability from the credit bit purchaser, from Fieldwood One, Three, Four directly to the Government.

Mr. Dane testified during his direct testimony that

NewCo is going to be responsible for someplace between 330-and \$350 million of P&A liability, and that that was part of their entire deal and it was -- it's a wonderful thing what NewCo was going to be doing for everybody. All of those postpetition -- post-effective date. Once they take those on, new obligations.

He also testified the same was going to be true under Fieldwood One, Three and Four just that he said that they are taking assignment of leases as well.

And all of that liability is completely independent of the bonds. So if just assuming for moment that the regulators, upon the default, right, one of those entities doesn't do what they're supposed to do under the CFR and the regulators declare a default, they could look to those entities directly from themselves, from the Government and declare the default and seek the monetary whatever, restitution, clean up, whatever they be directly to themselves. They don't need to call the bond, they don't need to do anything else. And that right exists the moment they sign those leases.

Now we also agree on Monday, and I still do today, that the bond continues. We don't get out from under it. The bond will live on indefinitely until we're released from our obligee, which in our case is the Government. So the Government can also turn around and say to Lexon, Okay, Lexon,

these bonds are still in existence, there's a violation of that lease that's being conducted by credit bid NewCo. You pay us the money. And we won't -- whether we have a defense or not we'll deal with that at that time.

But assuming that we don't and we have to pay that money, now we flip back to straight surety law because that bond is still there, it is still under surety law. And so our obligation runs directly to the Government. The NewCo 1, 3, 4 run directly to the Government. Now the Government takes the money. Suretyship law. It's very simple in this regard. When you boil it all the way down what subrogation is, is the surety case but under the rights of the obligee.

It is not a claim by the surety itself. It is a claim using the Government's rights in order to reimburse the Government and the surety from the party that has done the wrong. So at the end of the day here you've got a postpetition obligation that's a direct line obligation to the Government and you have what is -- well, it was a pre-petition original bond, it has lived on post-petition and has been certainly -- continued to be ratified by the Government, but they're not going to let us off the hook.

So we have a post-effective date default, payment and the surety would be only exercising the direct rights from the NewCo, whoever it might be, to the Government and that's why, at least in my mind, Your Honor, that's why when you come

to the end of the day, I come back around to say the suretyship's still there.

The suretyship doesn't get eliminated by the confirmation. The rights are still there and going forward. Now I understand what the language is, and we're trying to hammer that out as best we can. But I needed to get this on the Record and also to acknowledge that we're joining in what Mr. Zuber had to say yesterday. But it is a slight different argument, and I wanted the Court to be aware of it.

THE COURT: Mr. Woodard --

MR. WOODARD: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: -- first of all, thank you, I think it's a really clear statement of the argument. I'm not sure that I believe it to be different than at least the way that I heard and that I've been considering the argument. So I've certainly thought about the issue that you are raising.

And again, I want to, because you've raised it again, which is more than fair, I want to again explain why I believe what we're doing is correct so that there is a Record of our decision that you can appeal if your client determines that's the best thing to do.

The sureties today right now can liquidate their claim and have a claim against Fieldwood that is the principal on the bonds. That claim may be for the full amount of the bonds. And if so, you will get a claim for the full amount of

the bonds. I'm not liquidating it right now. But you have the right to assert that full claim. No one is taking away any of your rights against the principal. And I understand that's in part not your argument, but it's important to put in context that all the principal rights are there.

Now the principal can't pay in full, but you can get a liquidated claim against the principal for whatever it is that you're entitled to. And under the bankruptcy law we can determine the amount of the claim that will exist in the future whether or not you have yet paid it, because all of that falls within the definition of a claim.

So 100 percent of the sureties' rights can be vindicated against the Debtors. The rights that you have described, which arise in favor of the Government, arise under 28 USC 959 in my view. And you have described that the acquiring entity will have a continuing obligation to BOEM and BSEE and the Department of the Interior.

The issue that you're asking me to rule on, and that I am ruling on, is whether the Bankruptcy Court is empowered as part of the Plan's adjudication and Plan process to say that you're not going to get subrogation rights to the Government if they come back against the acquiring entity. I rely in large part on our ability to do that, on the Bankruptcy Code, and in large part on Midlantic.

Finally, I rely on the really complete evidentiary

record that we have. The evidentiary record that we have is that there will not be an acquirer of these entities if they will then be subject to subrogation by the surety. So the sureties are in a position where if we don't do the Plan, you will just have an eminent default and the entire surety issue will be, you know, available subject to whatever defenses you have if the Government calls it.

Under the Bankruptcy Code we could authorize, and may authorize the sale of the property, the *en rem* property free and clear of all liens, claims and encumbrances. That includes equitable rights including the equitable right of subrogation. So what do we do when we have subrogation law that comes into conflict with the ability to sale under Section 363 free and clear of those types of equitable rights.

And that is informed by Midlantic, which is we should apply the Bankruptcy Code in a manner that allows the Government to maximize the environmental consequences that are facing the country and in this case the Gulf of Mexico if we don't do the right thing. Accordingly, when you look at 363 and 959 and Midlantic and the evidentiary record we have, this is the only solution to the problem.

I do not make the sureties worse off by confirming the Plan, I make them better off by confirming the Plan. I am true to the requirements of *Midlantic* and I am true to the language of the Code. And for that reason I overrule the

1 objection. 2 I appreciated the statement in the way in which it 3 was made, Mr. Woodard. Thank you. 4 MR. WOODARD: Thank you, Judge. I appreciate the 5 opportunity to put it on the Record. 6 THE COURT: Absolutely. 7 Mr. Liou, go ahead. 8 MS. LIOU: Your Honor, may I take a moment perhaps 9 for my comment. It was regarding an earlier paragraph and I 10 believe that the parties are going to work separately on 11 language and come back to you on that. So I'm okay with that. 12 THE COURT: Thank you. 13 By the way, for those of you whose lines have 14 remained active, you don't need to press five star again. You 15 can simply, you know, speak up at the right time. 16 Mr. Bains, I'm going to come back to you and see if 17 we're -- are you ready to show us a document at this point? 18 MR. BAINS: Yes, Your Honor. 19 THE COURT: Thank you. Mr. Woodard took longer than 20 he forecast, so I figured you'd be ready by now. 21 MR. BAINS: Good argument, Mr. Woodard. 22 THE COURT: It was a --23 MR. BAINS: I at least believe you. 24 THE COURT: It was a good argument from Mr. Woodard, 25 and I appreciated hearing it. But nevertheless it took longer

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         than two minutes, so I figured you'd be finished.
2
                   MR. BAINS: True. I'm putting it up now.
3
              (Pause in the proceedings.)
4
                   THE COURT: Let me hear from parties that might
5
         object to Mr. Bains's language.
6
              (Pause in the proceedings.)
7
                   THE COURT: Mr. Carlson, you okay?
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                   MR. CARLSON: Yes, that captures what we discussed.
9
                   THE COURT: Mr. Schaible?
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                   MR. SCHAIBLE: Yes, Your Honor. Thank you.
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                   THE COURT: Mr. Bains, we're going to order the
12
         incorporation of the language on the screen into the
13
         confirmation final draft. Thank you for doing that.
14
                   Do you all have a picture of that so that we can
15
         move ahead?
16
                   MR. CARLSON: Yes, we took one.
17
                   THE COURT: Thank you.
18
                   MR. BAINS: I'll email it to you as well so that
19
         would just make it easier to cut and paste.
20
                   MR. CARLSON: Thank you, Mr. Bains.
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22
                   THE COURT: Okay. We're going to back into my
23
         screen now and the -- I have to say, isn't the technology just
24
         amazing that we can do all of this? In some sense it's
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         actually better than being live in court. Right? Where, you
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1 know, Mr. Bains can sit at his desk and he can draft 2 something, and Mr. Carlson can get it and -- I don't know. 3 mean, you know, we're going to have an interesting hybrid life come January -- excuse me, September 7 as far as I'm 4 5 concerned. 6 MR. CARLSON: I'm just glad my kids and dog aren't 7 coming into the background, so that's appreciated. 8 (Laughter.) 9 MR. DENDINGER: Your Honor, it's Mark Dendinger. 10 May I be heard briefly on that language? 11 THE COURT: Yes. And Ms. Russell also wanted to be 12 heard, and your -- both of your lines are active, so go ahead. 13 MS. RUSSELL: Your Honor --14 MR. DENDINGER: Thank you, Your Honor. 15 MS. RUSSELL: -- if we could put up the last -- if 16 we could bring up the language that we've seen blasted. 17 looking at that language we need to add GOM Shelf behind 18 Fieldwood One in the parenthetical. 19 THE COURT: Are you -- are you in the language 20 Mr. Bains drafted, or some other language? I apologize. 21 MS. RUSSELL: Yes, what Mr. Bains was drafting. If 22 that can come back up on the screen for just a moment. 23 THE COURT: We'll try. 24 (Pause in the proceedings.) 25 MS. RUSSELL: So in the parenthetical where it says,

Debtors Fieldwood One, if we could, after Fieldwood One put in GOM Shelf.

(Pause in the proceedings.)

MR. CARLSON: Like that?

MS. RUSSELL: Yes. And, Your Honor, we're going to do one very close final review to make sure that this is not -- that GOM Shelf doesn't need to be added in other places. But that is the intent of the Plan since it is a subsidiary of Fieldwood One that it be captured in these tasks.

THE COURT: So, Mr. Carlson, in each instance in which it is appropriate to add clarification that Fieldwood One includes GOM Shelf I'm ordering you to include it in the final confirmation order.

We had someone else though that wanted to speak. Go ahead.

MR. DENDINGER: Yes, Your Honor. Mark Dendinger at Bracewell for ENI.

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. DENDINGER: If it isn't included in Paragraph 97, that will be fine. If it's not included in Paragraph 97 I need for this to be subject to the same sentence we just negotiated that to the extent of any conflict, ENI the paragraph shall survive, or shall control.

THE COURT: Let's make this easy, Mr. Carlson. Put

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         that language that Mr. Bains drafted into Paragraph 97 so that
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         we don't have to do brain surgery to get it in the right
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         place. Thank you.
                   MR. DENDINGER: Thank you, Your Honor.
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                   THE COURT: All right. We're now going to go back
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         to the proposed confirmation order.
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              (Pause in the proceedings.)
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                   MR. CARLSON: So, Your Honor, the next set of
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         paragraphs are the Chevron paragraphs, and I think we've,
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         during this hearing resolved the open issue on this point, and
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         I'm hesitant to do this, given my track record, but I think I
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         can put the language on the screen that hopefully resolves the
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         issues.
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                   THE COURT: We'll let you try and redeem yourself.
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              (Pause in the proceedings.)
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                   THE COURT: Look at that.
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              (Pause in the proceedings.)
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                   MR. CARLSON: I think we need to include GOM Shelf,
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         Your Honor.
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                   THE COURT: Mr. Ripley?
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                   MR. RIPLEY: Yes. Yes, good morning, Your Honor.
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         It's Ed Ripley --
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                   THE COURT: Good morning.
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                   MR. RIPLEY: -- Andrews Myers, on behalf of
25
         Chevron. Good morning.
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1	THE COURT: Good morning.
2	Does anyone have any problem with this addition to
3	the CUSA (phonetic) section?
4	MR. RIPLEY: Yeah, Judge, where I think we've
5	landed and I really appreciate both the Weil team and the
6	Davis Polk team yes, it starts right there.
7	Mr. Carlson, we're just going to include that last
8	sentence starting with the, Nothing within.
9	MR. CARLSON: Yes, it looks like I missed an email.
10	Right.
11	MR. RIPLEY: Yeah, no problem. Judge, we've been
12	using the time as you've been working through other things,
13	it's a lot of moving parts.
14	THE COURT: I got it.
15	Does anyone object to this inclusion?
16	(No audible response.)
17	THE COURT: Okay. We'll include it. Thank you.
18	(Pause in the proceedings.)
19	THE COURT: This language, however, is staying in
20	104 and then you're just adding to this. Is that correct?
21	MR. CARLSON: That's correct.
22	MR. RIPLEY: Correct, Your Honor. Yeah, the
23	additional language that we've agreed on.
24	THE COURT: And does anyone have any objection to
25	this plus the add-on that we just saw?

(No audible response.)

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THE COURT: All right.

MR. BAINS: Your Honor, Brandon Bains. I guess my question, I have not see this language before. I'm not sure what is different here than what we had in Paragraph 97.

Certainly, Mr. Ripley, if I'm missing something, but I know that we already tried to reserve all of our rights between our respective clients. Is there something different here that's being reserved or is this proverbial belt and suspenders?

MR. RIPLEY: Well, this all originated before the new paragraphs, so there's no attempt to try and change if I remember what was now, what, Paragraph 97. This may well be belts and suspenders, but take a look and let me know if you think there's something different.

MR. BAINS: I don't necessarily, I just didn't know how that came about, if you were trying to modify what was already up there on the reservation between sureties and obligees. But that was my only question.

MR. RIPLEY: Yeah. No, this all originated before that new paragraph even came in.

MR. BAINS: Understood.

MR. RIPLEY: Thank you, Judge, for letting us have some discussion while we're going through this.

THE COURT: Thank you.

1 (Pause in the proceedings.) 2 MR. RIPLEY: Judge, the only other open change is in 3 Paragraph 108, and if you'll scroll down from where you see 4 the one insert on implementation agreement, the second insert, 5 right there, so one, two, three, four lines down there's another CUSA definitive documents. So just two more lines 6 7 down. Yeah, if you go down to the -- two more lines. 8 Correct. We need to insert the saying, CUSA implementation 9 agreement and. So the sentence that starts, Execute and 10 deliver --11 THE COURT: Is there any issue with that, 12 Mr. Carlson? 13 MR. CARLSON: No, no issue. 14 THE COURT: Thank you. All right. 15 MR. RIPLEY: And that was it. And again, Judge, we 16 really appreciate both the Weil team and the Davis Polk team 17 working with us. 18 THE COURT: Thank you. 19 (Pause in the proceedings.) 20 THE COURT: Do we need to put a time in for that 21 hearing or --MR. CARLSON: I was just -- I just wondered that 22 23 myself. We'll add the time. 24 THE COURT: Thank you. 25 (Pause in the proceedings.)

MR. CARLSON: This additional paragraph addresses — it should potentially mirror the BP and XTO paragraphs on this issue. And we'll look to Mr. Kind to confirm whether or not they're signed off, I'm just not sure.

THE COURT: Let me get Mr. Kind's line active. Hold on.

(Pause in the proceedings.)

THE COURT: Mr. Kind -- and, Ms. Rogers -Ms. Rosen, I just saw your line, I'll come back to you in just
a second, I apologize, I didn't see it before.

Mr. Kind.

MR. KIND: Your Honor, good morning. Thank you. We think this language largely accomplishes what we were discussing with counsel. However, we had one lingering issue that the protective language as written only applies to assumed contracts, and we wanted to make clear that the recoupment is available for the purposes of reconciling and resolving rejection claims as well in connection with rejected contacts. That's really the only lingering and open issue.

MR. CARLSON: So, Your Honor, on that point I think a couple of things. I think, you know, as of the effective date on a rejected contract, you know, we think obviously all the contractual rights fall off including any set off rights. And we think the Plan is pretty clear on how we treat rejection damages, so didn't think that there was any need to

preserve any rights here on this point.

MR. KIND: I think, Your Honor, just to clarify I think, we know that, you know, per Section 363 sales can proceed free and clear. I think what our concern is about is about making sure that the valid set off and vetting process for pre-effective date and pre-rejection amounts are included in the type of the protective language that is in that paragraph. And, you know, we aren't looking to get any extra right, it's just about making sure that the ballot itself right up to the rejection part are respective.

THE COURT: So I'm not sure what happens on a preeffective date set off -- a post-petition, pre-effective date
set off on a rejected contract. So let's start with I don't
know the answer to that question. Are you asking me to
resolve it right now, or what are you asking me to do about
that?

MR. KIND: Well, Your Honor, you know what, I would propose just a couple of -- you know, maybe changing seven words to make clear that this paragraph then refers to all executory contracts between Cox and the Debtors. If the

THE COURT: Yeah, but that asks me -- that asks me to resolve it today in a way and I don't -- that may be the correct resolution. I don't know is the problem. So what do you think I should do? Do you think this cuts off those

rights as opposed to -- I just think it leaves them wherever they are. I'm saying that these don't adversely affect the assumed ones, and I actually don't know what the Plan's going to do, or what the effect of the Plan is on a post-petition pre-rejection motion filing pre-effective date but rejection could be retroactively effective.

I mean there are just so many permutations there, doesn't that wait for another day to determine what occurs, or am I missing your point? Because I don't think I can resolve it if I don't know the whole law on it, and I don't mean to be too ignorant about it, but I don't know it.

MR. KIND: No, Your Honor, those points are well taken. I think that the concern is that when the Plan specifies a rejection, damages claims can be brought but that will be classified as an unsecured claim, I think there's a concern about, well, you know, in order to prepare that claim are we allowed -- you know, are they trying to cut off our right to take into effect the vetting that we assert, you know, we're entitled to per the contract before they were rejected. But, Your Honor --

THE COURT: So, let me go back to Mr. Perez on this one. This has been sort of your bailiwick so far. What do we do on a provision in the Plan like what Mr. Kind is referencing where -- you know, I don't know if you can do that or not, you certainly -- it's a fair provision in a Plan, but

if he's saying he's not sure that you can cut off his secured rights, if he has them, how do you think we ought to handle that?

MR. PEREZ: Two things, Your Honor. Number one, I don't think the paragraph cuts off whatever right of whatever rights he has. And to the extent that he's allowed -- he's entitled to file a claim as a result of the rejection damages, and for instance even if we say in the Plan that he's entitled to file a claim, you know, they're holding a deposit, I don't think the Plan would be able to vitiate that hold -- the deposit.

And to the extent that he has a valid claim for a set off, again, I don't think we -- I don't think that the Plan would cut that off on a pre basis, Your Honor.

THE COURT: So he's -- what he -- and I haven't looked at this provision, he's telling me the Plan itself says that damages from a -- from the rejection of a contract will be treated solely as an unsecured claim. So if they have damages for which they have set off rights, and again, those may not be effective, I don't know, but what do we do so that that argument gets preserved?

MR. PEREZ: Well, Your Honor, I think we're having this colloquy on the Record, but normally when you file a -- when you get a claim it does give rise to an unsecured claim. To the extent somebody I guess is holding security, then that

unsecured claim would have whatever security that person is holding. It's kind of how the Plan purports to strip any of that security.

THE COURT: Mr. Kind, it is 9:10 in the morning Central Time, with Mr. Perez estopping his client. Are you okay with that?

MR. KIND: Your Honor, I think, you know, I think those statements mean that we kind of -- we resolve these issues in the context of resolving whatever claim we filed, you know, in connection with the rejection. So, Your Honor, I think I'm satisfied with that understanding. But I think what I would ask is perhaps that we have a, you know, a provision that gives us 45 days to file such a claim which mirrors what was done for BP in Paragraph 133, sub 4, which is pretty much -- you know, mirrors what's in the Plan but provides an extra 15 days.

THE COURT: Any problem with --

MR. KIND: And I -- with that --

THE COURT: -- giving them 45 days to file a rejection claim, Mr. Carlson?

MR. CARLSON: No, no, Your Honor, that's perfectly fine.

THE COURT: Okay. Yeah, add that language, please. Thank you.

Are we okay, Mr. Kind? All right.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you.

Ms. Rosen.

MS. ROSEN: Thank you, Your Honor. I just -- I wanted to clarify back on Paragraph 127 V --

(Pause in the proceedings.)

MS. ROSEN: Okay. Thank you, Your Honor. I know — and there were a lot of changes going around yesterday and I believe the language that we agreed to for that parenthetical was to say, "In a manner that is not inconsistent with the applicable XTO — Exxon/XTO executory contract." I don't know this necessarily is a change from that, but I just wanted to clarify that I can see a situation where the applicable law may not identical to the language of the contract, and I just wanted to make sure that it was clear that we are preserving our rights to exercise any valid netting under applicable law. I would prefer it to say, "In a manner that is not inconsistent with our contracts," because otherwise I think it runs a risk of making it an and instead of an or.

THE COURT: Yeah, I'm not going to do in a manner because that involves -- or implicates procedural issues rather than substantive ones, and I think unless incorporates both.

MS. ROSEN: Okay.

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                   THE COURT: So I'm going to overrule the objection
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         on that.
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                   MS. ROSEN: Okay. Thank -- okay.
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                   THE COURT: Thank you.
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                   MS. ROSEN: Thank you, Your Honor.
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                   THE COURT: Thank you.
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                   MR. CARLSON: So, Your Honor, from the Debtor's
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         perspective I believe that counseling, which was the only --
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         the last open issue, we do have a few more changes we can walk
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         the Court through here, but --
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                   THE COURT: I may want to --
                   MR. CARLSON: -- otherwise --
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                   THE COURT: -- make sure that all the parties here
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         have a chance to object to everything, so I'm going to just
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         keep going page-by-page --
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                   MR. CARLSON: Understood.
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                   THE COURT: -- on this.
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                   MR. KIND: Your Honor --
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                   THE COURT: Yes.
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                   MR. KIND: -- I'm sorry to interrupt but I just
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         wanted to clarify. Is the language that Mr. Carlson's going
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         to add to the Cox paragraph, I'm sure he'll send it over, but
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         is it going to reflect our understanding on the Record that
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         we'll -- that any set off issues on the rejection claims would
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         be resolved in the claims reconciliation process.
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THE COURT: No, we're not going to include any language about that. We're going to deal with estoppel from what Mr. Perez said. That language is simply going to give them 45 days to file a claim. MR. KIND: Okay, Your Honor. Thank you. THE COURT: Thank you. (Pause in the proceedings.) MR. CARLSON: We'll change that to 150. THE COURT: Thank you. (Pause in the proceedings.) THE COURT: All right. This is -- all objections previously made and overruled are preserved. Does anyone have any new objection that they wish to voice to the form or the substance of the confirmation order? (No audible response.) THE COURT: All right. Look, I owe a debt of gratitude to everybody on the call for all of your professionalism, and as I said yesterday, I think especially to Mr. Carlson.

I also want to mention the sureties who, as far as I'm concerned, have presented their case in such a professional way to preserve their objections and have consistently recognized that their duties as officers of the court is to implement the Court's orders. And I think they have done their best to do that, and I very much appreciate

that.

So the professionalism of everyone in the whole hearing, this has been a long, hard hearing, is just completely appreciated by the Court and I appreciate the lawyers who are here.

Mr. Carlson, what I would like for you to do is to file one integrated document so that you have all of the attachments with it, non-redlined, that I can sign that is everything without me needing to add any additional attachments to it so that I don't get that wrong. And when you get that filed, if you would contact Ms. Do, I'm not going to hold another hearing, I'm going to sign the order.

MR. CARLSON: That sounds great. We'll do that. I do want to point you to a few changes we've made to the Plan just so the Court is aware and not surprised by that. But it shouldn't be controversial changes I don't think.

THE COURT: So let me get the redline.

(Pause in the proceedings.)

THE COURT: All right. Go ahead, please.

MR. CARLSON: Sure. So on Page 7 is the additional predecessor agreement definition. There was discussion with Ms. Liou and Mr. Perez yesterday on that point. We think this is consistent -- if you'll go up, I'm sorry, to --

THE COURT: Oh, ECF Page 7?

MR. CARLSON: Page 7, ECF Page -- that's right.

1 (Pause in the proceedings.) 2 THE COURT: All right. 3 MR. CARLSON: And then I believe the only other 4 change is inside Section 5.13A, which should be conforming to 5 97 of the order. 6 (Pause in the proceedings.) 7 THE COURT: All right. Thank you. 8 MR. CARLSON: Yeah. 9 THE COURT: So I mean this from the -- with all 10 sincerity, what I think is being accomplished in the 11 Bankruptcy Court is in the best interest of the United States, 12 is in the best interest of the creditors of this estate, and I 13 very much appreciate all of the hard work and effort done. 14 Mr. Kuebel, you had something you wanted to add. Go 15 ahead. 16 MR. KUEBEL: Yes, Your Honor. If you wouldn't mind, 17 could -- this is Rick Kuebel on behalf of McMoran and 18 ConocoPhillips companies. Could I impose on the Court to go 19 back to the definition language of the additional predecessor 20 agreements for one second? 21 THE COURT: Yes, sir. 22 MR. KUEBEL: The new language with it. 23 (Pause in the proceedings.) 24 MR. KUEBEL: And I just wanted to point out to the 25 Court that I think the change of moving it to the effective

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date is probably better as it does give us some time if Mr. Perez still wants to speak to me to try to work out agreements for some of the other predecessors. But when we talked about this with the Court I believe yesterday, I think we also talked about that there would be some process for filing notice and bringing those back in front of the Court. I just wanted to make sure that this language was consistent with the Court's expectations in that regard. THE COURT: I actually noticed that too but if no one was going to object, I wasn't going to raise it. I do think that's what we said. Let's go ahead and I think, what, give notice seven days prior to the effective date and that should give everybody enough time to come into court if they want to come in. That cause any heartburn for anybody? (No audible response.) THE COURT: Mr. Carlson, Mr. Perez, you all okay with that? MR. CARLSON: I think the Debtors are fine with it. MS. LIOU: Yes, Your Honor. THE COURT: Mr. Kuebel, does that work for your client? Thank you, Your Honor. MR. KUEBEL: Yes. apologize for interrupting and --THE COURT: No --MR. KUEBEL: -- thank Your Honor for the courtesy

that --

THE COURT: No, I think it's --

MR. KUEBEL: -- you gave --

THE COURT: -- the right thing to do. I was going to raise something on my own that I thought the parties would agree to, but I didn't realize that was -- remained as an issue, but I do think what you've raised is consistent with what I said, and if we make it seven days, we'll get there.

I do have somebody from 504-832-0680 --

MR. KUEBEL: Thank you.

THE COURT: -- that wants to address an issue.

MR. FORSYTH: Yes, Your Honor, this is David

Forsyth, I represent (indiscernible) Oil Company. I just have a question. When will the new Plan supplement be filed? I know that we have one issue, that there was a production handling agreement that was not scheduled, was being assumed, but it was listed on Exhibit 3F to the Apache agreement, and the way the documents read is that would prevail. I had understood that that was going to be changed and deleted from the -- from Exhibit 3F. And I'm sure there are other things like that, I just wondering when those kinds of things will be taken care of.

THE COURT: Ms. Liou, is that in your bailiwick?

MS. LIOU: Yes, Your Honor. We are working on updating documents and hoping to get that on file today.

1 THE COURT: Good. Thank you. 2 MR. FORSYTH: Thank you. 3 THE COURT: Thank you. 4 From 504-458-0820? 5 MR. NORTH: Hi, Your Honor. This is Tom North 6 (phonetic) for ROI Insurance Company. I was just going to 7 raise the same point about the language on the additional 8 predecessor agreement, but it looks like that's been resolved. 9 THE COURT: Are you okay with the seven days to 10 where if you have a problem, you can come on in and get a 11 hearing on it? 12 MR. NORTH: Yeah, we are, Your Honor. Thank you. 13 THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. 14 All right. I am concluding the confirmation hearing 15 and I am moving the motion for relief from the stay hearing in 16 this same case. Mr. Kadden, if could get you to press five 17 star, please. 18 Those of you that don't want to stick around to hear 19 Mr. Kadden, it's going to be interesting, but you can leave, 20 you don't need permission, just hang up your phone and 21 disconnect your camera and we're going to move to the motion 22 for relief from the stay. 23 Mr. Kadden, Good morning. MR. KADDEN: Well, good morning, Your Honor. 24 25 Benjamin Kadden. I'm a little saddened by the number of

people who are dropping who don't want to watch my performance.

Your Honor, we're here today after a very lengthy and complicated confirmation hearing, and on behalf of Atlantic Maritime Services, asking for what we believe to be very targeted and limited relief from the automatic stay. The issue, Your Honor, that it mainly gets faced with is that we are about approaching on July 16th and July 23rd, the one-year deadlines for filing suit on our Louisiana oil well liens in either State or Federal Court.

As Your Honor is well aware, we had initially sued a number of non-debtor working interest working interest owners to protect and preserve our rights vis-à-vis those entities. Those matters have been stayed by agreement of the parties, and following the hearing with Your Honor in November have indicated and multiple times extended. And most recently the stay extension order now runs through the effective date of the Plan.

The issue, Your Honor, is that we're now about three weeks from the first set of liens expiring, the one is expiring beyond the second set of liens July 23rd, a little less than a month. And quite frankly, Your Honor, insofar as the effective date that comes prior to those dates, we probably do not have an issue because the stay seems to have effect under 362(c)(2)(C).

However, given that the Plan includes I think 21 contingent precedents, many of which are indeterminable on their face, we're faced with the prospect of the effective date not occurring prior to those one-year deadlines.

And so therefore what we ask, Your Honor, is to give us authority and lift the automatic stay to do four things. First, to amend the complaint that was filed against Ecopetrol to name Talos as an individual party. Second, to amend the lease to name Talos. Third and fourth, to file suit against and file notice of lis pendens again to Houston Energy and Red Willow with respect to our liens on Mississippi Canyon 519.

Thereafter, Your Honor, we would agree to reimplement the automatic stay and extend the extension order to
the new lawsuit on MT519 unless and until the occurrence of
the effective date, that there wouldn't be any further
distraction in the (indiscernible) and Debtors, et cetera.

Your Honor, in the opposition filed by the Debtors, albeit prior to confirmation, prior to the tremendous amount of work and hard effort in getting to a largely consensual confirmation order, the Debtors filed an objection really based on three items. First, they were concerned about the Debtors being distracted during confirmation. I will say I believe the limited relief we've requested could have likely been done by a stipulation and avoided briefing and a hearing, but they opted not to get on that tab, and that's their

prerogative.

However, the distraction factor has now been mooted. The case has been confirmed and we're now moving to a confirmation order.

Second, they argue that the -- or the determination on the policies on the dispositive motions in the pending adversary we need relief from requested relief. Your Honor, we respond only to say that even insofar as Your Honor were to rule in favor of the Debtors, our appeal period on such a ruling would still not expire until after the applicable one-year deadline. And so in order to preserve our rights we still need to file those lawsuits on or before July 16 and July 23.

And then finally, Your Honor, they've raised the prospects of Section 108(c), extending the deadline by 30 days. And we set forth in our papers Section 108(c) is clear that it's only applicable to claims against the Debtor. And while they cited no authority, we both have an found an authority that it's specifically protected and they can give us an additional 30 days.

And therefore, Your Honor, we would ask to take the four limited steps set forth in our motion and we would agree to reimposition of the automatic stay and application of the stay extension order pending the effective date of the Plan.

THE COURT: Mr. Kadden, thank you.

Who's going to respond for the Debtor?

MR. PEREZ: Your Honor, I am.

THE COURT: Go ahead, please.

MR. PEREZ: Your Honor, a couple of points. Number one, obviously to the extent that the Court rules in our favor with respect to any one of our summary judgments, this would in essence moot it. I understand Mr. Ord's (phonetic) comments that they would want to preserve their ability to appeal. They don't have to do that right now, Your Honor. At the earliest they would be time barred in mid-July. So certainly to the extent that the Court rules between now and, you know, even a few days before the 16th, the playing field would be completely different.

And, Your Honor, the prejudice to us comes with the incremental costs that we risk incurring if we lose. And that is -- that to the extent that there is an indemnification obligation, that indemnification obligation would go -- would, you know, continue to accrue even after we would -- you know, even if we prevail that they're allowed to go forward at this time.

So, Your Honor, at a minimum we would request that if there is a -- that if the Court is inclined to lift the stay before the Court rules that the stay not be lifted until, you know, some time shortly before the 16th and shortly before the 23rd so we minimize any impact and costs that potentially

the Debtors would be liable for, Your Honor.

THE COURT: So, Mr. Kadden, what do you think of -if we entered an order today and it stayed for 14 days, we're
talking about the 9th, if we did what you asked for and make
it explicit that the effect of the order, you know, occurs on
the 10th, because that would I think be what it would be as a
matter of law, we'll just make that clear, but in the meantime
we'll go ahead and hold the summary judgment hearing and see
what happens, which could moot it and no point in anybody
wasting money. But assuming that you prevail on the summary
judgment, then on the 10th you could file what you need to
file. Does that work, Mr. Kadden?

MR. KADDEN: Your Honor, two comments. One, I think for purposes of timeliness that does, in fact, work. Summary judgment hearing has already been had, the matter's under advisement, and so my only concern is even insofar as you were to rule on or before July 10, we still need the ability to go ahead and file those suits on or before the 16th. Because the appeal period will have not run in the period, even if you were to issue a ruling this afternoon, we would still be within the appeal period.

THE COURT: You make a good point, Mr. Kadden.

First, and among other things, I didn't remember we'd already had that hearing, so I'm going to have to go back and see what the status of that is too. What do you think of an order that

allows them to do that limited activity starting on the 10th of July, Mr. Perez?

MR. PEREZ: Your Honor, I think that's fine. And let me make one other point. I would fully expect, Your Honor, that if we go effective and the Court hasn't ruled, or even if the Court has ruled, that we would seek to continue to impose this -- you know, a stay pending, you know, final resolution of that issue. And it's probably the single largest dollar amount in our -- in the comments, you know, Mr. Green and Mr. Dane, so I really do think that the fact that there is -- that we would go effective and the stay would no longer affect, I clearly think that we would request that that -- you know, that the whole thing be stayed until the Court's able to --

THE COURT: Yeah --

MR. PEREZ: -- rule on our motion.

THE COURT: -- I appreciate the heads up, and I'll let you take that up when you get there.

For now I'm going to go ahead and grant the limited relief requested by the movant. I want the order to recite, not just to rely on this 14-day stay so there's no confusion about it. And that the first day on which you can act under it will be July 10. I don't want to address the issue that Mr. Perez is raising as to whether we would then extend the stay past some effective date. We'll deal with that when I

1 get an appropriate motion and can consider it. 2 So if you all can agree on the form of order, that 3 would be great. It will be on the 10th and not 14 days. 4 if you takes you all five days to agree on a form of an order, 5 it's not going to cost you five days, Mr. Kadden, it'll -- I 6 want the specific date recited so that we don't have that kind 7 of an issue. Okay? 8 MR. KADDEN: Understood, Your Honor. Thank you very 9 much. 10 THE COURT: All right. I show that concludes all 11 matters that we have. Oh, wait, I have a motion to extend 12 time. I'm not sure what that is. Let me just see. 13 (Pause in the proceedings.) 14 THE COURT: I didn't hear you? 15 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I was going to ask one of the 16 Debtors (glitch in the audio), Your Honor. 17 THE COURT: Just a minute. 18 (Pause in the proceedings.) 19 THE COURT: It was a motion to extend time to file a 20 late filed objection to the Plan. That is orally granted and 21 was considered. 22 All right. 23 MR. CARLSON: Your Honor, we may --24 MR. KADDEN: I just want to quickly apologize. 25 did not realize I had failed to turn on my camera. My

apologies, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Yeah, we might have all been better off that way, Mr. Kadden. We just don't know.

(Laughter.)

MR. KADDEN: Thank you, Your Honor.

MR. CARLSON: Again, on behalf of everyone on our team and all of our, you know, all of our clients, we really want to thank you for all the time and effort that you put into this and we really appreciate that we've gotten to this point. I believe that Mr. Dane wanted to say a couple few words, if that's possible, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Mr. Dane, good morning. Let me get your line active. Good morning, Mr. Dane. A pretty major accomplishment for your company. Congratulations.

MR. DANE: Thank you very much, Your Honor. I don't want to take up too much more of the Court's time beyond the year or so that this company has already taken in your court, but I agree with you. I did want to just take a couple of minutes to acknowledge some of the parties that were involved in this process.

Obviously, as Your Honor noted and many of the parties noted, this has been a very long, very long process, very complicated process with a lot of stakeholders. As a start we want to acknowledge the Court for the court and Your Honor's time and dedication to this case. We know that we've

put many, many issues in front of Your Honor and appreciate all the thoughtfulness on each of the various topics.

I can say personally from me it's been a year-long education process, and we all appreciate everything that the Court has helped us accomplish through this restructuring. We did want you --

THE COURT: Just don't come back for a graduate degree, please.

(Laughter.)

MR. DANE: I hope not. It's not the intention, Your Honor.

I did want to also acknowledge -- and I'm glad to see Mr. Balasko joined us again -- the various folks that Fieldwood has been engaged with at the Government. I think Mr. Balasko mentioned yesterday that the Government has spent many hours working on this, I think that that's a patent understatement. I know that he's spent many, many hours and it's been a momentous effort, took a lot of patience.

And it's not just Mr. Balasko and his colleagues, but also folks at the region as well whose job unfortunately doesn't end here with the implementation of this Plan. It's going to require a lot of effort from those folks as well.

And so we appreciate all that effort. And the Government was very clear with Fieldwood from the outset about their expectations for what this Plan needed to accomplish.

And there was frankly some very challenging conversations, but what was apparent to the Fieldwood team was how the folks that we worked with were just incredible advocates for their department's interests. You know, at times almost too incredible for what we were hoping to accomplish early on in getting this Plan pushed through quickly. But they did an amazing job, and they were very important facilitators of the consensual arrangements that we were able to accomplish that I know that we wouldn't have been able to accomplish without their involvement.

And I'm pleased that my opinion, like I think I heard Your Honor say, that I believe that this Plan is in the best interest of the US, the Government, and we're excited to be able to implement it.

One of the other things I wanted to mention, Your Honor, at the outset of this case we made the comment that we understood that our case presented a number of challenges to many stakeholders, and that we were committed to finding as many consensual resolutions as possible with this Plan, and I believe we do do that. But we're still committed to continuing to resolve any parties' issues. The company is actively engaged in working with additional parties whose issues may not have been resolved to their satisfy through this order. And our lines remain open to do so. We're hoping to put as many parties in the best possible place as we

possible can.

I did want to also acknowledge certain companies that were instrumental in this Plan, and that's namely Apache, Chevron, ENI and Hunt and their counsel. These companies recognized the challenges early on and they -- in my opinion they stepped up and engaged with us in a very constructive way to make this Plan happen. I believe that they represent really good corporate citizens and good overall business people.

And so our commitment from Fieldwood's perspective and the NewCo's perspective is to making sure that we can successfully live up to the expectations that are outlined in the Plan and that are outlined in these various consensual arrangements. And we appreciate the efforts of those various companies and their contributions to this Plan.

Second to the last, Your Honor, Your Honor acknowledged all the professionals in this case and this really wouldn't have been possible without their effort. I would say it was a Herculean effort from the standpoint of the professionals.

And that's really on all sides, I'm not only speaking to the company and lenders' counsel, but all the various professionals in this case. I personally found it very educational and enjoyable to get to understand all the various parties and personalities and get to learn more about

those folks. The intellectual horsepower that I observed from this group was very intimidating, but also very, very impressive.

So I really do want to say thank you to the Debtors' and the lenders' professionals in particular because it's -- their contribution is really indescribable and it wouldn't have been achievable without their amazing efforts.

And then lastly, Your Honor, the employees and contractors of this company. I know that we have -- we've told Your Honor many times how vast, you know, our operations are, but there's literally thousands of folks that have been watching this process unfold for a very, very long time, and I wanted to acknowledge those employees and contractors for their dedication and efforts, despite all the challenges.

And there really was so many things that came to pop up over the last year starting with the price challenges and then we had COVID and then we had the continuing uncertainty of this process. We had an unprecedented hurricane season last year. There was just a number of things that continued to present themselves as challenges throughout the course of the last year or so.

We committed to communicating with these parties as best as we could throughout the process. I hope that we lived up to their expectations from that standpoint. But they were all watching this for a very long time. And these people

supported the business in an unbelievable way throughout all these challenges. It wouldn't have been possible to maintain this business without their dedication. And I know we all know this, but the decisions that are made through this process amongst all the parties have a very real impact on all these people.

So I wanted to -- speaking on behalf of all of Fieldwood employees and contractors, I did want to thank the Court and all the other parties for providing an opportunity for us to be able to look forward to the future of this company and what we're able to accomplish under this Plan. So thank you very much, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Mr. Dane, thank you so much for the comments. They are not unexpected given the quality that you and your staff have shown throughout this case, that you would recognize others, and it's very appreciated. Thank you.

MR. DANE: Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Anybody else? Ms. Russell, I see you there, and I think about people like, you know, you and Mr. Schaible who I will just highlight where you all don't speak a whole lot at the hearings because you got all your work done behind the scenes, as you typically do. And so we've got lawyers that don't get that well recognized at hearings because the big heavy lifting in a case like this isn't at the hearings, it's getting deals done.

And when I think of how you and Mr. Schaible must have worked hand-in-hand to get that done as sort of the two-lead outside counsel, it's just so impressive that -- what you all did. I know he's not here, but I hope you'll pass on to him that I recognize that the two of you were in large part, as you usually are, making deals behind the scenes, and it's appreciated.

All right. Yes, somebody else wanted to speak. Go ahead. Ms. Russell, that's you. Go ahead.

MS. RUSSELL: Yes, Your Honor. Thank you for your kind comments. And we echo then (indiscernible). There were so many wonderful professionals involved in this case, and we appreciate all that Weil and Davis Polk and the company did to get across the line. But you, Your Honor, were perhaps the most important piece of this, giving people hearings quickly and considering all the different complicated arguments and getting us to the right place. Thank you.

THE COURT: Well, that's actually not accurate. I mean in fairness I mean judges do play a major role in a case like this, but we can't determine the outcome. The outcome is determined is by the parties that are able to put together such a complicated transaction.

You know, I've spoken before, and I believe even in these hearings, that people think that the Government is just full of mindless bureaucrats, and when you look at what the

Government has done in a case like this to represent the interests of the people in the United States, not in a mindlessly bureaucratic way but in a way where they have, you know, maximized the outcome. And, you know, that's a credit to Mr. Balasko.

He stands on the shoulders of Ms. Hudson, who I think paved the way for this type of effort to occur where the Government has decided to take a realistic approach to having to solve problems. And when we think of all the people that came together on this, it wasn't me. It was you and the Debtors and the Government and everyone.

So I appreciate the comments and I may have given you all the ability to go get a deal done, but I didn't get the deal done. You all got the deal done, and it's very appreciated.

All right. Well, hold on, I've got one other person that wants to talk. Oh, that was just you again. Okay.

Thank you. We're in adjournment until 11:00 o'clock this morning.

(Hearing adjourned 9:45 a.m.)

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I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript to the best of my ability due to the condition of the electronic sound recording of the ZOOM/telephonic proceedings in the above-entitled matter. /S./ MARY D. HENRY CERTIFIED BY THE AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF ELECTRONIC REPORTERS AND TRANSCRIBERS, CET**337 JUDICIAL TRANSCRIBERS OF TEXAS, LLC JTT TRANSCRIPT #64188 DATE FILED: JULY 1, 2021